

The BabaYaga@NLO event generator

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in collaboration with

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- ★ In the last ~25 years [BabaYaga/BabaYaga@NLO](#) has been developed for precision luminometry at flavour factories
- ★ It simulates QED processes

$$\hookrightarrow e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- (+n\gamma)$$

$$\hookrightarrow e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- (+n\gamma)$$

$$\hookrightarrow e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma (+n\gamma)$$

with multiple-photon emission in a QED Parton Shower framework, matched with exact NLO matrix elements (NLOPS accuracy)

\implies generation of one additional (virtual and real) photon with exact matrix element and leading logarithmic resummation of other photons with exclusive kinematics generation, avoiding double counting

- ★ A theoretical precision at the $0.5 - 1 \times 10^{-3}$ level (at least for Bhabha),

systematic comparison to independent calculations/codes and assessing the size of missing higher-order corrections (part of the $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 L)$ contributions, $L \equiv \log(Q^2/m^2)$)

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- ★ **recent improvement**

- ★ addition of di-pion final state ($e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(n\gamma)$)

Pion pair production in e^+e^- annihilation at next-to-leading order matched to Parton Shower

Ettore Budassi,^{a,b} Carlo M. Carloni Calame,^b Marco Ghilardi,^a Andrea Gurgone,^{a,b}
Guido Montagna,^{a,b} Mauro Moretti,^{c,d} Oreste Nicosini,^b Fulvio Piccinini,^b and
Francesco P. Ucci^{a,b}

arXiv:2409.03469

- NLOPS in sQED

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- NLOPS in sQED
- pion form factor in three approaches
 - $F \times \text{sQED}$
 - GVMD
 - $F_s\text{QED}$

H. Czyz, A. Grzelinska, J.H. Kuhn, G. Rodrigo, hep-ph/0308312

F. Ignatov and R.N. Lee, arXiv:2204.12235

G. Colangelo, M. Hoferichter, J. Monnard, J.R. de Elvira, arXiv:2207.03495

- **F_sQED**: FF out of the loop diagrams, with a scale chosen to guarantee the cancellation of IR singularities with real radiation
- **GVMD**: FF as a sum over additional propagators with Breit-Wigner form

$$F_{\pi}^{\text{BW}} \equiv \frac{1}{c_t} \sum_{v=1}^{n_r} c_v \frac{\Lambda_v^2}{\Lambda_v^2 - q^2}$$

- **F_sQED**: FF written through its dispersive representation

$$F_{\pi}(q^2) = 1 + \frac{q^2}{\pi} \int_{4m_{\pi}^2}^{\infty} \frac{q^2}{\pi} \frac{ds'}{s'} \frac{\text{Im}F_{\pi}(s')}{s' - q^2 - i\epsilon}$$

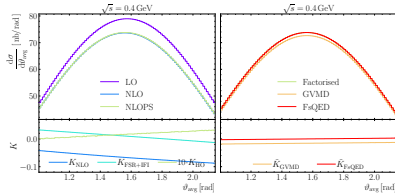
di-pion final state, angular distribution

$$\vartheta_{\text{avg}} \equiv \frac{1}{2}(\pi - \vartheta^+ + \vartheta^-)$$

$$K_{\text{NLO}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{NLO}} - \sigma_{\text{LO}}}{\sigma_{\text{LO}}}$$

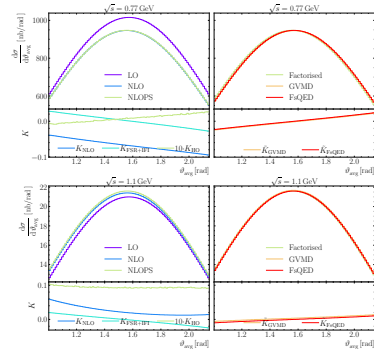
$$K_{\text{FSR+IFI}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{NLO}} - \sigma_{\text{ISR}}}{\sigma_{\text{LO}}}$$

$$K_{\text{HO}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{NLOPS}} - \sigma_{\text{NLO}}}{\sigma_{\text{LO}}}$$



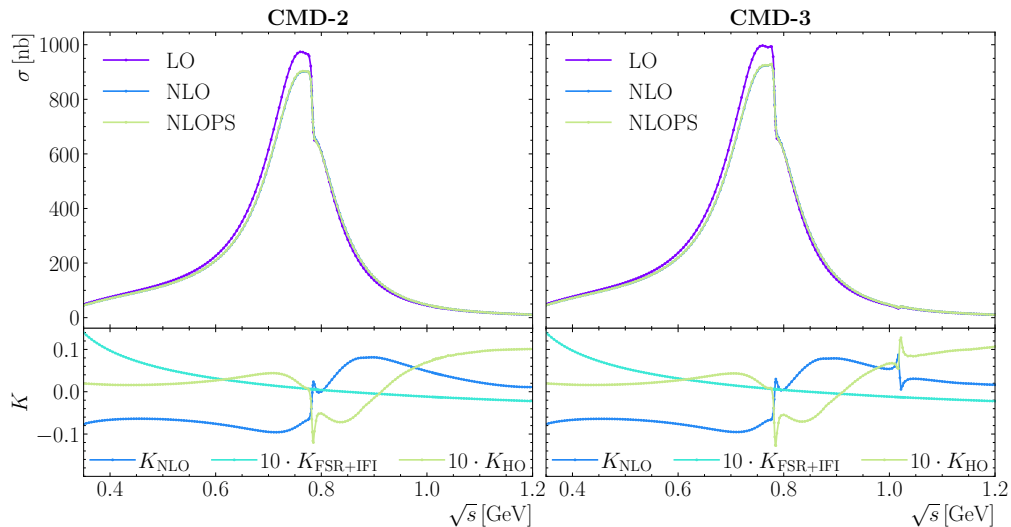
- NLO corrections of the order of 1 - 10%
- HO corrections in the range 0.1 - 1%

$$\hat{K}_{\text{FF}} = \left(\frac{d\sigma_{\text{FF}}}{d\vartheta_{\text{avg}}} \right) \left(\frac{d\sigma_{\text{Factorized}}}{d\vartheta_{\text{avg}}} \right)^{-1} - 1$$

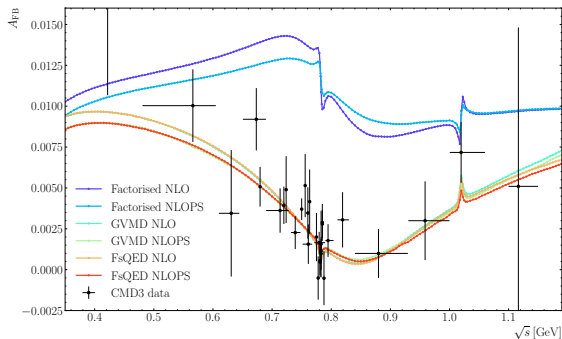


- pion FF in the loops w.r.t. factorized gives differences on the % scale for angular distributions

di-pion final state, resonance scan



$$A_{\text{FB}}(\sqrt{s}) = \frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_B}{\sigma_F + \sigma_B}$$



arXiv:2409.03469

- FsQED and GVMD approaches give very similar predictions
- Relevant differences with the FxsQED approach (for exclusive angular observables)

- Target accuracy: NLOPS
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ (with F \times sQED, to start with)
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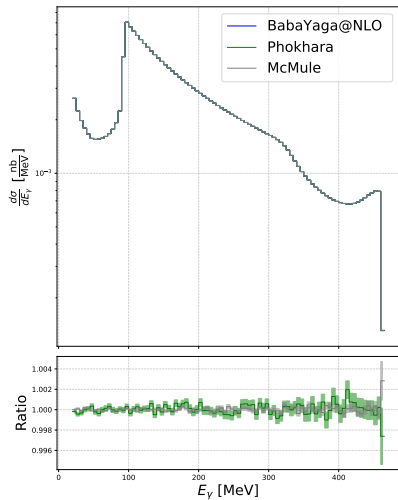
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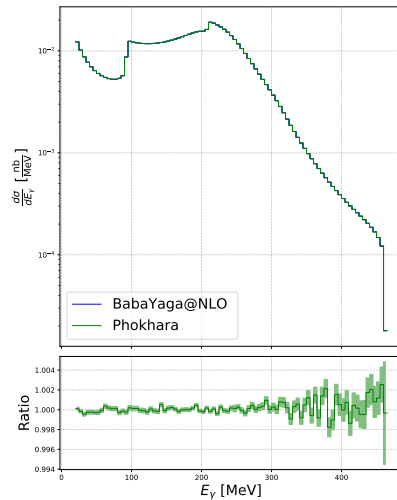
- *i.e.*

- exact tree-level simulation of $2 \rightarrow 3$ processes $e^+e^- \rightarrow X\gamma$
- exact QED NLO corrections to $2 \rightarrow 3$
- consistently matched to the resummation of additional photons generated exclusively with the parton shower technique

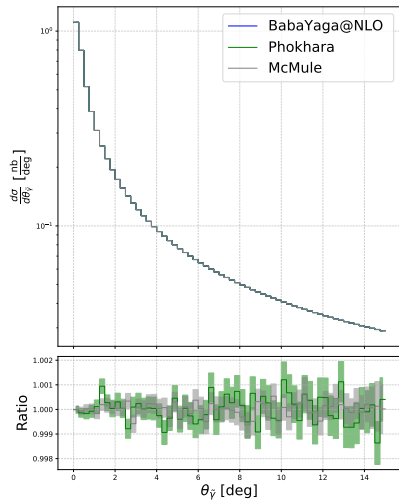
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ @NLO (KLOE-LA)



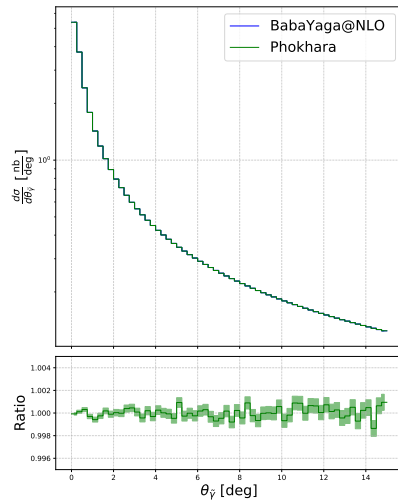
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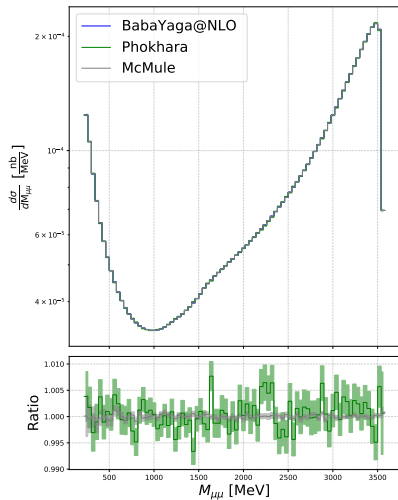
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ @NLO (KLOE-SA)



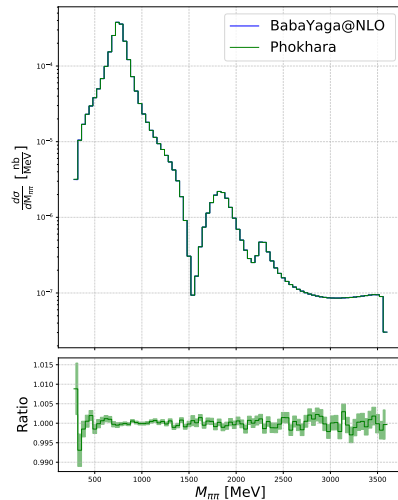
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ @NLO (KLOE-SA)



- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ @NLO (BES)

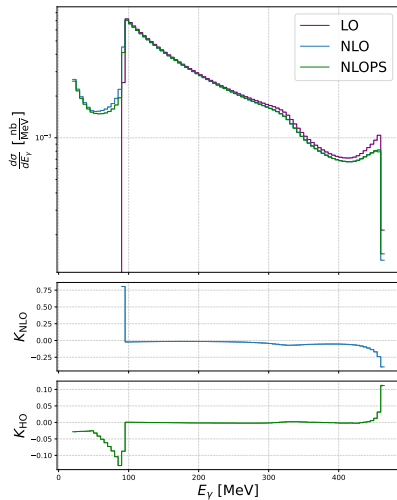


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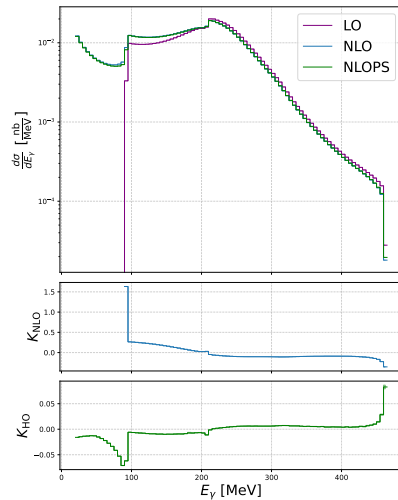


Estimate of QED higher orders (PRELIMINARY)

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ @NLO (KLOE-LA)

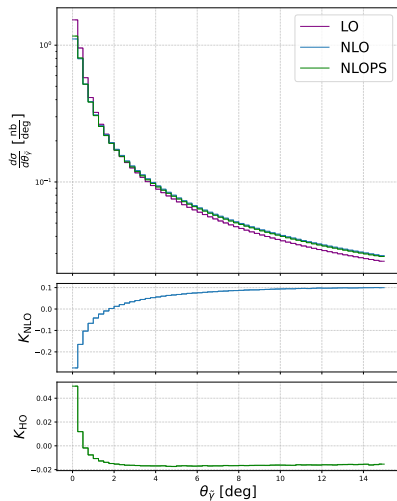


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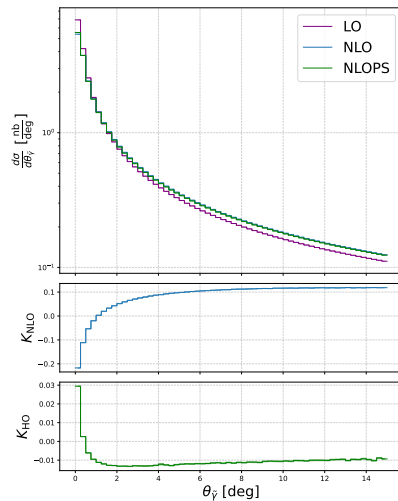


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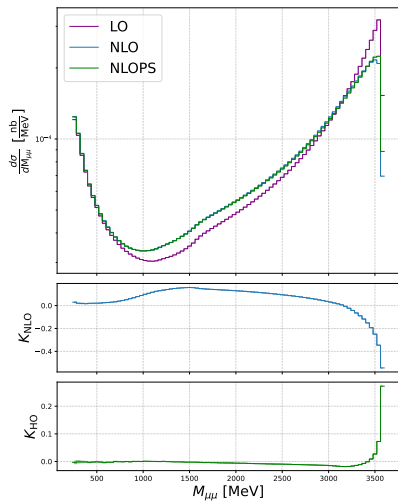


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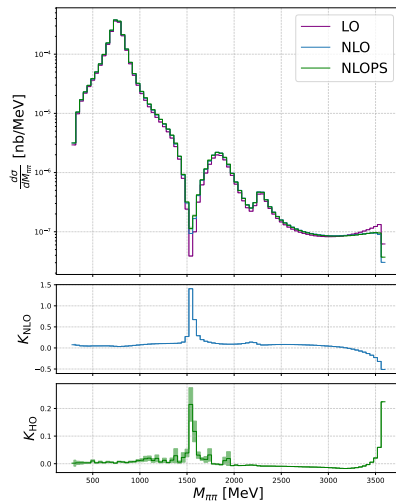


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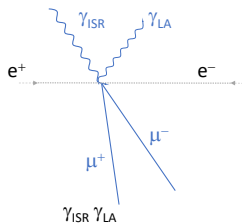
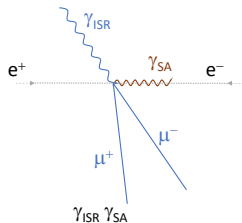


A preliminary exercise on more exclusive variables for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma(\gamma)$

- Event selection:
 - at least a detected photon: $E_\gamma^* > 4 \text{ GeV}$, $0.35 < \theta_\gamma < 2.4 \text{ rad (LA)}$
 - the photon with the highest energy is tagged as γ_{ISR}
 - charged tracks: $p_\perp > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$, $0.4 < \theta < 2.45 \text{ rad}$
 - $m_{\mu^+\mu^-} < 1.4 \text{ GeV}$
- Events categorized as NLO events

J.P. Lees et al. (BaBar Coll.), arXiv:2308.05233

NLO

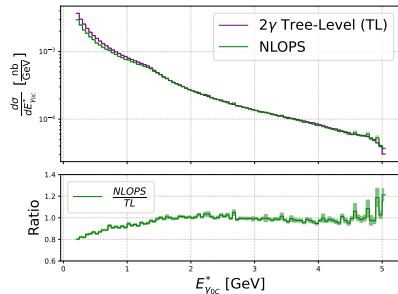


- $p_{0C} = \text{missing momentum}$, with $E_{0c}^* > 200 \text{ MeV}$

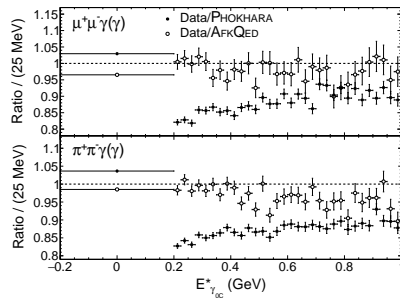
- at least an additional photon with $E_\gamma > 200 \text{ MeV}$ with LA evt. selection

Preliminary results of the simulation (I)

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$

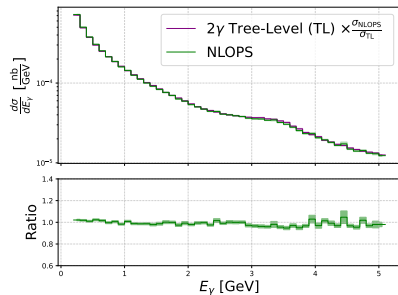


- (BaBaR Coll.), arXiv:2308.05233



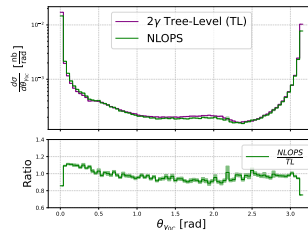
Preliminary results of the simulation (II)

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ (LA evt. sel.)

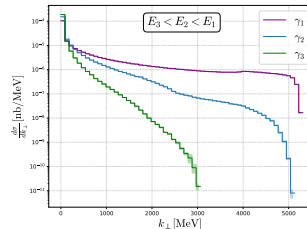


- the same pattern is also found in data/Phokhara

- γ_{0C} angular distribution



- k_\perp of the three most energetic photons



Summary and outlook

- BabaYaga@NLO is a generator for QED processes with NLOPS accuracy
- recent extension to $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma)$
 - various pion FF parameterizations available in the code
 - three different approaches for the inclusion of the pion FF in the calculation
- in progress: simulation of radiative final states $\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$, $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$, $e^+e^-\gamma$ with NLOPS accuracy
 - factorized pion FF for $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$
- perspectives:
 - provide a tool available for simulation and useful for the estimate of the theoretical uncertainties associated to th predictions
 - other pion FF approaches also for radiative processes
 - extension of the code to other interesting processes

THANK YOU!

★ BabaYaga core references:

- E. Budassi et al., arXiv:2409.03469
- C.M. Carloni Calame et al., Phys. Lett. B **798** (2019) 134976
- Barzè et al., Eur. Phys. J. C **71** (2011) 1680
- Balossini et al., Phys. Lett. **663** (2008) 209
- Balossini et al., Nucl. Phys. **B758** (2006) 227
- C.M. Carloni Calame et al., Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl. **131** (2004) 48
- C.M. Carloni Calame, Phys. Lett. B **520** (2001) 16
- C.M. Carloni Calame et al., Nucl. Phys. B **584** (2000) 459

BabaYaga@NLO for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

BabaYaga@NLO

EW corrections at high energies for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

BabaYaga with dark photon

BabaYaga@NLO for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

BabaYaga@NLO for Bhabha

BabaYaga@NLO

improved PS BabaYaga

BabaYaga

★ Related work:

- R. Aliberti et al., “Radiative corrections and Monte Carlo tools for low-energy hadronic cross sections in e^+e^- collisions”, Scipost Phys. Comm. Rep. 9 (2025)
- S. Actis et al.
“Quest for precision in hadronic cross sections at low energy: Monte Carlo tools vs. experimental data”, Eur. Phys. J. C **66** (2010) 585
Report of the Working Group on Radiative Corrections and Monte Carlo Generators for Low Energies
- C.M. Carloni Calame et al., JHEP **1107** (2011) 126
NNLO massive pair corrections