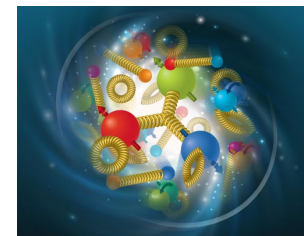




*The **E**lectron-**I**on **C**ollider (**E**IC) and the **ePIC** experiment*

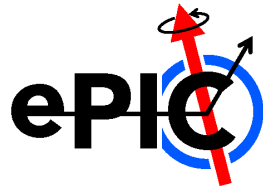
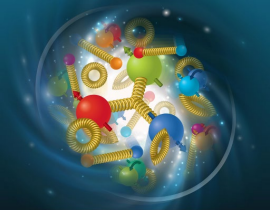


S. Dalla Torre
INFN - TRIESTE



OUTLOOK

- **The EIC project**
- **The EIC scientific scope**
- **The Collider**
- **ePIC – The project detector**
- **The ePIC Collaboration**



BREAKING NEWS, January 2020

Department of Energy

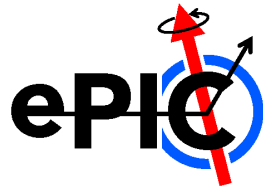
U.S. Department of Energy Selects Brookhaven National Laboratory to Host Major New Nuclear Physics Facility

JANUARY 9, 2020

The Electron Ion Collider (EIC), to be designed and constructed over ten years at an estimated cost between \$1.6 and \$2.6 billion, will smash electrons into protons and heavier atomic nuclei in an effort to penetrate the mysteries of the “strong force” that binds the atomic nucleus together.

Secretary Brouillette approved Critical Decision-0, “Approve Mission Need,” for the EIC on December 19, 2019.

<https://www.energy.gov/articles/us-department-energy-selects-brookhaven-national-laboratory-host-major-new-nuclear-physics>



BREAKING NEWS, January 2020

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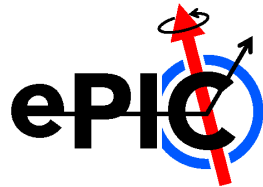
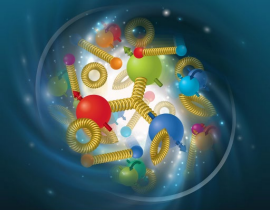
U.S. Department of Energy

EIC is an approved project!

Brookhaven National Laboratory

...on need," for the EIC on December

<https://www.energy.gov/articles/us-department-energy-selects-brookhaven-national-laboratory-host-major-new-nuclear-physics>



THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY

The EIC User Group:
<https://eicug.github.io/>

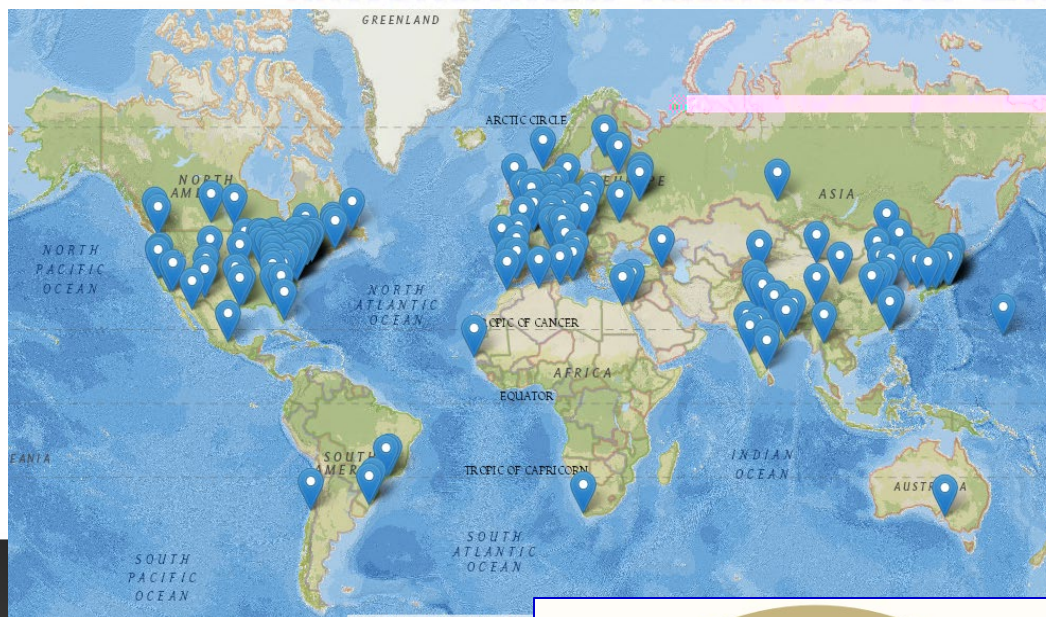
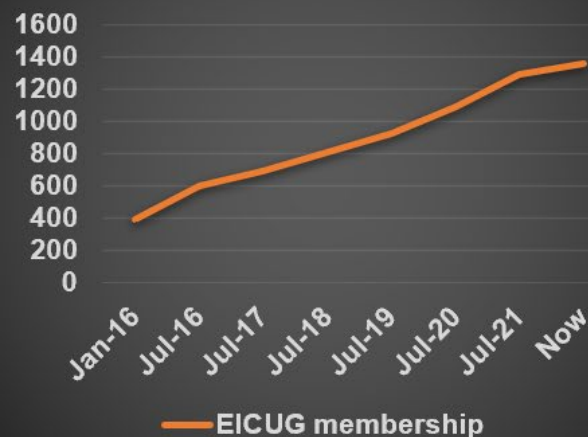
Formed 2016 –

- 1440 members
- 40 countries
- 295 institutions

As of January 26, 2024

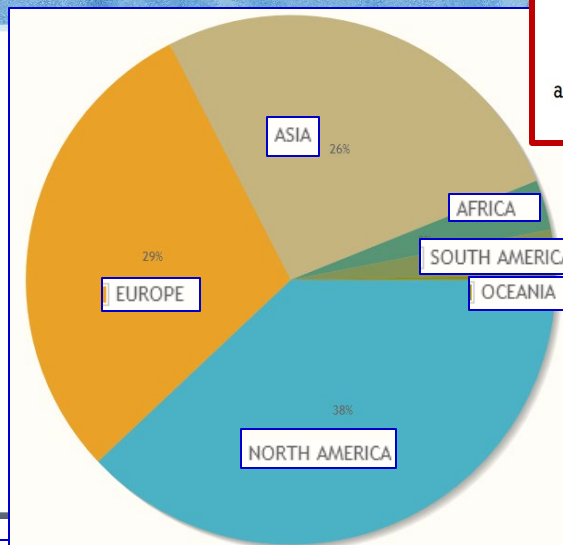
**Strong and Growing
International Participation.**

**EICUG membership @
time of EICUG Meetings**



Annual EICUG meeting

2016 UC Berkeley, CA
 2016 Argonne, IL
 2017 Trieste, Italy
 2018 CUA, Washington, DC
 2019 Paris, France
 2020 Miami, FL
 2021 VUU, VA & UCR, CA
 2022 Stony Brook U, NY
 2023 Warsaw, Poland
 2024 Lehigh, USA



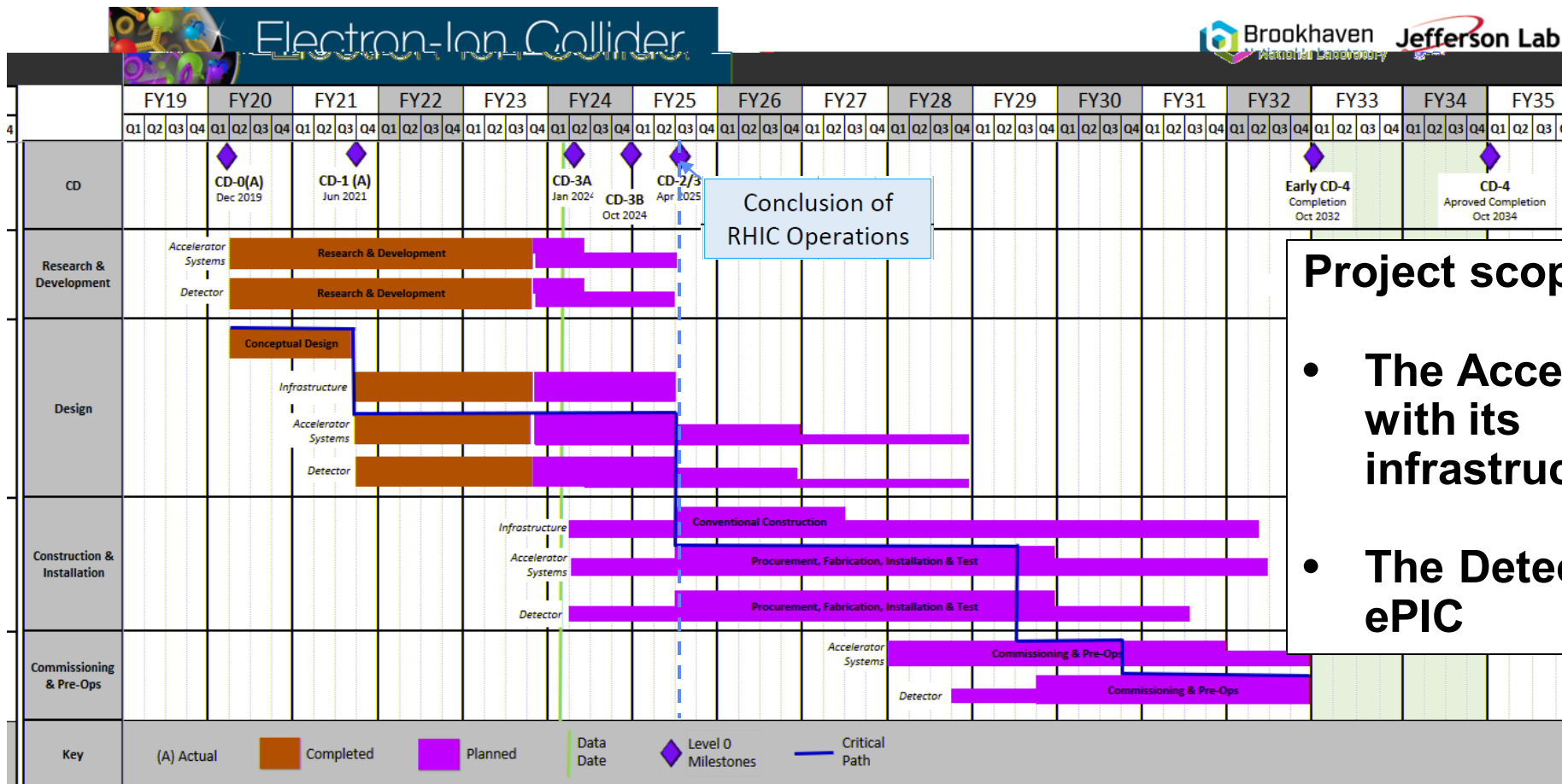
Among the main
Achievements:
 The **Yellow Report**

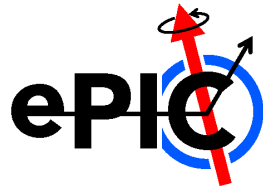
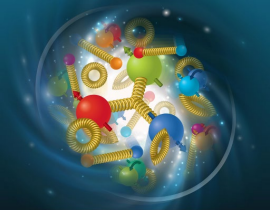


**Nucl. Phys. A 1026
(2022) 122447**

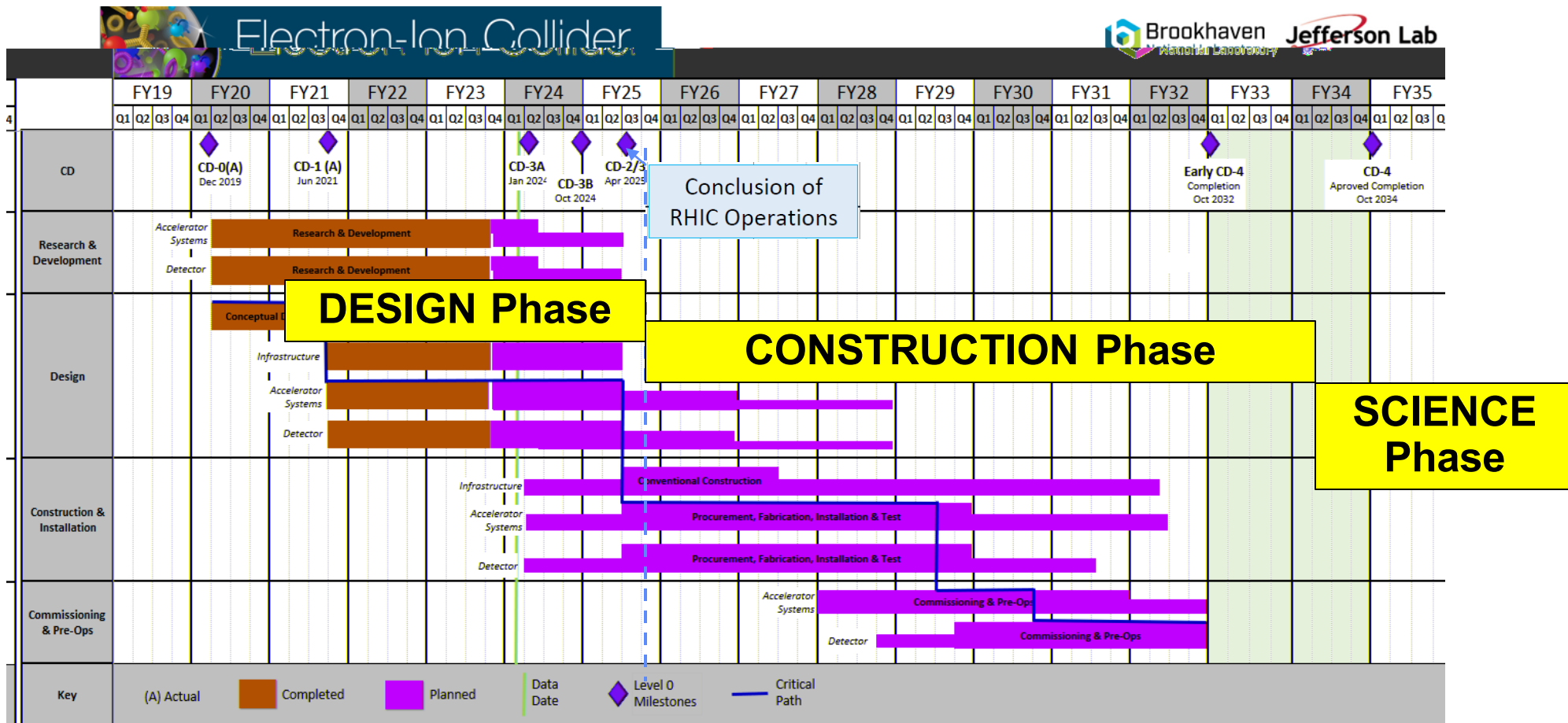


The EIC schedule





The EIC schedule





A TRULY INTERNATIONAL PROJECT

From EIC Resource Review Board (RRB) charter

The purpose of the Electron-Ion Collider Resources Review Board (EIC-RRB) is to provide coordination among the different funding partners during both the detector development and construction phase of the project and during the operations of the experiments that follow. In its early years, the RRB will focus on the construction, commissioning, and initial operations.

Calendar:

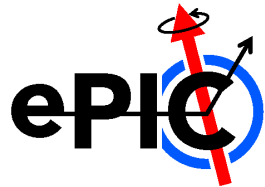
- 1st meeting, April 3-4, 2023, Stonybrook, USA
- 2nd meeting, December 6-7, 2023, Washington, USA
- 3rd meeting, May 6-7, 2024, Rome, Italy

Hosts, participants and invited (2nd meeting)

- From the hosting labs (BNL, TJNAF)
- From U.S. Department of Energy
- From EIC Project
- RRB co-chairs
- From ePIC management
- From the international Institutions:
 - Czech Technical University in Prague, Czech Republic
 - INFN, Italy
 - UKRI-STFC, UK
 - CEA Saclay, France
 - IN2P3/CNRS, France

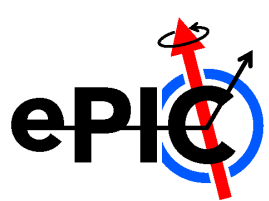
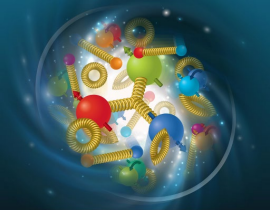
- University of Manitoba, Canada
- RIKEN, Japan
- University of Tokyo, Japan
- Office of Science for Nuclear Physics, DOE, USA
- University of Birmingham, UK
- University of Connecticut, South Korea
- Cheikh Anta Diop University, Senegal
- National Central University, Taiwan
- Canada Foundation for Innovation, Canada
- AGH University of Krakow, Poland
- University Mohammed V in Rabat, Morocco





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Open questions in QCD and nuclear matter

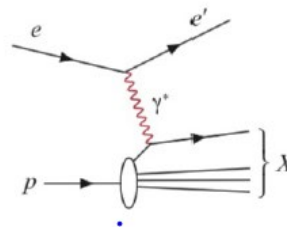
The study of Nuclear Physics is the quest to understand the origin, evolution, and structure of the matter of the universe

- How do the **properties of the proton** such as **mass** and **spin** emerge from the sea of quarks, gluons, and their underlying interactions?
- What is the **configuration and motion** of quarks and gluons located within the nucleon?
- What happens to the **gluon density** in nucleons and nuclei at small x ?
- How do **quarks and gluons interact** with a nuclear medium?
- How do the **confined hadronic states** emerge from quarks and gluons?

Deep Inelastic Scattering - DIS

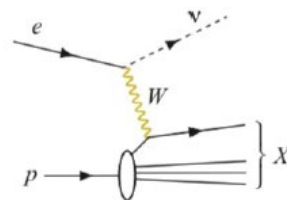
Much more information can come when :

- Access to a wider phase space domain is made possible
- polarized particle scattering
- part of the final state is measured: **SIDIS** (Semi-Inclusive DIS)
- The whole final state is measured: exclusive reactions



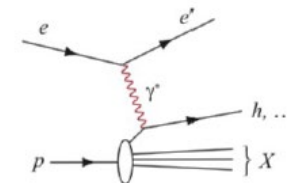
NC inclusive DIS

essential measurement: scattered electron

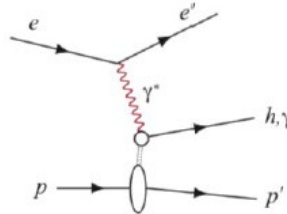


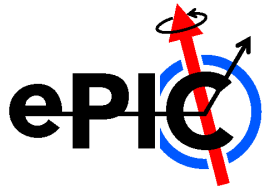
CC inclusive DIS

kinematics reconstructed via final state particles



Semi-Inclusive DIS

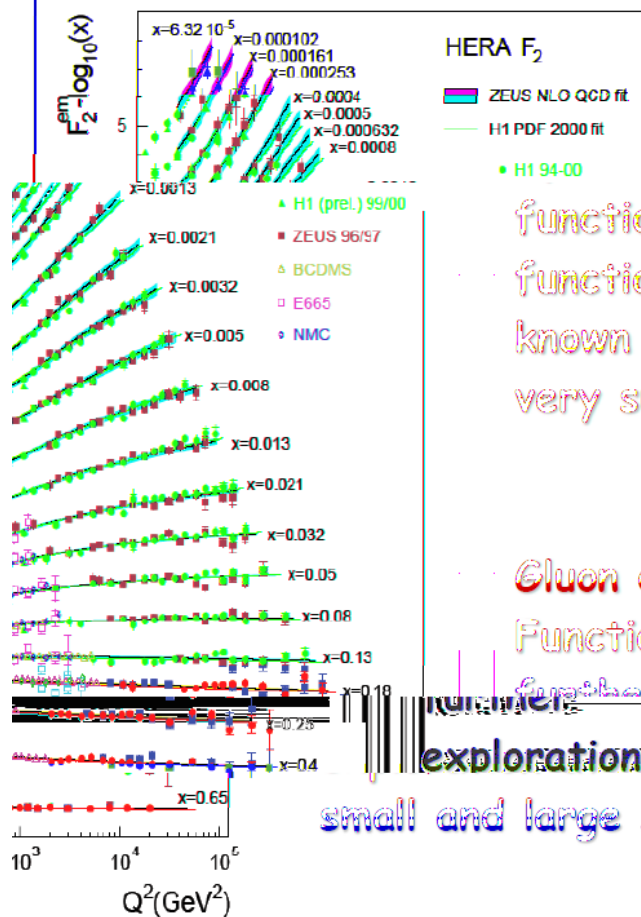




THE SCIENTIFIC SCOPE

Exploring new territories

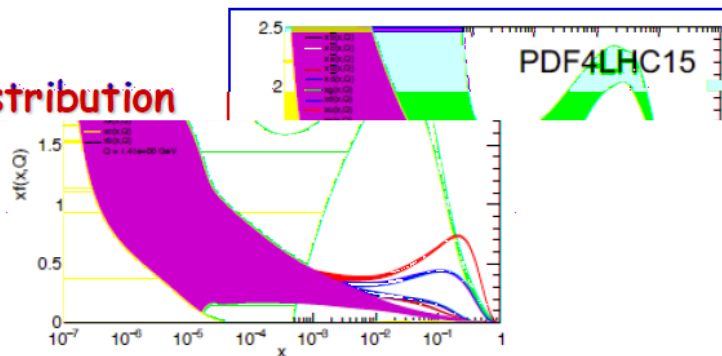
$F_2(x, Q^2)$ largely studied



Nevertheless,

specific kinematic regions not deeply explored

Quark distribution



functions
functions poorly
known at
very small x

Gluon distribution
Functions need
exploration at
small and large x

Understanding the Gluon

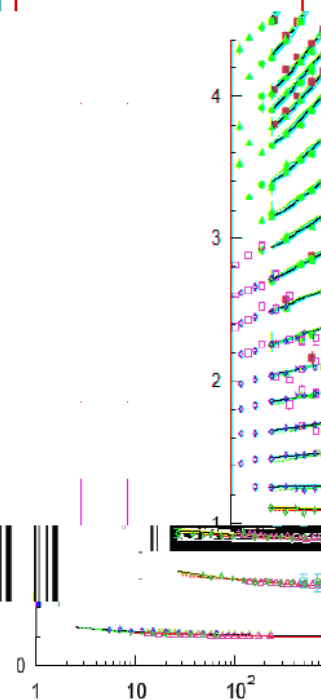
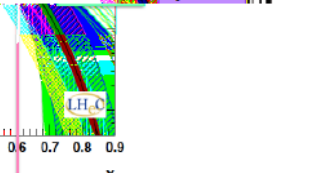
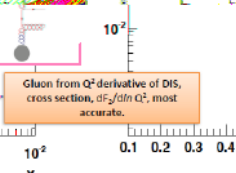
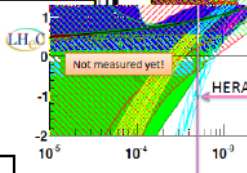
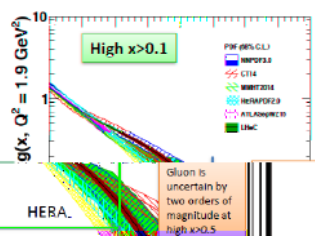
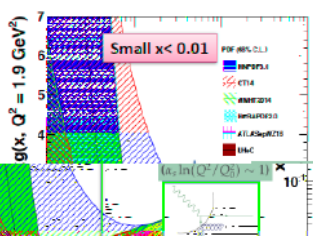
Hera's ep legacy and limitation

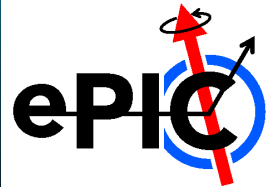
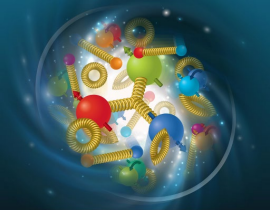
DGLAP approach

Low and high x parton distributions are intertwined by momentum sum rules!

Gluon distribution at $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$

Gluon distribution at $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$





THE SCIENTIFIC SCOPE

TMDs and SPIN

The 8 leading-twist quark TMD PDF

TMD - Transverse-Momentum-Dependent

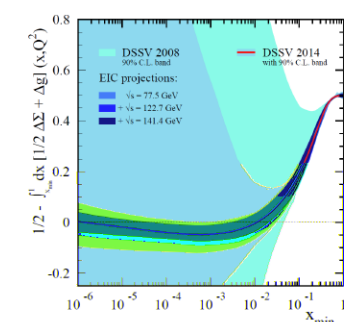
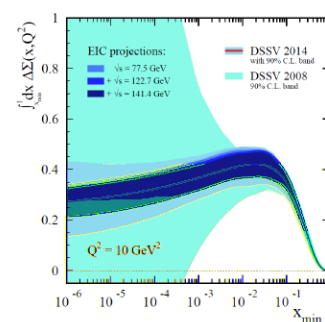
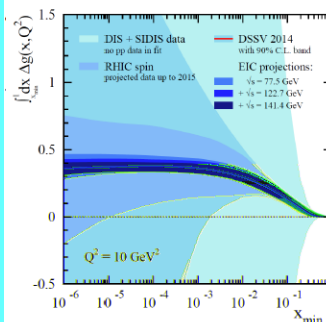
N/q	U	L	T
U	f_1		h_1^\perp
L		g_1	h_{1L}^\perp
T	f_{1T}^\perp	g_{1T}^\perp	$h_1 \quad h_{1T}^\perp$

A. Bressan, "Prospettive per fisica adronica e collisionatori adronici"

What do we know:

$$\frac{1}{2}\hbar = \left\langle P, \frac{1}{2} | J_{QCD}^z | P, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 dx \Delta \Sigma(x, Q^2) + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 dx \Delta G(x, Q^2) + \int_0^1 dx \left(\sum_q L_q^z + L_g^z \right)$$

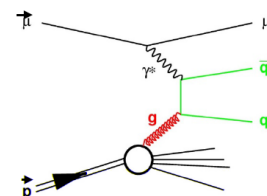
total quark spin
gluon spin
angular momentum



$$1/2 - \text{Gluon } 40\% - \text{Quarks } 30\% = \text{orbital angular momentum}$$

- Gluon contribution needs a deeper exploration

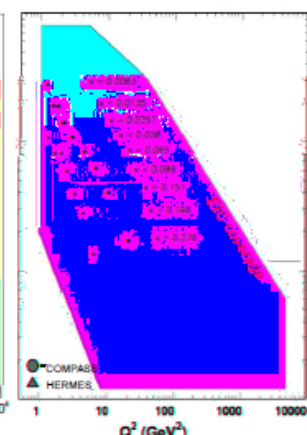
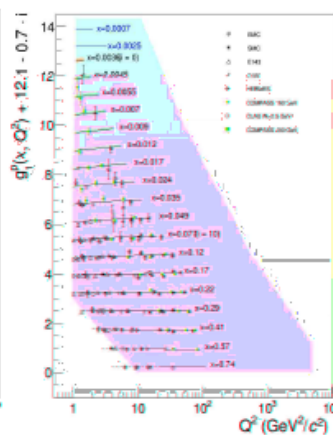
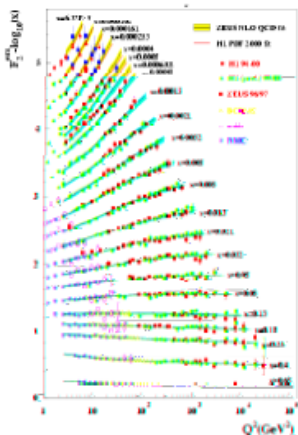
Photon Gluon Fusion: $\gamma g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$



High p_T hadron pair $q\bar{q} \rightarrow hh$

of course, by a SI-DIS measurement

- Orbital momentum to be extracted from TMDs



momentum

spin

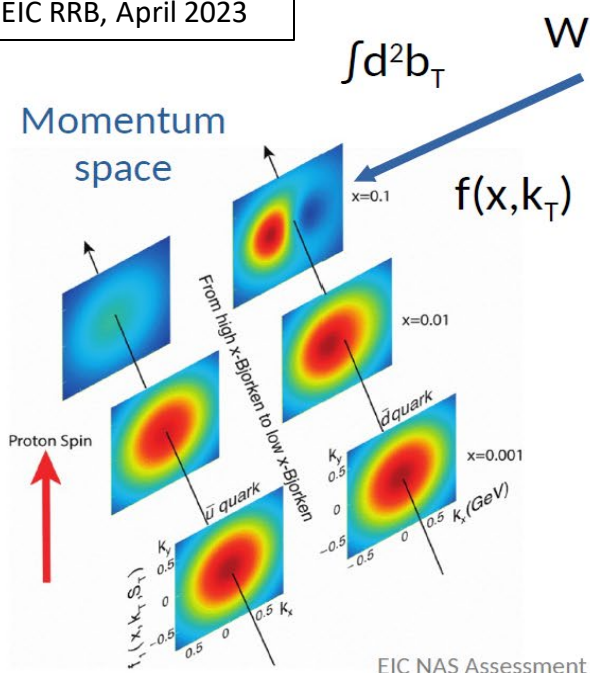
transverse
spin ~ angular
momentum



THE SCIENTIFIC SCOPE

Spatial and Momentum structure of the N in 3D

Maria Żurek, EIC RRB, April 2023

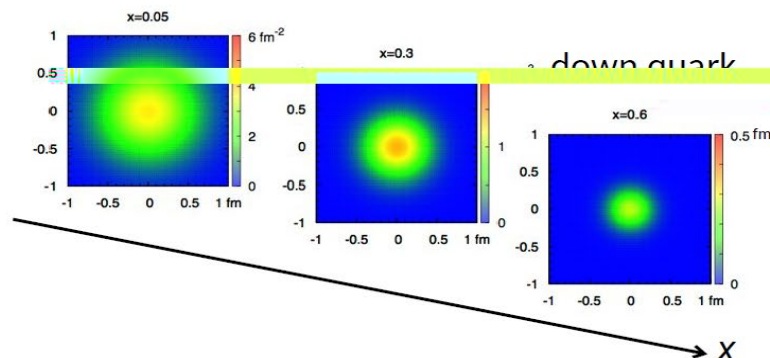


MOMENTUM SPACE

Access to spin-orbit correlation (TMDs) via SIDIS

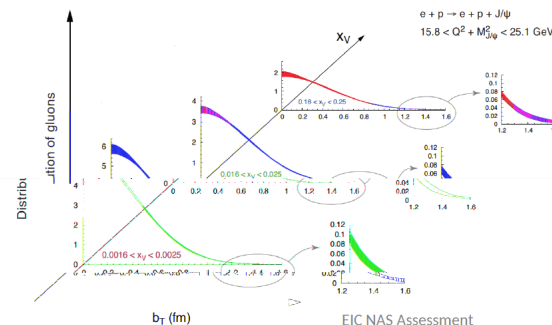
COORDINATE SPACE

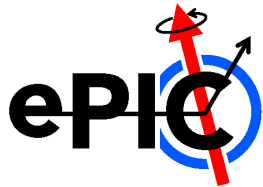
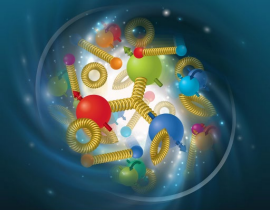
Spin-dependent 2+1D coordinates space images from exclusive scattering



Nucleon tomography

- Deeply Virtual Photon scattering – real photon is produced
- Deeply Virtual Meson production – quark-antiquark bound state is produced



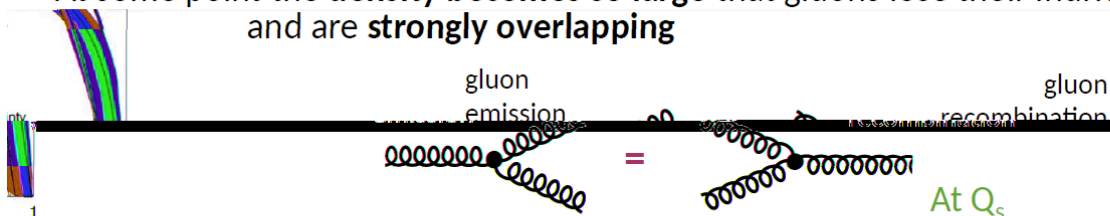


THE SCIENTIFIC SCOPE

ACCESS TO A NEW STATE OF THE GLUONIC MATTER

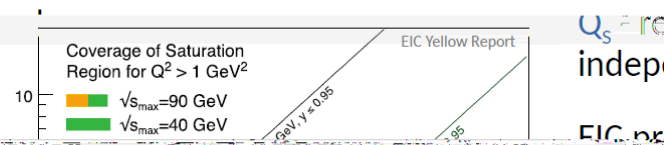
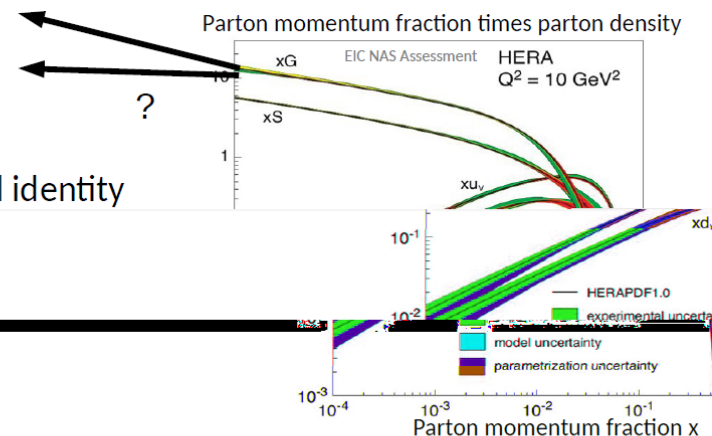
What happens to the gluon density in nuclei?

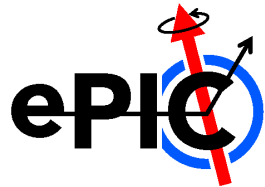
- Number of gluon **grows in the low-x limit**
- At some point the **density becomes so large** that gluons lose their individual identity and are **strongly overlapping**



At a solution scale at which the number density is so large that gluons are no longer independent → **saturated gluon matter**

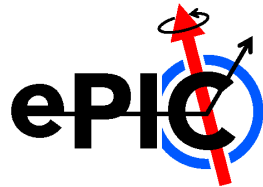
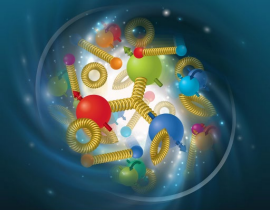
Provides a unique opportunity to have very high gluon densities





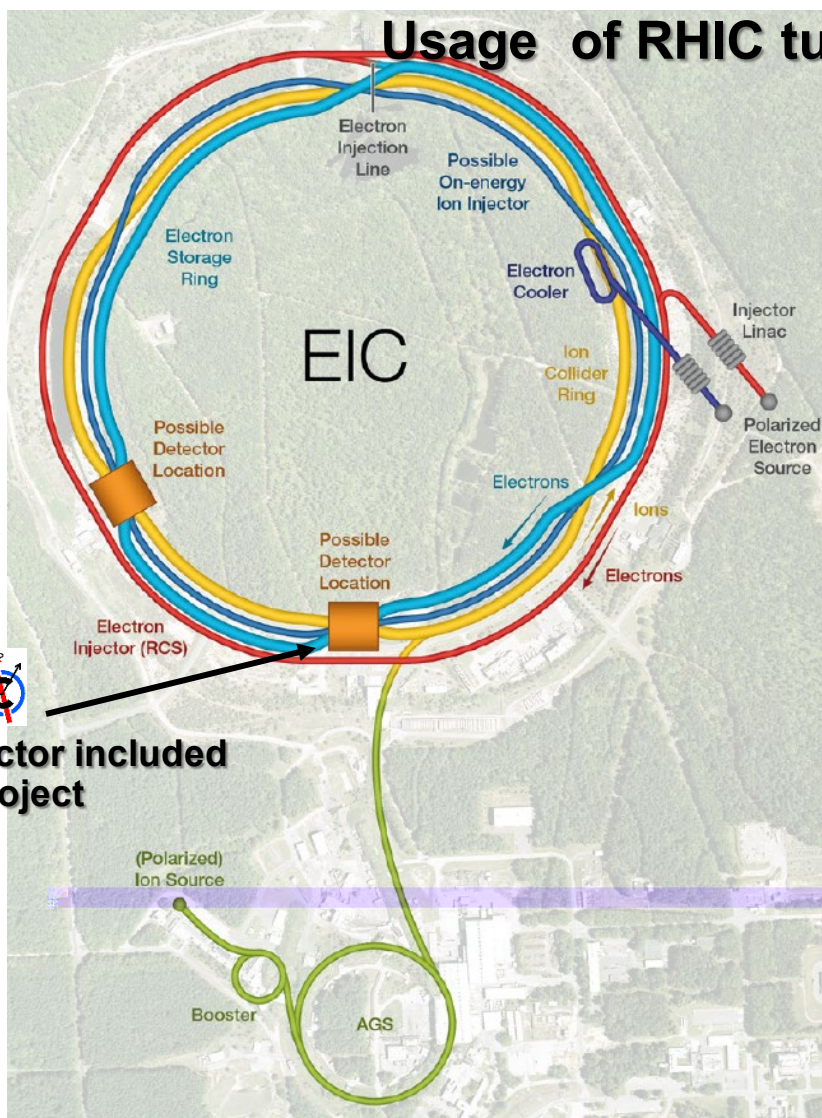
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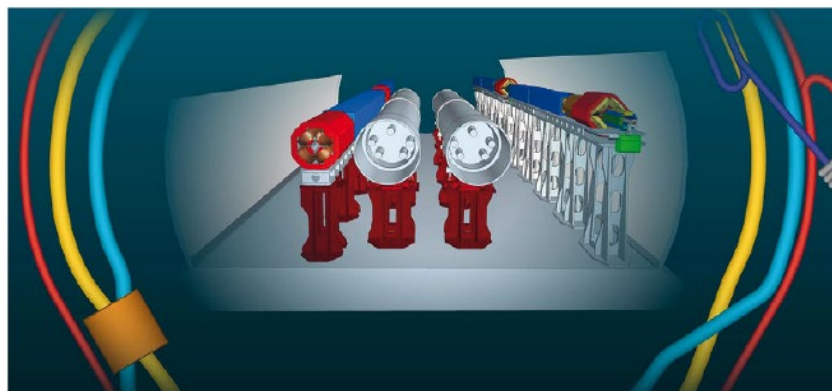


The EIC Collider

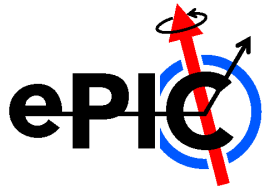
Usage of RHIC tunnel and RHIC p/ion complex



IP6 detector included in the project



- spanning a wide kinematical range
 - **ECM: 20 – 141 GeV**
- High luminosity
 - up to $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- **highly polarized e (~ 70%) beams**
- **highly polarized light A (~70%) beams**
- wide variety of ions: from H to U
- **Number of interaction regions: up to 2**



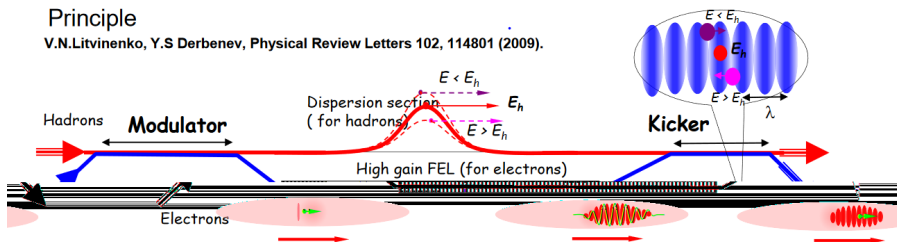
The EIC Collider

3 critical ingredients for HIGH LUMINOSITY

Coherent Cooling with FEL amplifier

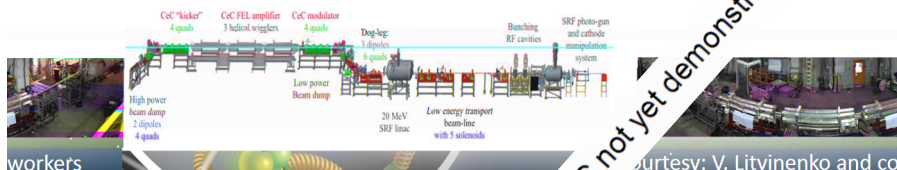
Principle

V.N.Litvinenko, Y.S.Derbenev, Physical Review Letters 102, 114801 (2009).



→ cooling of high energy Hadron beams with high band-width; BW: 1THz
short cooling times to balance strong IBS

Proof of Principle Experiment at BNL, ongo



Bunches and beam crossing rates

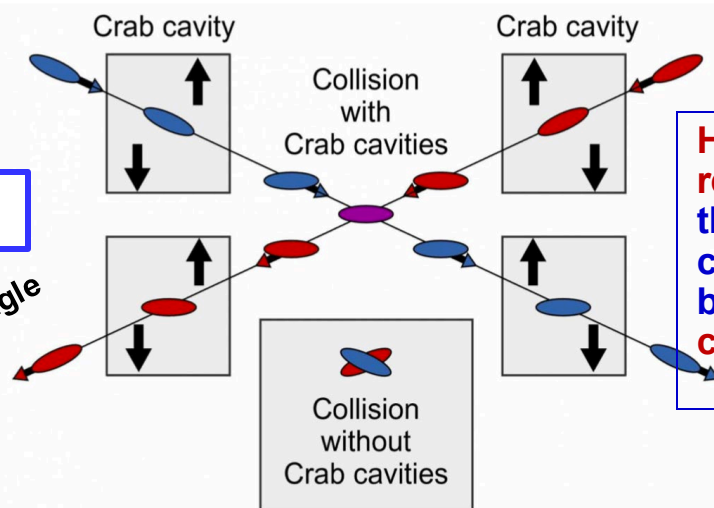
Species	p	e	p	e	p	e	p	e	p	e
Beam energy [GeV]	275	18	275	10	100	10	100	5	41	5
\sqrt{s} [GeV]	140.7		104.9		63.2		44.7		28.6	
No. of bunches	290		1160		1160		1160		1160	

Species	Au	e	Au	e	Au	e	Au	e
Beam energy [GeV]	110	18	110	10	110	5	41	5
\sqrt{s} [GeV]	89.0		66.3		46.9		28.6	
No. of bunches	290		1160		1160		1160	

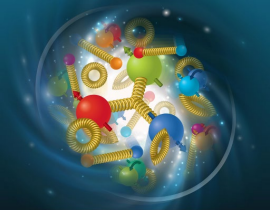
Up to a beam crossing rate at the IR every 10ns
a challenge for the collider and the experiment !

CRAB CROSSING ANGLE (25 mrad)

For the first time a
sizable crab crossing angle



Head-on collision is
restored by rotating
the bunches before
colliding and, then,
back ("crab
crossing")



The EIC Collider

MORE unique aspects

BEAM POLARIZATION

ION SPECIES

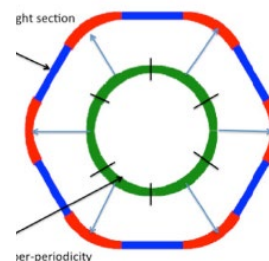
The existing RHIC ion sources & ion acceleration chain provides already **today** all ions needed at EIC

Enormous versatility!
is a unique capability!

Ion Pairs in the RHIC Complex

Zr-Zr, Ru-Ru	(2018)
Au-Au	(2016)
d-Au	(2016)
p-Al	(2015)
h-Au	(2015)
p-Au	(2015)
Cu-Au	(2012)
U-U	(2012)
Cu-Cu	(2012)
D-Au	(2008)
Cu-Cu	(2005)

ABOUT e POLARIZATION



→ resonance free acceleration up >18 GeV

on average, every bunch refilled in 2.2 min

ABOUT p/ light ion POLARIZATION

presently

Measured RHIC Results:

- Proton Source Polarization 83 %
- Polarization at extraction from AGS 70%
- Polarization at RHIC collision energy 60%

empowerment

Planned near term improvements:

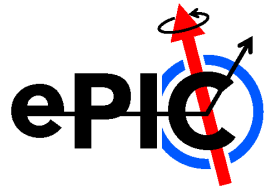
AGS: Stronger snake, skew quadrupoles, increased injection energy

→ expect 80% at extraction of AGS

RHIC: Add 2 snakes to 4 existing no polarization loss

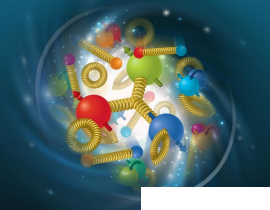
→ expect 80% in Polarization in RHIC and eRHIC

High polarization ^3He and D beams also possible

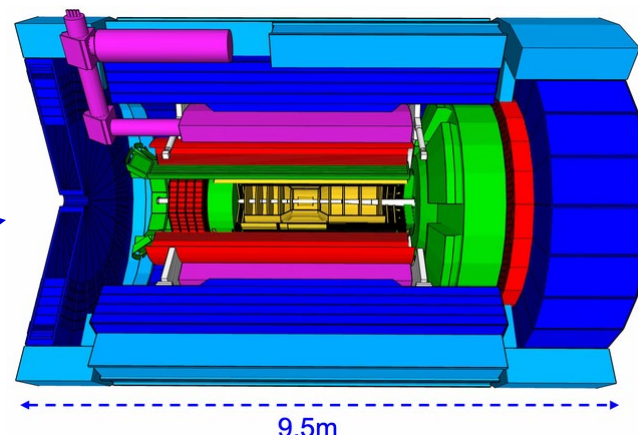
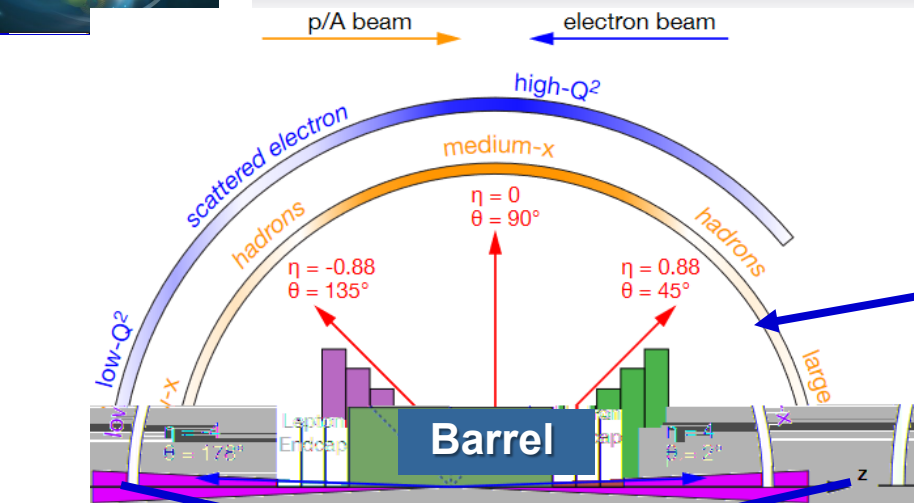


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THE COMPLETE ePIC DETECTOR



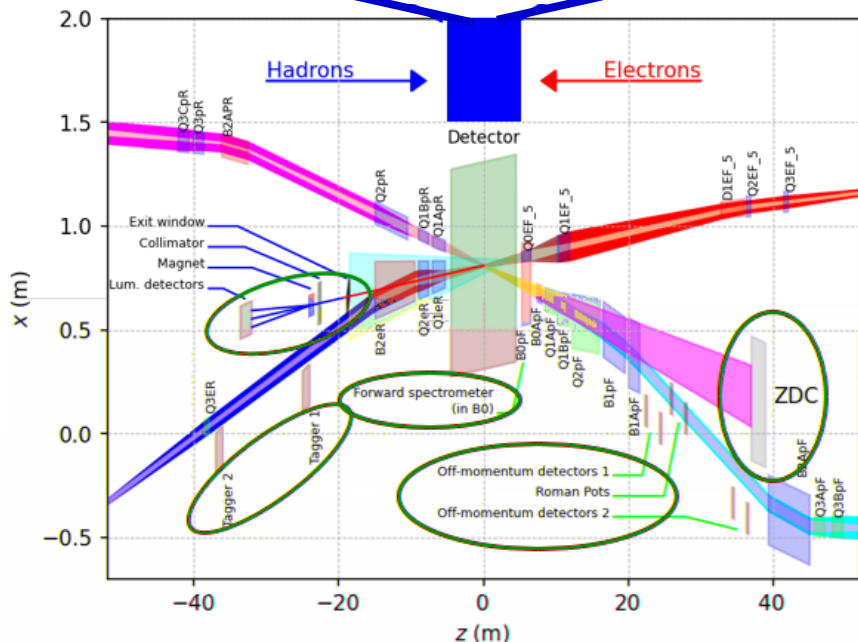
Central Detector (CD)

Total size detector: ~75m

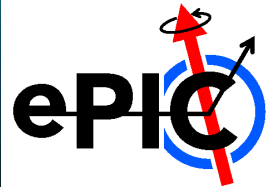
Central detector: ~10m

Backward electron detection: ~35m

Forward hadron spectrometer: ~40m



Auxiliary detectors needed to tag particles with very small scattering angles both in the **outgoing lepton** and **hadron beam** direction (B0-Taggers, Off-momentum taggers, Roman Pots, Zero-degree Calorimeter and low Q²-tagger).



Far forward and backward

Far Forward

Far Backward

Figure: Low- Q^2 taggers

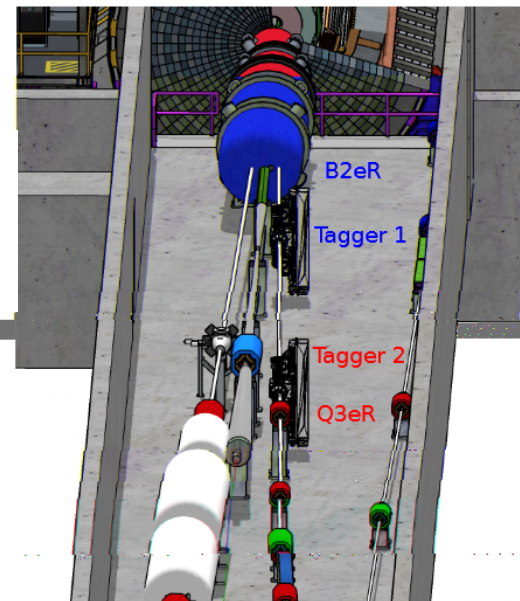
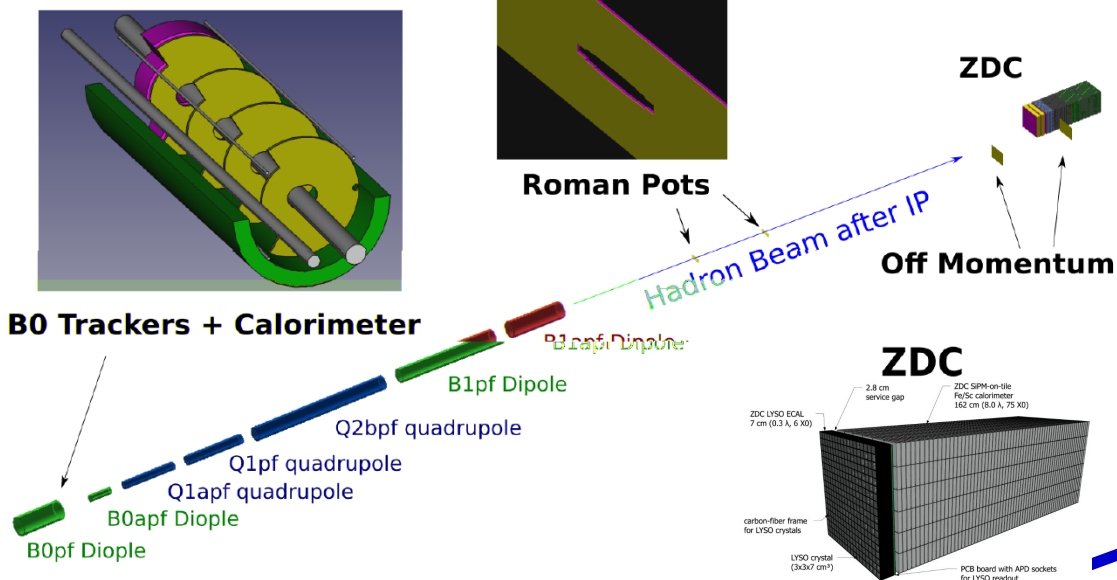
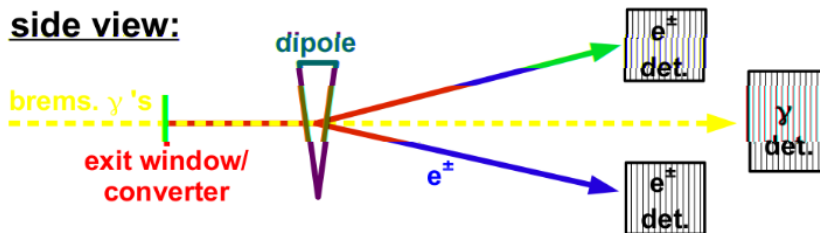
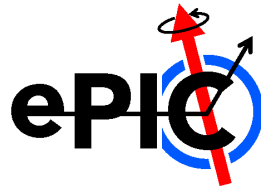
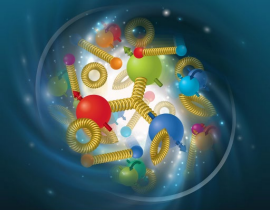


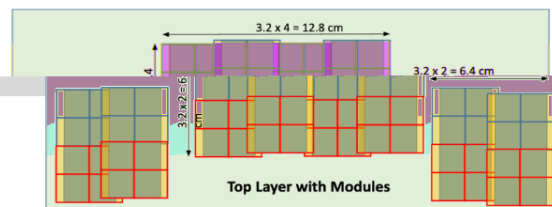
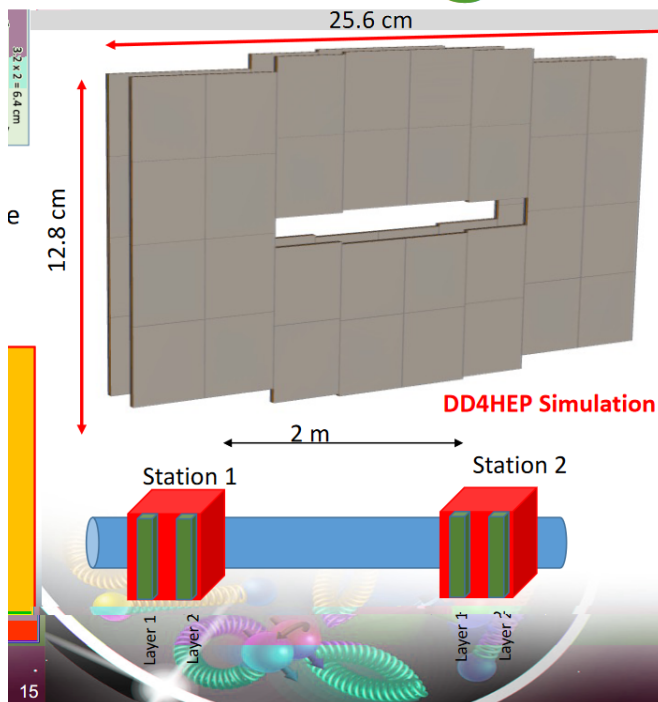
Figure: Luminosity detector





Roman Pots

Roman “Pots” @ the EIC



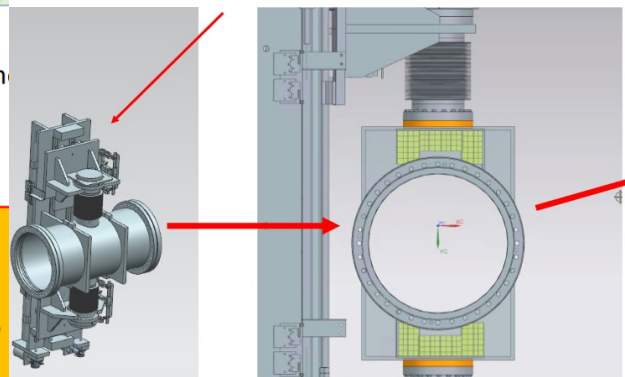
Technology

- 500um, pixilated AC-LGAD sensor provides both fine pixilation.
- “Potless” design concept with thin RF foils surrounding detector components.

Status

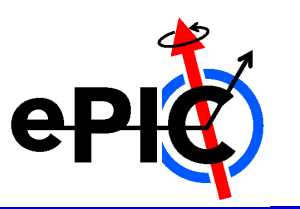
- ✓ Acceptance: $0.0^* < \theta < 5.0$ mrad (lower bound depends on optics).
- ✓ Detector directly in-vacuum a challenge for both detector and beam → impedance studies underway.
- ✓ Approved generic R&D to develop more-

ML + Roman Pots: See talk by D. Ruth WG6; Tuesday @ 2pm



The pixelized **AC-LGADs** will be read-out with **EICROC**.

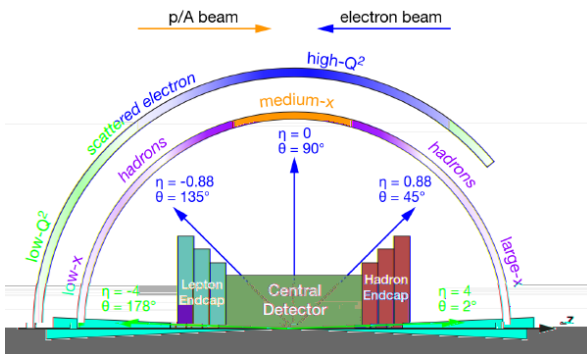
The same read-out ASIC is considered for the AC-LGAD ToF layer in the forward endcap of the central detector



ePIC Central Detector

Formed by:

- Backward endcap
- Barrel
- Forward endcap



hadronic calorimeters

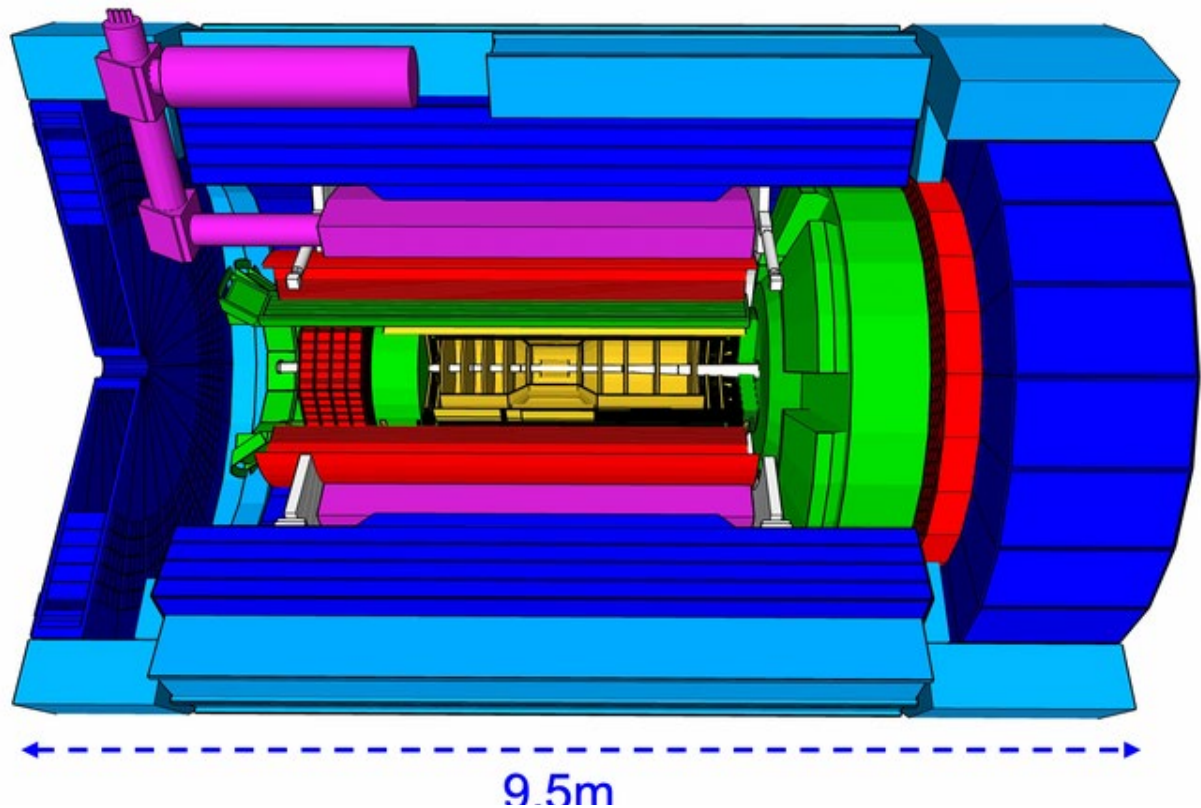
Solenoidal Magnet

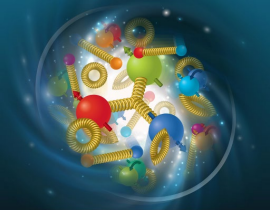
e/m calorimeters
(ECal)

Time of Flight,
DIRC,
RICH detectors

MPGD trackers

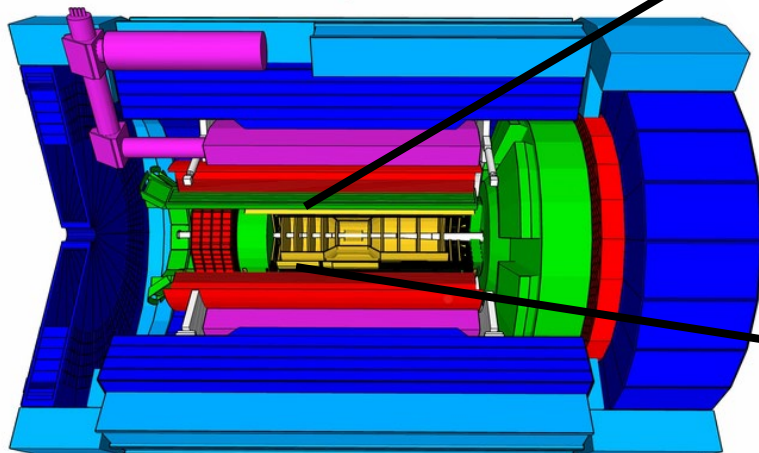
MAPS tracker



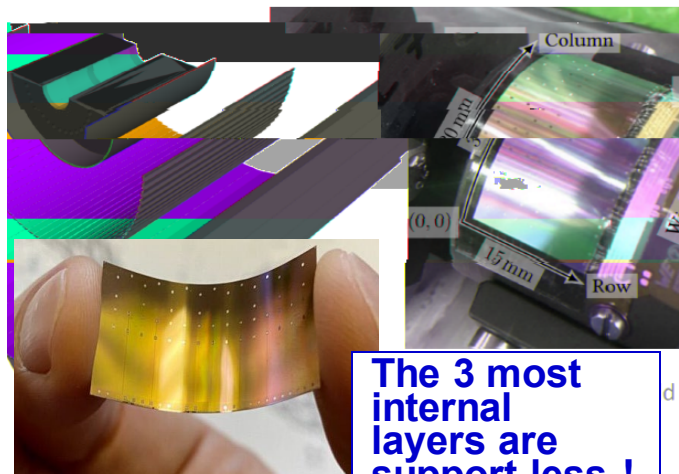


TRACKING IN ePIC CD

Tracking



First μ RWELL assembly at CERN



The 3 most internal layers are support-less !

Visit at IJClab, 2/2/2024

JIRC
MPGD

Five layers in barrel,
supplemented by MPGDs for
pattern recognition.

Five discs in forward/backward
directions (+MPGD in forward)

Meets EICUG Yellow Report design
requirements.



MAPS

Si trackers based on ALICE
ITS3 **65 nm MAPS sensors**

- Five layers in the
barrel and in the
endcaps

Supplemented by MPGD
trackers

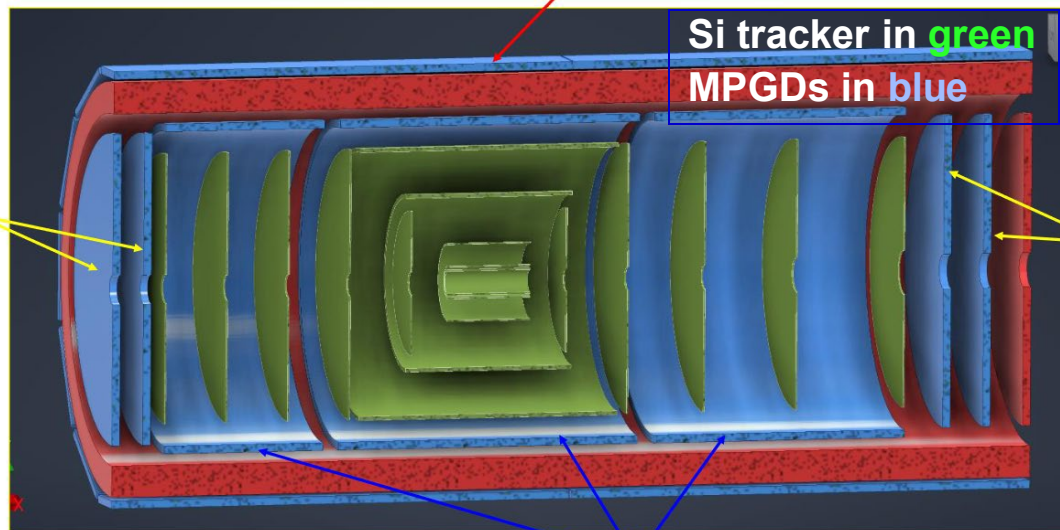
- Cylindrical
MICROMEGAS
- Planar μ R-WELL

Barrel Outer μ RWELL Layer

Si tracker in **green**
MPGDs in **blue**

Backward μ RWELL Disks

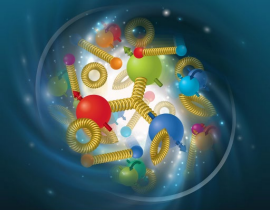
Forward μ RWELL Disks



Inner Cyl Micromegas Barrel Layer CyMBaL

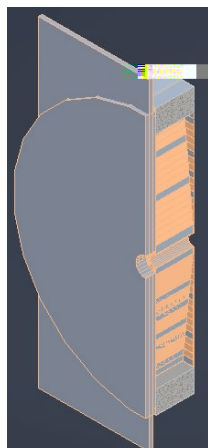
EIC and ePIC

Silvia DALLA TORRE

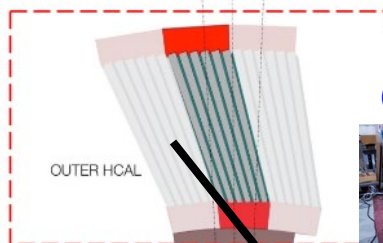


CALORIMETRY IN ePIC CD

SiPMs of all Calorimeters



**Backwards HCal
Steel/Sc Sandwich
tail catcher**

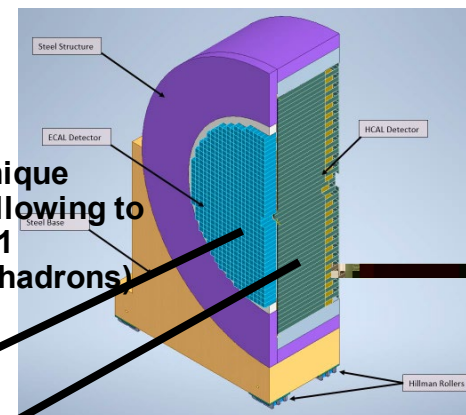


**Barrel Hcal
(re-use from sPHENIX)**

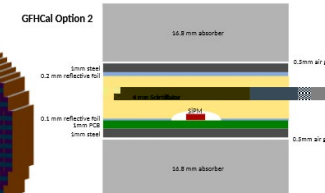
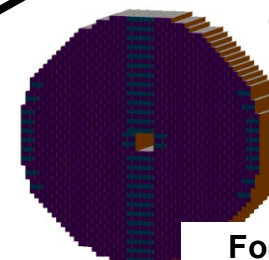
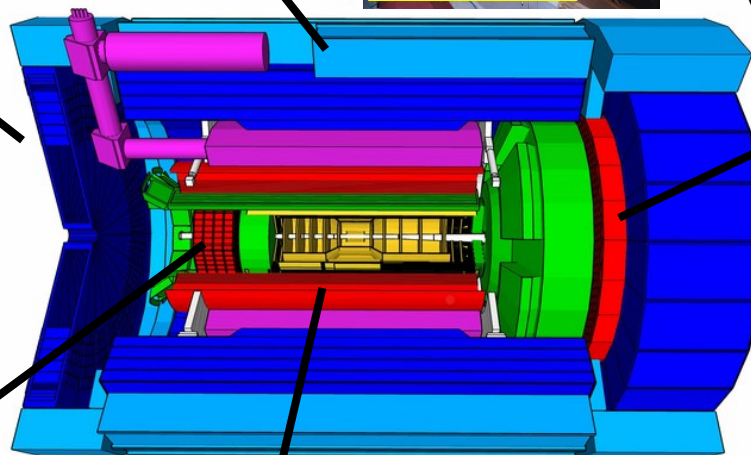
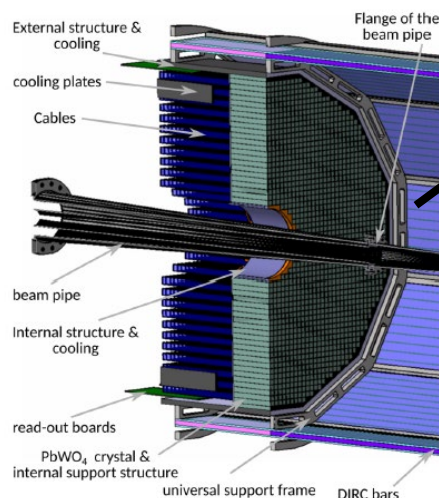


Fe/Sc sandwich, $\sim 3.5 \lambda$

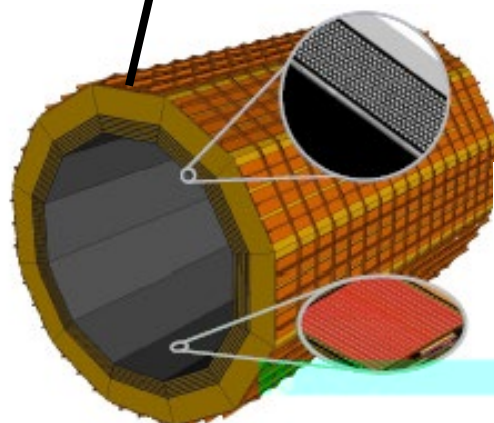
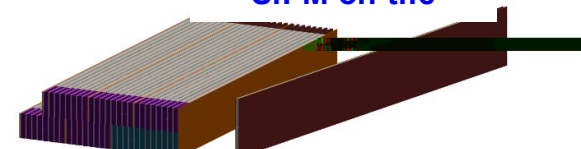
WScFi is a unique technology allowing to achieve $e/h \sim 1$ (response to hadrons)



**Backwards EMCal
PbWO₄ crystals**



**Forward Hcal:
SiPM on tile**

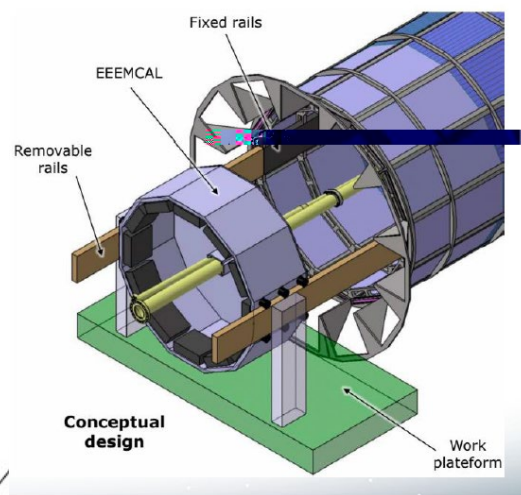
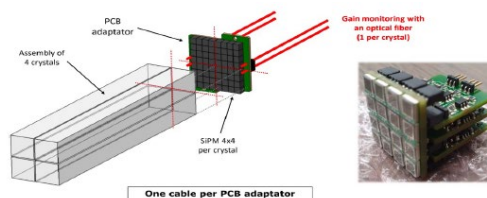
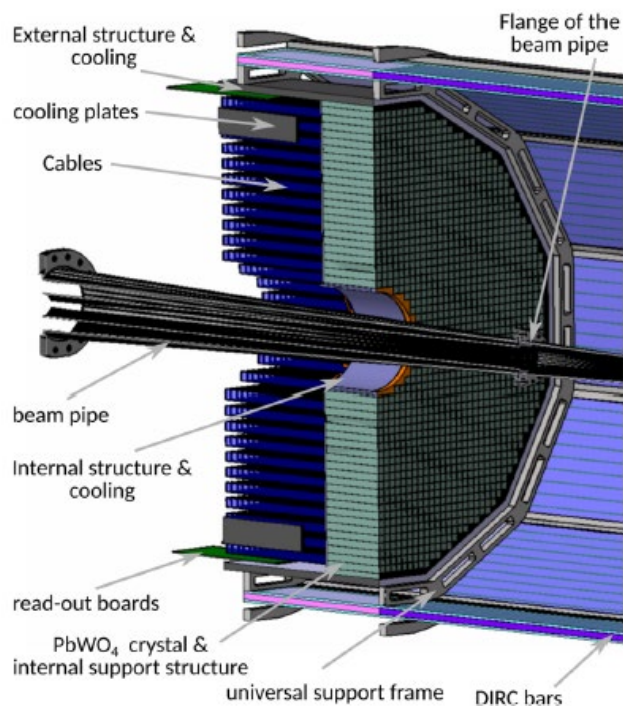


**4 (6) layers of imaging
calorimetry by Astropix
MAPS,
and sampling
calorimetry by Pb/SciFi**



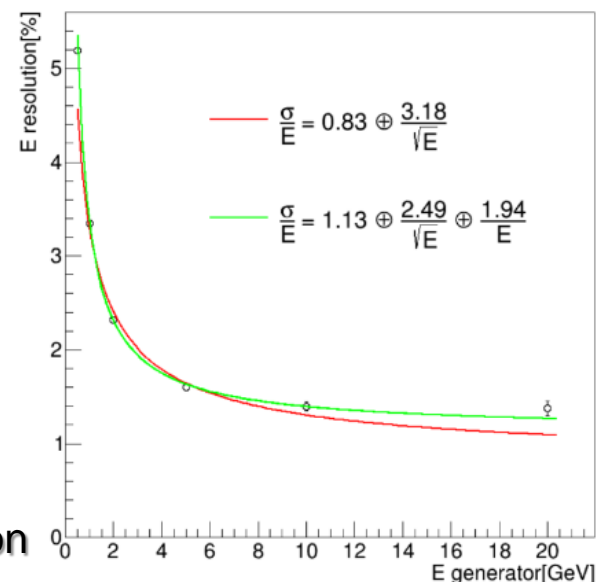
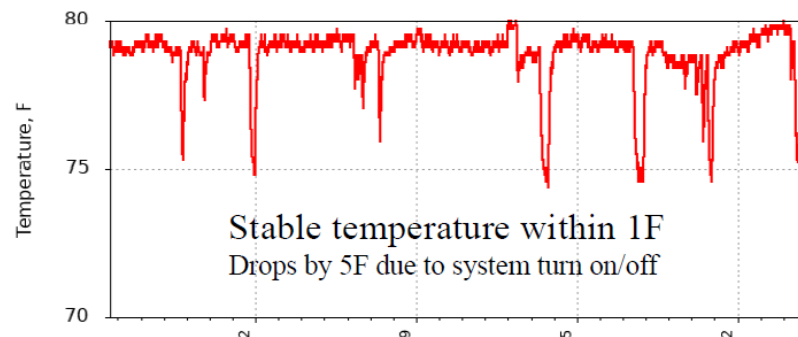
Mechanics and Integration

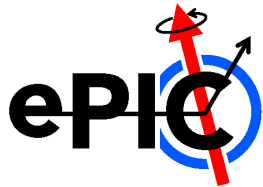
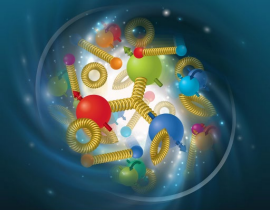
Backwards EMCal PbWO₄ crystals



Demonstrate the adequateness of CALOROC for the required resolution is one of the present challenges

T⁰ stabilization



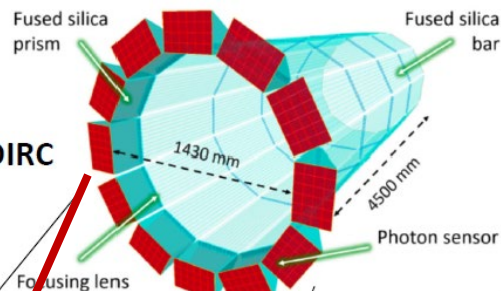


PID IN ePIC CD

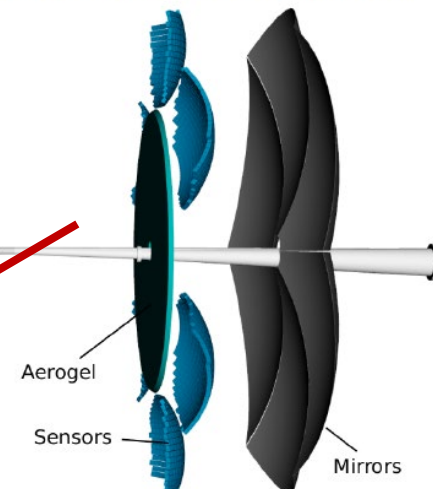
Single volume
proximity
focusing aerogel
RICH with long
proximity gap
(~30-40 cm)

- Sensor:
HRPPDs →
include TOF

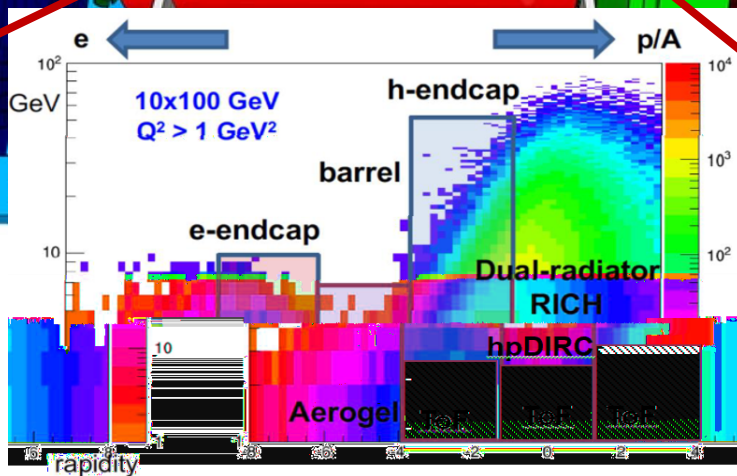
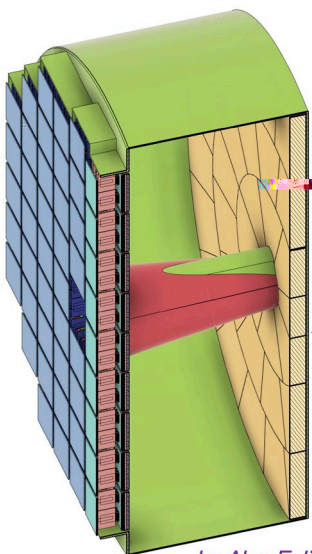
High-Performance DIRC



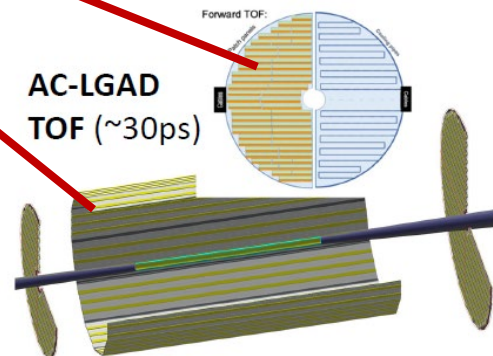
Dual-Radiator RICH (dRICH)

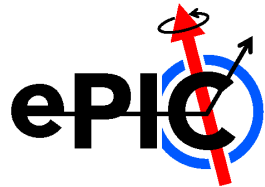
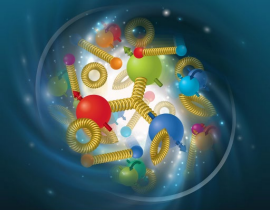


Single photon
sensors: SiPMs



AC-LGAD
TOF (~30ps)





OUTLOOK

- **The EIC project**
- **The EIC scientific scope**
- **The Collider**
- **ePIC – The project detector**
- **The ePIC Collaboration**



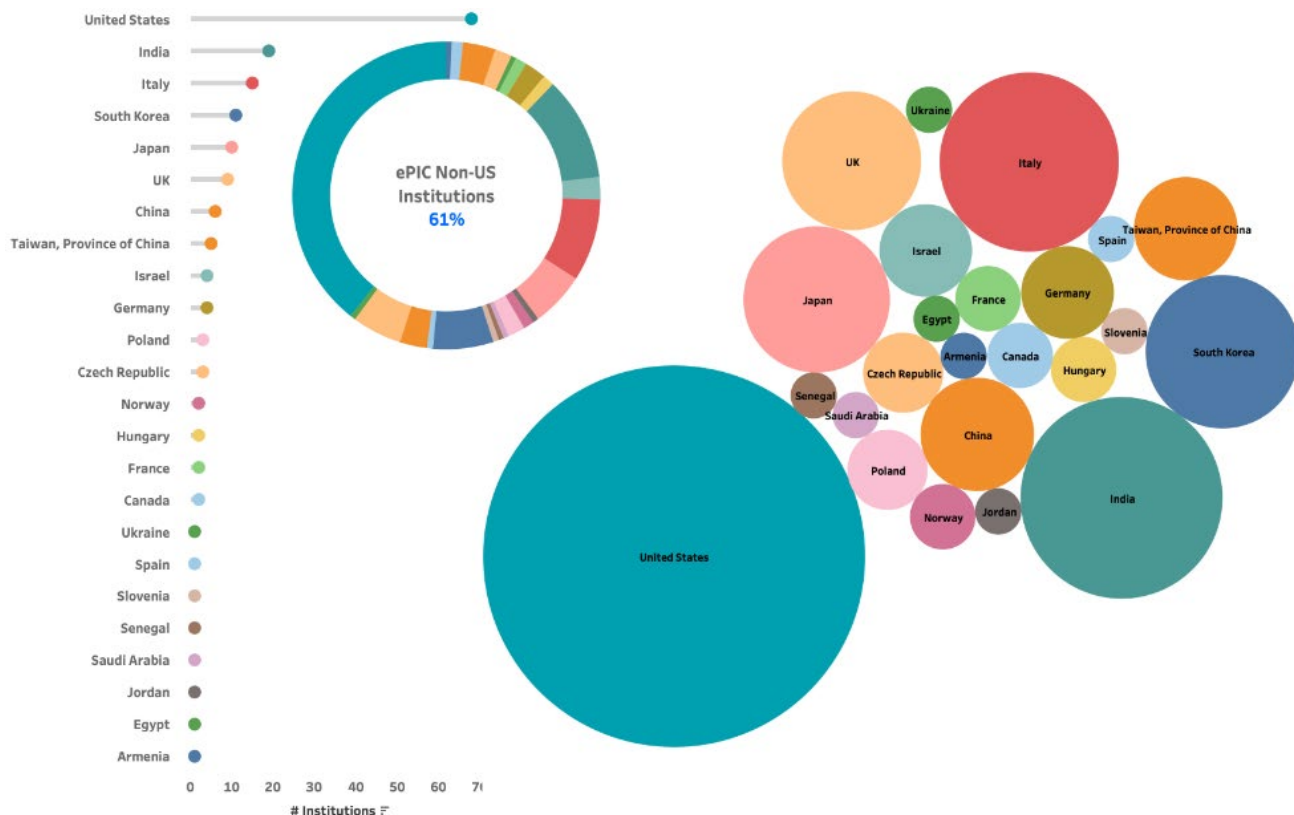
The ePIC Collaboration

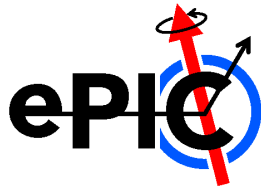
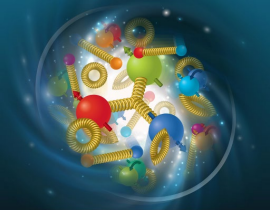
173 Institutions and increasing

24 countries

500 + participants

A truly global pursuit for a new experiment at EIC !





CONCLUDING REMARKS

The EIC is a unique project, the only concrete one around the world for the ultimate understanding of **QCD**

The only novel HE collider in the next 20-30 years

- The EIC project is approved and progressing according to schedule

- The ePIC Collaboration for the project detector effort has kicked-off
ePIC is designing the detector for the TDR

The ePIC detector is an enormous undertaking that will require participation and expertise from both the US (Labs and academia) communities, as well as the international contributions (60% of Institutions from abroad world-wide) !

- In parallel, the new Collaboration has been formed and structured

- *In front of us: exciting perspectives designing, building, producing science within ePIC at EIC*