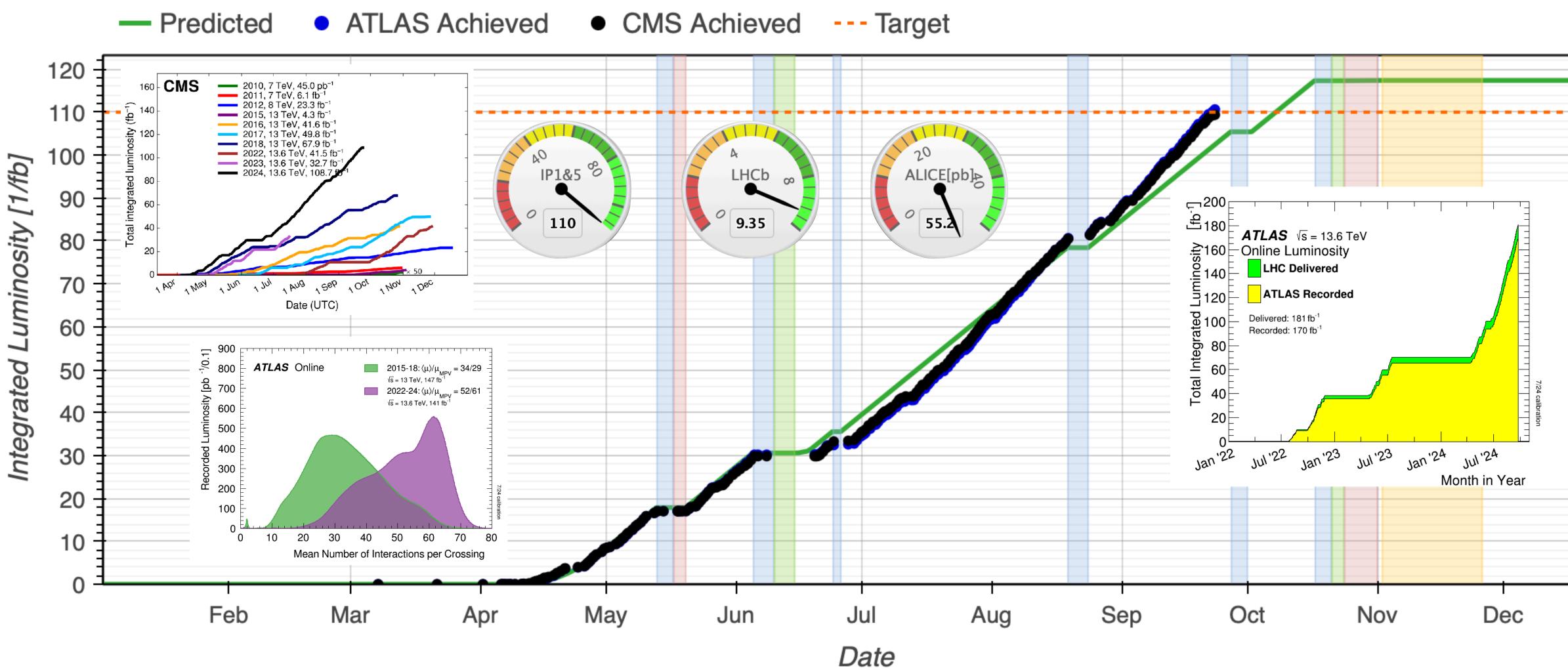


Higgs Hunting 2024 - McBride

HL-LHC

LHC Run 3



[Generated at: 2024-09-24 09:27:01]





Goal of HL-LHC upgrade project HL-LHC operations

- Prepare machine for operation beyond 2025 and up to ~2040
- Operation scenarios for:

 - Total integrated luminosity of 3000fb⁻¹ to 4000fb⁻¹ in around 10-12 years [ca. 10x LHC] An integrated luminosity of ~250 fb⁻¹ per year
 - Nominal: levelled luminosity of 5 x 10^{34} cm⁻²s⁻¹ (events/crossing ~130)
 - Ultimate: levelled luminosity of 7.5 x 10^{34} cm⁻²s⁻¹ (events/crossing ~200) \bullet

Operation with levelled luminosity! $\bullet \rightarrow$



O. Brüning @ Higgs Hunting Workshop, Paris, 25th September 2024

HL-LHC LS3 Schedule

Warm-up and related tests

Q4 2025

LSS dismantling after cryo lockout

Cabling dismantling

Core excavation (LHC side)

Cabling installation

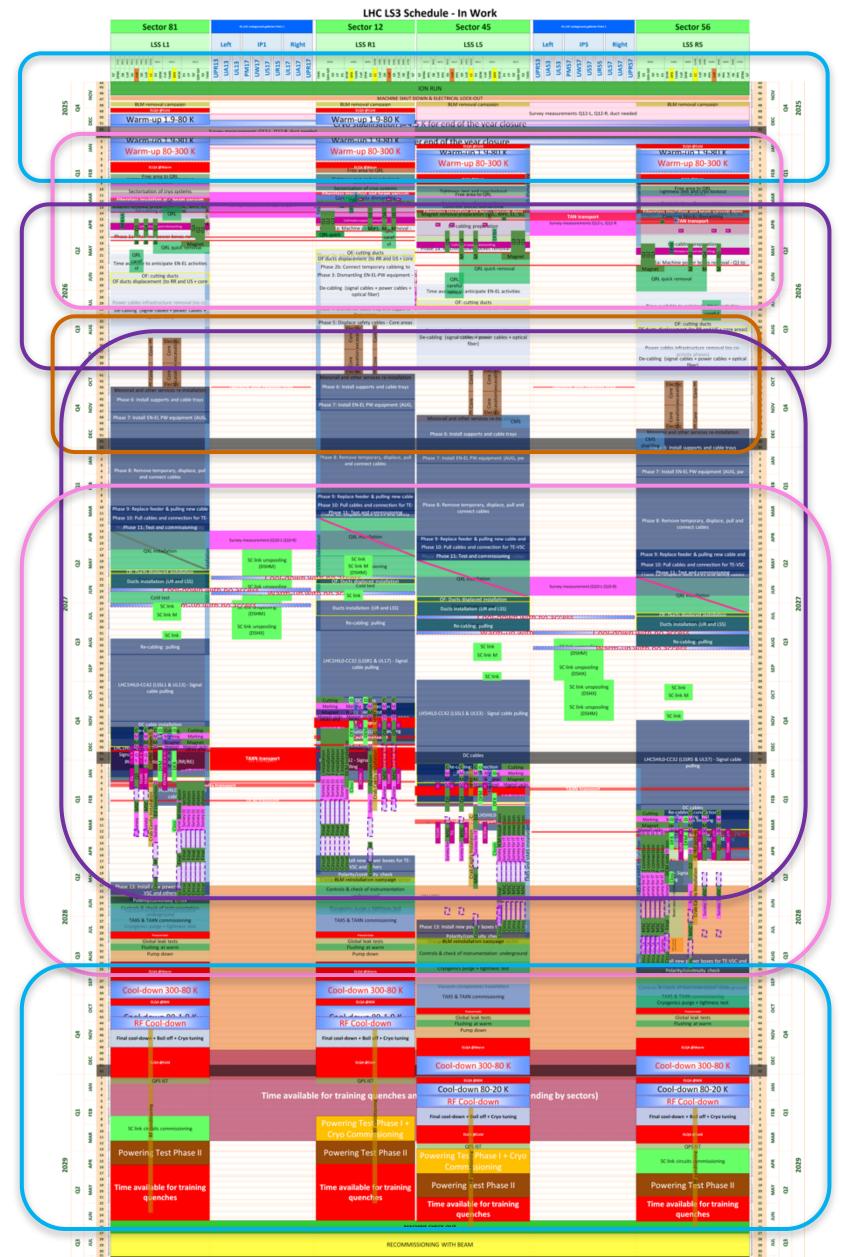
LSS installation

MQXFA installation planned for Q4 2027 to Q4 2028

RFD installation planned for Q1 to Q2 2028

Cool-down, related test and HWC

O. Brüning @ Higgs Hunting Workshop, Paris, 25th September 2024



Q3 2029

LS3 Schedule – TCC October 2023

The detectors and Ithe accelerator complex have a packed schedule planned for the LS3 period.

Long Shutdown 3 (LS3) is going to be very busy!

Overall LS3 Schedule is under discussion.







ATLAS Phase-2 Upgrade

New Inner Tracking Detector (ITk)

- All silicon with 9 layers up to $|\eta| = 4$
- Less material, finer segmentation
- Improve vertexing, tracking, b-tagging

New High Granularity Timing Detector (HGTD)

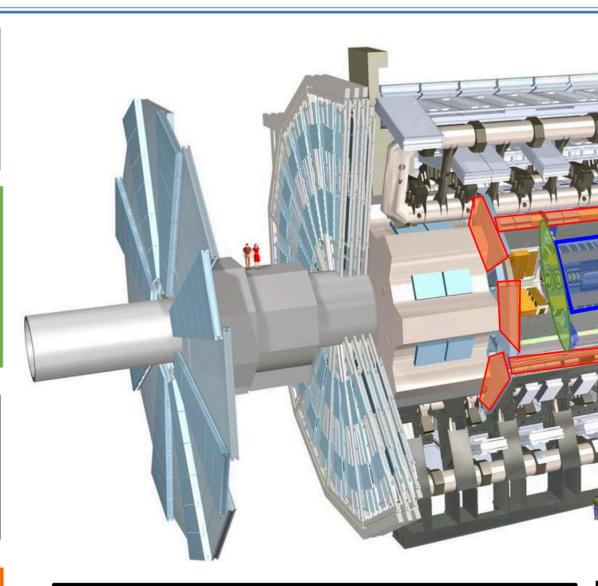
- Precision track timing (30 ps) with LGAD in the forward region
- Improved pile-up separation and bunch-by-bunch luminosity

Calorimeter Electronics

- On-detector/off-detector electronics upgrades of LAr and Tile Calorimeter
- Provide 40 MHz readout for triggering

New Muon Chambers and electronics

- Inner barrel region with new RPCs, sMDTs, and TGCs
- Improved trigger efficiency/momentum resolution, reduced fake rate



Upgraded Trigger and Data Acquisition System

- Single Level Trigger with 1 MHz output (x 10 current)
- Improved DAQ system with faster FPGAs

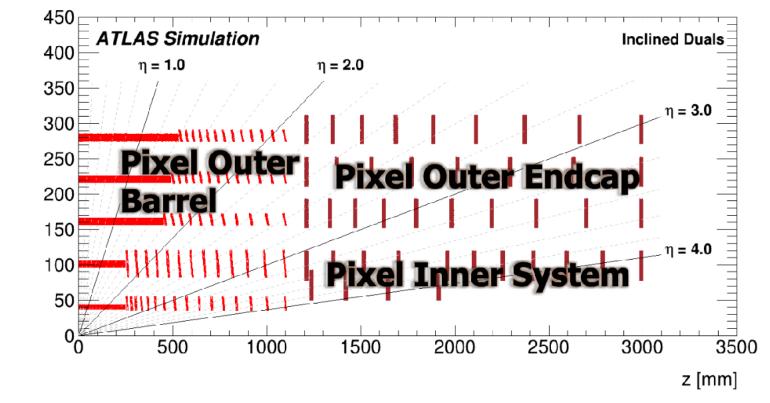
The HL-LHC programs challenges the detector and detector electronics Higher luminosity => from $2x10^{34}$ cm⁻²s⁻¹ up to 7.5x10³⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹ Higher L1 trigger rates => from 100 kHz to 1 MHz Higher pile-up conditions => from $\langle \mu \rangle = 55$ up to $\langle \mu \rangle = 200$ Increased radiation doses => about 20x increase up to a few MGy TID for 4000 fb-1



Extended tracking acceptance up to $|\eta|=4$:

- increased lepton reconstruction + jet flavour-tagging acceptance
- improved pile-up suppression





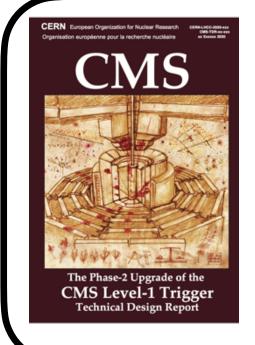
- Tracking to $|\eta| = 4$
- Timing $(2.4 < |\eta| < 4)$
- Trigger/DAQ upgrades
- Big increase in data rates and throughput

Additional small upgrades

HL-ZDC (Heavy Ion physics)

Luminosity detectors (1% precision)

Overview of the CMS Upgrades for HL-LHC



CMS

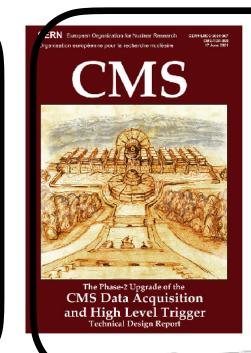
The Phase-2 Upgrade of the CMS Endcap Calorimeter

Technical Design Report

L1-Trigger

https://cds.cern.ch/record/2714892

- Tracks in L1-Trigger at 40 MHz
- **Particle Flow selection**
- 750 kHz L1 output
- 40 MHz data scouting



- Full optical readout
- Heterogenous architecture
- 60 TB/s event network
- 7.5 kHz HLT output

Calorimeter Endcap

https://cds.cern.ch/record/2293646

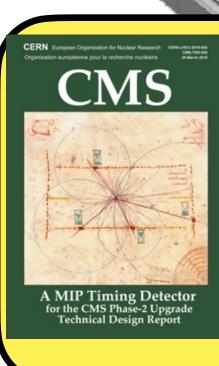
- 3D showers and precise timing
- Si, Scint+SiPM in Pb/W-SS



Tracker

https://cds.cern.ch/record/2272264

- Si-Strip and Pixels increased granularity
- **Design for tracking in L1-Trigger**
- Extended coverage to $\eta \simeq 3.8$



- **Barrel layer: Crystals + SiPMs**
- Endcap layer:

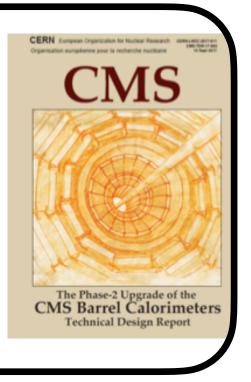
DAQ & High-Level Trigger

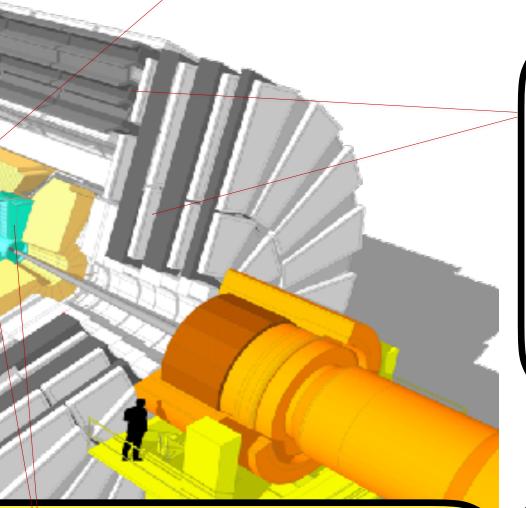
https://cds.cern.ch/record/2759072

Barrel Calorimeters

https://cds.cern.ch/record/2283187

- ECAL crystal granularity readout at 40 MHz with precise timing for e/γ at 30 GeV
- **ECAL and HCAL new Back-End boards**

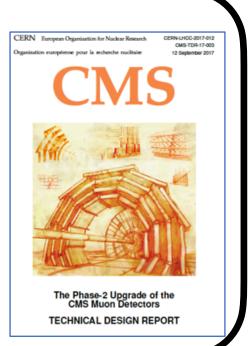




Muon systems

https://cds.cern.ch/record/2283189

- DT & CSC new FE/BE readout
- **RPC back-end electronics**
- New GEM/RPC 1.6 < η < 2.4
- Extended coverage to $\eta \simeq 3$



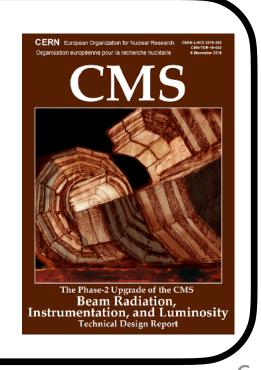
MIP Timing Detector

https://cds.cern.ch/record/2667167

- **Precision timing with:**
 - Low Gain Avalanche Diodes

Beam Radiation Instr. and Luminosity http://cds.cern.ch/record/2759074

- Beam abort & timing
- Beam-induced background
- **Bunch-by-bunch luminosity:** 1% offline, 2% online
- Neutron and mixed-field radiation monitors

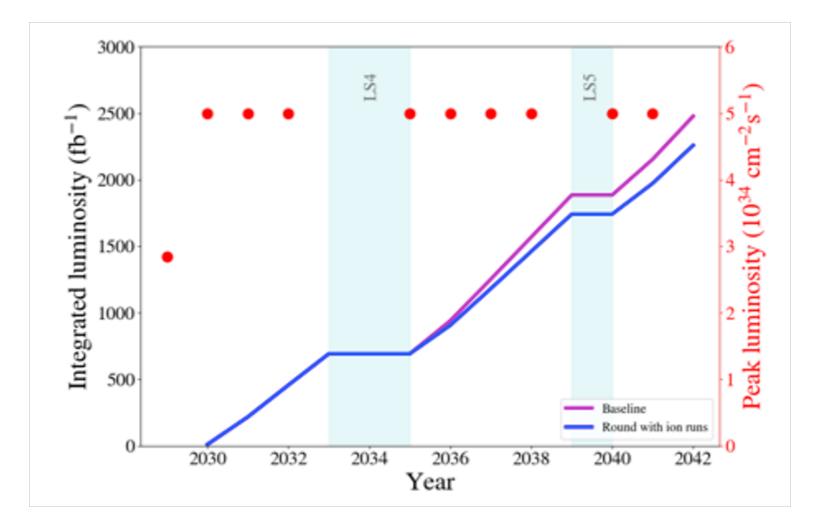


What's next Learning from data

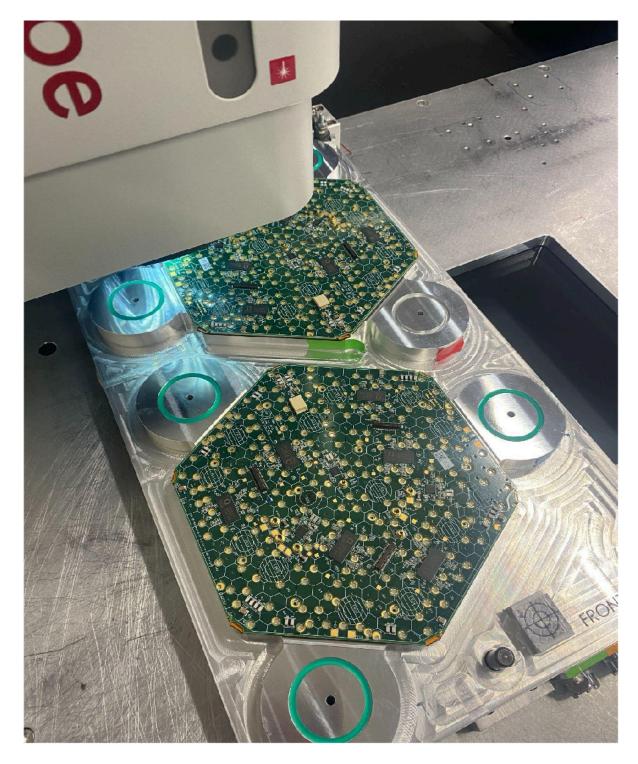
- Physics capabilities are outlined in detector TDRs, in Yellow Report studies for the previous European Strategy and in Snowmass studies.
 - Some new projections are being prepared for the next European Strategy Update. (Next second part of the session)
- One important lesson from Run 1 and Run 2 is that sensitivities improve greatly by working with the data.
 - Run 3 integrated luminosity has recently surpassed Run 2 so we can expect lots of improvements and innovations - new triggers, new ideas and building on Run 2 algorithms and taggers.
- HL-LHC will be a challenging environment still some unknowns: 200 PU? 14 TeV?

Upgrades for HL-LHC

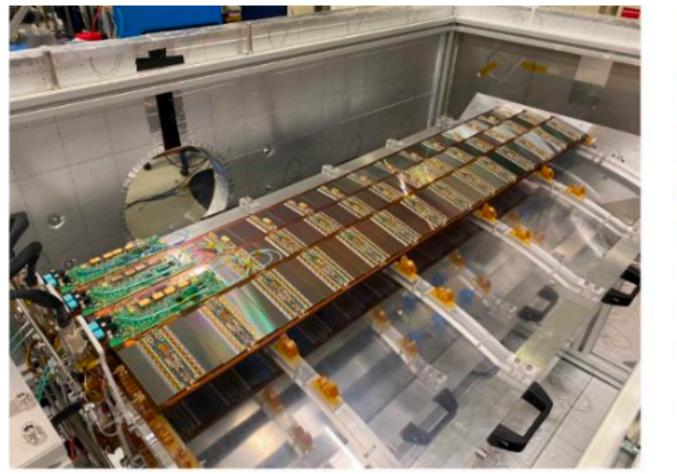
- The ATLAS and CMS detector upgrades for the HL-LHC are entering production (mostly at the module level); no clear showstoppers at this moment, but lots of interesting challenges before steady state production
 - The detectors must be ready and commissioned for the start of **Run 4**.
- European strategy preparation- What can we learn from 3000 fb-1? (big picture)
- The HL-LHC program must be successful!







CMS HGCAL



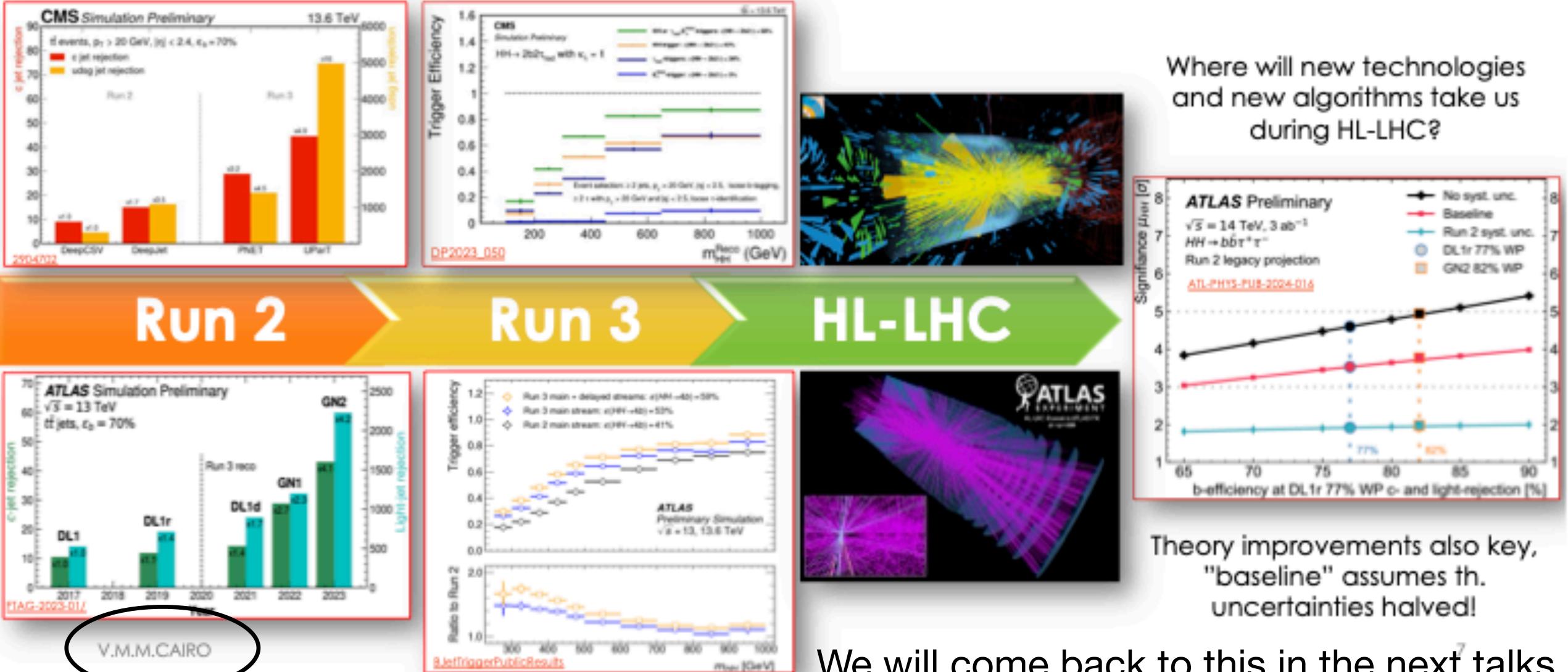
ATLAS ITK

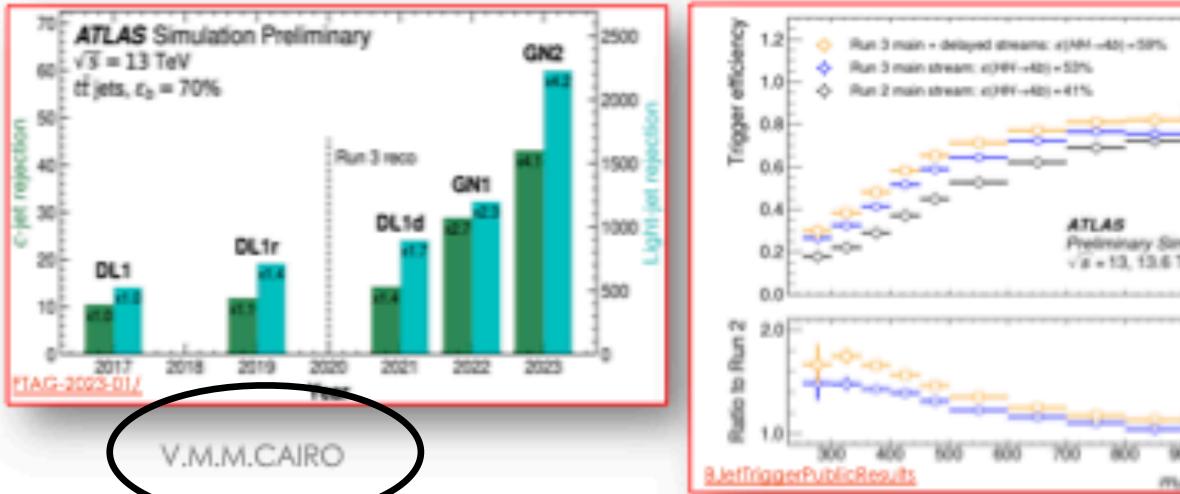




WHAT'S NEXT?

Impressive improvements in flavour tagging (resolved and boosted) & very promising hadronic triggers





We will come back to this in the next talks

