

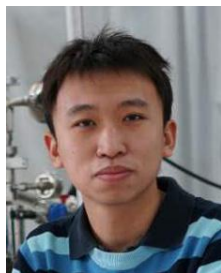
TIDES2026

Anomalous metal phase & resistance/gap oscillations in Li_xTiSe_2 superconductors

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Acknowledgements



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Heng Wang



Yi Hu



Yuying Zhu



Qi-Kun Xue



Outline

- **Introduction**

Ionic solids and superconductivity in TiSe_2

- **Li_xTiSe_2**

Superconductivity and anomalous metal

Little-Parks-like oscillations

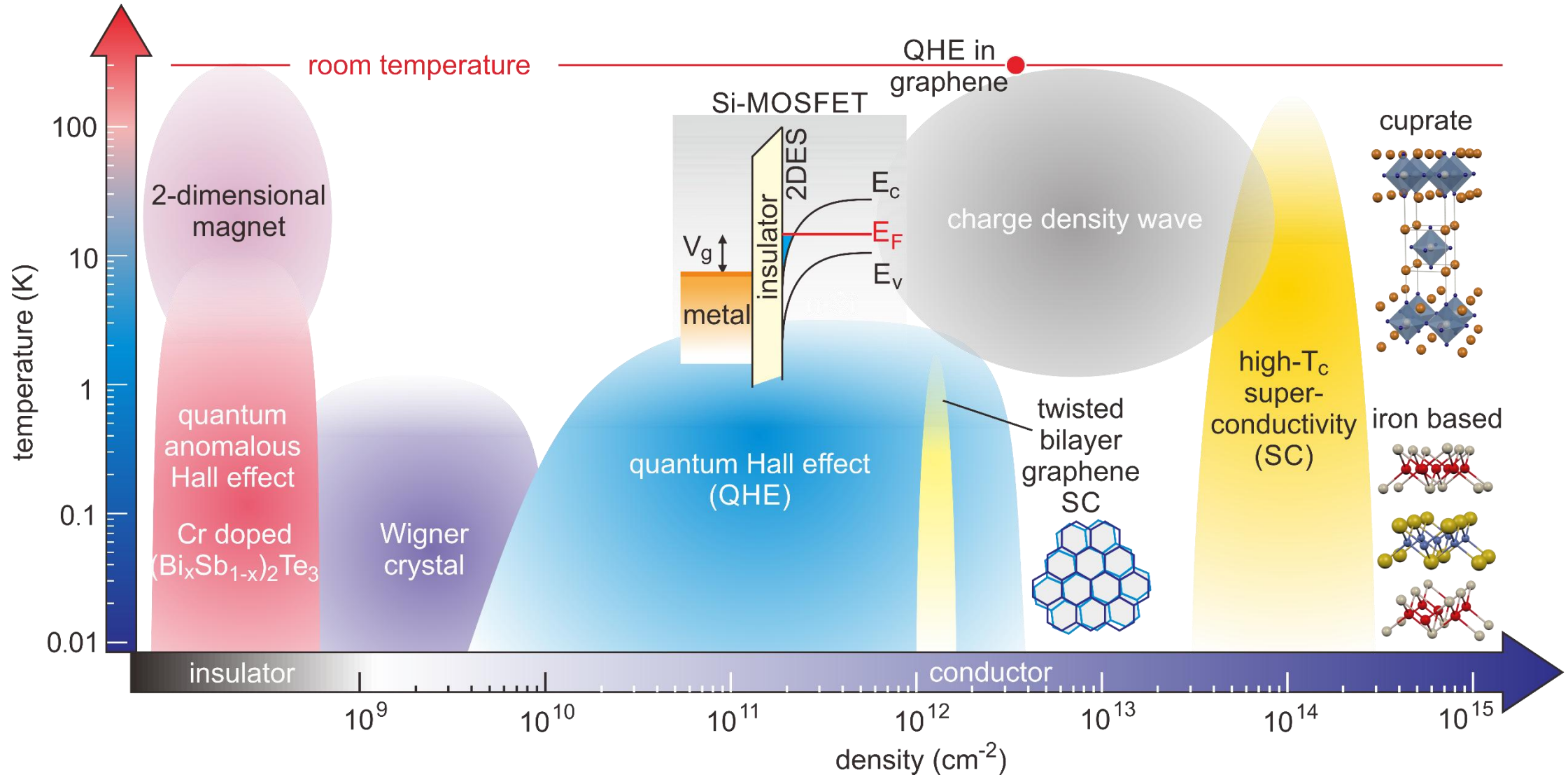
Gap in the anomalous metal phase and gap oscillations

- **Li_xFeSe**



Tuning the carrier density

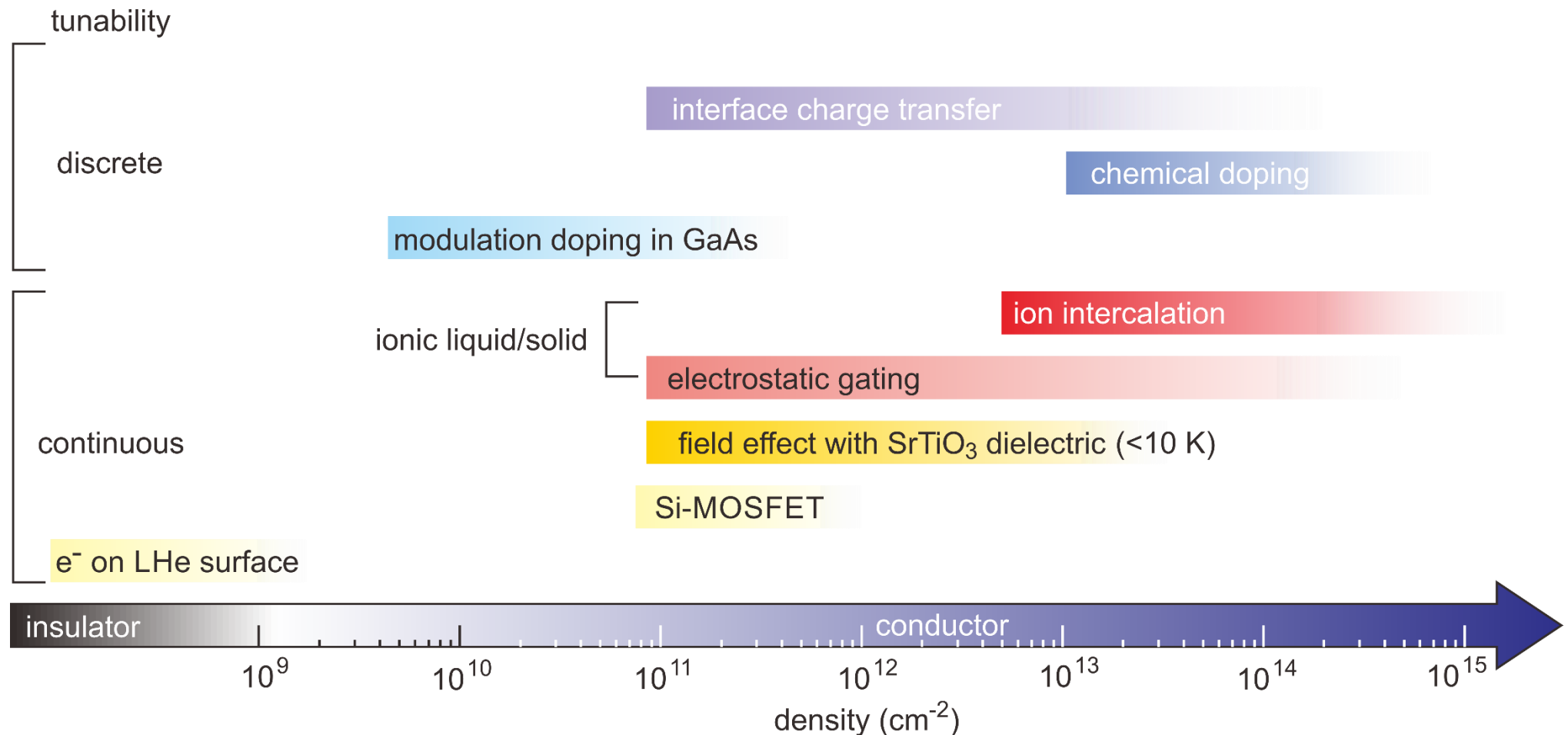
- Many interesting phenomena occur at different ranges of density





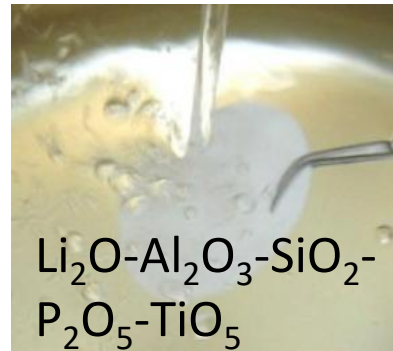
Tuning the carrier density

- **Ionic liquid/solid: powerful for tuning the density in a wide range**

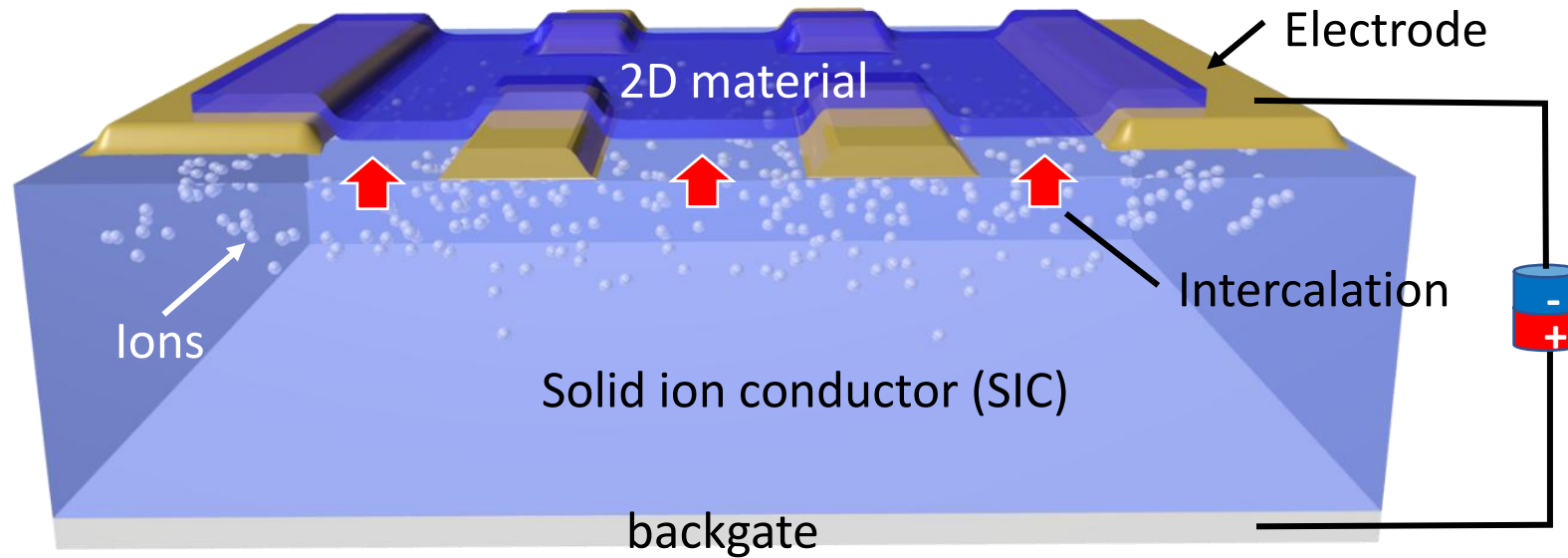




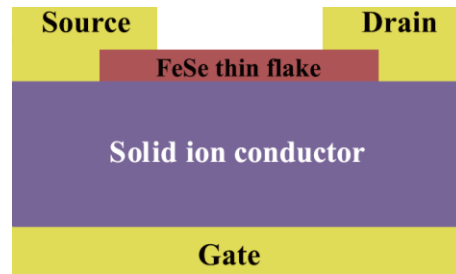
Lithium intercalation via an ion backgate



www.ohara-inc.co.jp/cn/product/

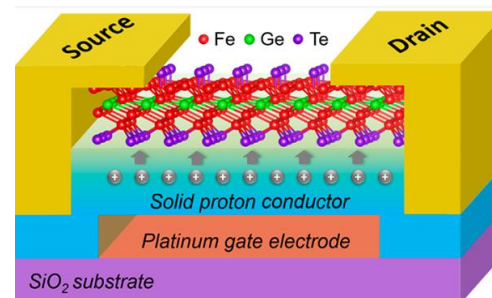


Lithium ion



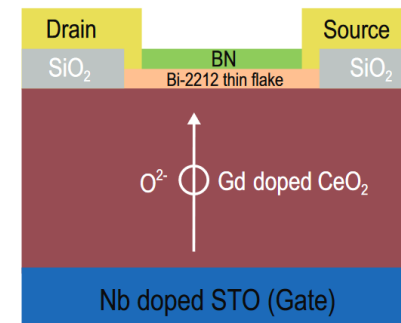
B. Lei, et al., *Phys. Rev. B*
95, 020503(R) (2017)

Hydrogen ion



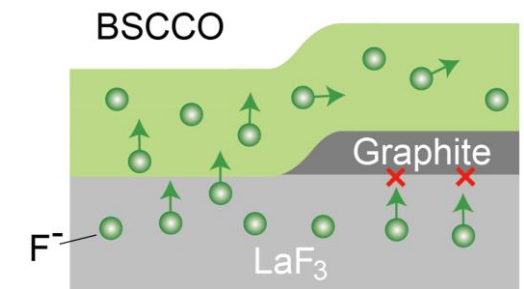
C. Tan, et al., *Nano Lett.*
21, 5599 (2021)

Oxygen ion



B. Lei, et al., *Natl. Sci. Rev.*
9, nwac089 (2022)

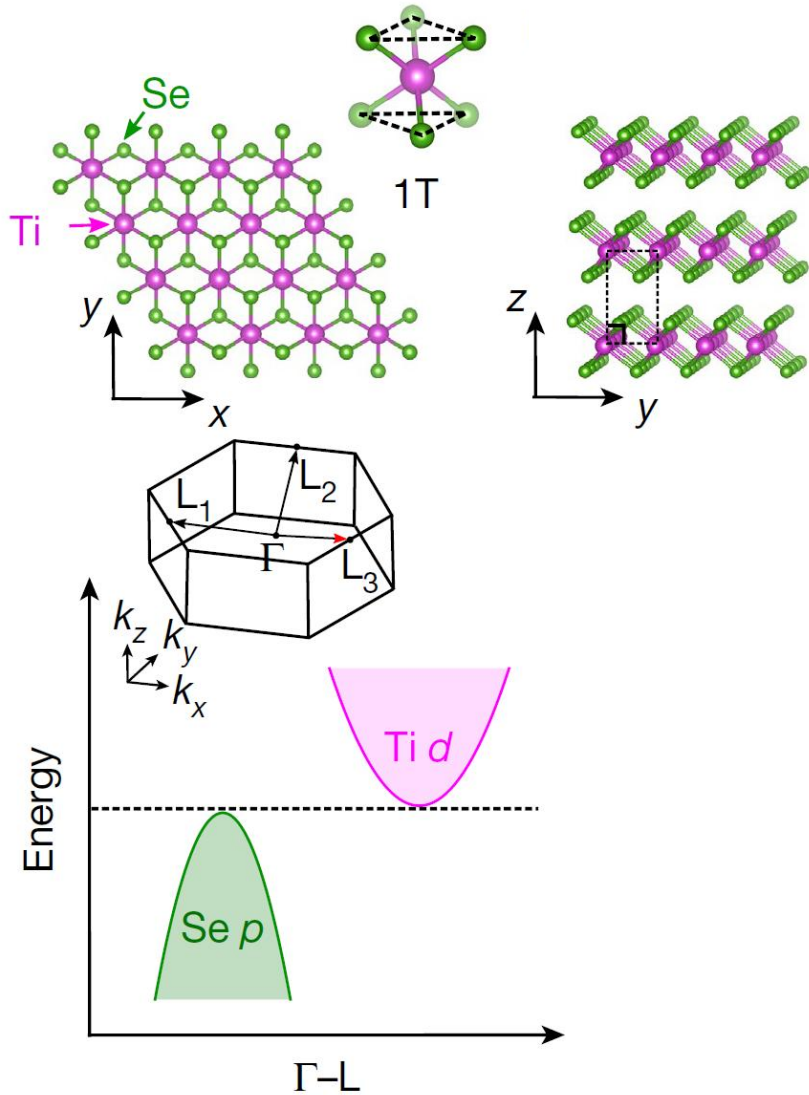
Fluoride ion



H. Wang, et al., *J. Appl. Phys.*
132, 214301 (2022)

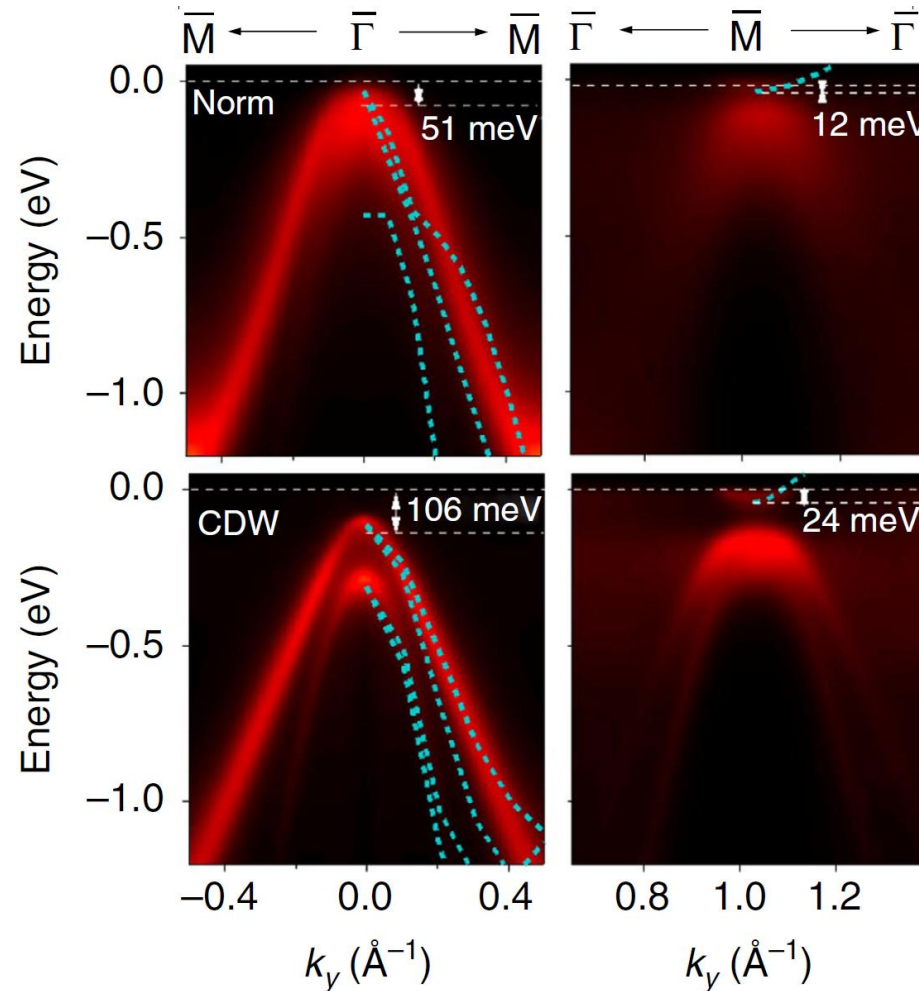


Introduction to TiSe_2



S.-Y. Xu, et al., *Nature* **578**, 545 (2020)

- CDW ~ 200 K



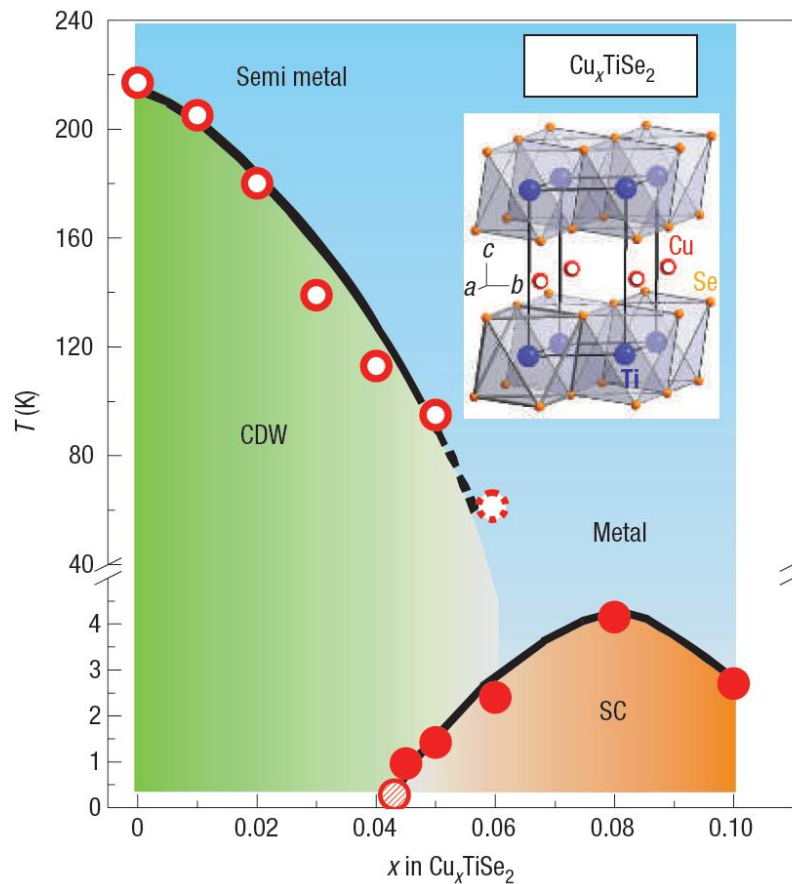
Single electron pocket

P. Chen, et al., *Nat. Commun.* **6**, 8943 (2015)



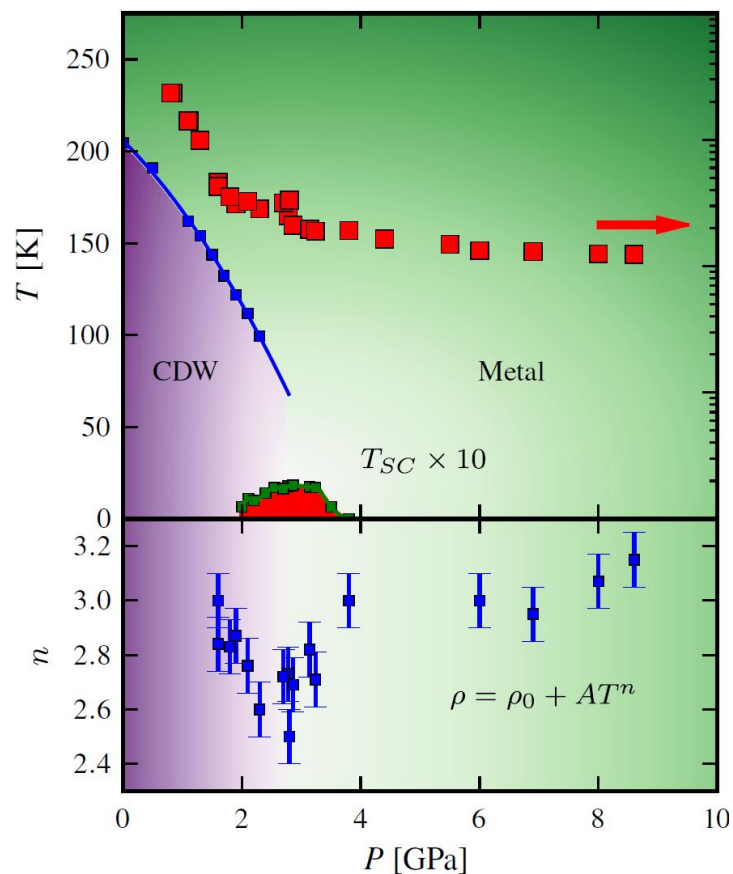
Superconductivity in TiSe_2

- Intercalation (Cu, Li), pressure, ionic liquid gating can induce superconductivity

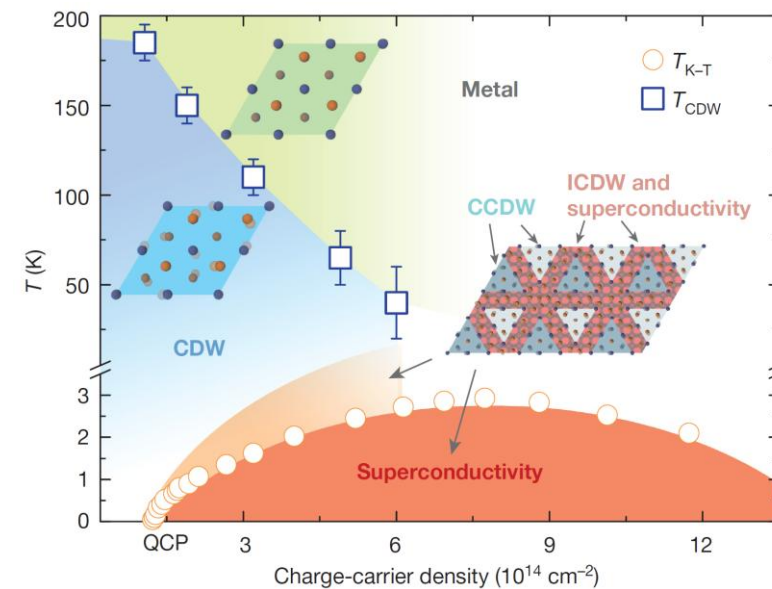


E. Morosan, et al., *Nat. Phys.* **2**, 544 (2006)

K. Sato, et al., *J. Phys. Soc. Jpn.* **86**, 104701 (2017)



A. Kusmartseva, et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **103**, 236401 (2009)

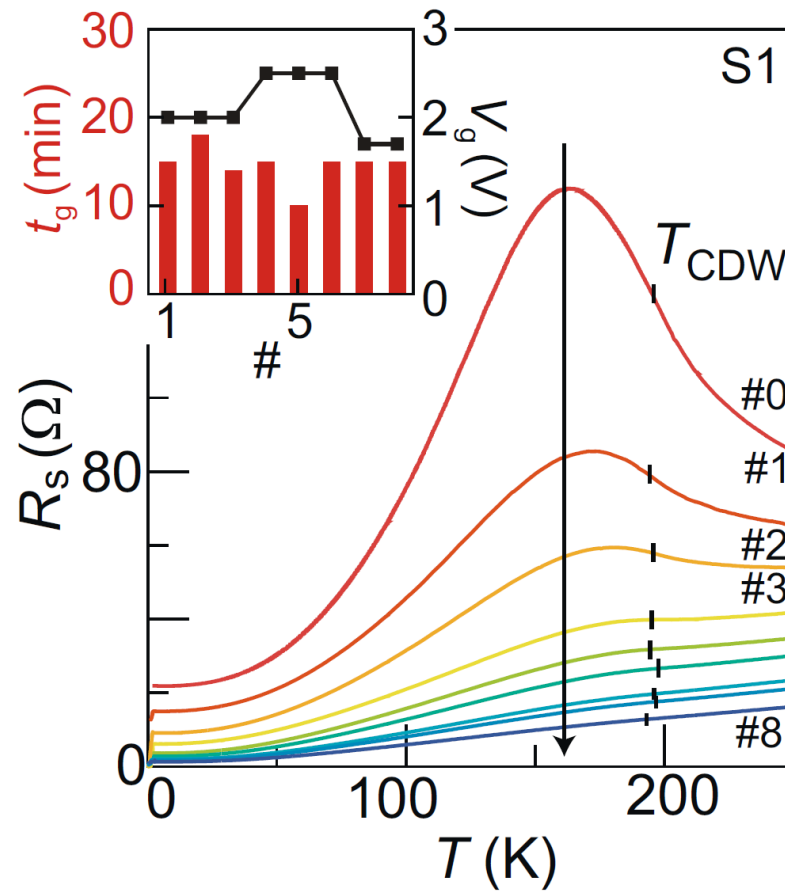
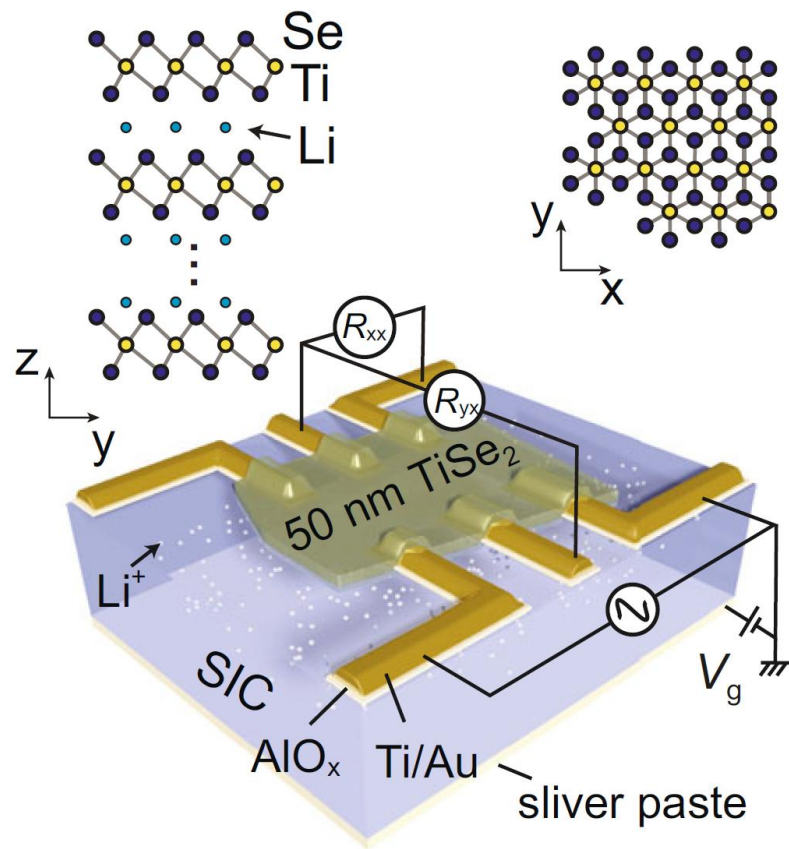


L. J. Li, et al., *Nature* **529**, 185 (2016)

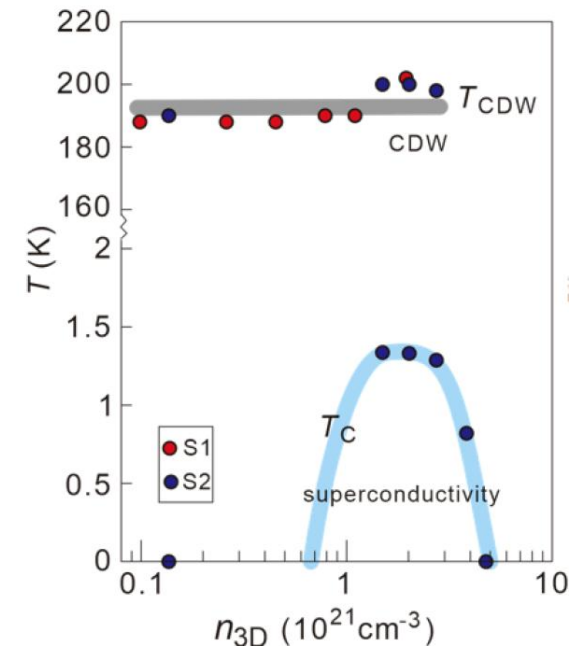
- Phase diagram under continuous lithium intercalation?**



Lithium intercalation into TiSe_2

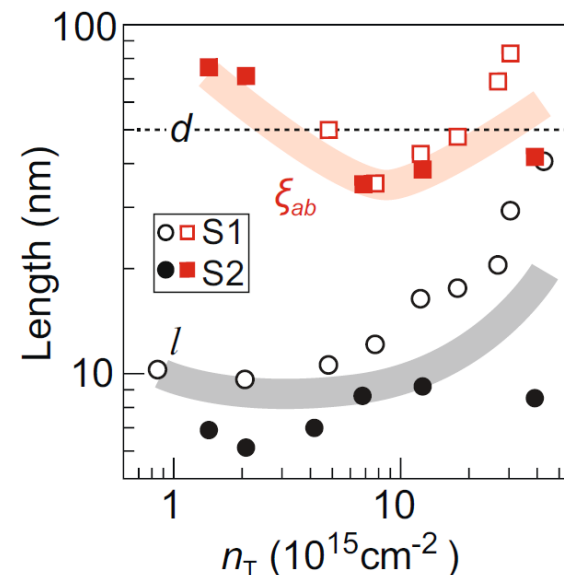
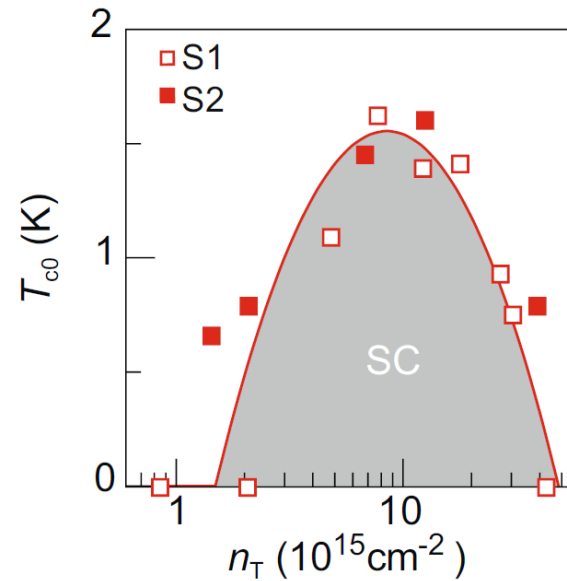
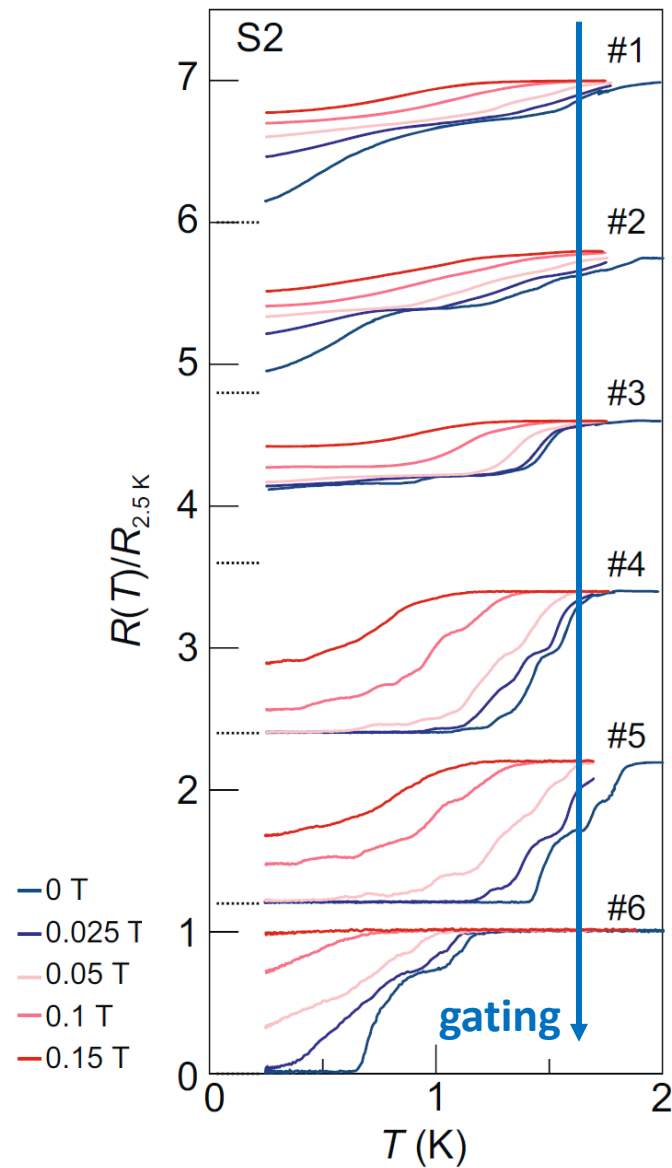


- 50 nm thick TiSe_2
- CDW peak does not shift in T with doping

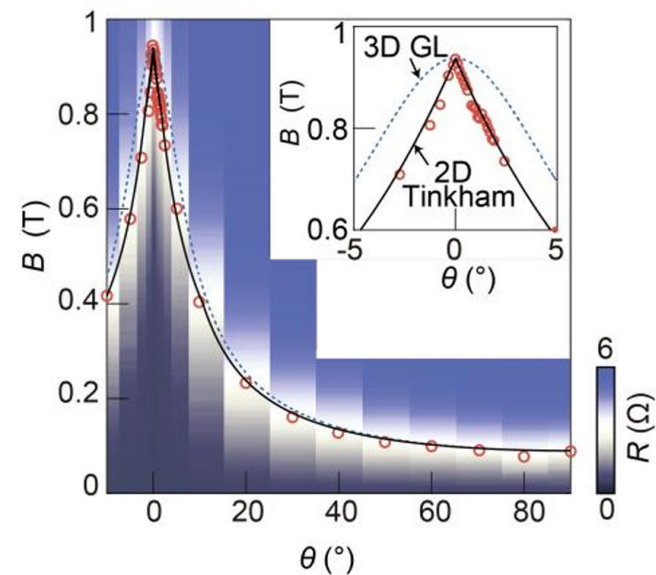




Superconductivity of Li_xTiSe_2

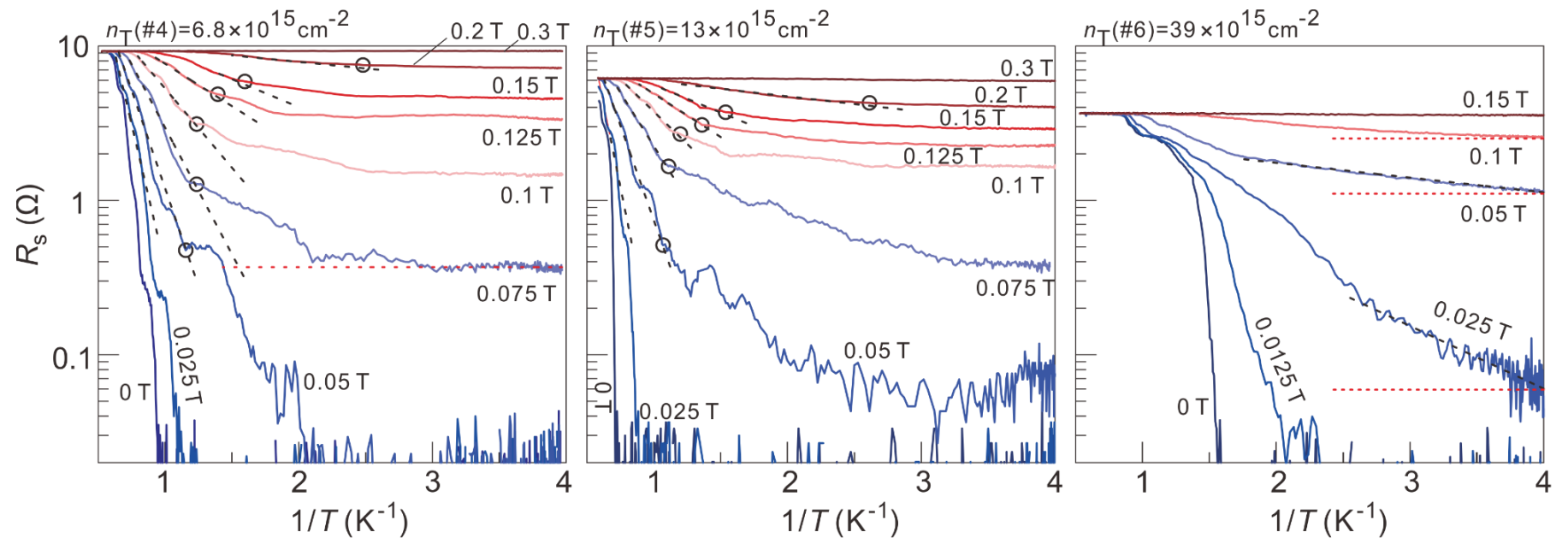
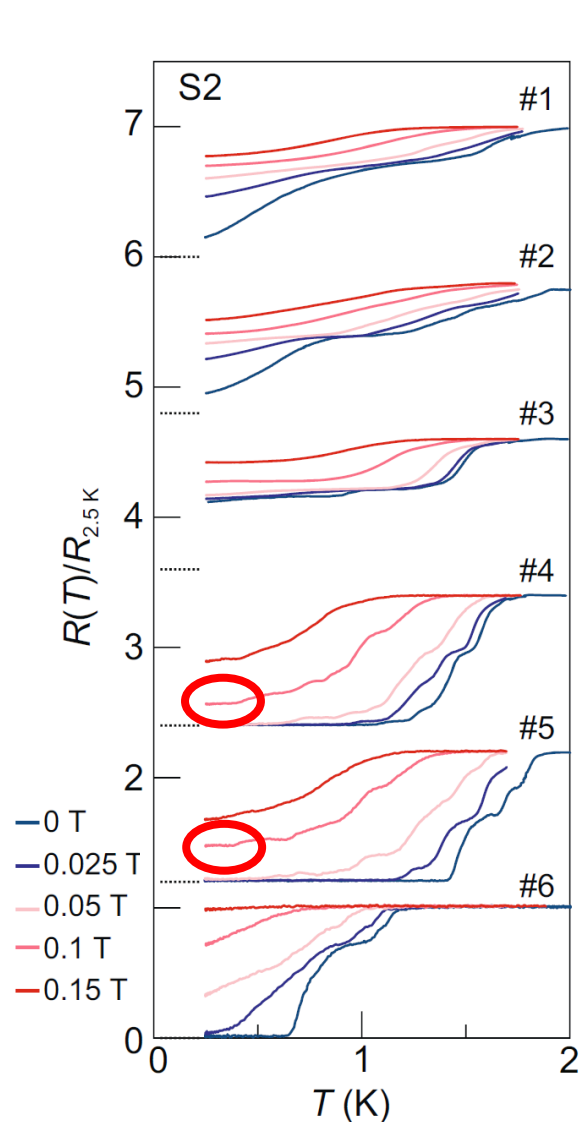


- Superconducting dome, T_c max: 1.5 K
- Dirty superconductor:
Mean free path < coherence length
- Angular dependent critical field: 2D superconductor





Anomalous metal state

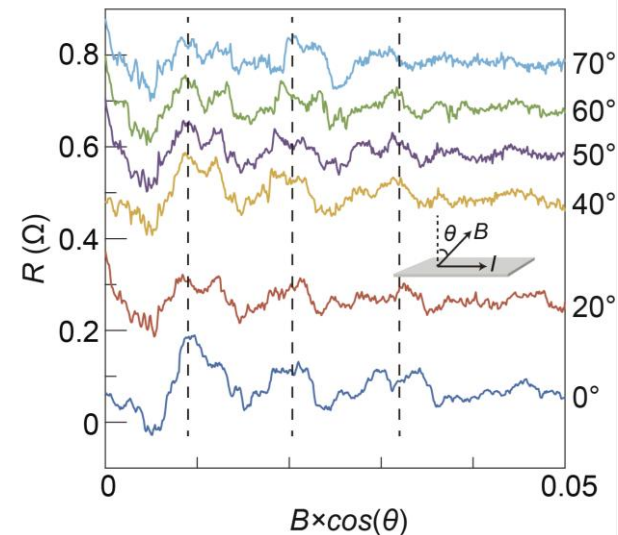
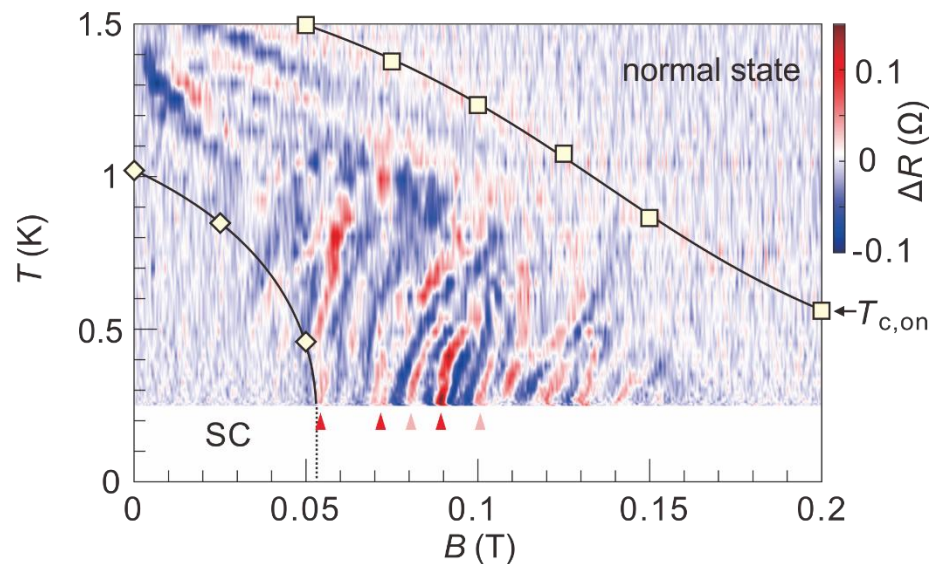
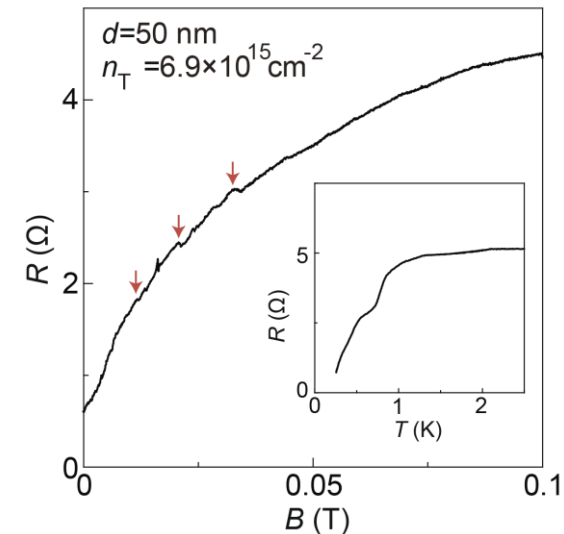
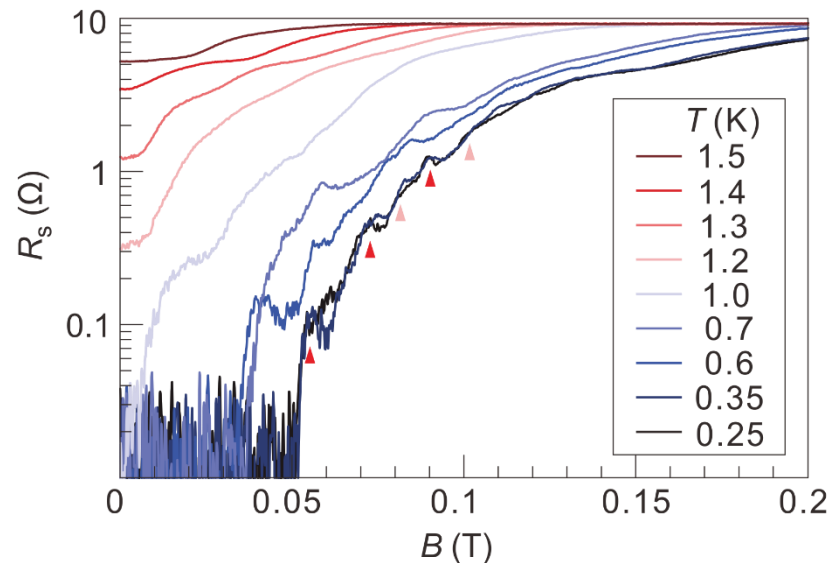


- Resistance plateau at low T and small B
- Over-doped: no plateau
- Classical percolation model fails:
 $0.075T$: $4\%R_n \rightarrow 0.2 \mu m$ non-SC region (proximitized by SC at $T < 0.3$ K)



Resistance oscillations

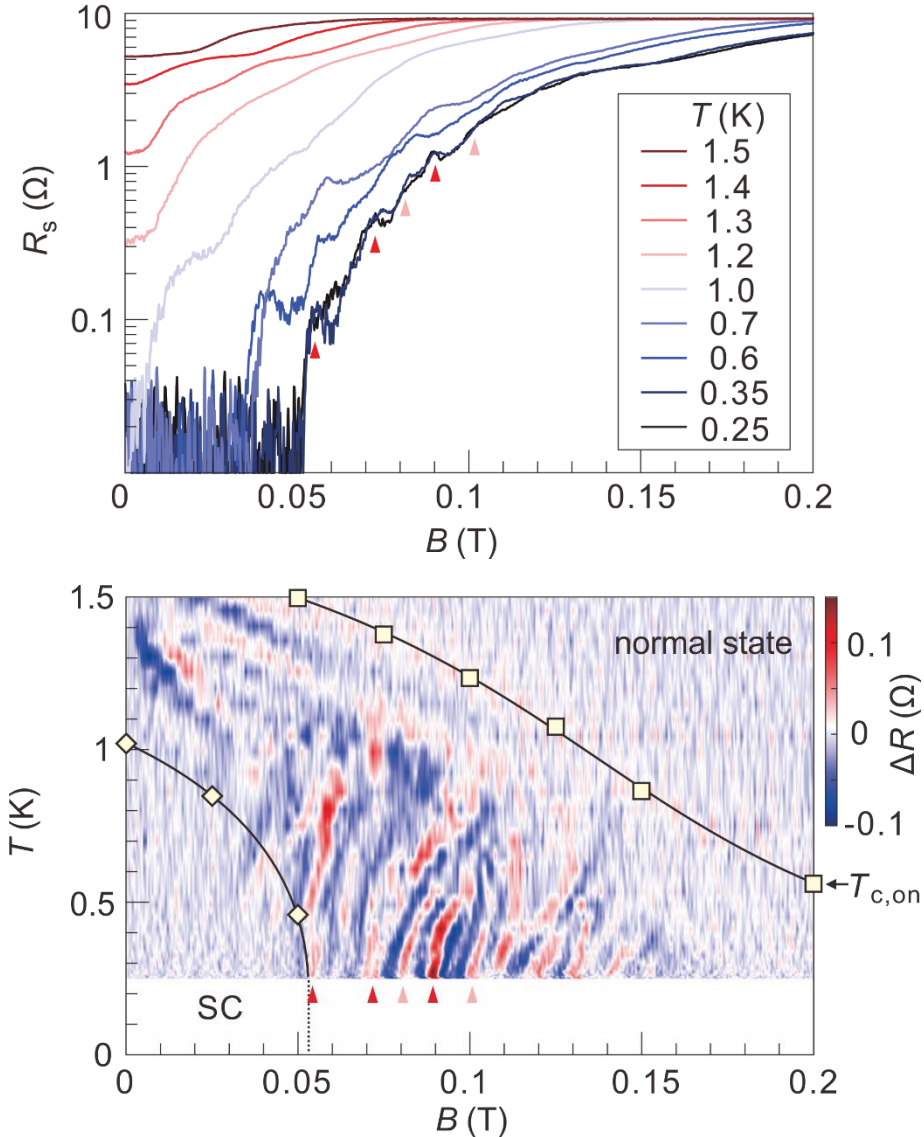
- Spikes in the magnetoresistance at low- T
- Evidence for a 2D electronic structure



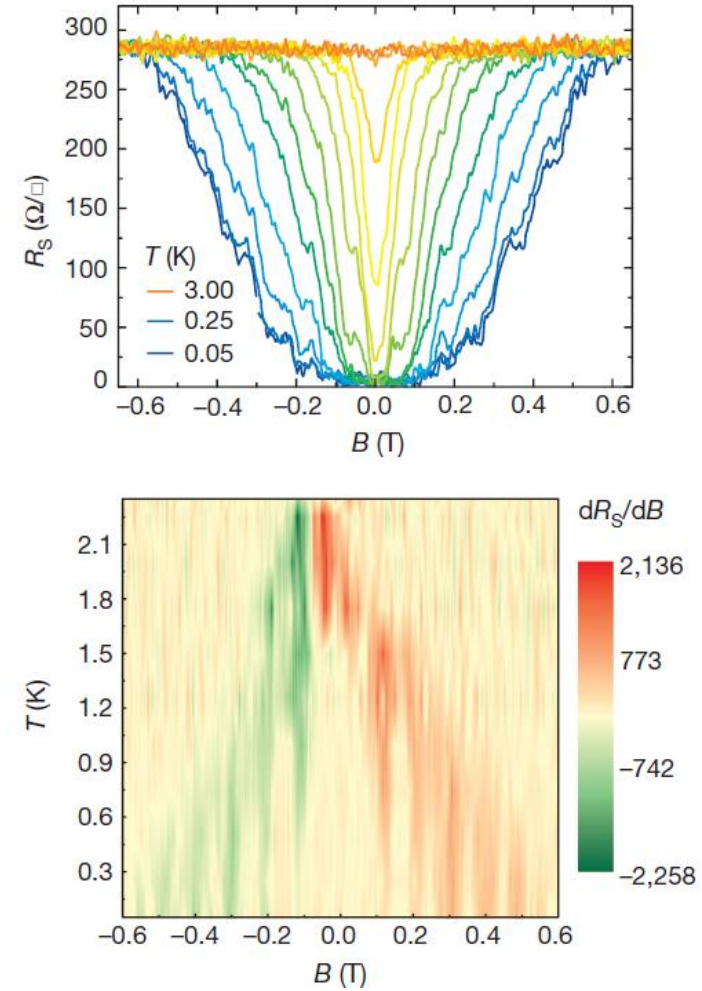


Resistance oscillations

- Spikes in the magnetoresistance at low- T



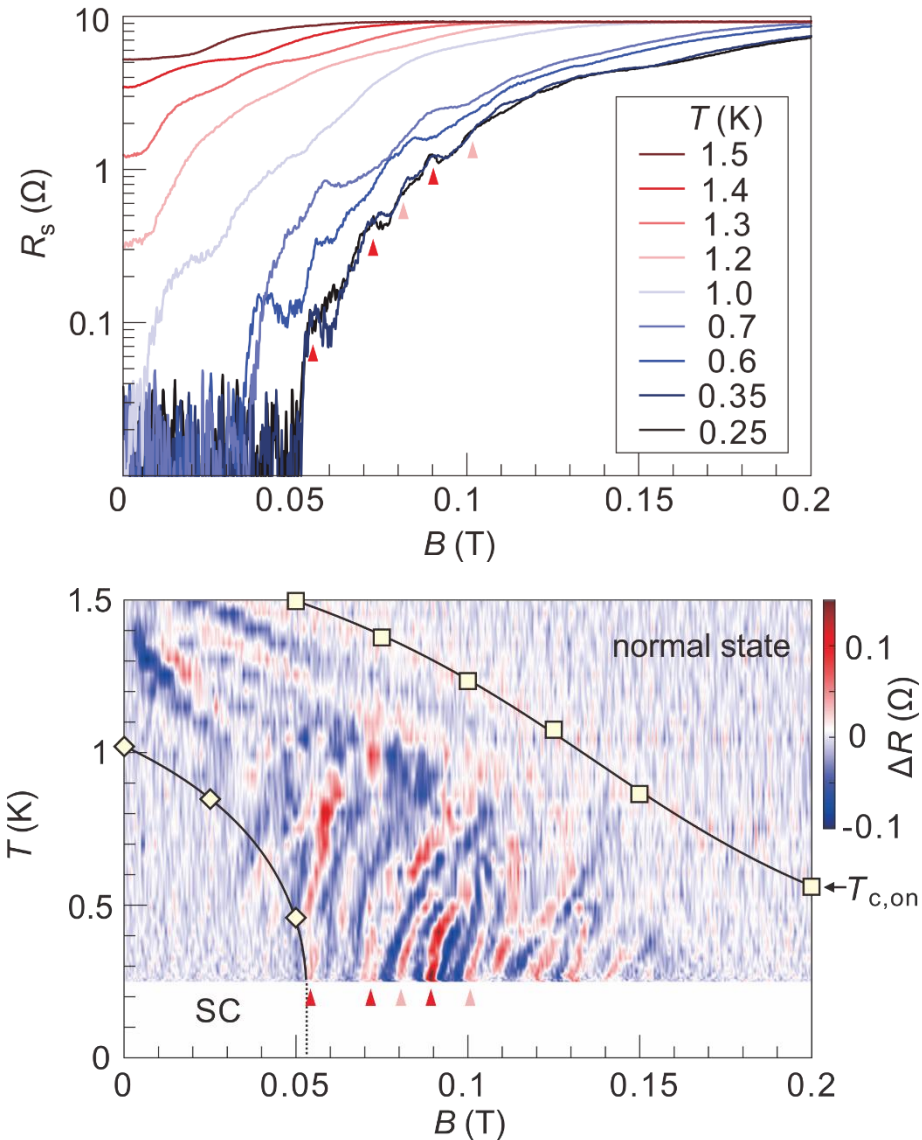
Ionic liquid gated ultrathin TiSe_2



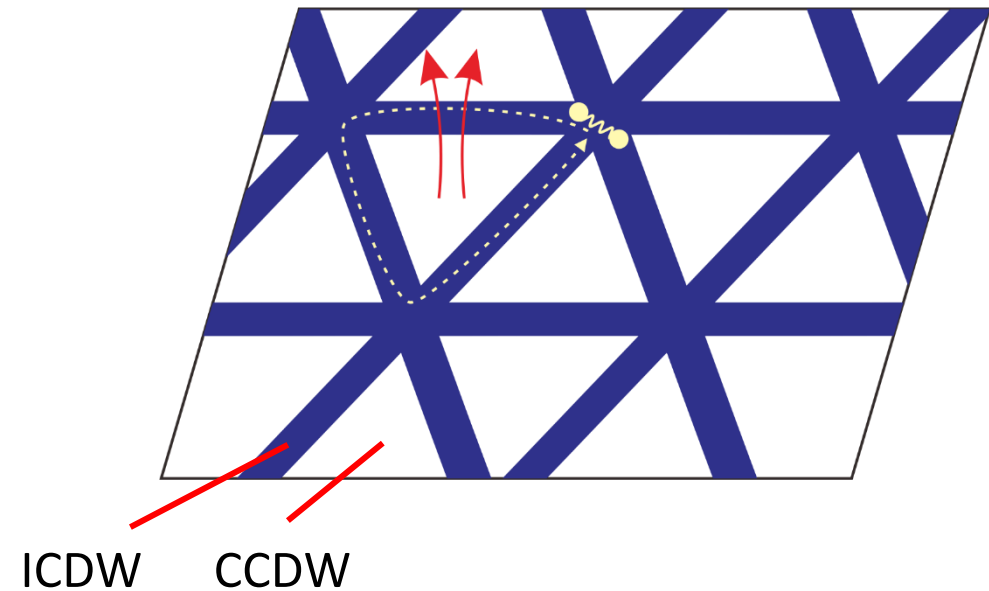
L. J. Li, et al., *Nature* **529**, 185 (2016)



Possible origin for the oscillations



- Little-Parks effect in a periodic superconducting array

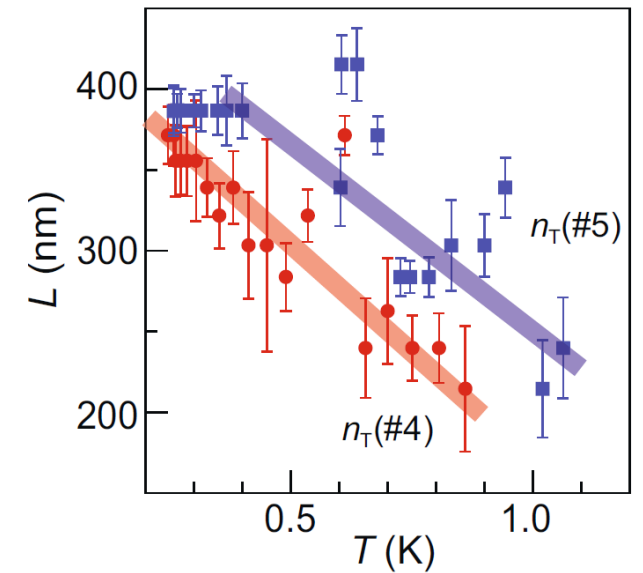
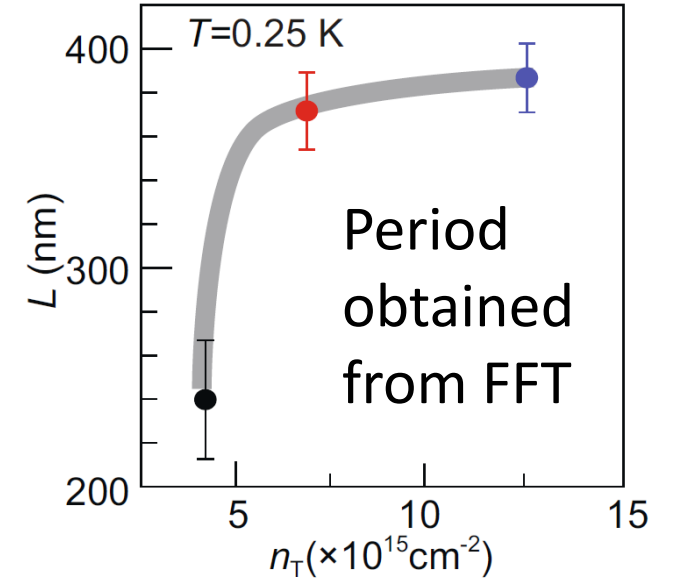


Spontaneous formation of superconducting loops



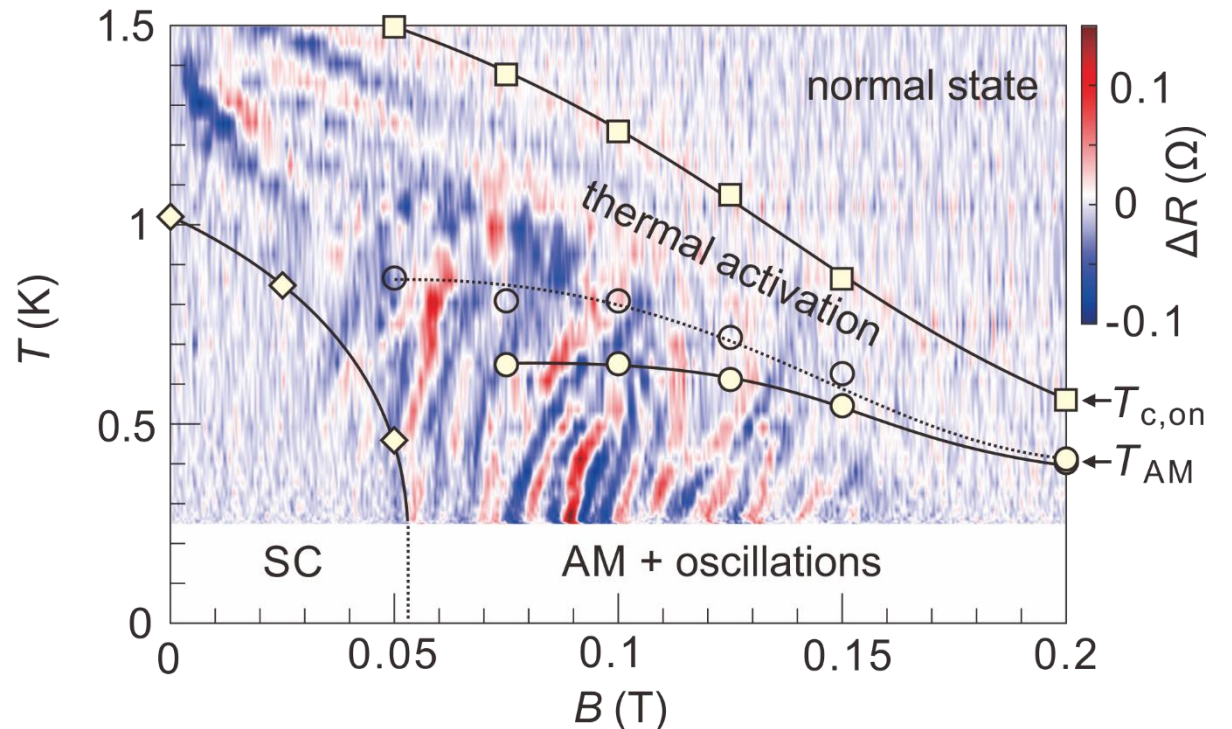
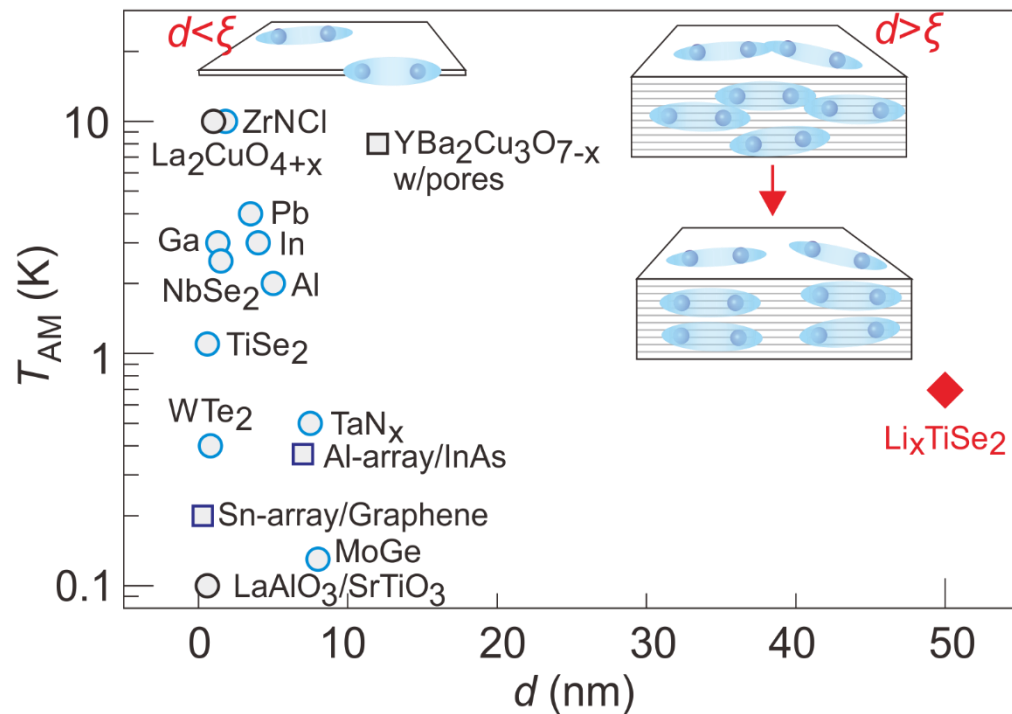
Comparison

	Li_xTiSe_2	liquid gated TiSe_2
Thickness (nm)	50 nm	≤ 10 nm
Doping regime	optimal to overdoped	underdoped
2D or 3D?	2D	—
Period vs. doping	larger size at higher doping	smaller size at higher doping
T -dependence	smaller size at higher T	independent of T





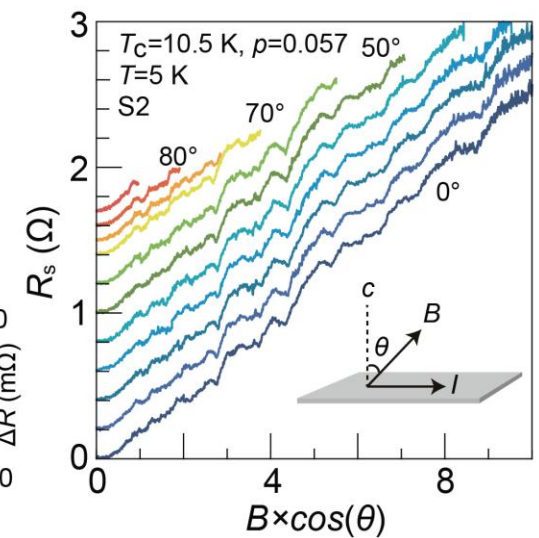
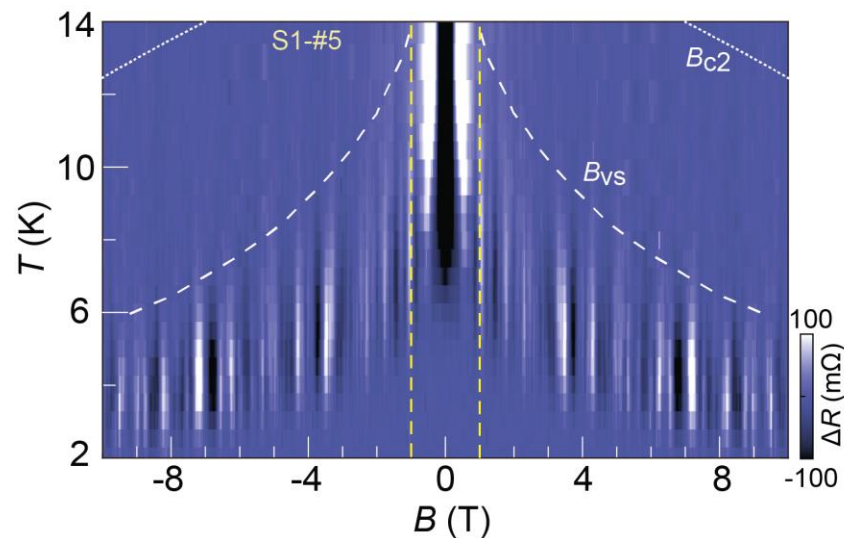
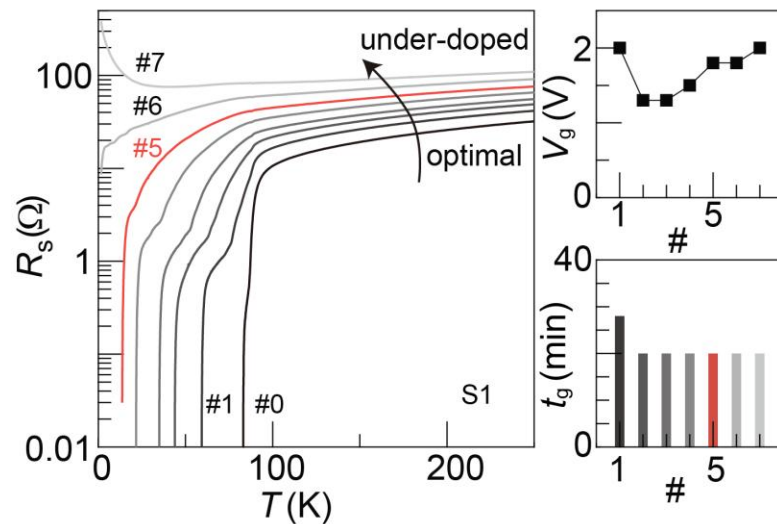
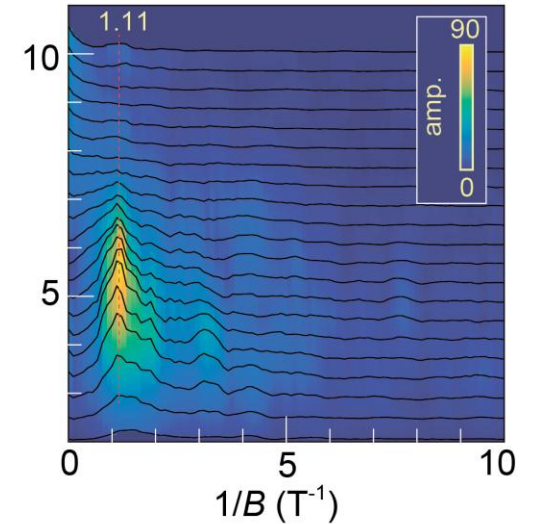
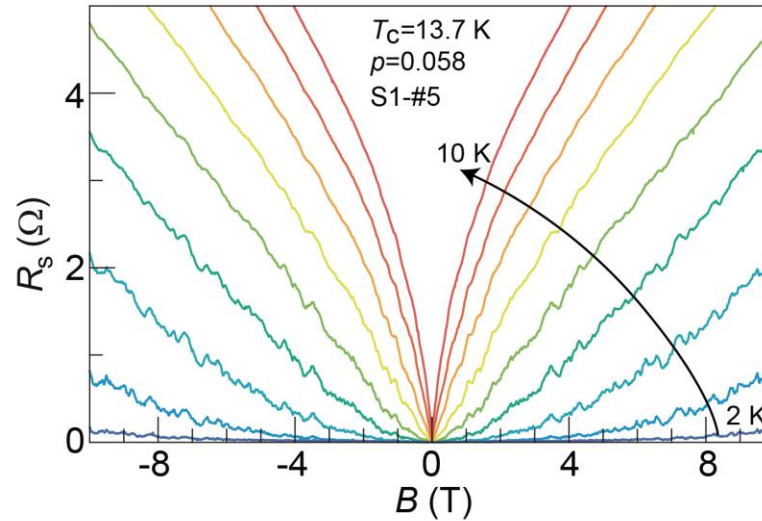
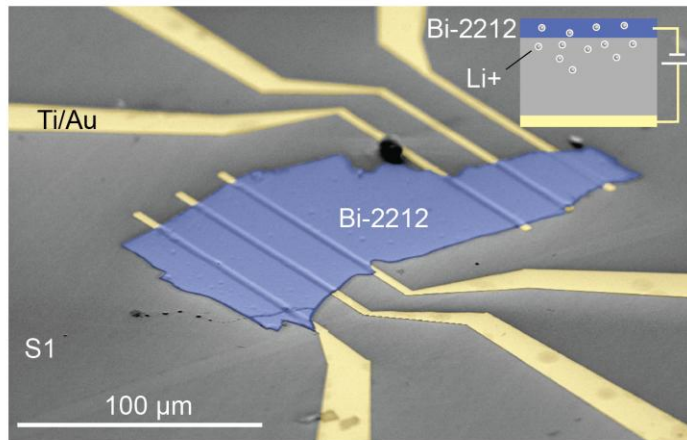
Anomalous metal in 2DSCs



- Resistance oscillations and anomalous metal occur in the same B - T region
- Periodic structure enhances superconducting fluctuations, giving rise to the anomalous metal



Oscillations in high- T_c superconductors





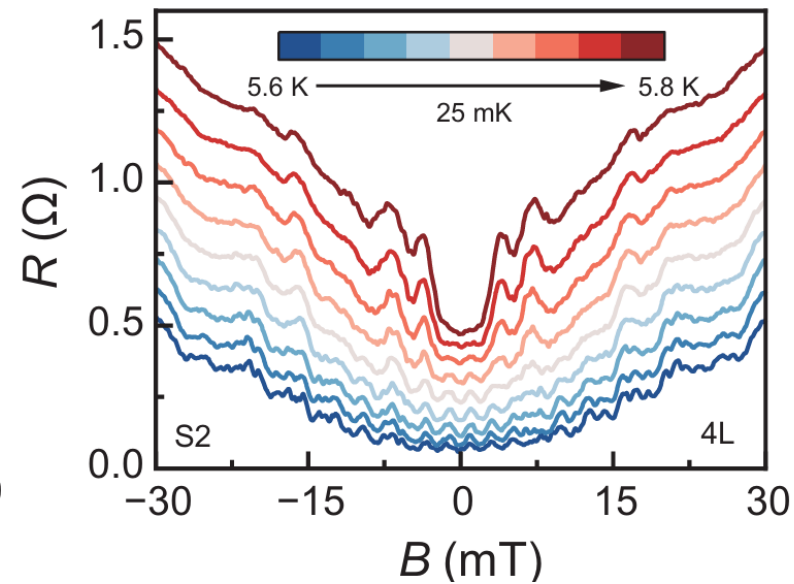
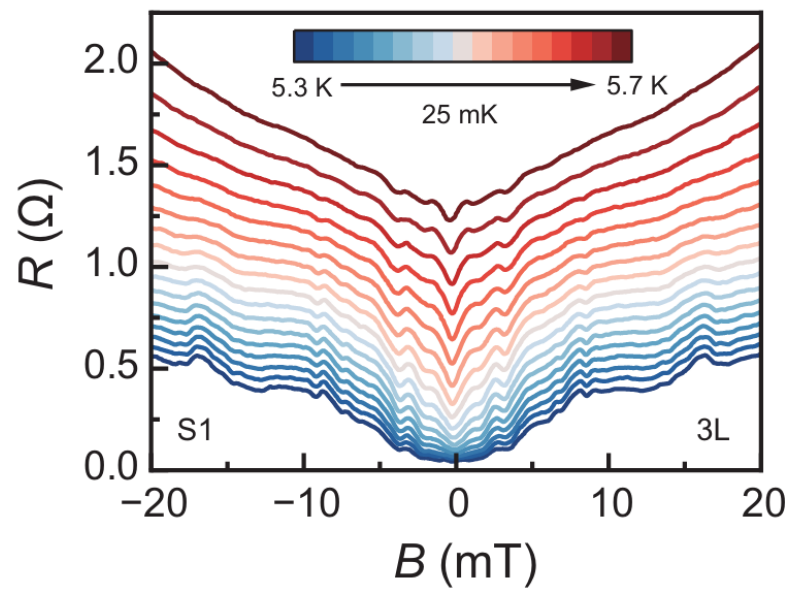
Oscillations in NbSe₂

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **136**, 146301 (2026)

Editors' Suggestion

Magnetoresistance Oscillations in Few-Layer NbSe₂ in Superconducting Fluctuation Regime

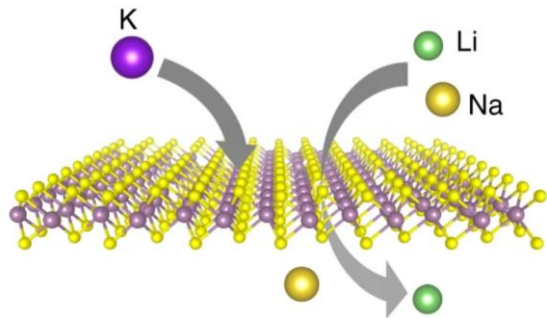
Xiaolong Yin^{1,*}, Congzhe Cao^{1,*}, Yibin Feng¹, Kenji Watanabe³, Takashi Taniguchi⁴,
Jiawei Mei^{1,†}, Qi-Kun Xue^{1,2,5,‡} and Shuo-Ying Yang^{1,2,§}





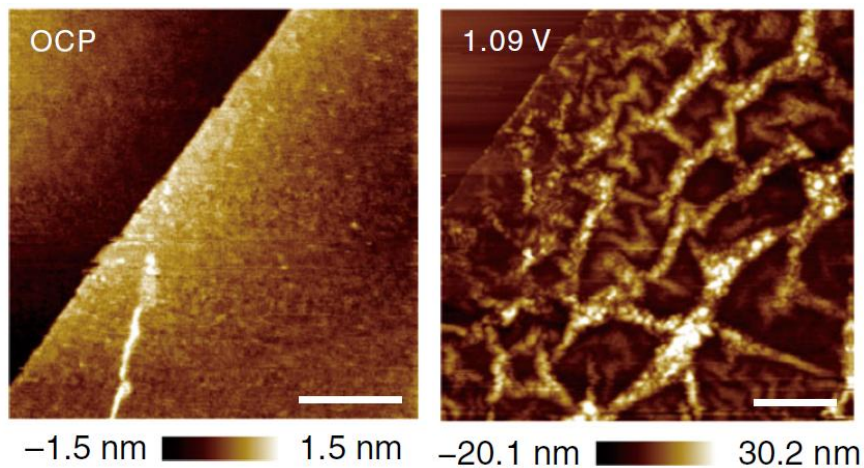
Lateral intercalation

- Vertical intercalation mainly via defects



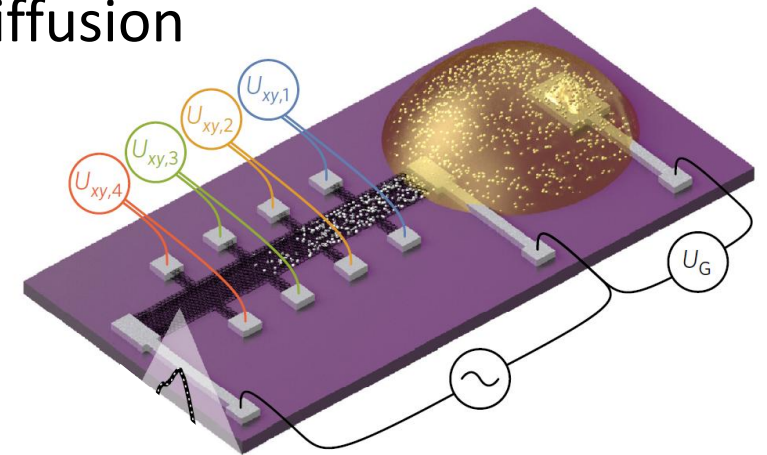
J. Zhang, *et al.*, *Nat. Commun.* **9**, 5289 (2018)

- Homogeneity may be compromised



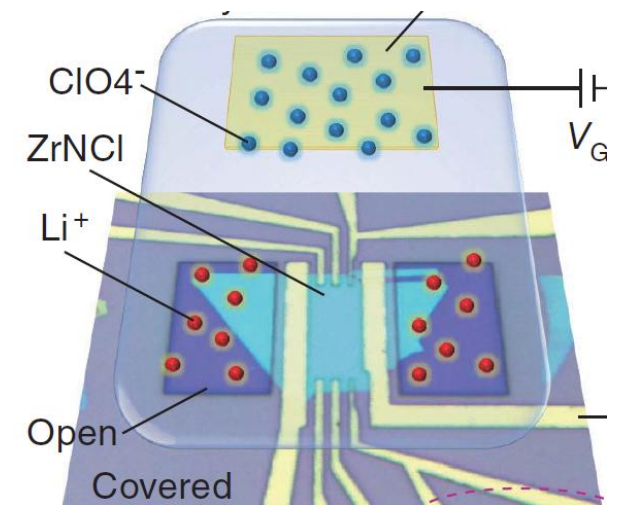
J. Wan, *et al.*, *Nat. Commun.* **10**, 3265 (2019)

Lithium diffusion
in bilayer
graphene



M. Kuhne, *et al.*, *Nat. Nano.* **12**, 895 (2017)

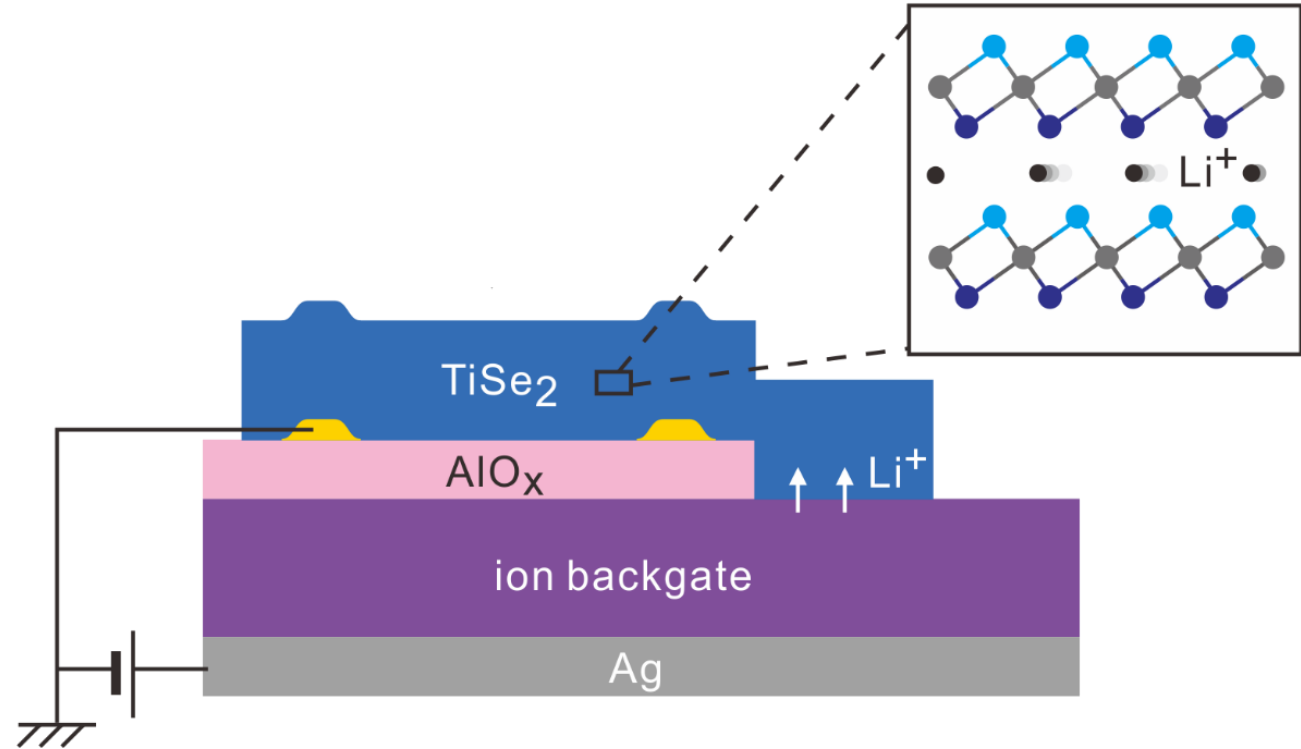
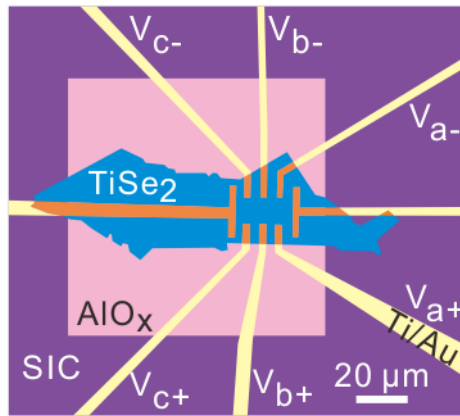
Lateral
intercalation
in ZrNCl



Y. Nakagawa, *et al.*, *Science* **372**, 190 (2021)



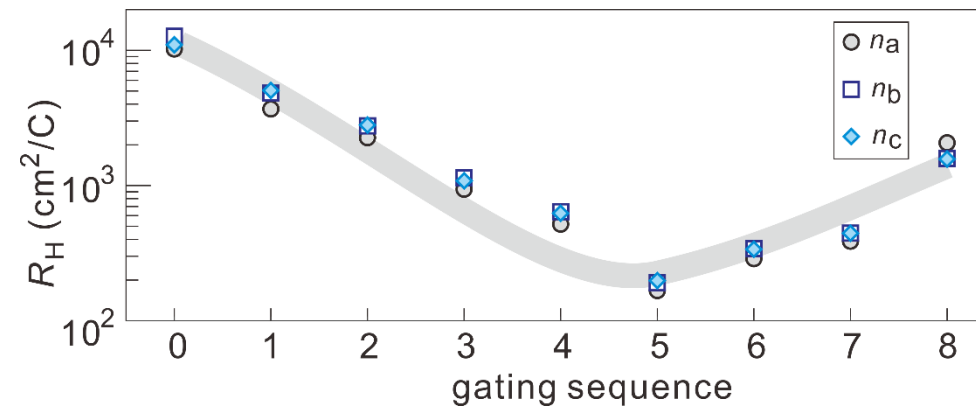
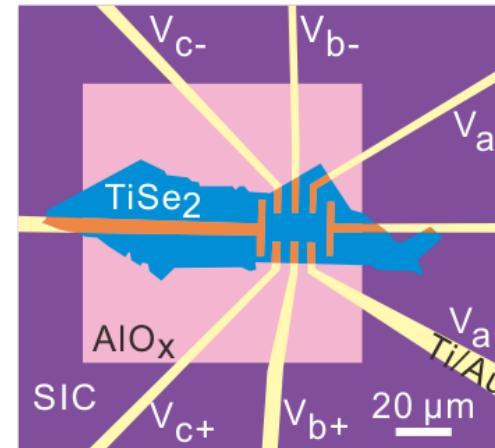
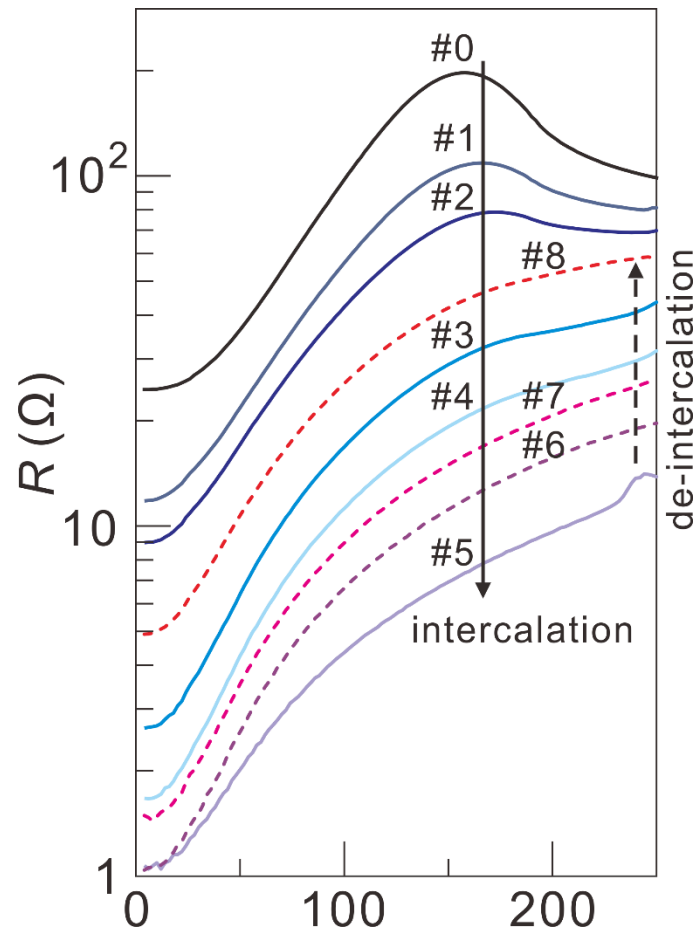
Lateral intercalation with ion backgate



- AlO_x can block lithium ions



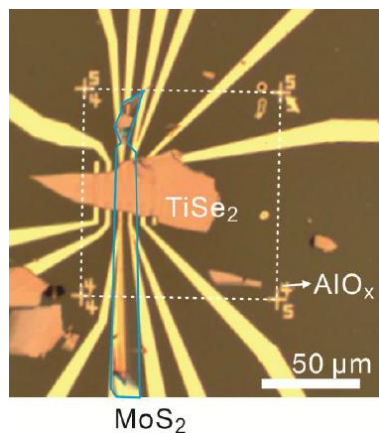
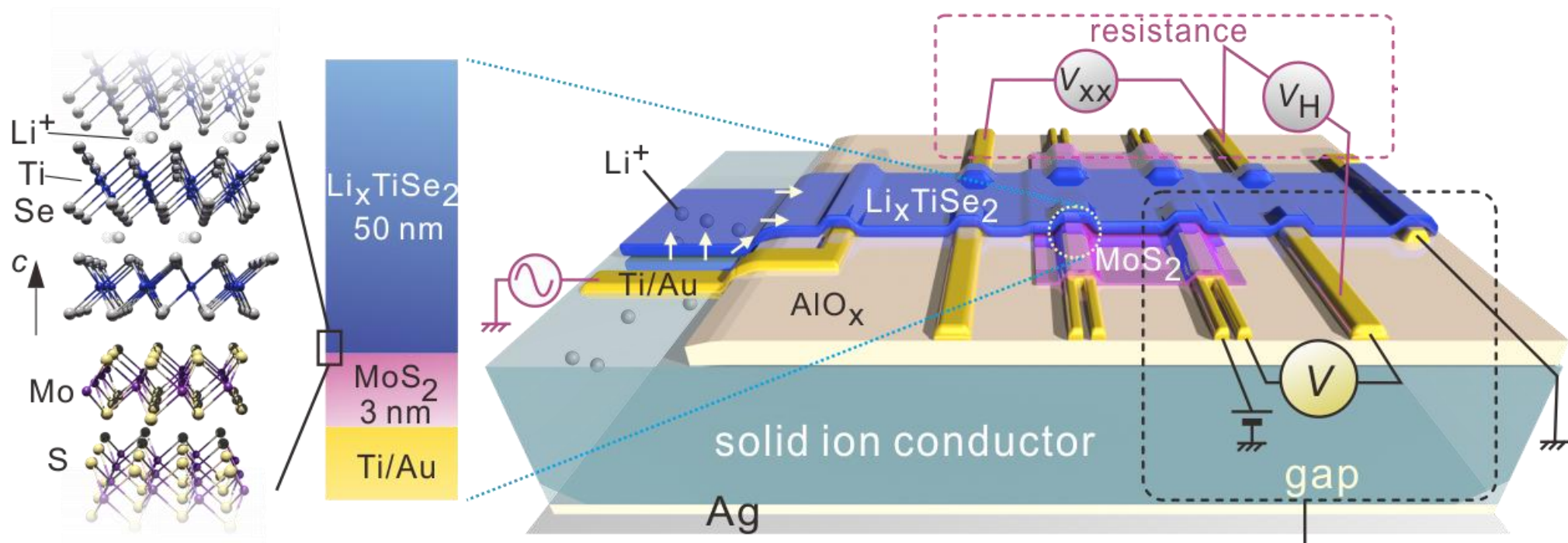
Hall measurement



- Homogeneous distribution of intercalated dopants



Superconducting gap in Li_xTiSe_2

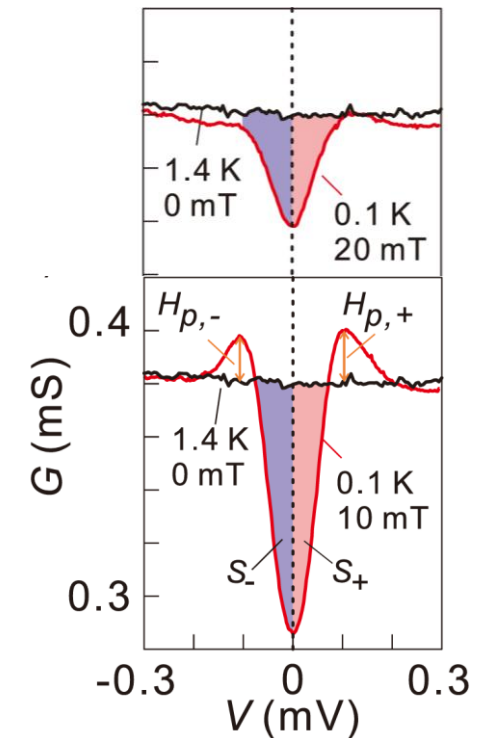
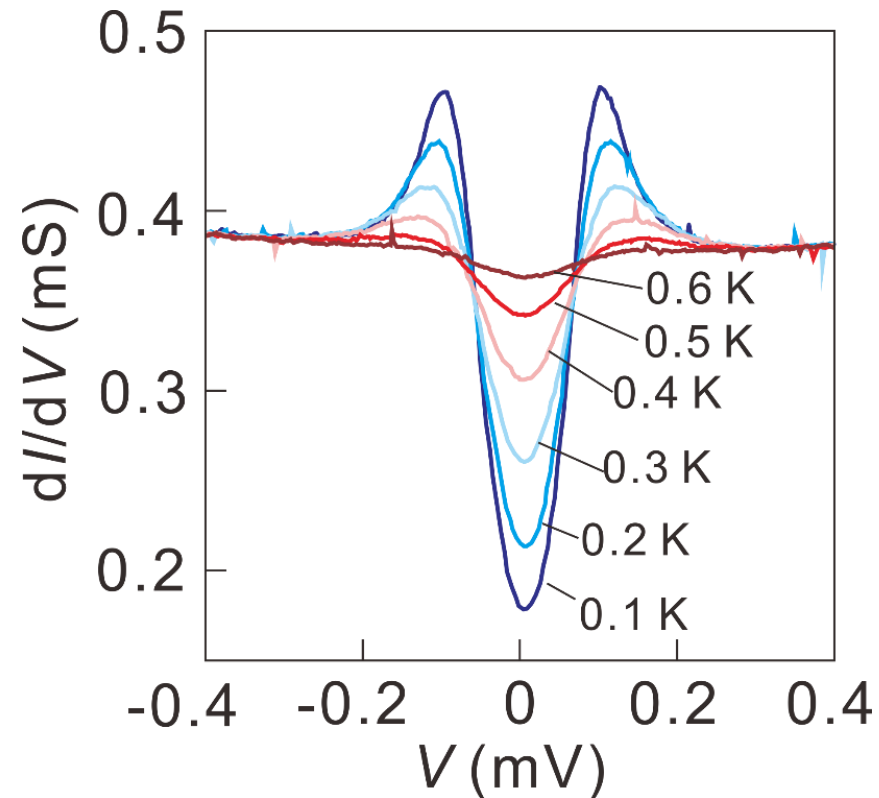
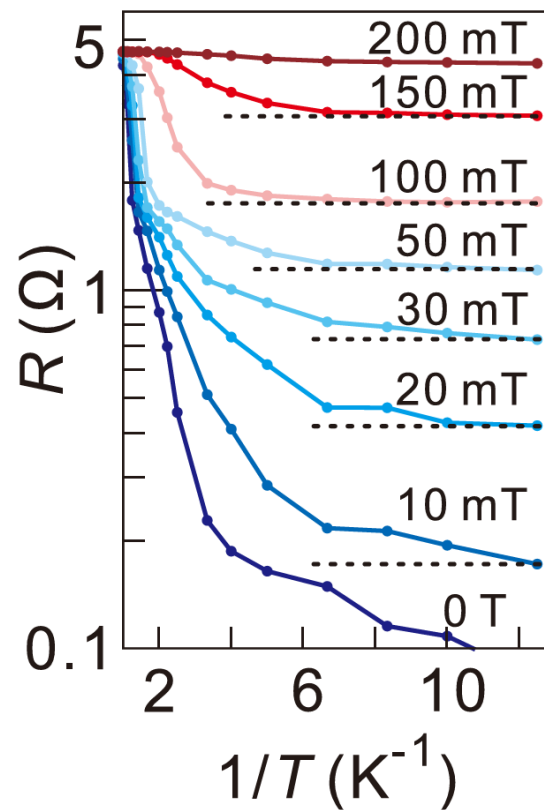


J.-Y. Ji[#], Z. Cao[#], Q.-K. Xue^{*}, **DZ^{*}**, *et al.*, *Nano Lett.* **25**, 10641 (2025)



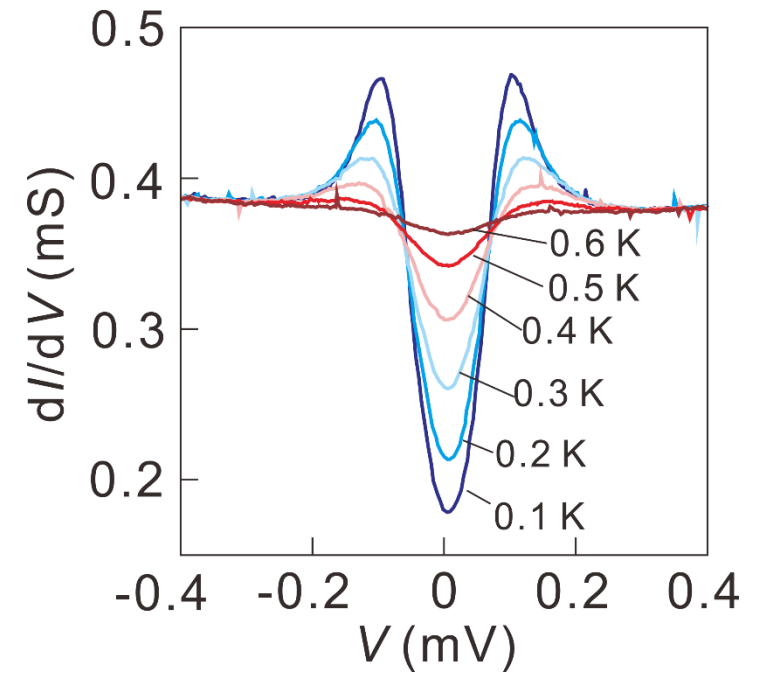
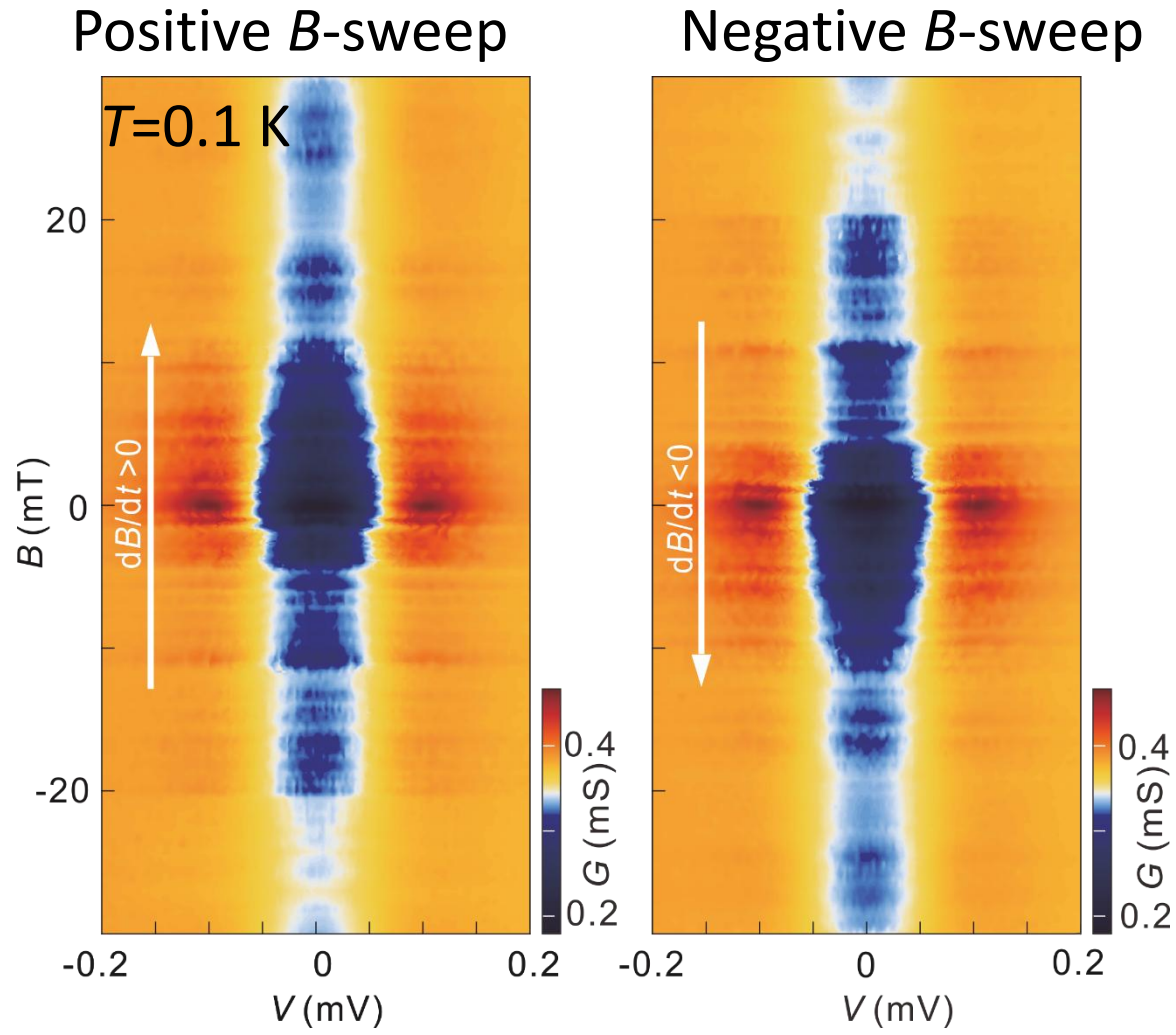
Gap in the anomalous metal phase

- AM phase in a dil-fridge with thermocoax cables
+ Cu powder and RC filters
- Symmetric gap in the AM phase



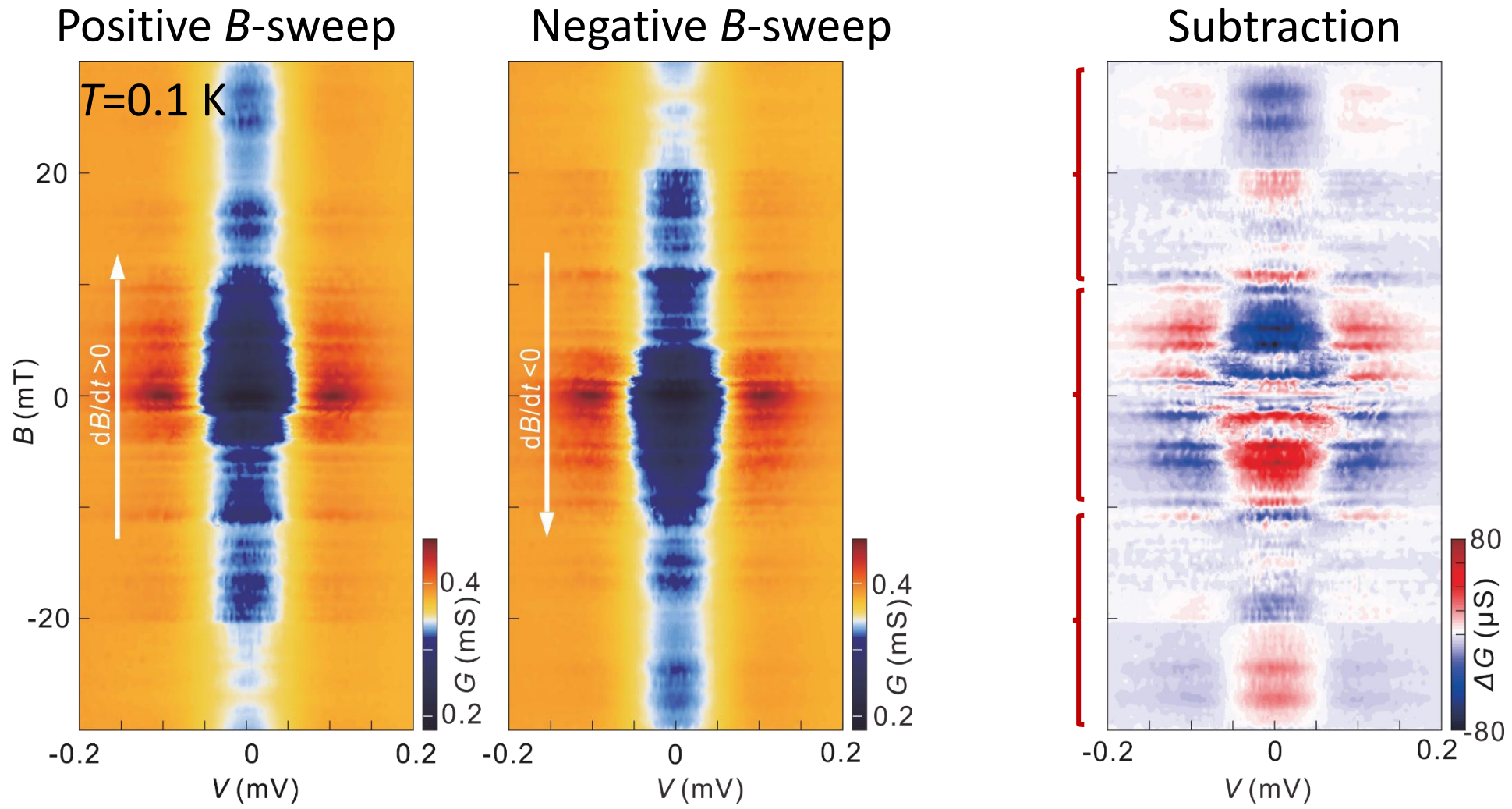


Gap oscillations





Gap oscillations

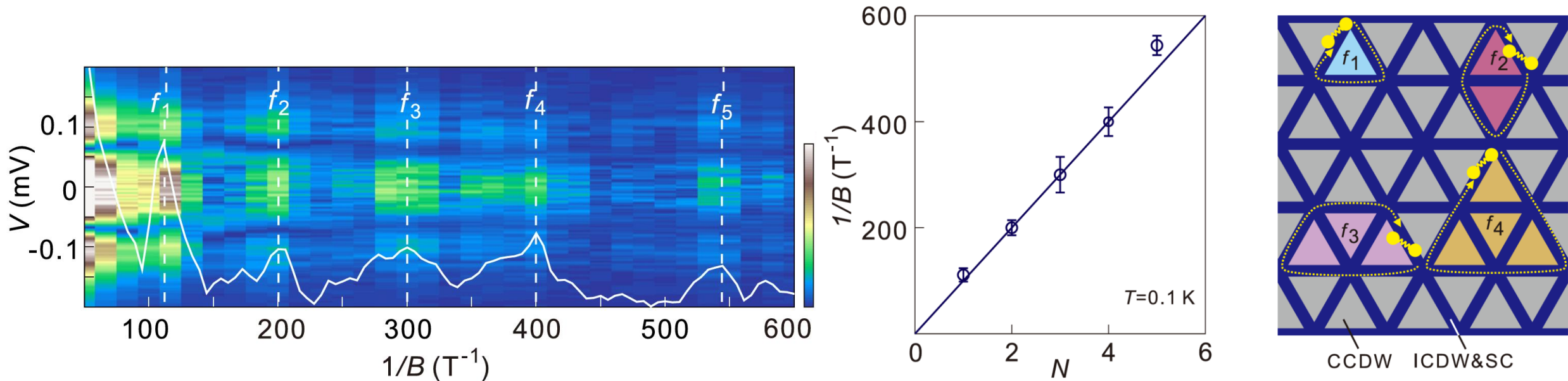


J.-Y. Ji[#], Z. Cao[#], Q.-K. Xue^{*}, **DZ^{*}**, *et al.*, *Nano Lett.* **25**, 10641 (2025)



Gap oscillations

- Fourier transform reveals higher harmonics



- Regularly shaped superconducting network



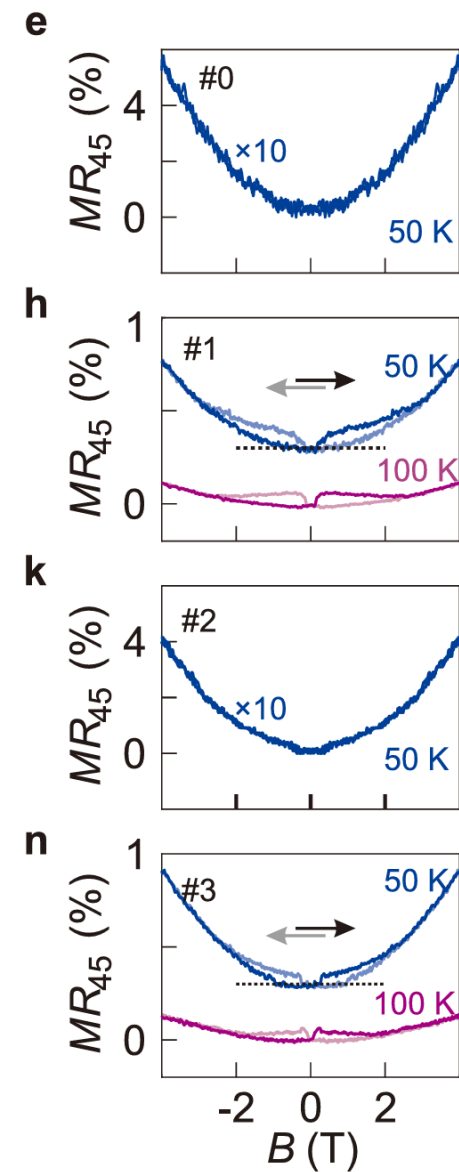
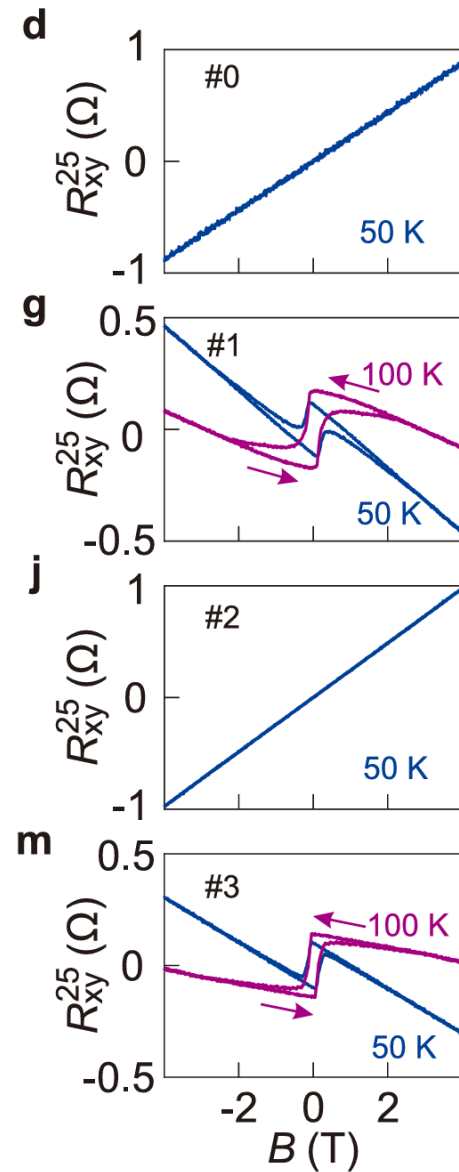
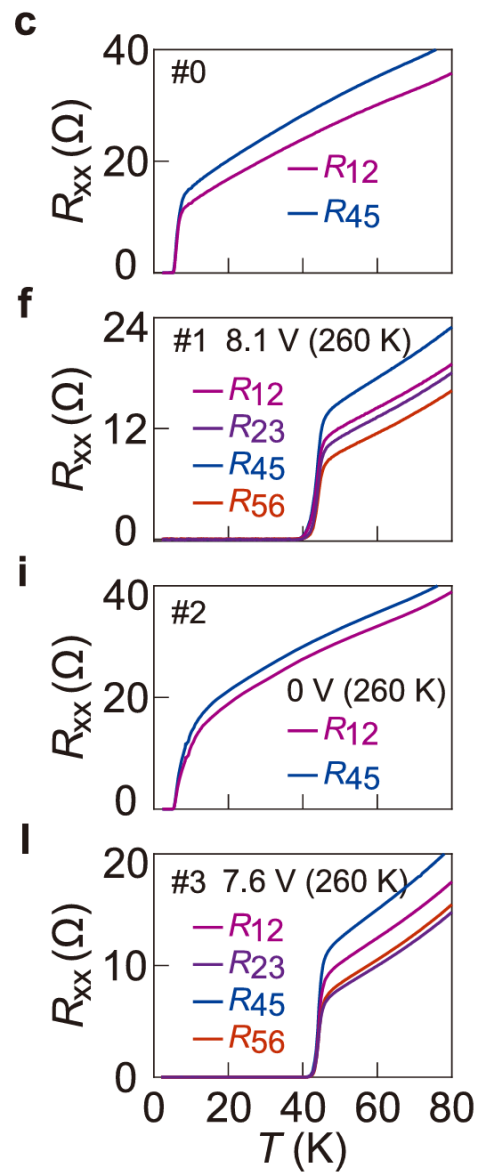
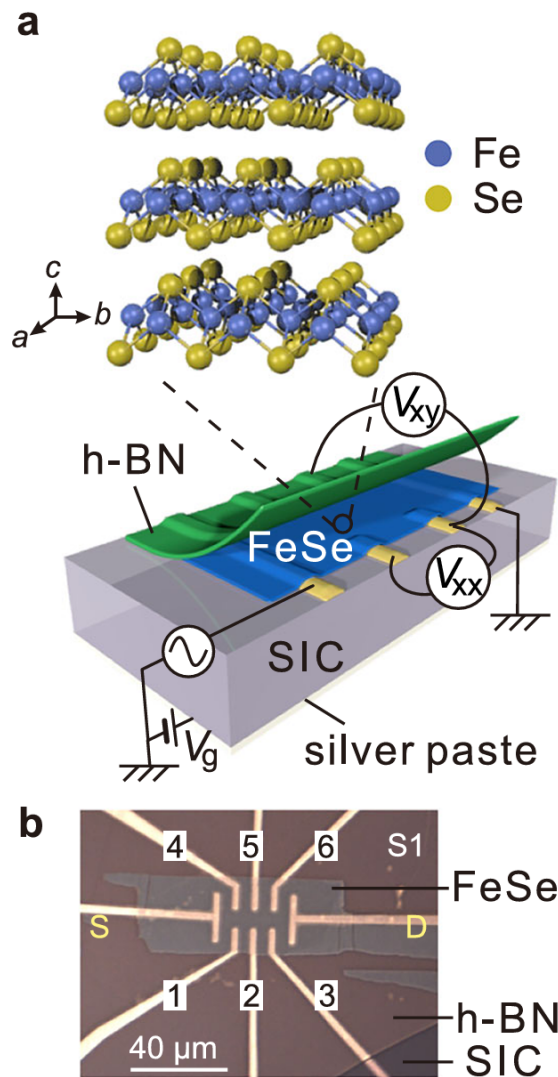
Summary on Li_xTiSe_2

- Li_xTiSe_2 (50-70 nm)

- Superconducting dome
- Anomalous metal
- Little-Parks-like oscillations in the resistance and gap

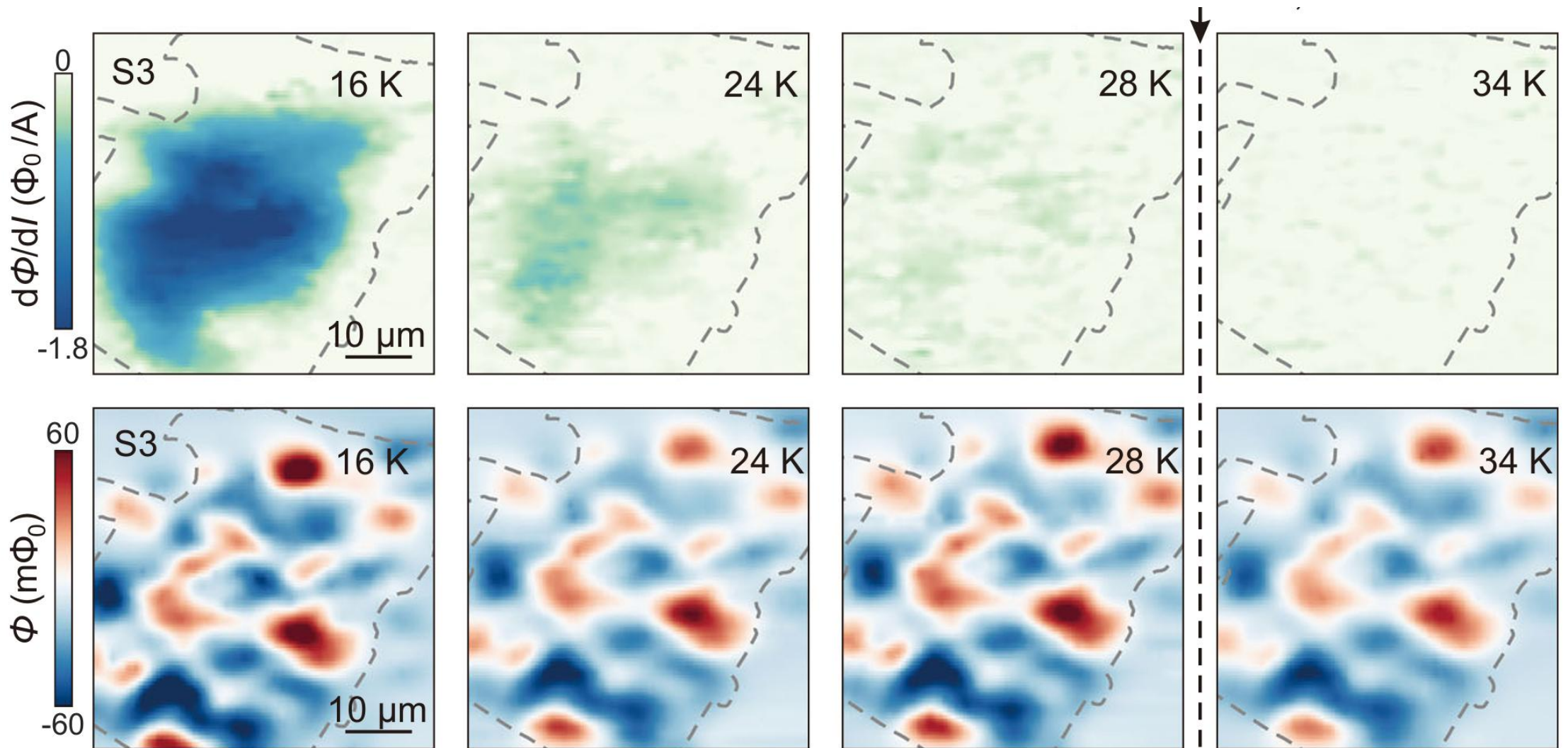


Revisit to Li_xFeSe



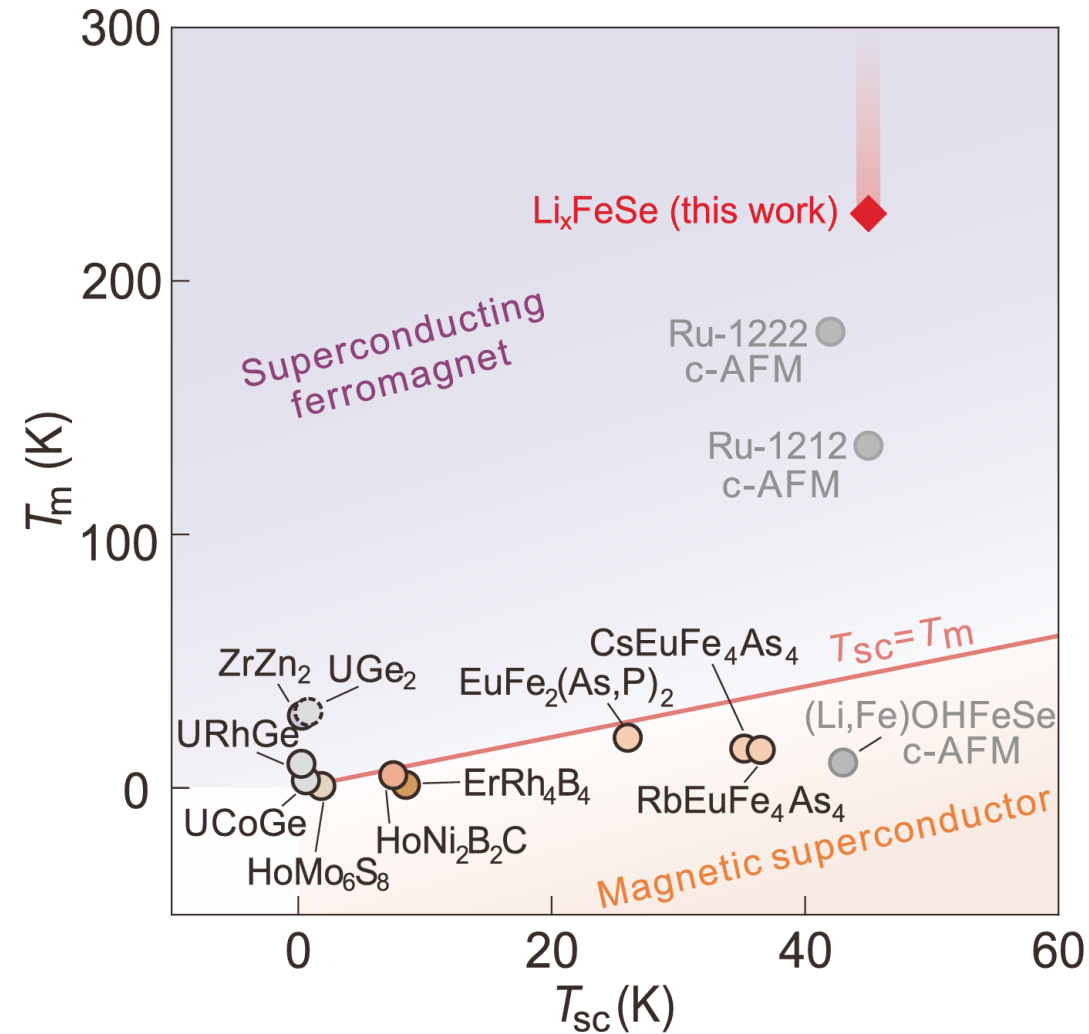


Coexistence of SC and FM from scanning SQUID





Li_xFeSe : a high temperature superconducting **ferromagnet**



Thank you!

dingzhang@tsinghua.edu.cn