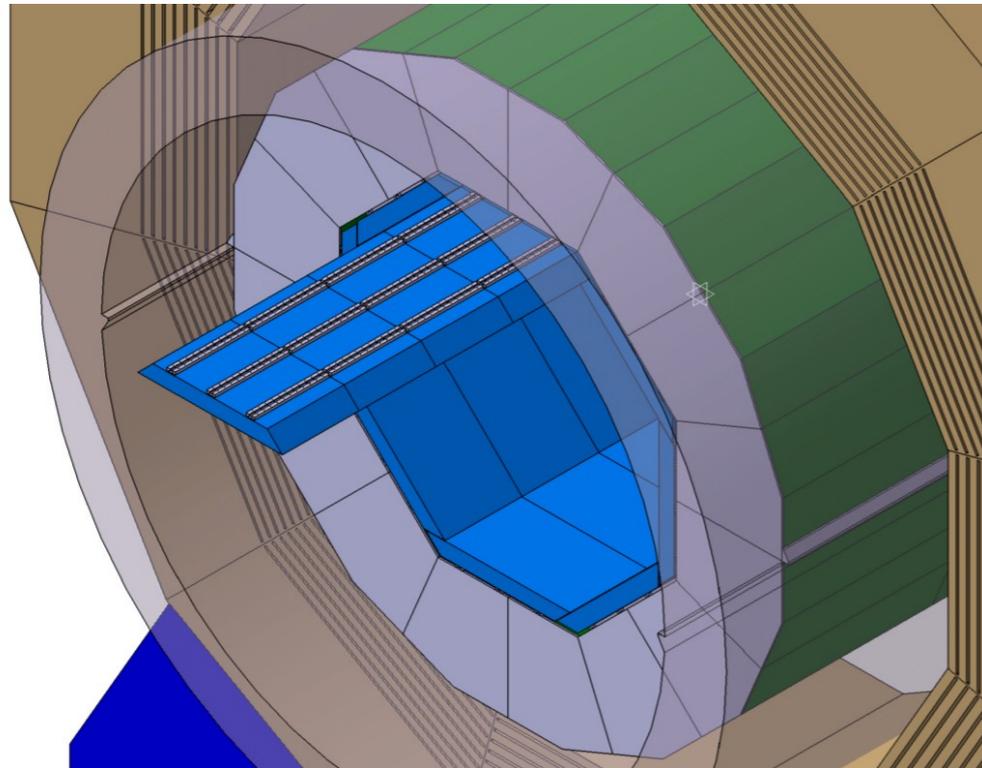


Detector optimisation for the ShiP Experiment



- SHiP is an approved CERN experiment
 - “Approved” means that CERN agreed to refurbish the Beam Dump Facility in the ECN3 experimental hall
- Now formation of detector collaboration
- Many components in very preliminary state in many aspects
 - This concerns in particular layout of Scattering and Neutrino Detector (SND, see later)
- So far IJCLab gives technical help through IT staff (“historical” connection through LHCb)
- Possible application of our SiW ECAL R&D in real experiment
- Relevant physics case

- Optimized for Particle Flow: Jet energy resolution 3-4%, Excellent photon-hadron separation



The SiW ECAL in the ILD Detector

- O(108) cells
- “No space”
- => Large integration effort

Basic Requirements:

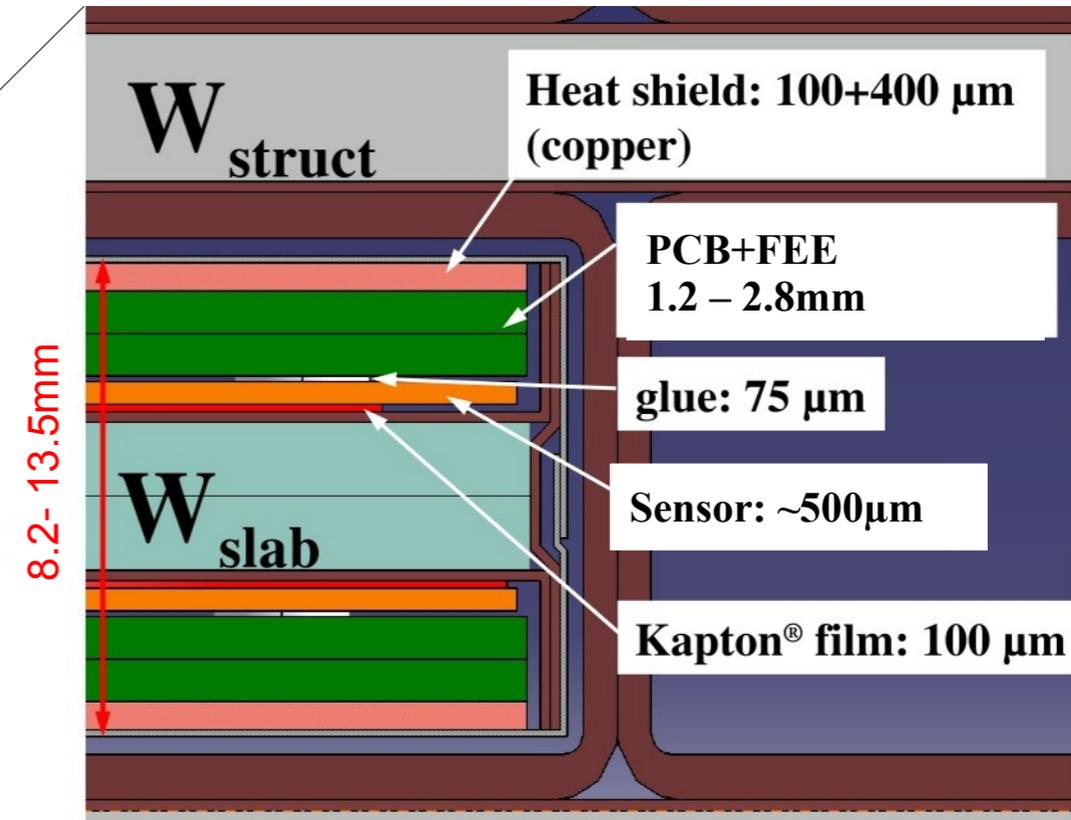
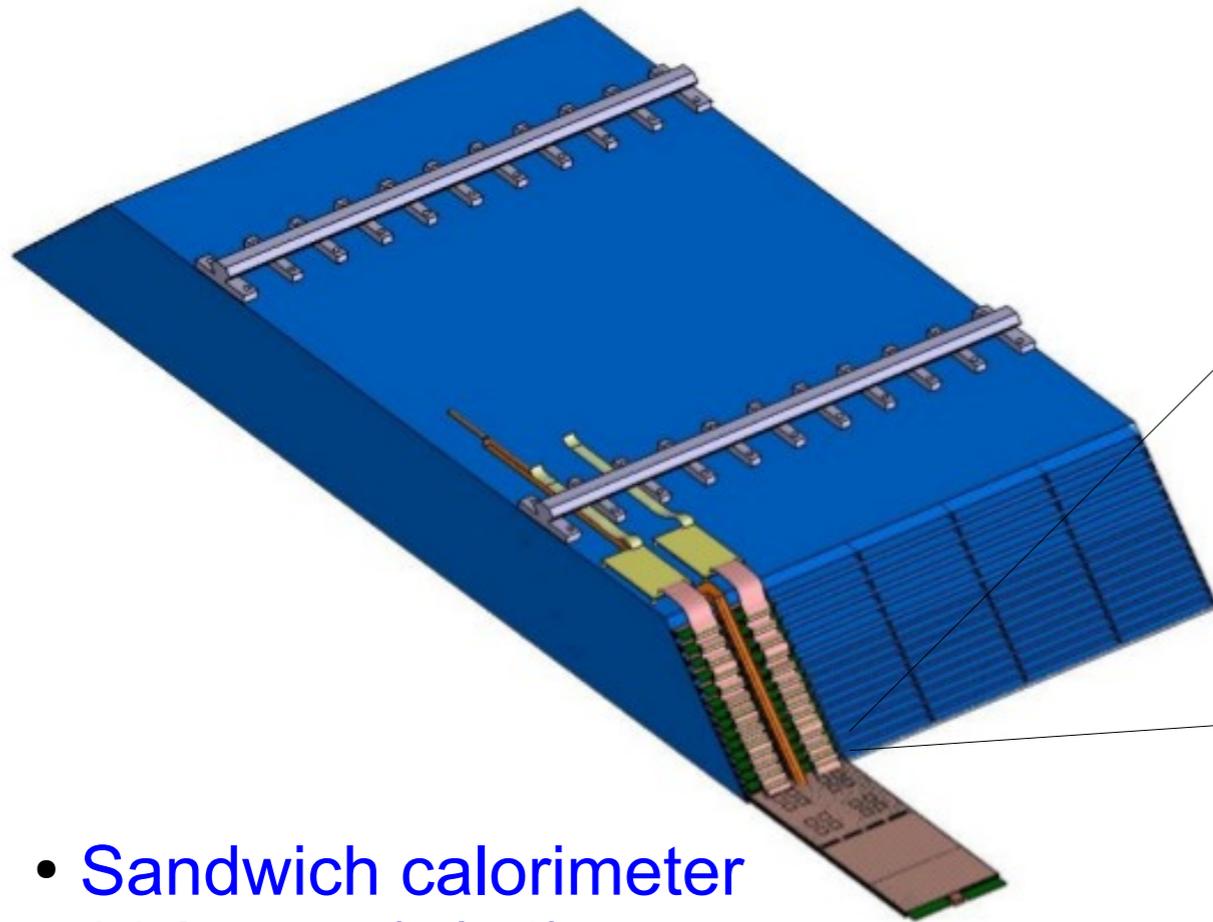
- Extreme high granularity
- Compact and hermetic
- (inside magnetic coil)

Basic Choices:

- Tungsten as absorber material
 - $X_0=3.5\text{mm}$, $R_M=9\text{mm}$, $\lambda_1=96\text{mm}$
 - **Narrow showers**
 - **Assures compact design**
- Silicon as active material
 - **Support compact design**
 - **Allows for pixelisation Robust technology**
 - **Excellent signal/noise ratio: 10 as design value**

- **All future e+e- collider projects feature at least one detector concept with this technology**
 - Decision for CMS HGCal based on CALICE/ILD prototypes

Ecal alveolar structure



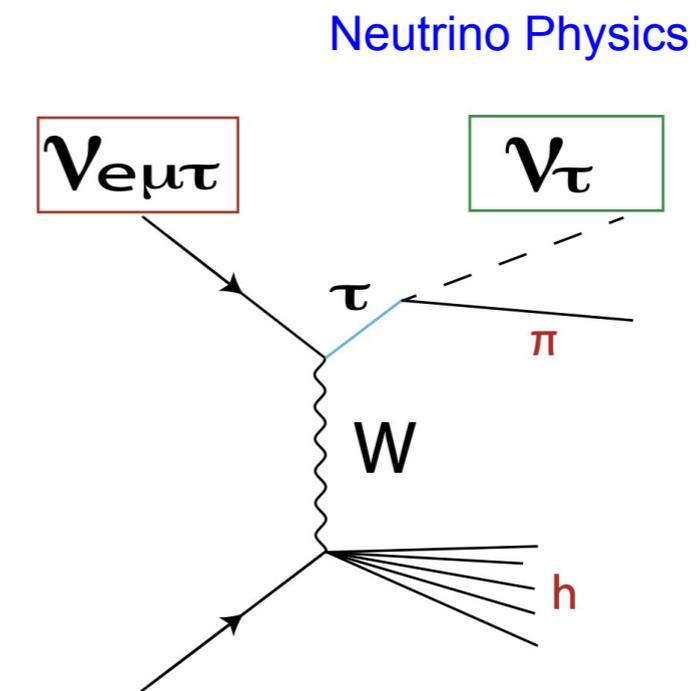
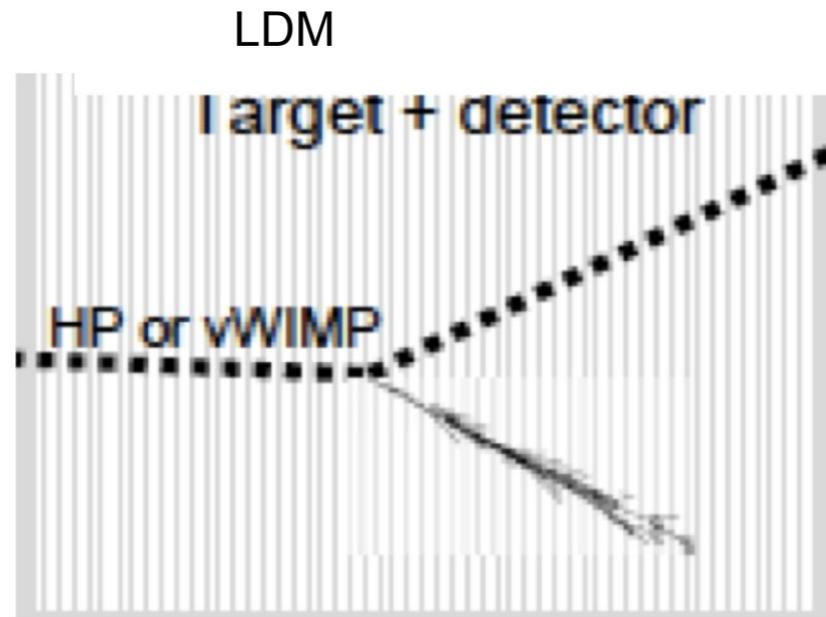
- Sandwich calorimeter
- 26 layers (+/- 4)
- Thickness: ~20cm, $24 X_0/1\lambda_1$
- Pixel size $\sim 5 \times 5 \text{ mm}^2$
- Expected elm. energy resolution $15\text{-}20\%/\sqrt{E}$

The SHiP experiment will search for a broad range of feebly interacting particles such as:

- Light Dark Matter
- Heavy Neutral Leptons (HNLs)
- Dark photons
- Dark Scalar Higgs-like particles
- Axion-like particles (ALPs)

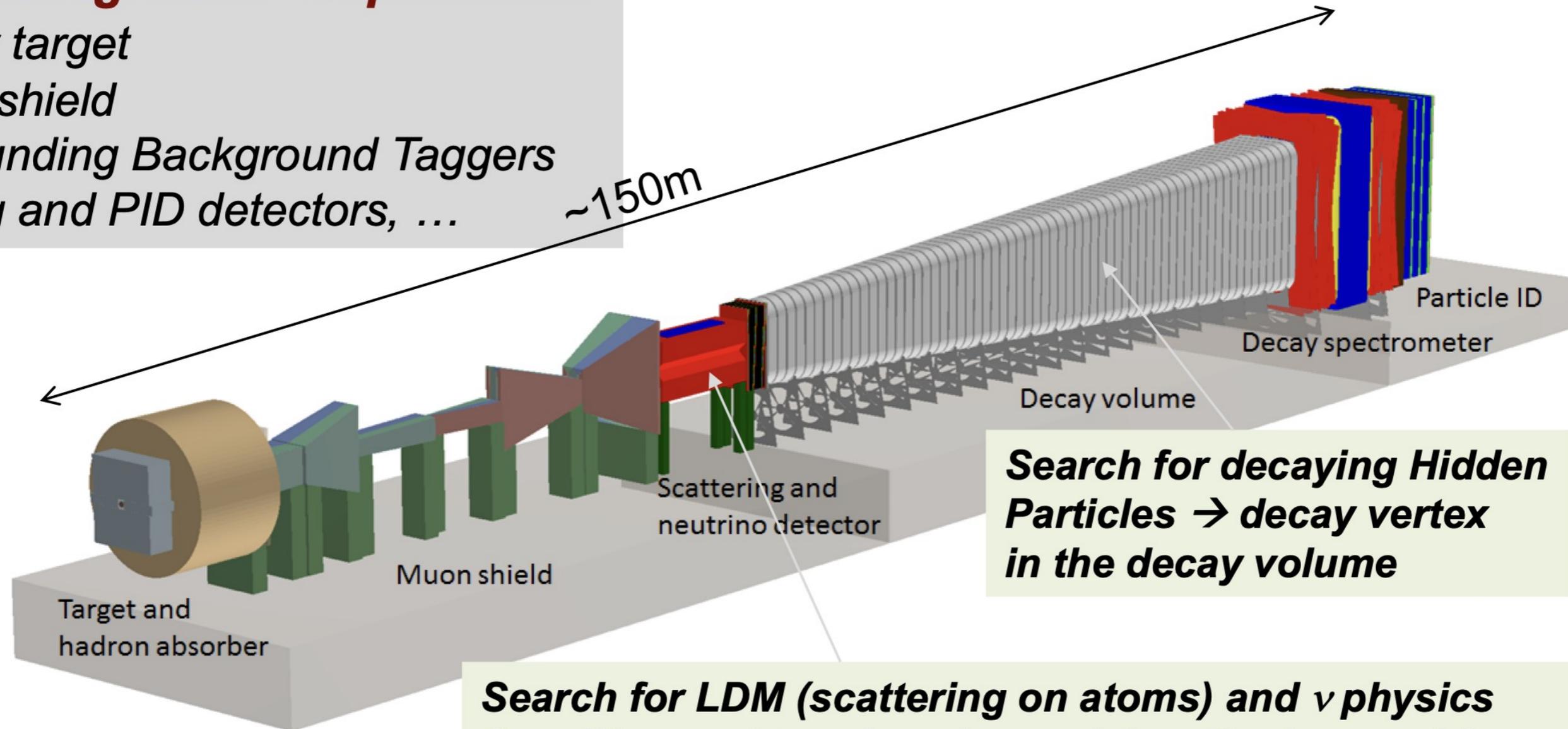
In addition SHiP will allow for a rich set of tests of Standard Model physics in with neutrinos

Relevsnt for today:



“Zero background” experiment

- Heavy target
- Muon shield
- Surrounding Background Taggers
- Timing and PID detectors, ...



Search for decaying Hidden Particles → decay vertex in the decay volume

**Search for LDM (scattering on atoms) and ν physics
Specific event topology in emulsion. Background from neutrino interaction for LDM searches can be reduced to a manageable level**

Andrei Golutvin
ShiP Spokesperson

Calorimetry in SHiP

Two types of calorimeters:

- Neutrino physics and search for LDM scattering:
 - LDM and $\nu_e \rightarrow$ Si/W
 - ν_μ and $\nu_\tau \rightarrow$ **Magnetised Tracking Calorimeter (MTC)**

Both are integrated to the muon shield

- Searches for FIPs and PID
 - Sampling ECAL with pointing capabilities (e.g. $ALP \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)
 - HCAL to discriminate between muons and hadrons in wide momentum range

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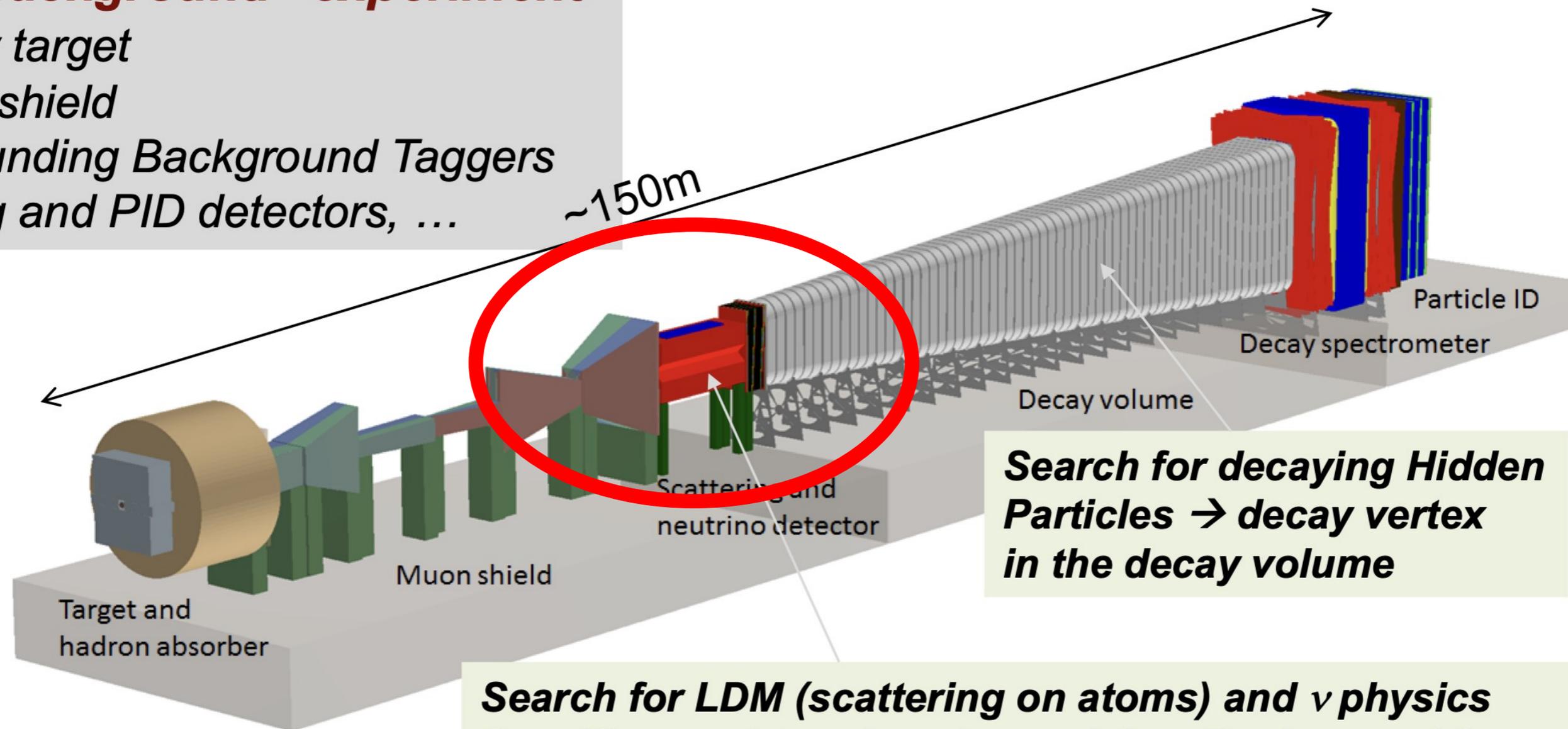
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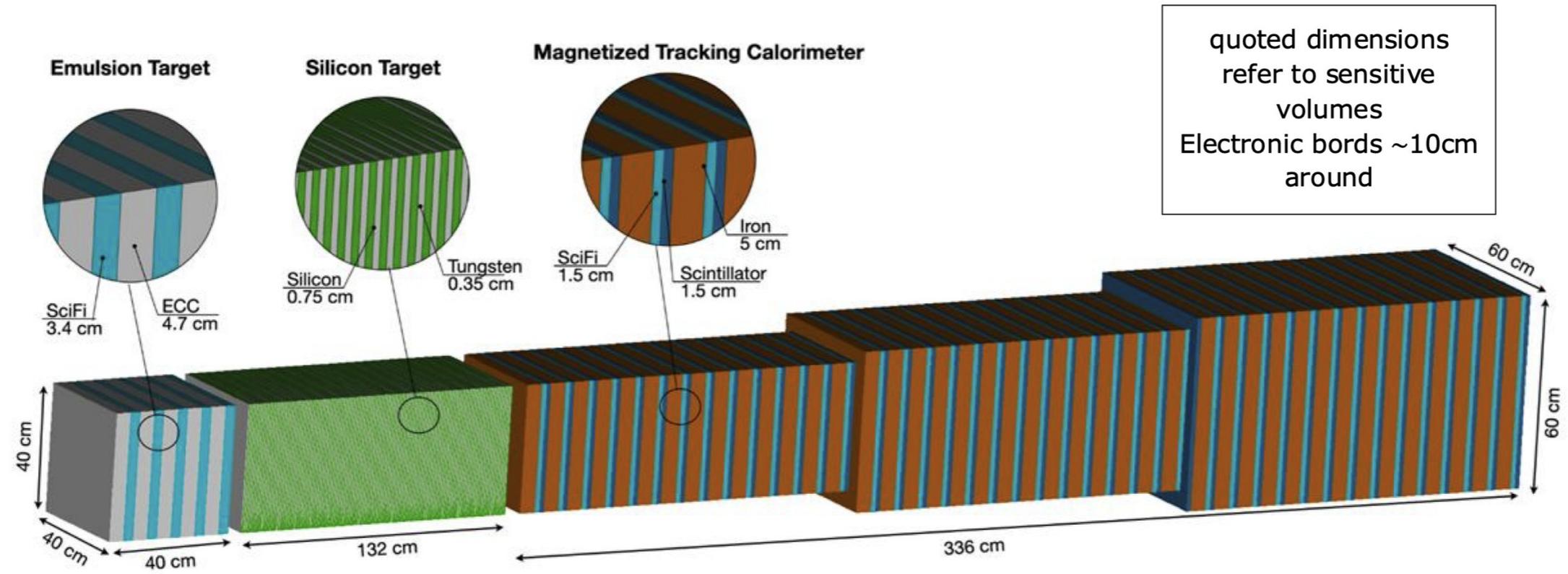
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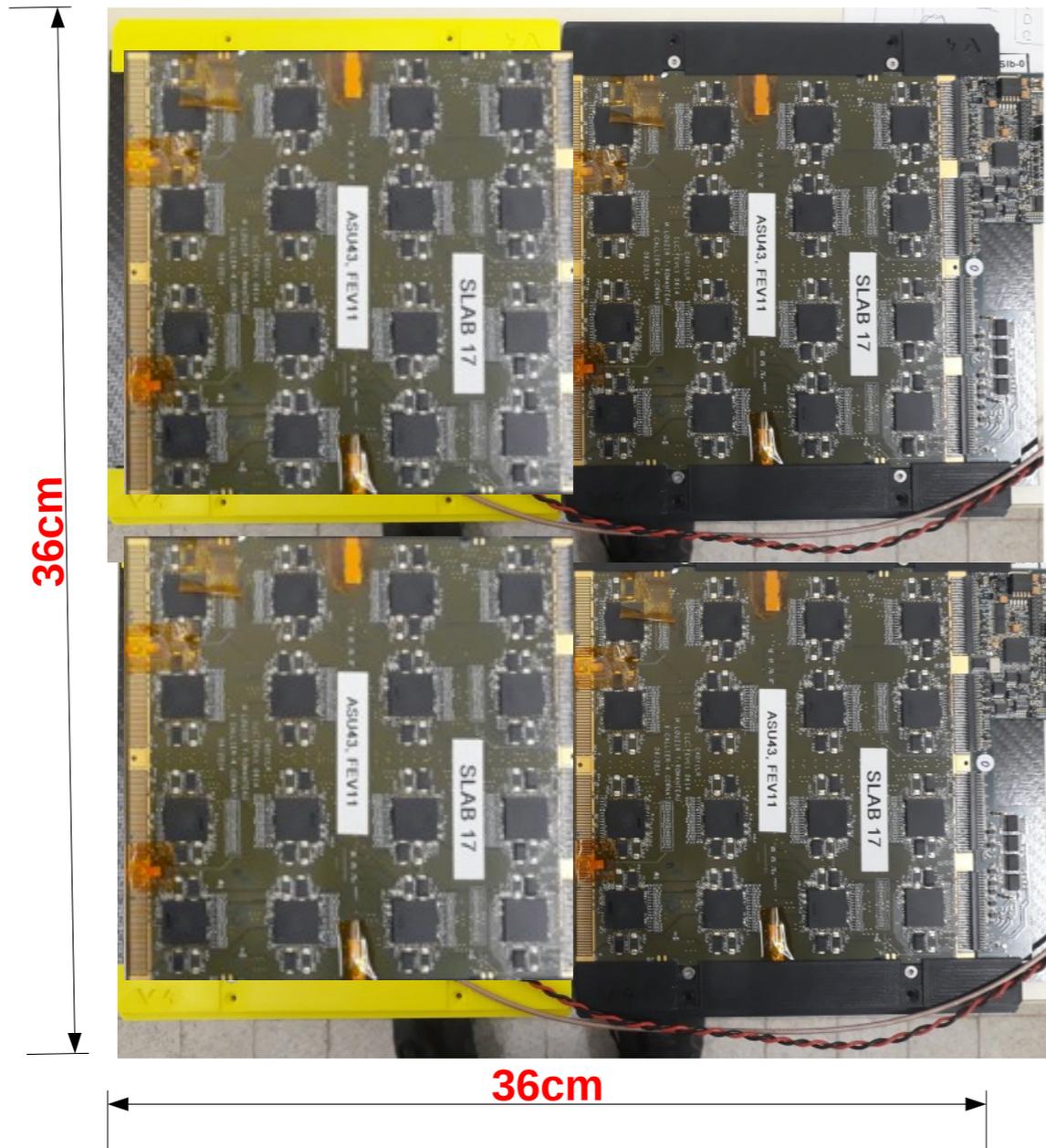


EMULSION TARGET			
ECC	5	Tungsten	180
		Emulsion	180
SciFi	5		
Weight	0.5 ton		

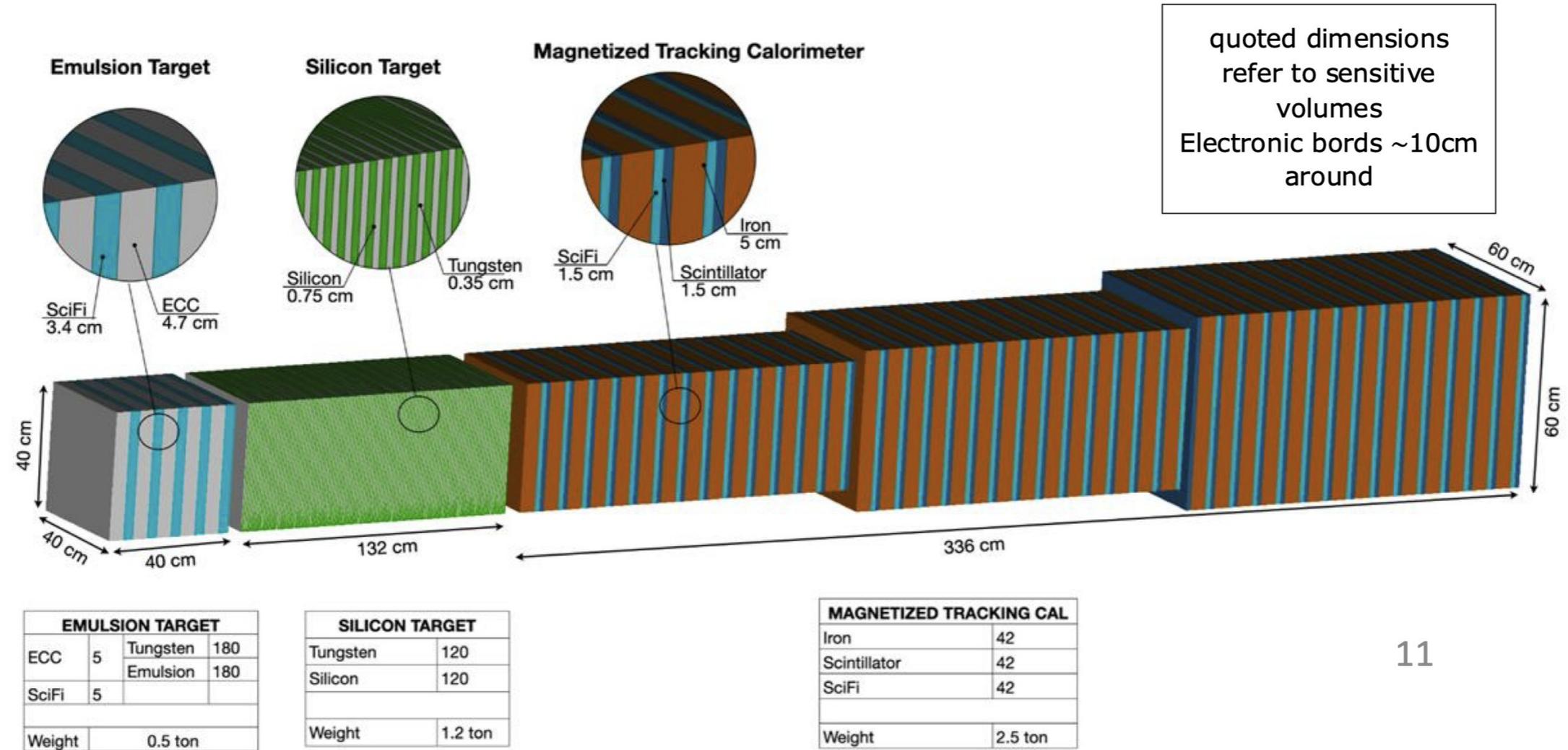
SILICON TARGET	
Tungsten	120
Silicon	120
Weight	1.2 ton

MAGNETIZED TRACKING CAL	
Iron	42
Scintillator	42
SciFi	42
Weight	2.5 ton

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- Should be straightforward to arrange SiW ECAL ASUs
- Modularity inherent to detector design
- N.B.: 18x18 cm² is not a canonical number but many tools are or will be developed for this size
- Clearly would need dedicated study on mechanical housing
- “Long layer” tests will be part of the 2025/26 test programme



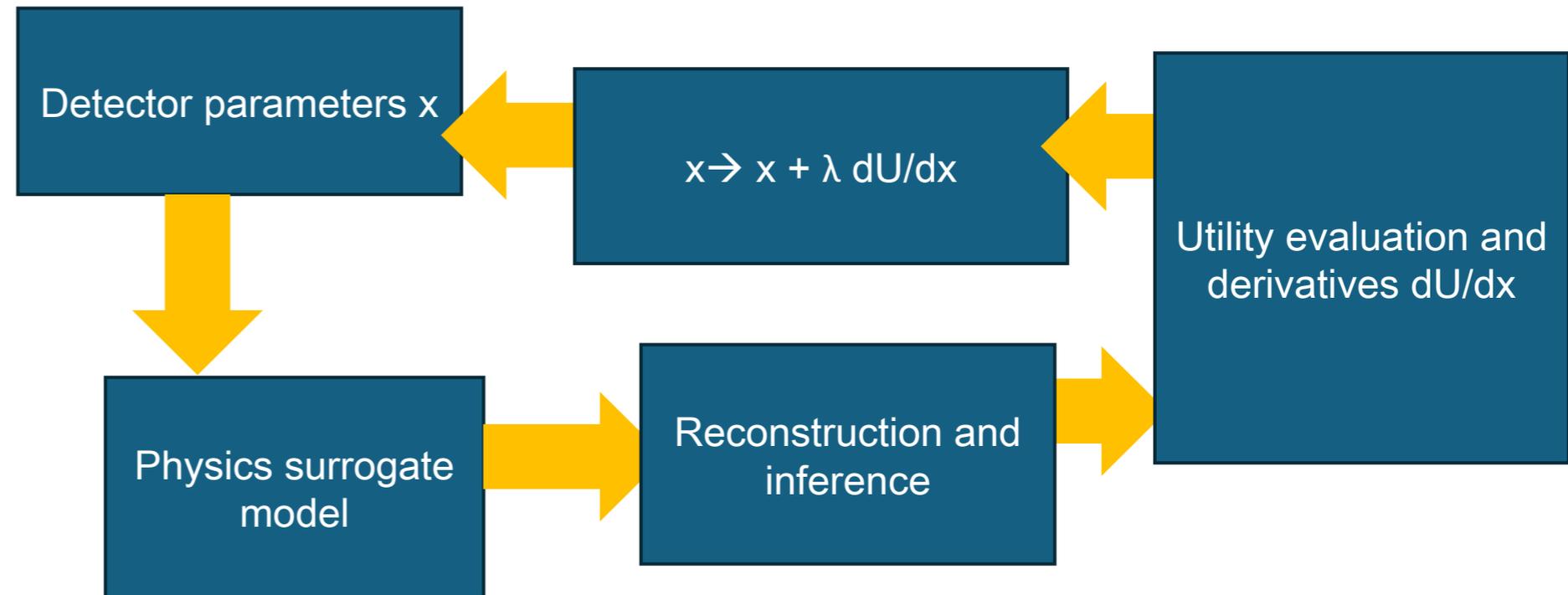
11

- **Questions**
 - How many SiW Ecal layers and where?
 - Rear part of target or MTC or both
 - Knowing that an SiW Ecal layer is not cheap
- **Require serious optimisation study**

What does it mean in practice?

It means **creating a full parametric model** of the detector, plugging in a surrogate model of the physics, and a differentiable model of the data reconstruction and inference extraction

Then you can **iteratively modify the detector parameters** following the gradient of the utility function – like in a NN



Dumbed down version of an optimization pipeline

Tommaso Dorigo, DRD Calo Meeting, April 2025

A first proposal for P2I in April worked out with the help of Tommaso and Andrei was not supported by IJCLab Direction (“too early”)

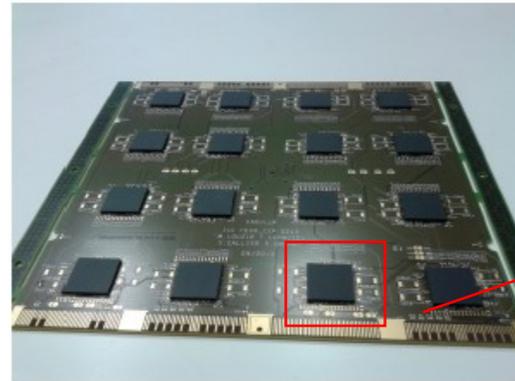
- SHiP covers relevant questions of particle physics and is (among) most powerful experiment(s) for feebly interacting particles for decades to come (at least in the low mass range < 10 GeV)
- SHiP as potential application of SiW ECAL
- **Detector optimisation for SHiP would have to start soon, i.e. now!**
 - In our case how many Ecal layers and where it's best to place them
 - A nice use case to learn/apply the principle of Co-design?
 - We would however start exactly from zero!
- Development for SHiP could/should leverage on R&D in DRD Calo
 - Building up on R&D for Linear Colliders, synergies with hardware development for FCCee
- Synergies with other similar experiments (that may take data before SHiP)!?
- **IJCLab direction in favor of joining SHiP**
 - Despite “rejection” of P2I proposal in April
 - CODEC in December 2025
 - Pre-discussions with direction before

SiW Ecal Technological prototype – Elements of (long) layer *DRD Calo*

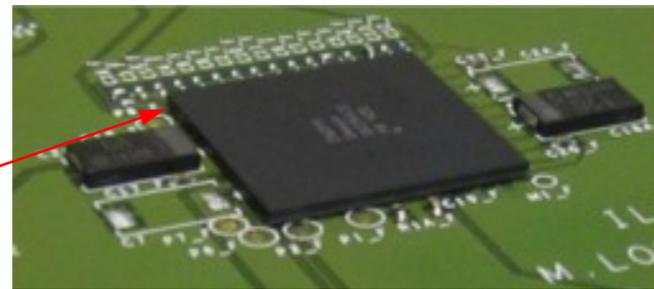
**ASIC+PCB+SiWafer
=ASU**

Size 18x18 cm²

(IJCLab, U Tokyo, OMEGA, LLR, SKKU)

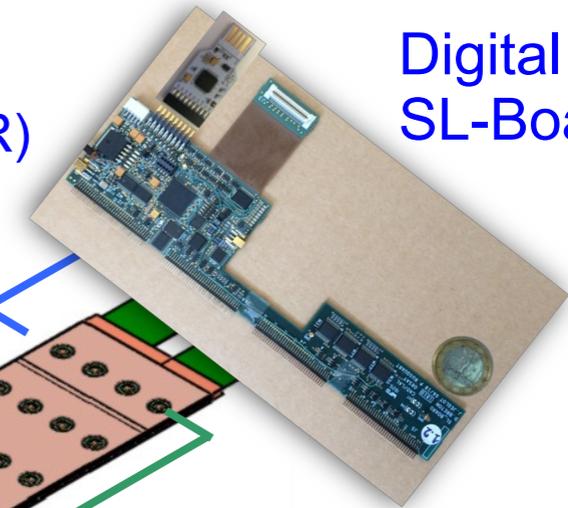


**ASIC SKIROC2(a)
(OMEGA)
Wire Bonded or
In BGA package
(IJCLab, U Tokya, LLR)**

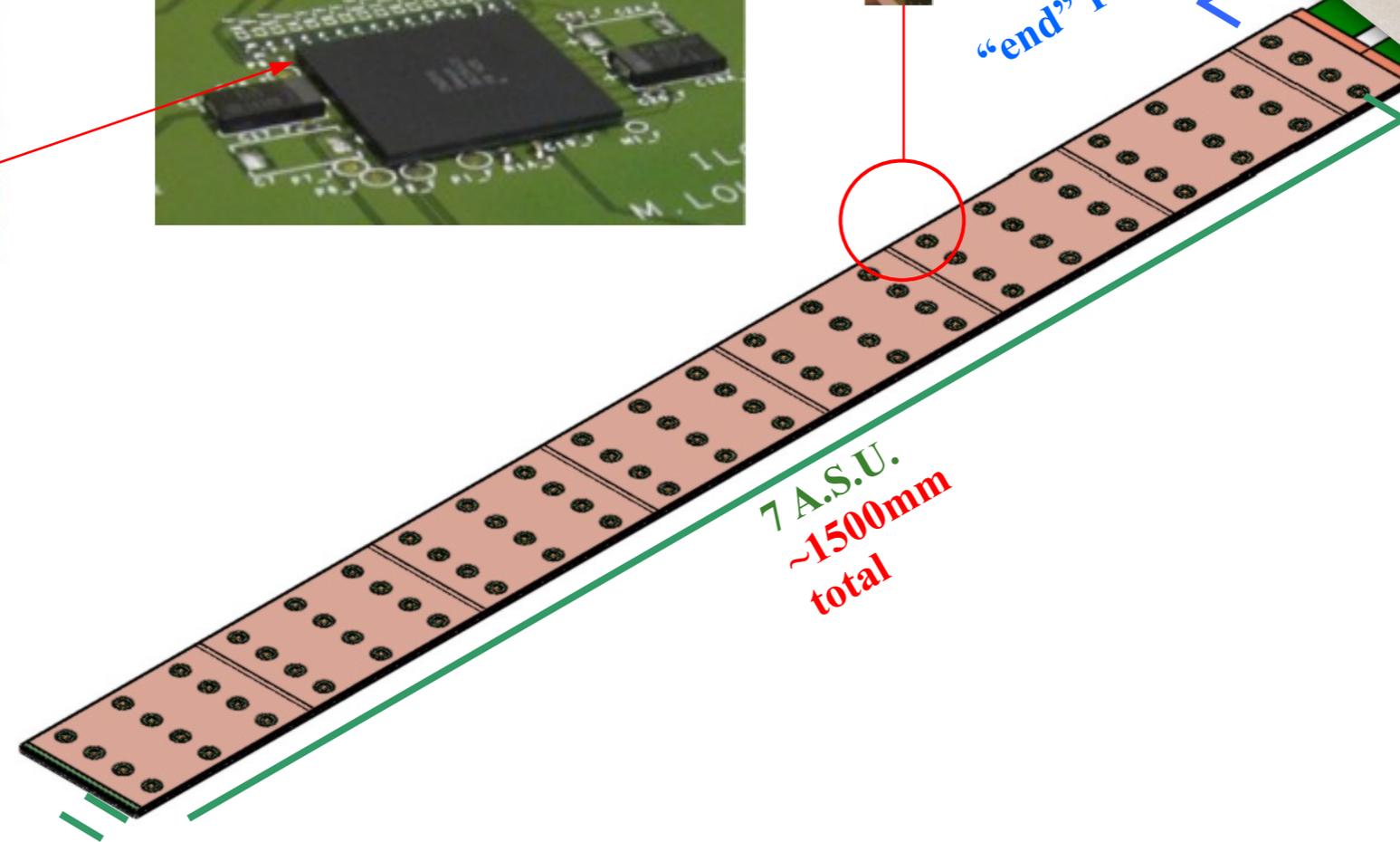


Interconnection
(IJCLab)
HV Supply
(IJCLab, LLR)

Digital readout
SL-Board (IJCLab)

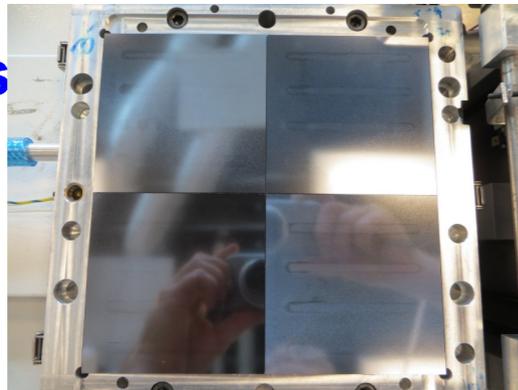


“end” PCB



7 A.S.U.
~1500mm
total

**Si Sensors
glued
onto PCB**
Pixel size
5.5x5.5 mm²
(IFIC, CERN)



- The beam test set ups comprised mainly **short layers** consisting of one ASU and a readout card each