## Ions cleaners (thèse Alexis Gamelin):

"In ThomX, several different designs of clearing electrodes with multiple buttons are used, they are in fact similar to the button beam position monitors (BPM) designed by Soleil [67]. It is possible to use an electrode both for ion clearing and for position monitoring at the same time but it might degrade the monitoring performance. For this reason, ThomX BPMs were designed to have separate electrodes for clearing and for monitoring. The nominal case where only the electrodes designed for clearing are used is studied here. The different designs are shown in Fig. 8.14, the electrodes BPM6 and BPM8 are integrated in BPM blocks and the electrodes IP and IP bis are stand-alone. The map of ThomX storage ring with the positioning of the BPMs and clearing electrodes is shown in Fig. 8.13."

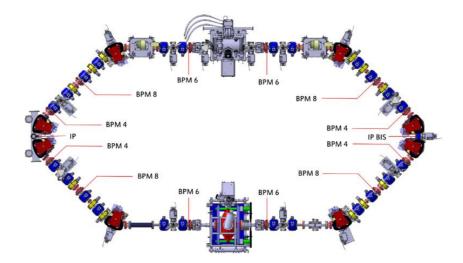


Figure 8.13: Electrodes and BPMs in ThomX ring. The BPM6 and BPM8 contain both a BPM and a clearing electrode in a single block. The BPM4 are only a BPM and the IP and IP bis are only clearing electrodes.

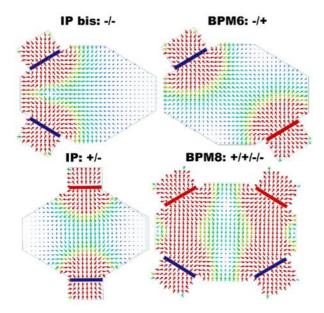
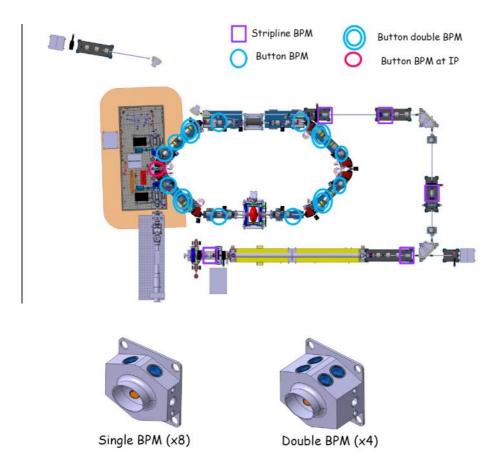


Figure 8.14: Transverse electric field created by different clearing electrodes. The colour scale for the arrows is linear from red, E =  $20\,\mathrm{kV}\,\mathrm{m}^{-1}$ , to blue, E =  $0\,\mathrm{kV}\,\mathrm{m}^{-1}$ . Electrode IP bis: configuration -/-, the two buttons are negatively polarised, U =  $-0.5\,\mathrm{kV}$ . Electrode BPM6: configuration -/-, the upper button is negatively polarised, U =  $-0.5\,\mathrm{kV}$ , and the lower button is positively polarised, U =  $0.5\,\mathrm{kV}$ . Electrode IP: configuration +/- the upper button is positively polarised, U =  $-0.5\,\mathrm{kV}$ . Electrode BPM8: configuration +/+/-/- the upper buttons are positively polarised, U =  $0.5\,\mathrm{kV}$ , and the lower buttons are negatively polarised, U =  $0.5\,\mathrm{kV}$ , and the lower buttons are negatively polarised, U =  $-0.5\,\mathrm{kV}$ .

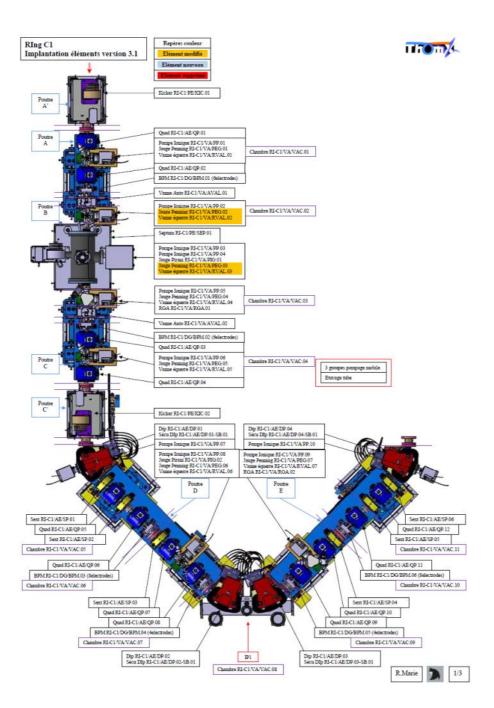
## Document : "Test électrodes IOC sous tension sous vide"

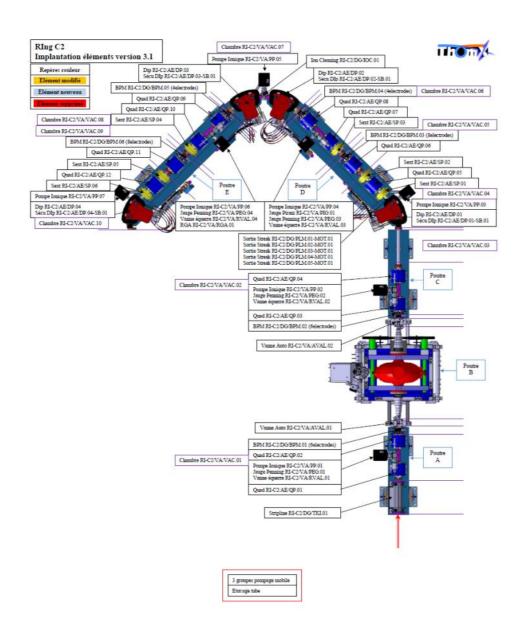
	poutre	n" BPM	Chambres ref	nb électrodes	vers Liberas	vers IOC	test HT	vers TFB	vers LLRF-FBL	remarque
					nb él.	nb		nb él.	nb él.	
RI-C1	A	BPM.01	779 kicker A	6	4	2	OK			
	C	BPM.02	780 kicker B	6	4	2	OK			
	D	BPM.03	786 BPM type C	8	4	4	OK			
	D	8PM.04		4	4		OK			
	E	8PM.05		4	4	00000000000	OK	00000000000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	E .	8PM.06	786 BPM type C	8	4	4	testé	4		nb 6, repère A court circuit
IP1		IOC		2		2	OK			
RI-C2	A	8PM.01	796 Elettra A	6	4	2	OK			
	C	8PM.02	797 Elettra B	6	4	2	OK			
	D	8PM.03	786 BPM type C	8	4	4	OK		2	
	D	8PM.04		4	4		OK			
	E	8PM.05		4	4		OK			
	E E	8PM.06	786 BPM type C	8	4	4	OK	4		
IP2		IOC		2		2				
LI	A	BPM.01		4	4					
TL	A	8PM.01		4	4					
	E	8PM.02		4	4					
	н	8PM.03		4	4					
	1	8PM.04		4	4					

Document: "ThomX General Meeting (LAL, 17-18/12/2012)" M. Labat



Document : "Nomenclature v.7.4" P. Cornebise







## Feedbacks:

FBL : 4 ou 2 électrodes (BPM.03)
FBT : 4 électrodes BPM.06 (RI-C1 ou RI-C2)

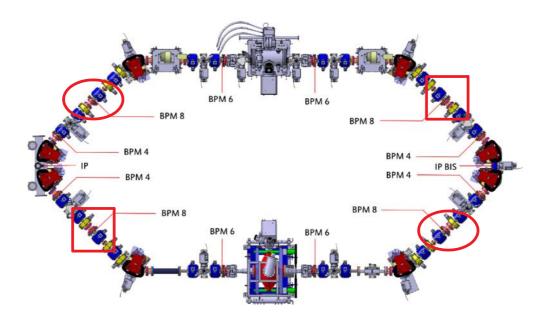


Figure 8.13: Electrodes and BPMs in ThomX ring. The BPM6 and BPM8 contain both a BPM and a clearing electrode in a single block. The BPM4 are only a BPM and the IP and IP bis are only clearing electrodes.