CMake versus CMT

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Introduction

Performance Measurements

Parallelism of Execution





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Working meeting CMT in ATLAS

- discussed CMake and CMT performance measurements made in Pere Mato's presentation, in particular, showed that for the GAUDI project, CMake was more rapid
 - 1. \simeq 2 times with make simple
 - 2. \simeq 4 times with make -j8 said parallel
- it was needed to understand the origin of such differences
- for details see CMT in ATLAS, LAL, 7 October 2010



Code Optimisation

CMake configuration—in the tests being discussed—built code without optimisation while that of CMT—with optimisation –02, expensive in terms of compilation time. This explains difference 1

Table: The measurements of elapsed time in seconds on a 16 core machine when I applied -02 optimisation for the GAUDI project

CMake	CMT/v1r22	CMake	CMT/v1r22
+make+install	cmt br make	+make+install	cmt br make -j8
		-j8	-
1080	1110	240	400

CMake still uses better make parallel





More Detailed Measurements

Table: The measurements of elapsed time in seconds on a 16 core machine for the GAUDI project with *make* simple

	CMake	CMT
generation	10	40
g++	960	1010
install	10	
total	1060	1150





More Parallelism with CMT

At the same time build independent packages in different [tbroadcast] threads [project level Makefile] processes

Table: The measurements of elapsed time in seconds on a 16 core machine for the GAUDI project

tbroadcast	project level	tbroadcast	project level
make	make	make -j8	make -j8
990	1120	360	



Parallelism with CMake

At the same time build independent targets in different processes

Table: The measurements of elapsed time in seconds on a 16 core machine for the GAUDI project when I added to the CMake configuration dependencies between the packages equivalent to those of CMT

CMake with dep	project level	CMake with dep	project level
+make+install	make	+make+install	make -j8
		-j8	
1080	1120	330	350

This explains difference 2





News from Pere Mato

Pere has

- managed to chain projects and export/import targets between them. This is important for simplifying the library dependencies
- moved all the Gaudi tests to CTest
- explored CPack to produce tar files or RPMs





Conclusion

- factor \simeq 2 of the CMake and CMT performances difference explained by the difference of code optimisations
- CMake may gain in performance thanks to building in parallel, depending on
 - · the structure of the project and the packages
 - the availability of computing resources
- tbroadcast and project level Makefile give more parallelism with CMT
- explore how to introduce even more parallelism



