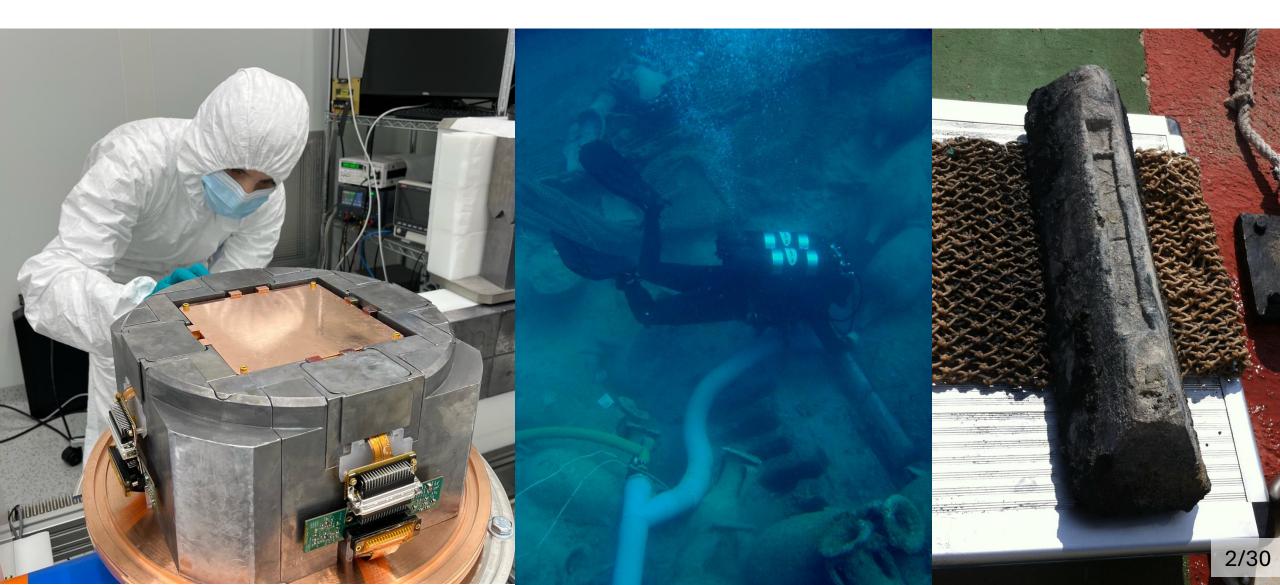
PlomBOX

Lead poisoning in drinking water

Xavier Bertou (for the PlomBOX collaboration)

Lead 210 and Dark Matter



Lead exposure is especially dangerous to children's developing brains and can result in

to multiple body systems, such as our central nervous system and brain; reproductive system; kidneys, cardiovascular system, blood and immune system.

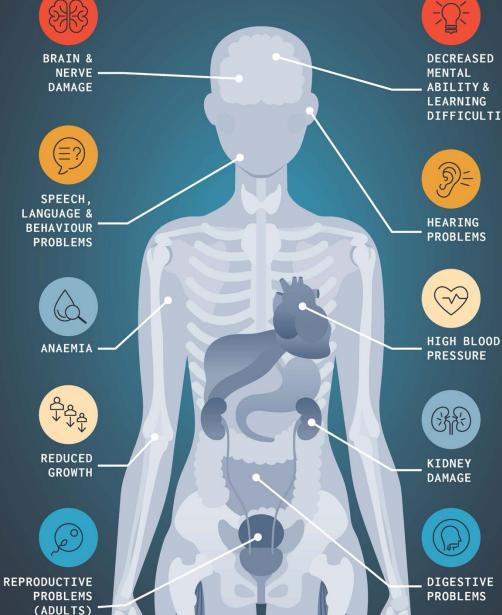
Lead IS



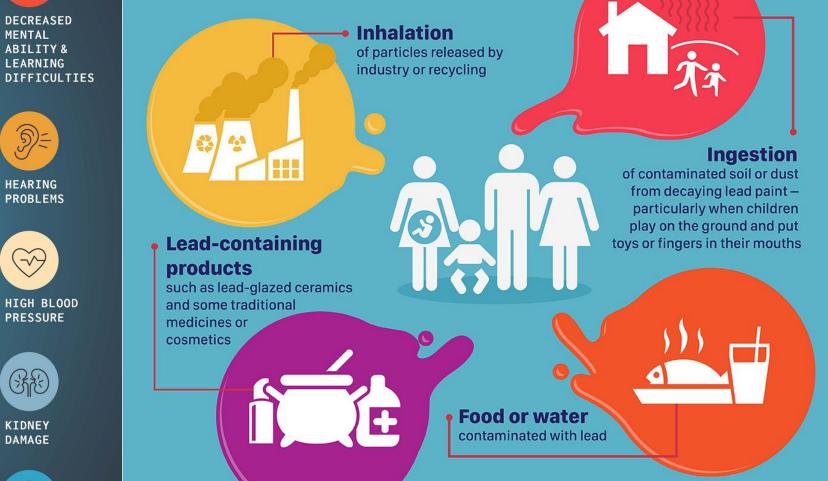




THE TOXIC EFFECTS OF LEAD



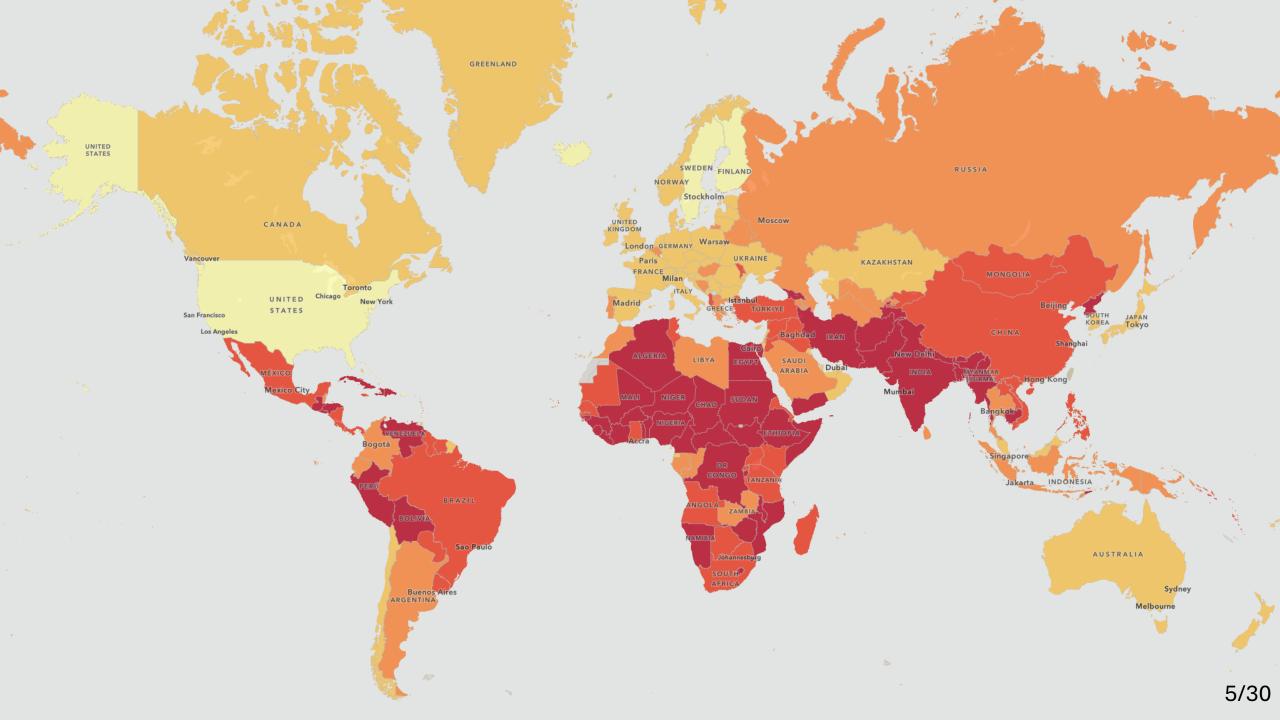
LEAD EXPOSURE CAN OCCUR THROUGH...



There is no safe level of lead exposure



#BanLeadPaint





RÉOUVERTURE PLOMBÉE

« Reconstruire Notre-Dame de Paris avec du plomb, de la splendeur au désastre »

Par Annie Thébaud-Mony

Lead contamination

10 years after Flint, the fight to replace lead pipes across the U.S. continues

APRIL 26, 2024 · 3:00 AM ET

By Emily Kwong, Pien Huang, Rachel Carlson, Rebecca Ramirez

13-Minute Listen





The Flint River water starts flowing to Flint, Mich. on April 25, 2014. Without corrosion control, lead leeched from the pipes. 6/30

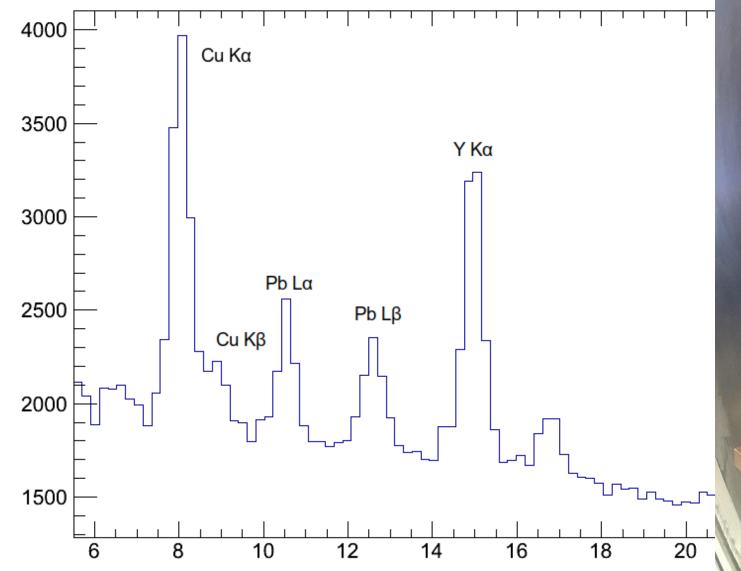
Lead controlled at production

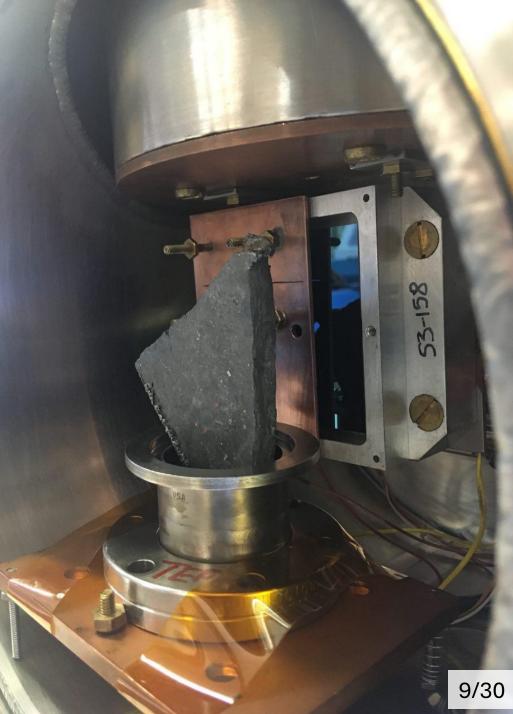
- Lead (and other contaminants) tested at water production plants (at least in developed countries)
- Contamination can however come during water transport, or at home
 - In France, buildings older than 1950 may have lead in their pipe system
- Testing usually done in laboratories
 - Can be expensive, and even if free it is a tedious process
- Ideally, one would like to take a picture of a glass of water with a phone and know if it is drinkable or not...

What if we could measure it precisely for cheap?



Looking for lead with a CCD





- But...
 - Cooled with liquid nitrogen to 100K
 - This should only impact energy resolution, maybe not too bad

- But...
 - Cooled with liquid nitrogen to 100K
 - This should only impact energy resolution, maybe not too bad
 - It's a 675 um thick 24cm2 CCD, not a 5um thick 1 cm2 CMOS
 - Can we go for a plan B and design our own sensors, or use silicon photodiodes?

- But...
 - Cooled with liquid nitrogen to 100K
 - This should only impact energy resolution, maybe not too bad
 - It's a 675 um thick 24cm2 CCD, not a 5um thick 1 cm2 CMOS
 - Can we go for a plan B and design our own sensors, or use silicon photodiodes?
 - It's not lead in water, it's a piece of lead

- But...
 - Cooled with liquid nitrogen to 100K
 - This should only impact energy resolution, maybe not too bad
 - It's a 675 um thick 24cm2 CCD, not a 5um thick 1 cm2 CMOS
 - Can we go for a plan B and design our own sensors, or use silicon photodiodes?
 - It's not lead in water, it's a piece of lead

Then I met a biologist colleague in Buenos Aires

Plan C: bio-sensors





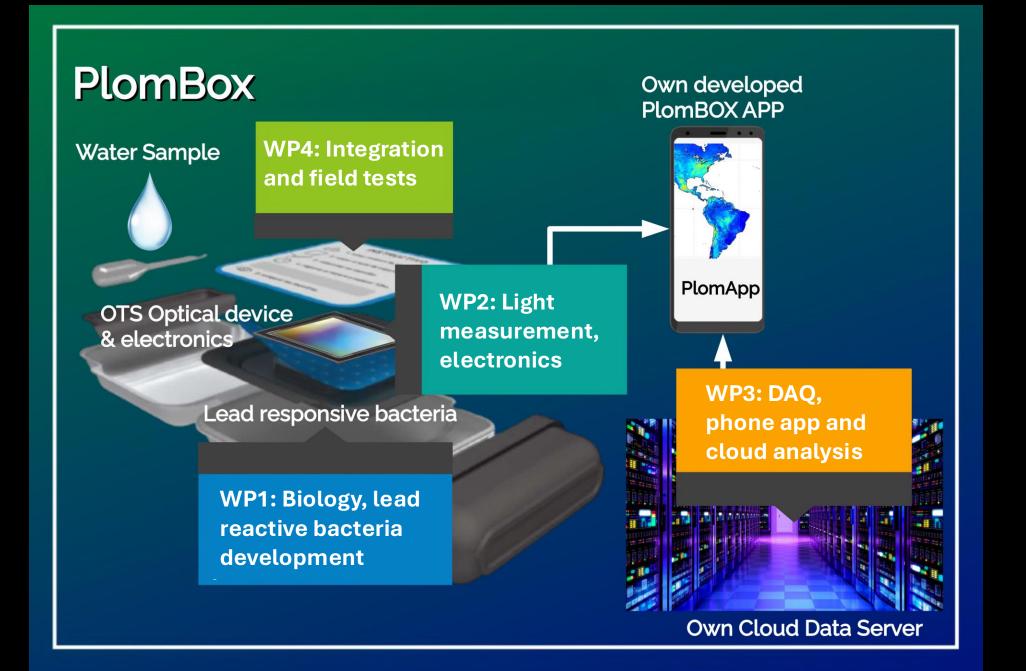
SensAr: An arsenic biosensor for drinking water











GCRF-II award

- Royal Holloway University of London (UK)
- Boulby Underground Laboratory (UK)
- Comisión Nacional de Energía Atómica (AR)
 (DFM+DPT+DDS+DBT+DFF)@GAIYANN

Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México (MX)

Universidad de Buenos Aires (AR)
 iB3-FBMC@FCEyN

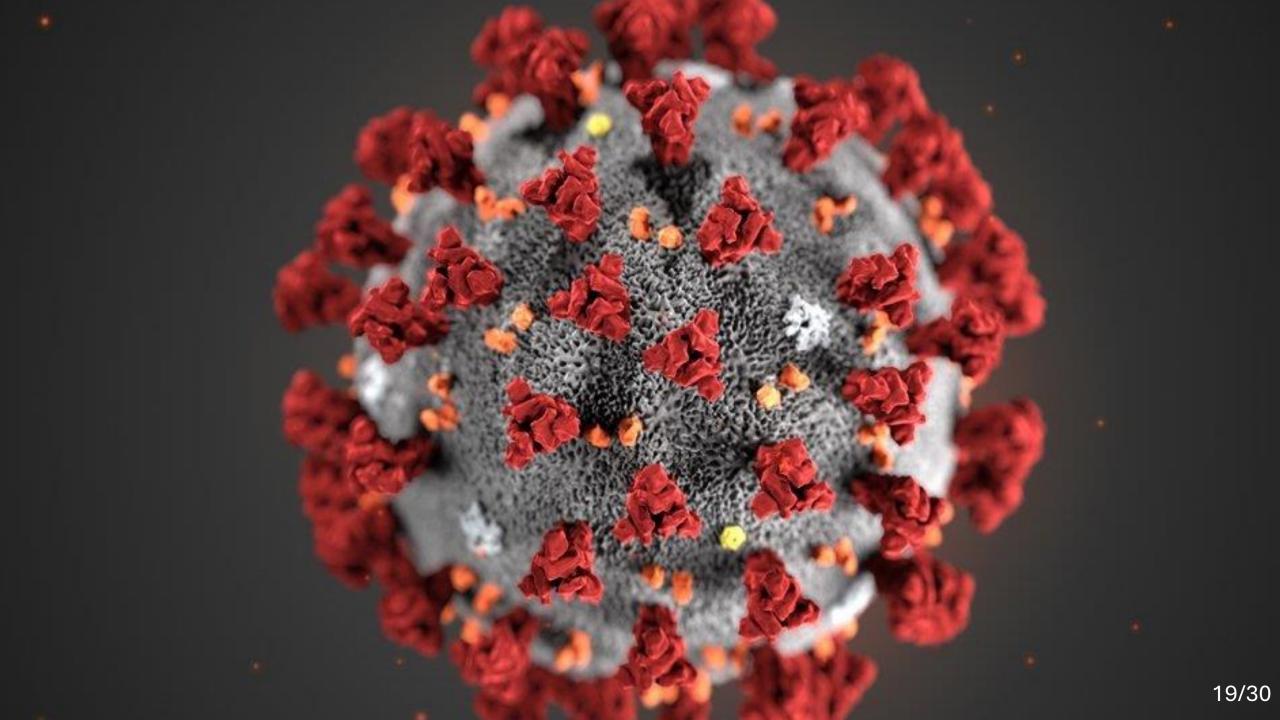




Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council

882 806 £ awarded Oct 1, 2019 for 18 months, signed by all parties on March 11, 2020







Mariano Gómez Berisso



José Francisco Favela Pérez



Willy Pregliasco 8







Hernan Gonzalo Asorey



Jaime Octavio Guerra



Daniel Marin 2



2 Adiv Gonzalez



8



Luciano Marpegan



\$ Alexis Aguilar



Xavier Bertou 8









Horacio Arnaldi



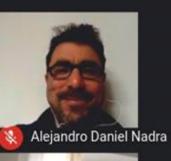
José Lipovetzky 8



Deisting

A

\$







🔇 Adriana

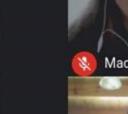


Mauricio Mtz 8





J. Gasulla



Article Talk

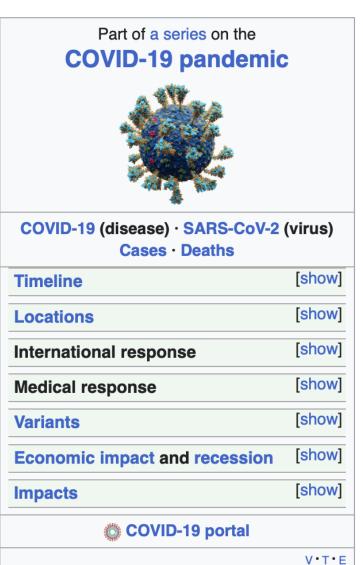
From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Countries and territories around the world enforced lockdowns of varying stringency in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

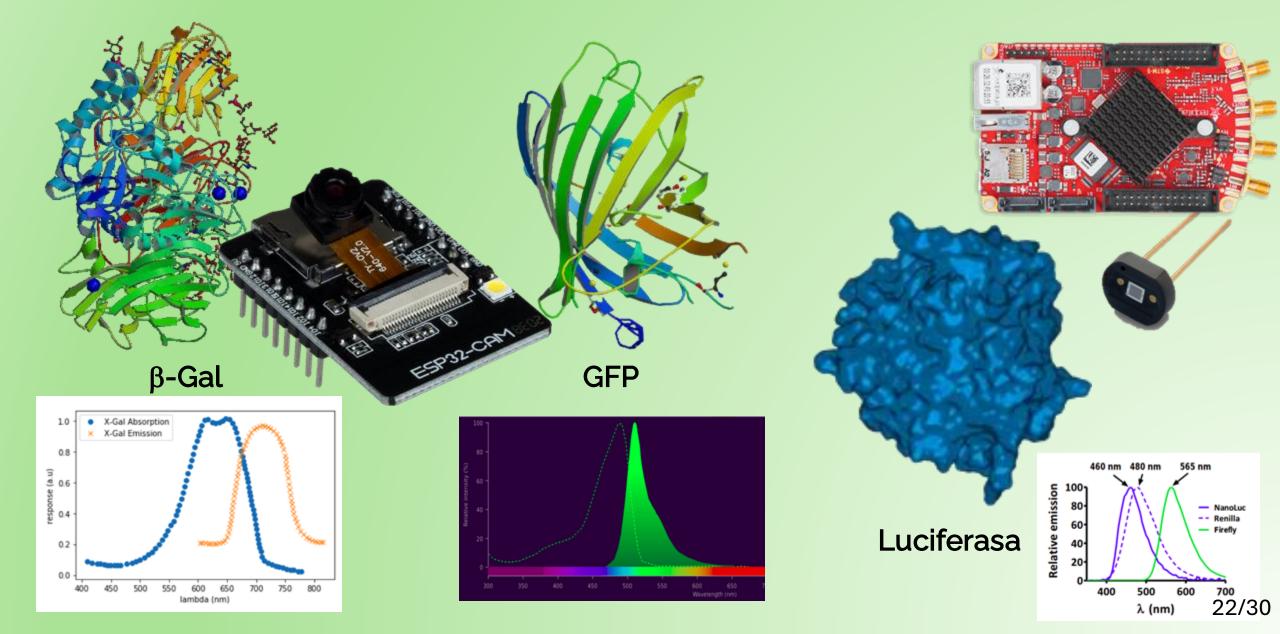
Some included total movement control while others enforced restrictions based on time. In many cases, only essential businesses were allowed to remain open. Schools, universities and colleges closed either on a nationwide or local basis in 63 countries, affecting approximately 47 percent of the world's student population.^{[1][2]}

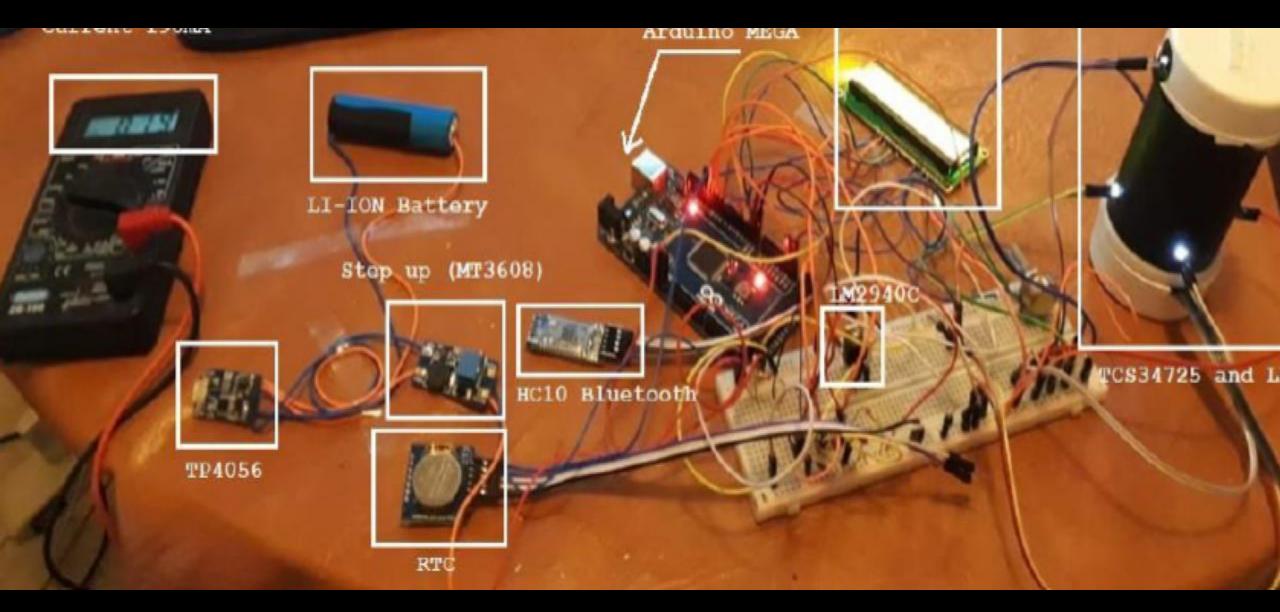
Beginning with the first lockdown in China's Hubei province^[3] and nationwide in Italy in March 2020, lockdowns continued to be implemented in many countries throughout 2020 and 2021. On 24 March 2020, the entire 1.3 billion population of India was ordered to stay at home during its lockdown, making it the largest of the pandemic.^[4] The world's longest continuous lockdown lasting 234 days took place in Buenos Aires, Argentina, in 2020. As of October 2021, the city of Melbourne, Australia, and certain cities in Peru and Chile spent the most cumulative days in lockdown over separate periods, although measures varied between these countries.^{[5][6]}

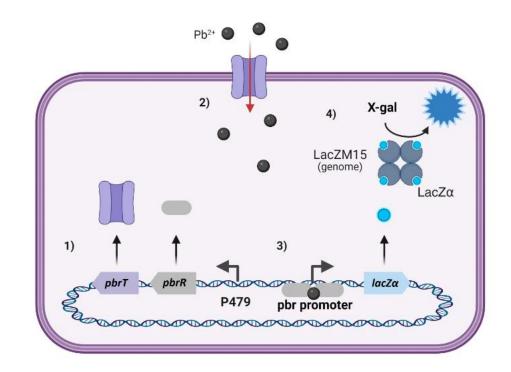
A few countries and territories did not use the strategy, including Japan, Belarus, Nicaragua, Sweden, South Korea, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Tanzania, Uruguay, two states in Brazil and certain United States states.

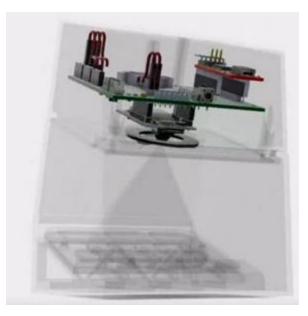


Possible tracers and sensors

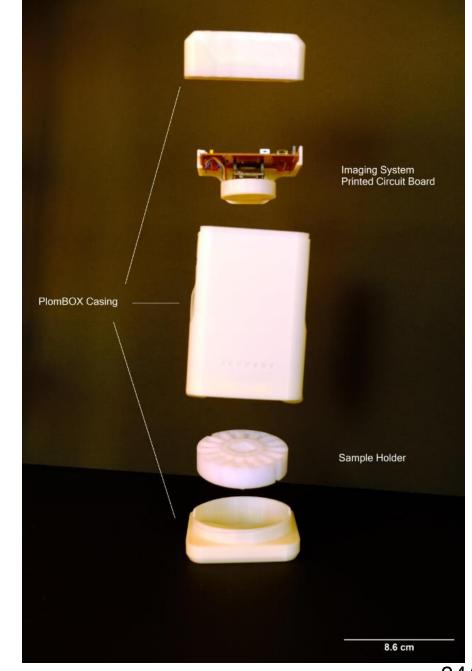


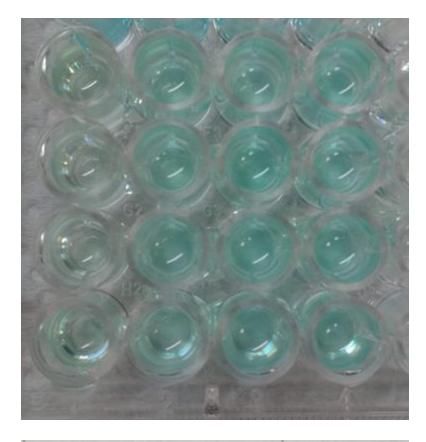


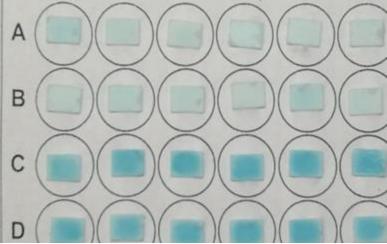


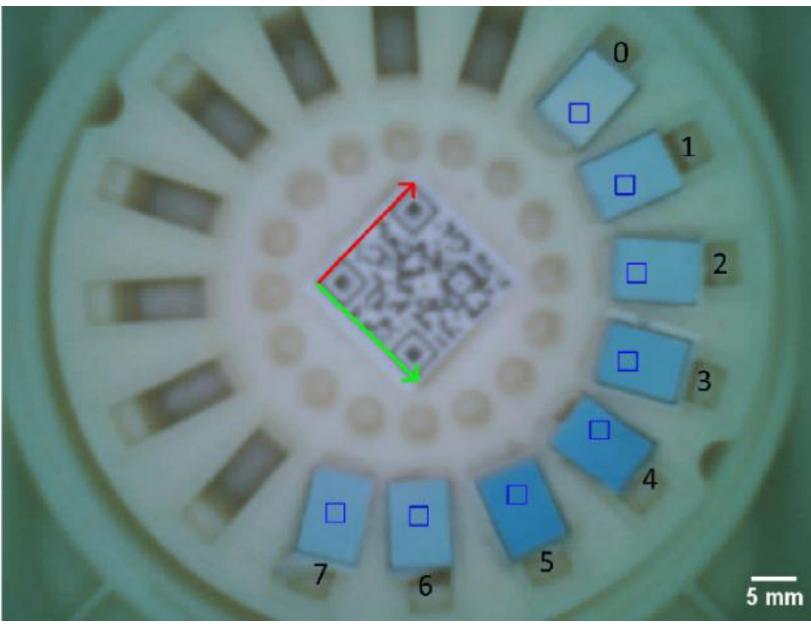


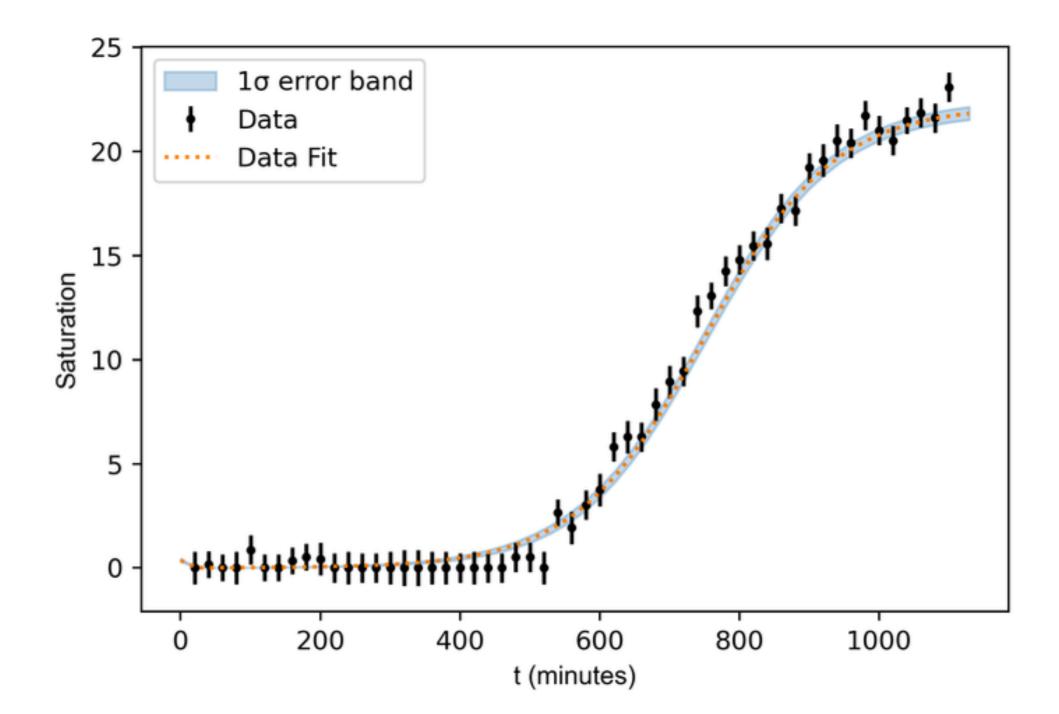


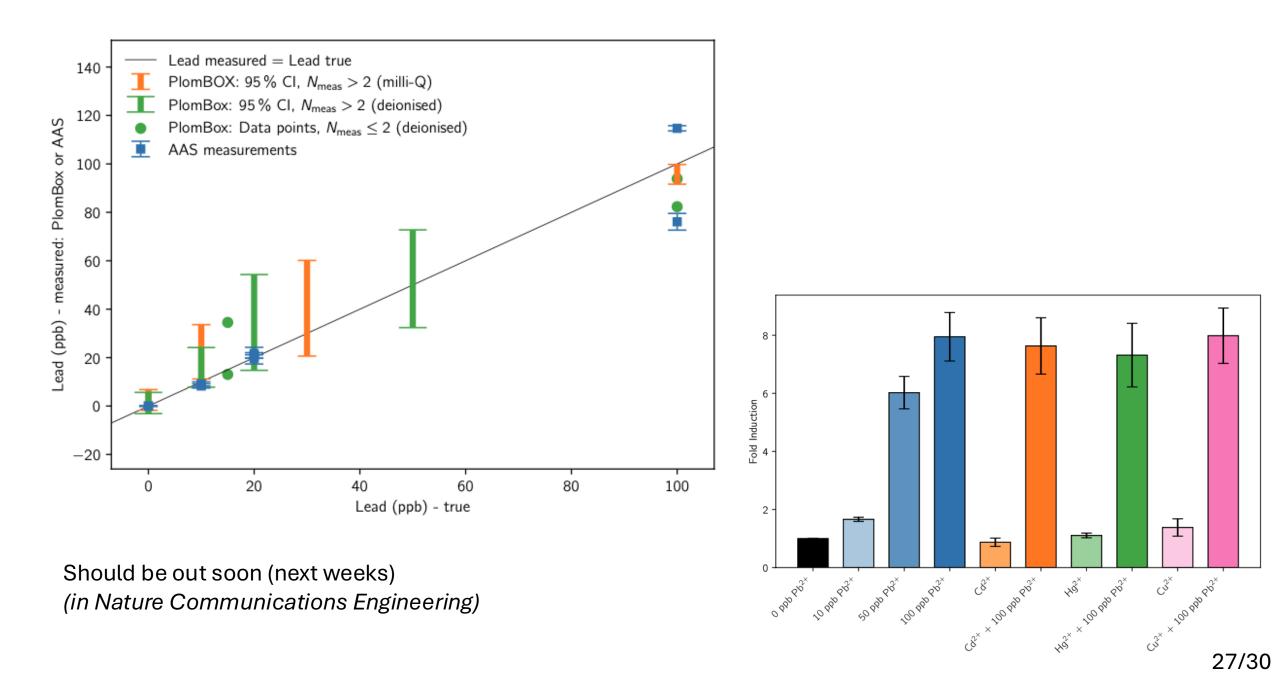














What next?

- Phase 1 (CMOS particle detection) 2017-2019: failed
- Phase 2 (bio-sensors) 2020-2024: done
- Phase 3 2025+:
 - Improve measurement (self-calibration method, adding a reporter for bacteria growth?)
 - Replace bacteria by some other biological piece?
 - Automatise system (heating, bacteria cleaning,...)
 - Large scale measurement with local institutions
 - https://www.paris.fr/pages/comment-paris-lutte-contre-l-exposition-au-plomb-22152
 - Make it user friendly sell-able
 - Do that next phase with colleagues from PlomBOX (in Argentina and UK) and groups here (multidisciplinary, health...) and local biologists experts

Who's interested?