

Higgs Hunting 2026

Results and prospects in the electroweak symmetry breaking sector

Higgs property measurements with ATLAS

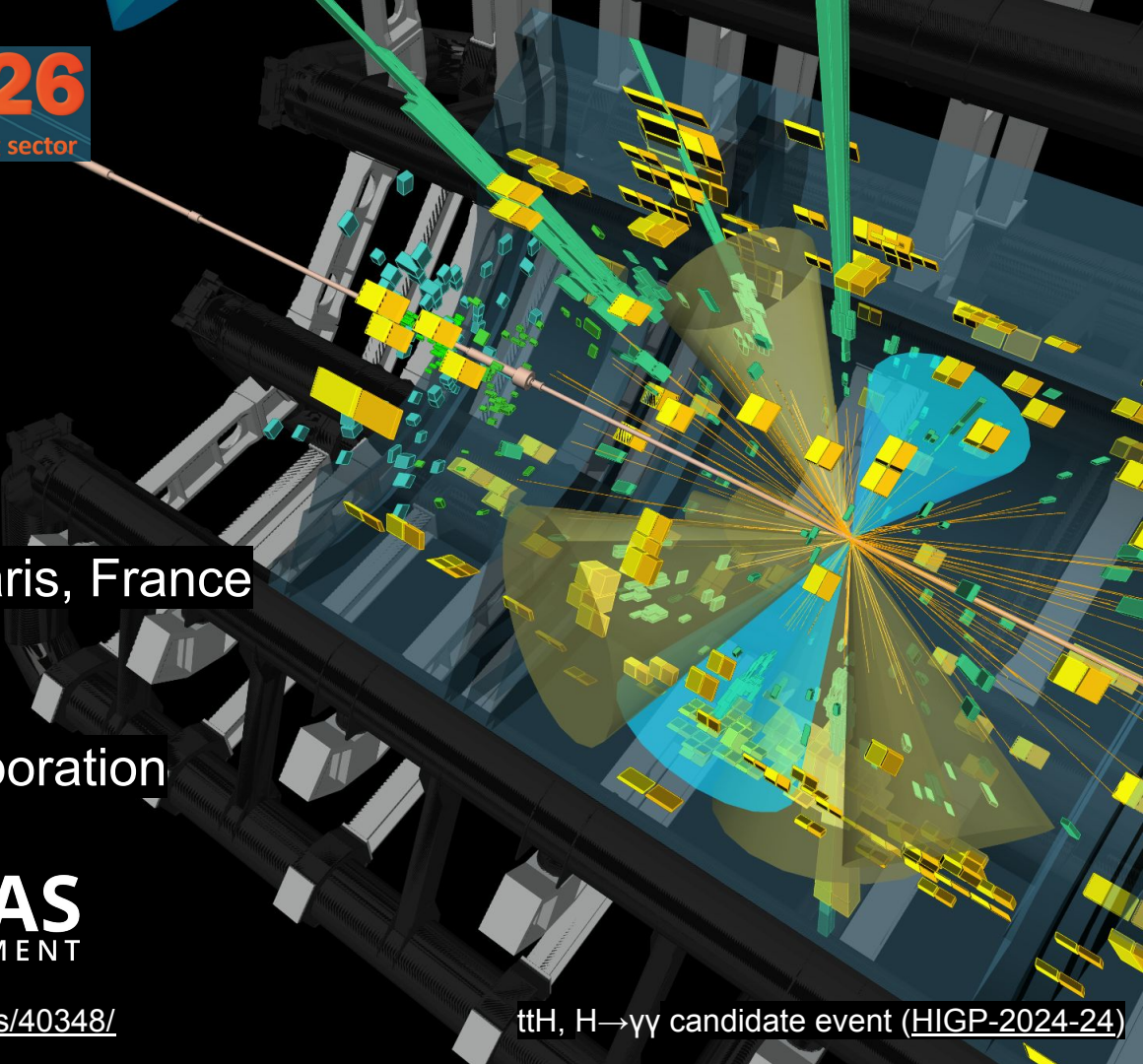
Higgs Hunting 2026, Orsay/Paris, France
September 16, 2026

Matthew Basso (TRIUMF),
On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



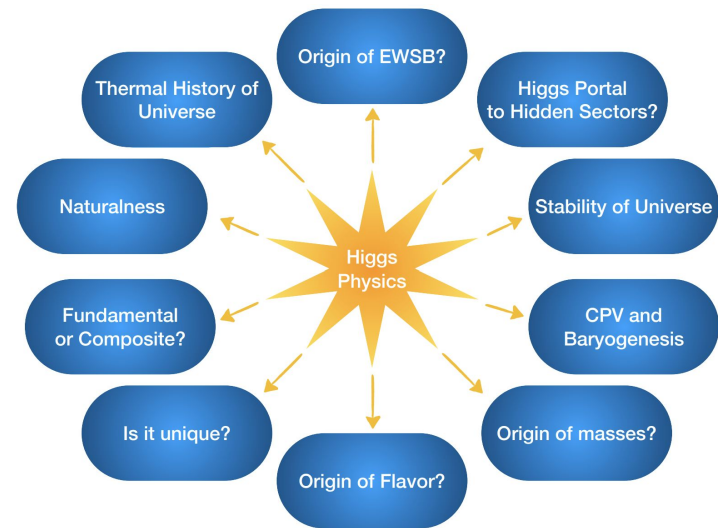
<https://indico.ijclab.in2p3.fr/event/12648/contributions/40348/>

tth, $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ candidate event (HIGP-2024-24)



Introduction

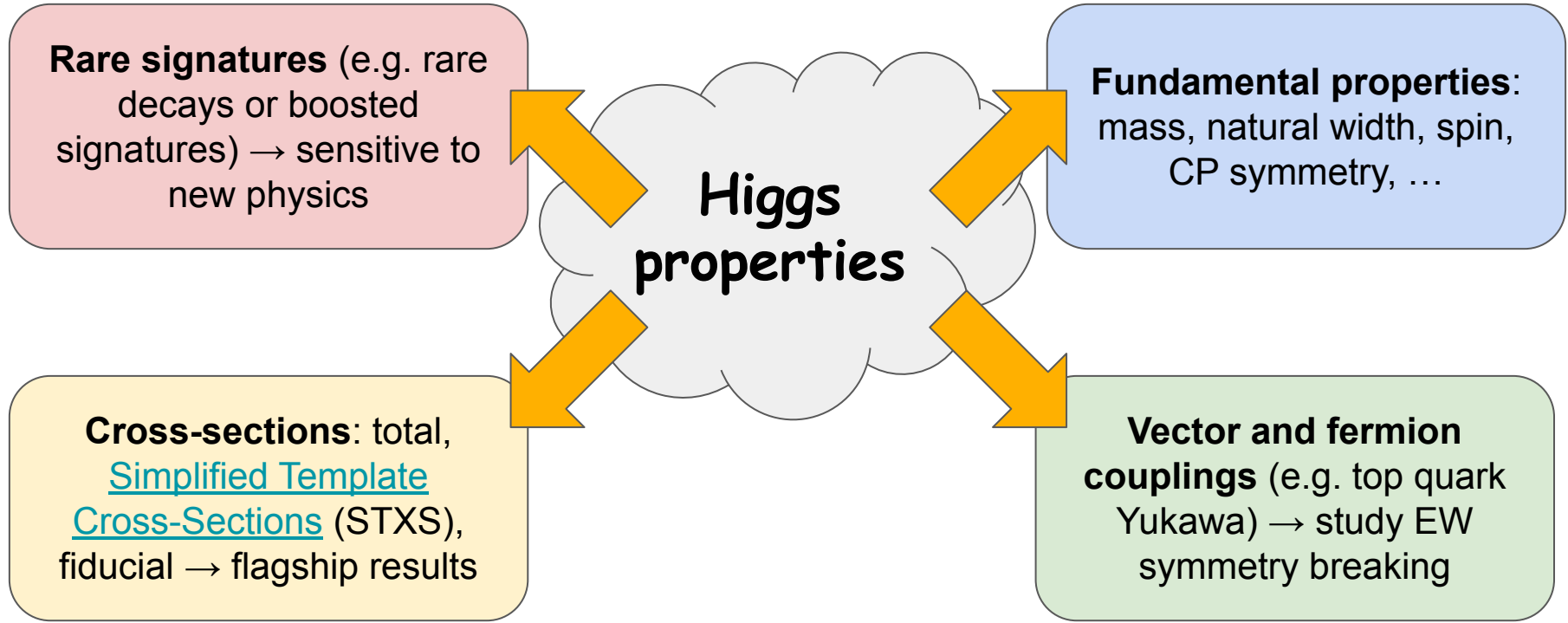
- **Standard Model (SM)** has been **extremely successful** at describing experimental observations from the past 50 years
 - Last missing piece: **Higgs boson**
- Precision measurements serve as “stress tests” of the SM → reveal subtle differences between our predictions and measurements as well as provide new input to our models
- I'll present an overview of recent Higgs boson property measurements by ATLAS



[arXiv:2209.07510](https://arxiv.org/abs/2209.07510)



All about Higgs properties



All about Higgs properties

I'll address all these topics
except Higgs mass → see
the [Backup](#) for the latest
combination!

Rare signatures (e.g. rare
decays or boosted
signatures) → sensitive to
new physics

**Higgs
properties**

Fundamental properties:
mass, natural width, spin,
CP symmetry, ...

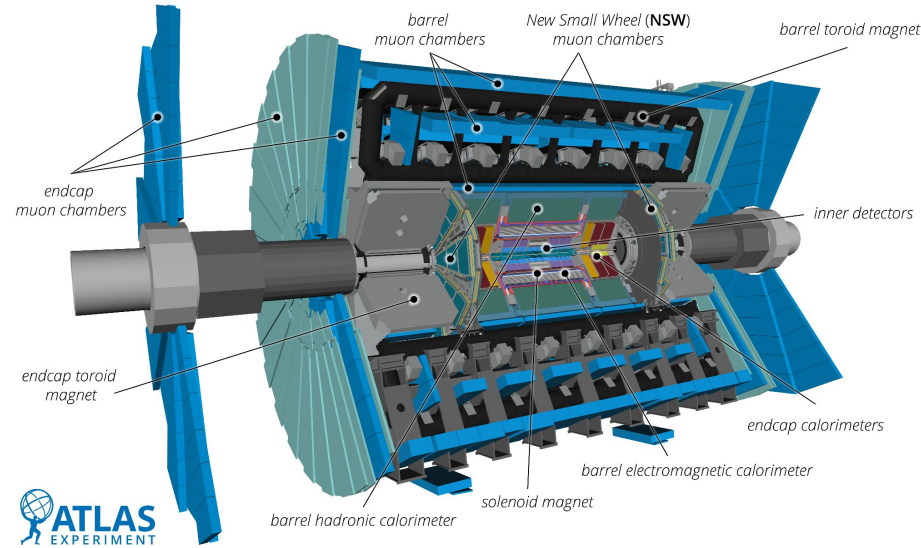
Cross-sections: total,
[Simplified Template
Cross-Sections](#) (STXS),
fiducial → flagship results

Flow of talk

**Vector and fermion
couplings** (e.g. top quark
Yukawa) → study EW
symmetry breaking

The ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider

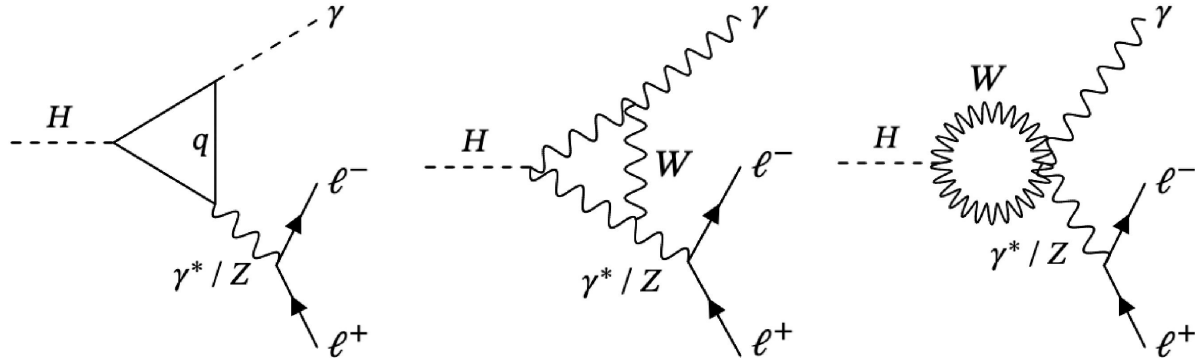
- General purpose particle detector, with subsystems including:
 - Inner detector for charged particle tracking in a 2 T field
 - Calorimeters for reconstructing electron/photons and jets
 - Muon spectrometer built around toroid magnet field
- Measurements presented today use the **full Run 2** (2015–18: 140 fb^{-1}) and/or the **partial Run 3** (2022–24: 164 fb^{-1}) datasets



[ATLAS-PHOTO-2022-055](#)

Low-mass dilepton systems: $H \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$

- Targeting $H \rightarrow \gamma^* \gamma \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ with dilepton invariant mass < 30 GeV
 - **Off-shell photon** sensitive to **new physics** and **three-body decay** sensitive to **CP structure**
- Events split into $\mu\mu$ and resolved/merged ee channels, using a boosted decision tree (BDT) to identify merged ee candidates, and further split by topology into **nine signal regions** (SRs)

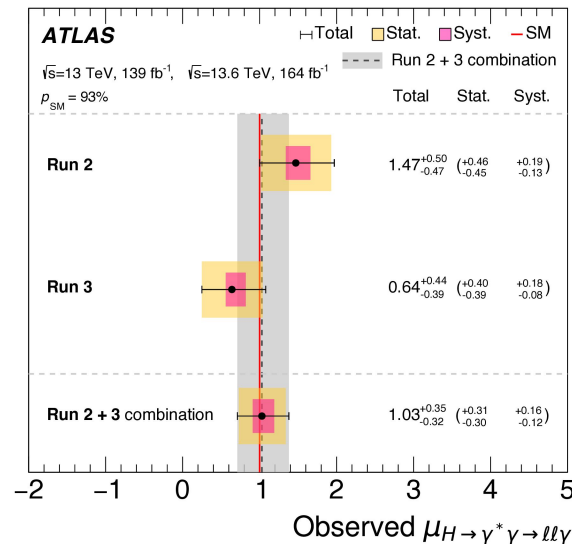
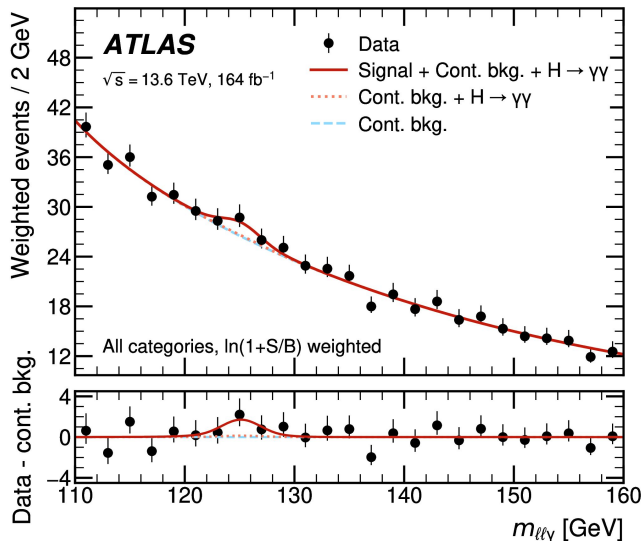


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Low-mass dilepton systems: $H \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$

- Fit $\ell\ell\gamma$ invariant mass in each SR $\rightarrow$ combine with [Run 2 measurement](#) to yield an observed (expected) significance of **3.4 (3.3) σ**

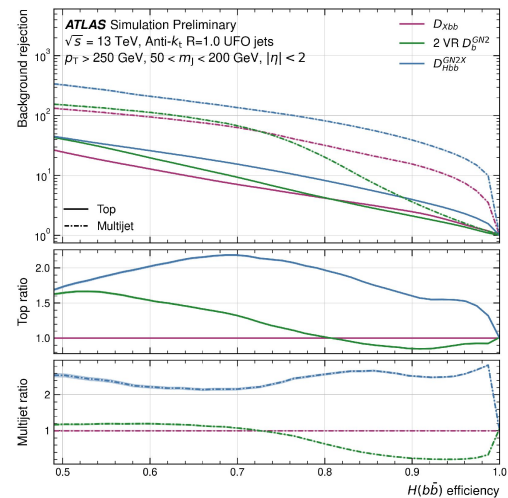
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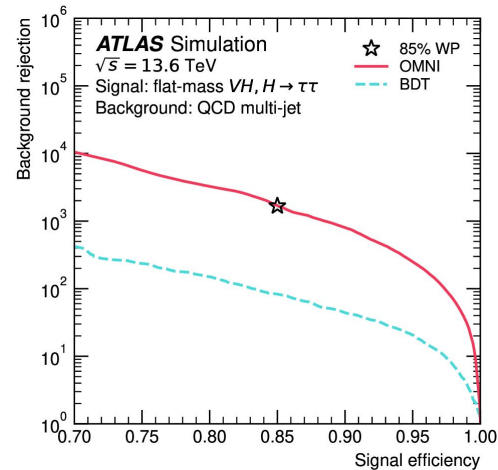
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Boosted signatures: $H \rightarrow bb$ and $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

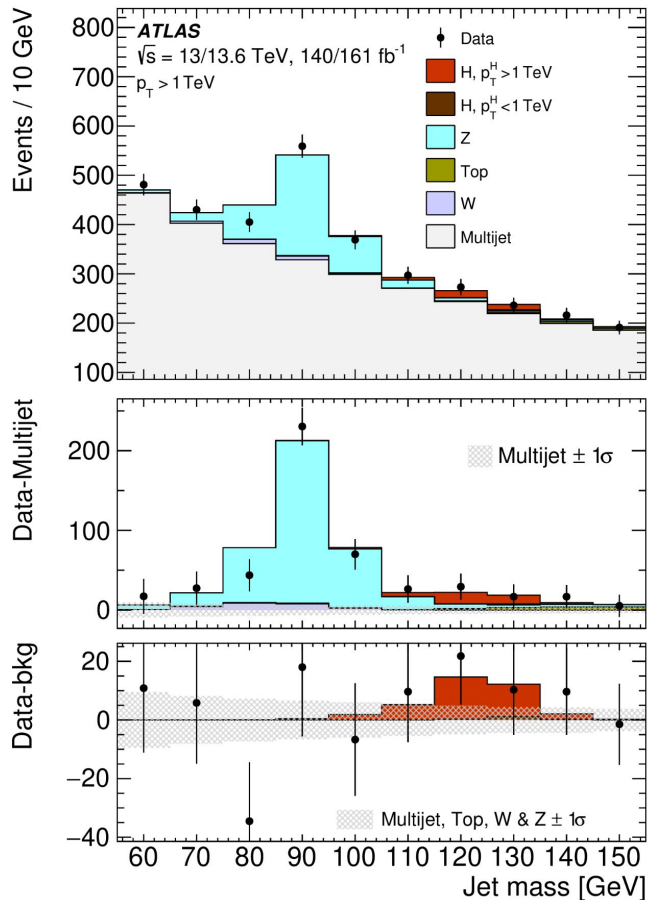
- **Boosted signatures** $\rightarrow$ sensitive to **new physics** as a function of Higgs p_T
- $H \rightarrow bb$: large-radius jets containing bb identified using transformer-based tagger ([GN2X](#)), with improved p_T /mass response using a [different transformer](#)
- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$: di-tau candidates reconstructed from subjects within a large-radius jet, with additional identification using a transformer (“OMNI” tagger)



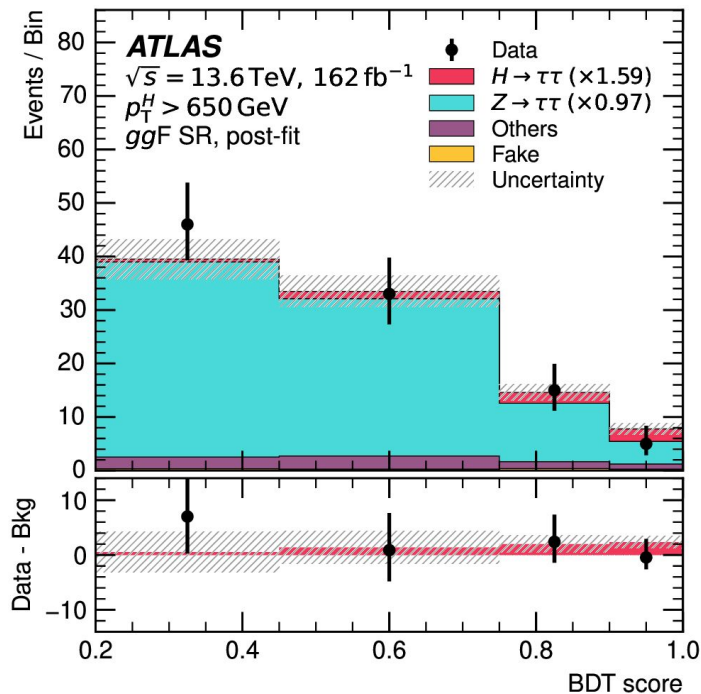
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HIGP-2024-49

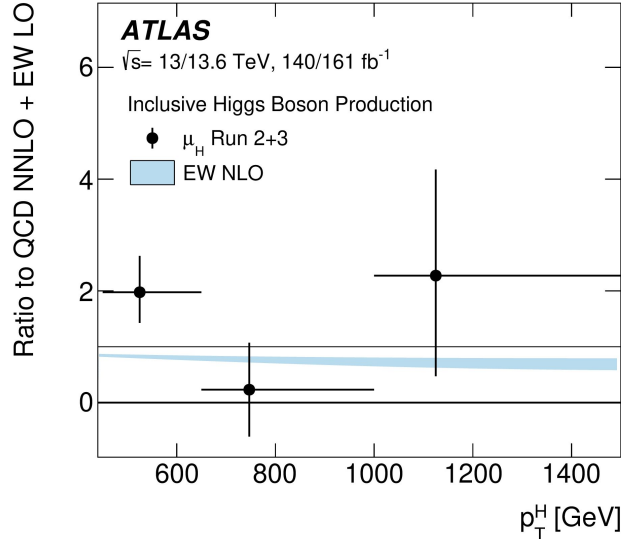


Boosted signatures: $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ and $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$



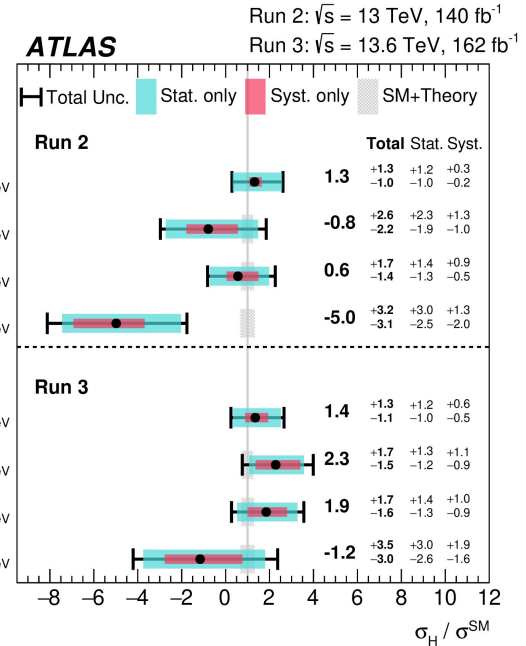
Boosted signatures: $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ and $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

PRL 137 (2026) 071801



$$\mu_H = 1.53 \pm 0.27 \text{ (stat.) } {}^{+0.33}_{-0.27} \text{ (syst.) } \pm 0.17 \text{ (theo.)}$$

Observed (expected) significance of **3.8 (2.5) σ** $\rightarrow$ **evidence** for Higgs boson production with Higgs $p_T > 450$ GeV (**7–10 $\times$ improvement** over Run 2!)

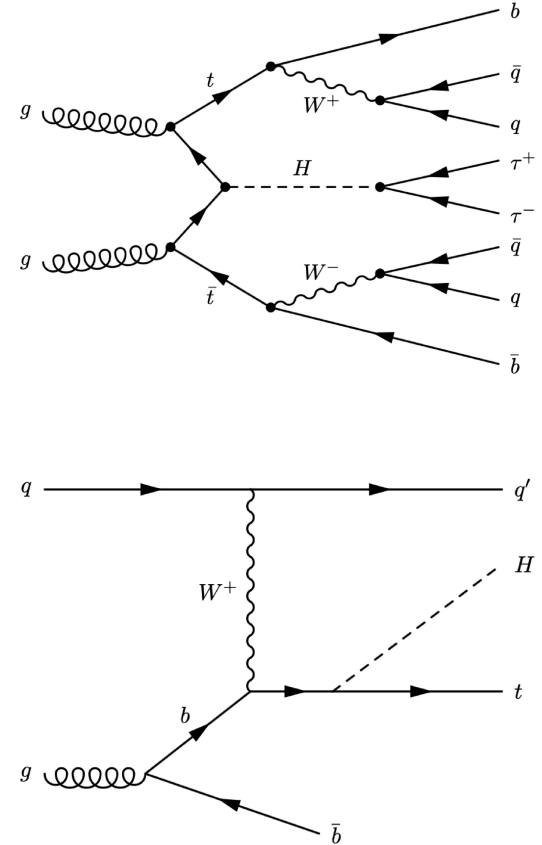


Observed (expected) significance of **3.8 (3.3) σ** $\rightarrow$ **also evidence**, for Higgs $p_T > 300$ GeV

HIGP-2024-49

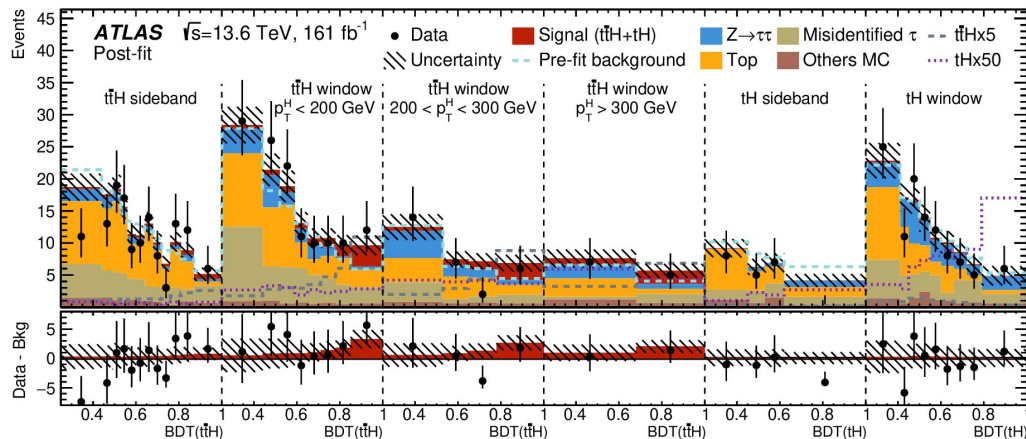
Top couplings: $t\bar{t}H+tH$, $H\rightarrow\tau\tau/\gamma\gamma$

- **Strong coupling** of top quark to Higgs $\rightarrow$ top quark could play a **special role** in EW symmetry breaking
- $t\bar{t}H$ provides **direct access** to **top Yukawa coupling** and the **Higgs' CP structure**
- $H\rightarrow\tau\tau$: two reconstructed taus and hadronically decaying top quarks
- $H\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: two reconstructed photons and hadronic/semileptonic top quarks
- Both: at least one b-tagged jet ([GN2](#))



Top couplings: $t\bar{t}H+tH$, $H\rightarrow\tau\tau/\gamma\gamma$

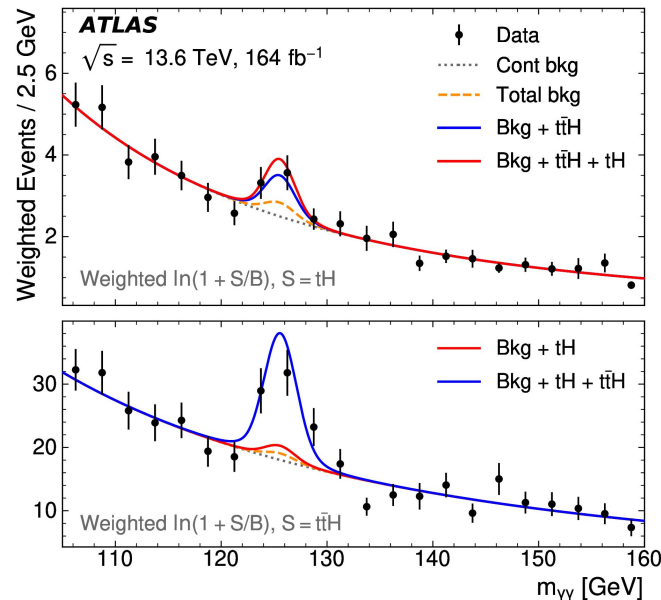
[HIGP-2024-52](#)



BDT separating signal processes from each other
and background → BDTs subsequently fitted

(More details in [Morvan's talk](#) this afternoon!)

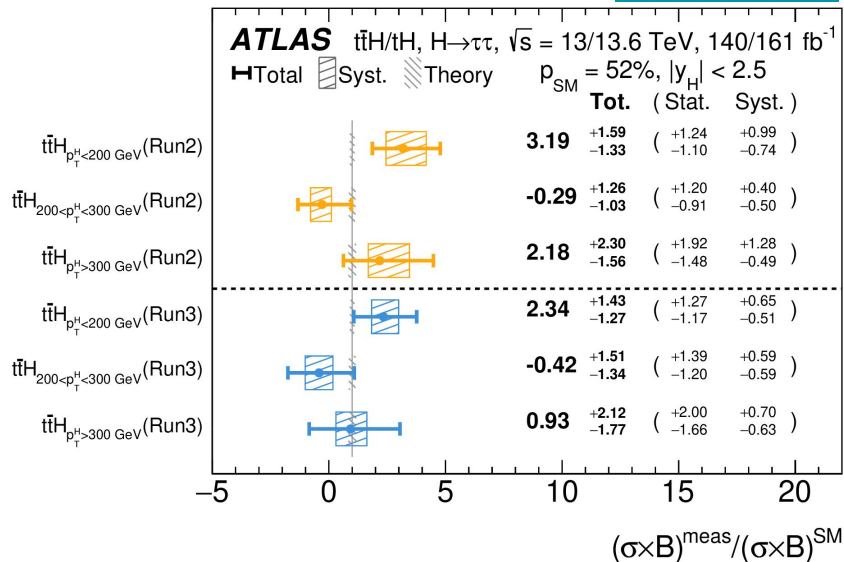
[HIGP-2024-24](#)



Graph neural networks (GNNs)
separate $t\bar{t}H/tH$ from other Higgs
production and non-resonant background
→ diphoton mass fitted among 32
categories, with further splitting by
CP-even/odd-ness using a different GNN

Top couplings: $t\bar{t}H+tH$, $H\rightarrow\tau\tau/\gamma\gamma$

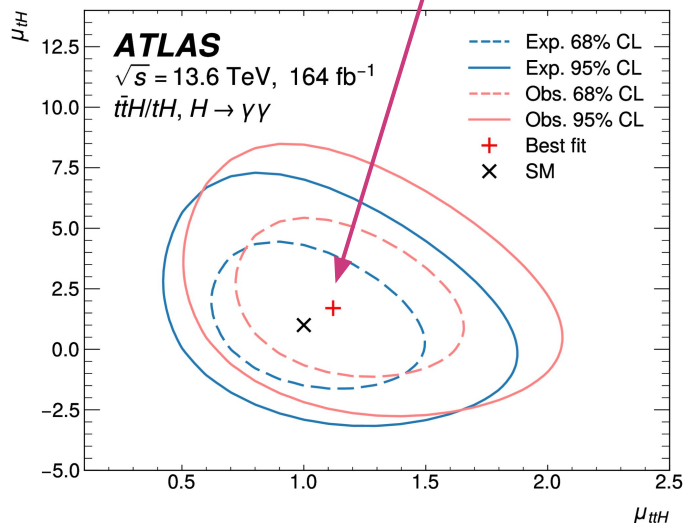
HIGP-2024-52



Results in the STXS framework

30% improvement
in tH sensitivity
compared to Run 2!

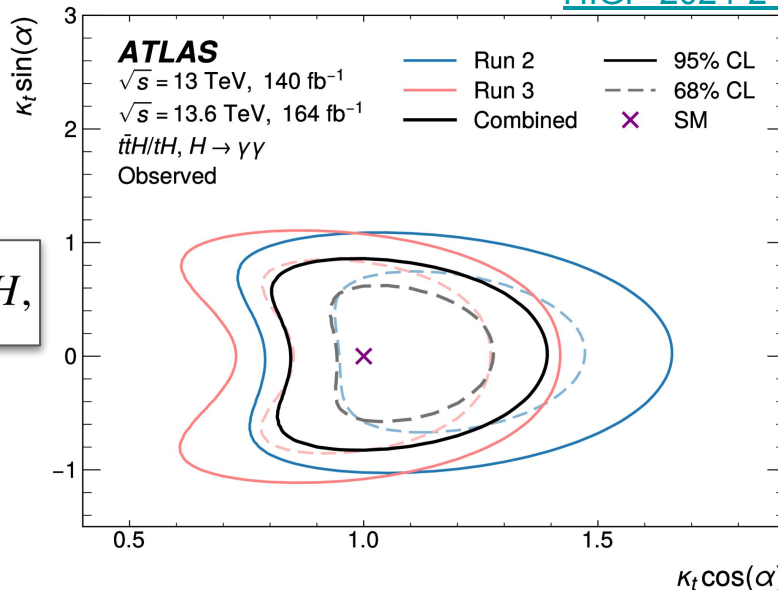
HIGP-2024-24



Observed (expected) significances of **5.0 (4.7) σ** for $t\bar{t}H$ (**observation!**) and **0.87 (0.54) σ** for tH

Limits on CP mixing angle from $t\bar{t}H+tH$, $H\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$

[HIGP-2024-24](#)



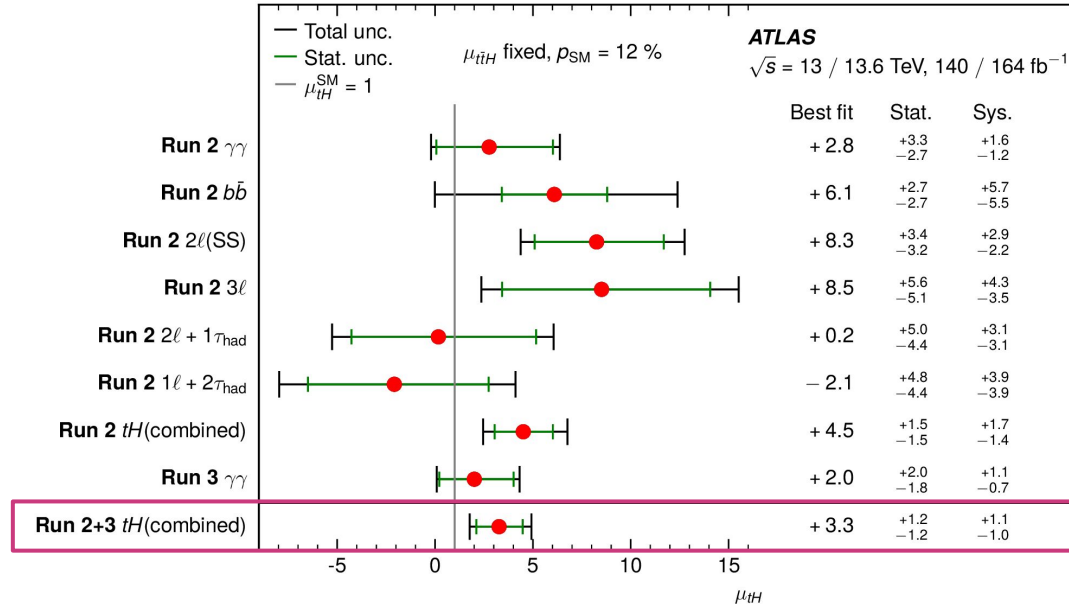
$$\mathcal{L} = - \frac{m_t}{v} \left\{ \bar{\psi}_t \kappa_t [\cos(\alpha) + i \sin(\alpha) \gamma_5] \psi_t \right\} H,$$

Run 2+3: exclude **CP mixing angle $|\alpha| > 38^\circ$** at 95% confidence level (CL) → **strongest constraint** on CP violation in Higgs-top interaction to date

Run 2+3 combined search for tH production

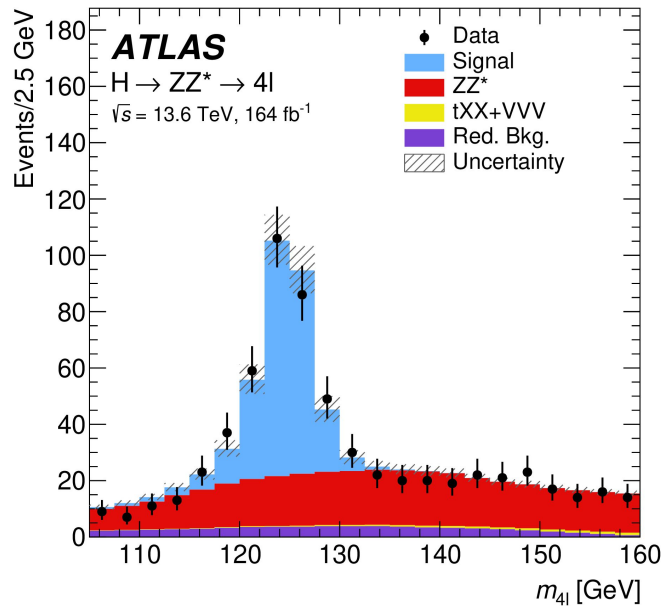
- tH production is uniquely sensitive to the **sign** of the top Yukawa coupling
- Exercised combination of tH searches from Run 2+3
- Observed (expected) 95% CL upper limit of **6.1 (2.7) $\times$ SM** and a significance of **2.3 (0.8) σ** $\rightarrow$ **most precise result** to date

[HIGP-2026-05](#)



$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$: couplings and cross-sections

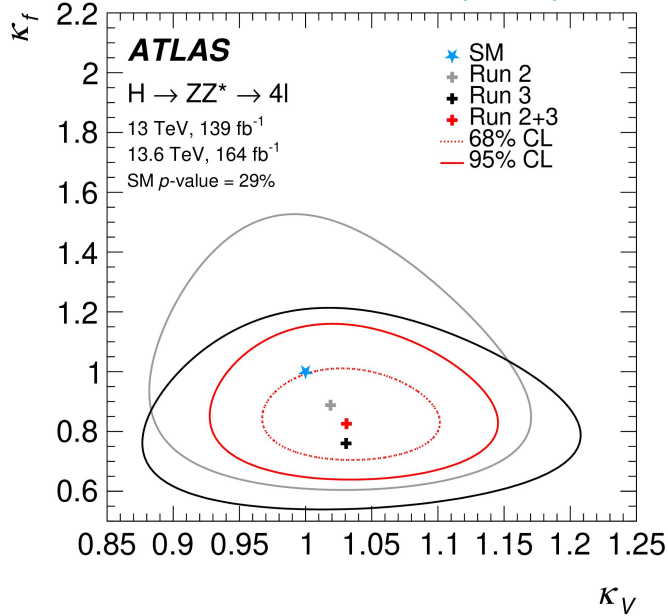
- Final state provides a clean signature, excellent signal-to-background, and full reconstruction of the final state
- Measured couplings (κ framework) and cross-sections (total, STXS, and fiducial)
 - STXS $\rightarrow$ profits from [set transformers](#) for event classification
 - See [Elena's talk](#) from earlier today on fiducial cross-sections results



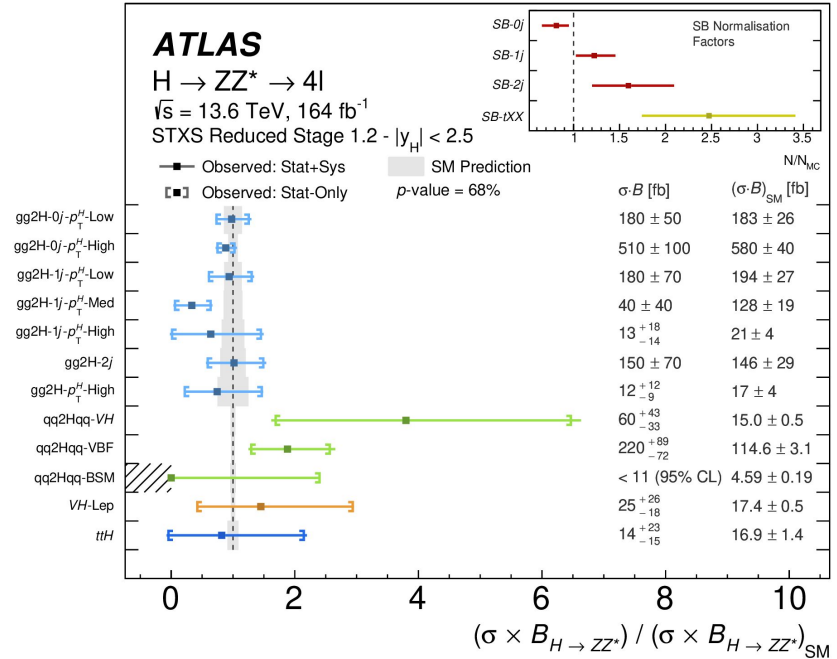
[JHEP 08 \(2026\) 052](#)

$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$: couplings and cross-sections

JHEP 08 (2026) 052

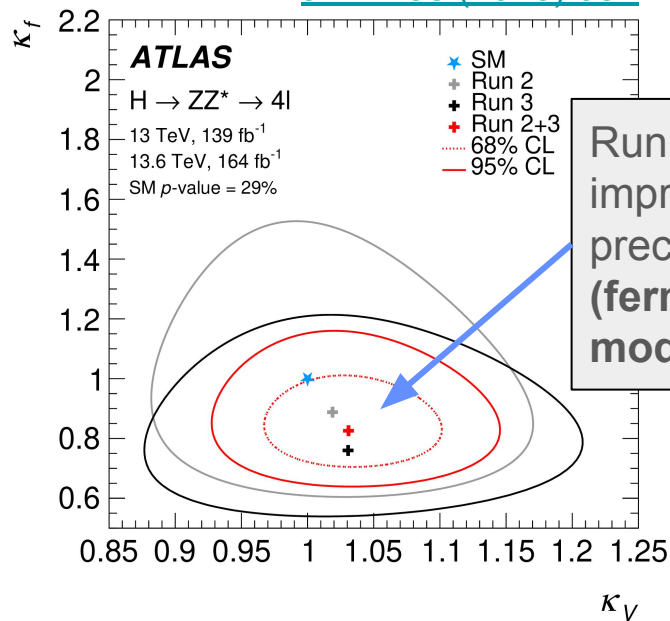


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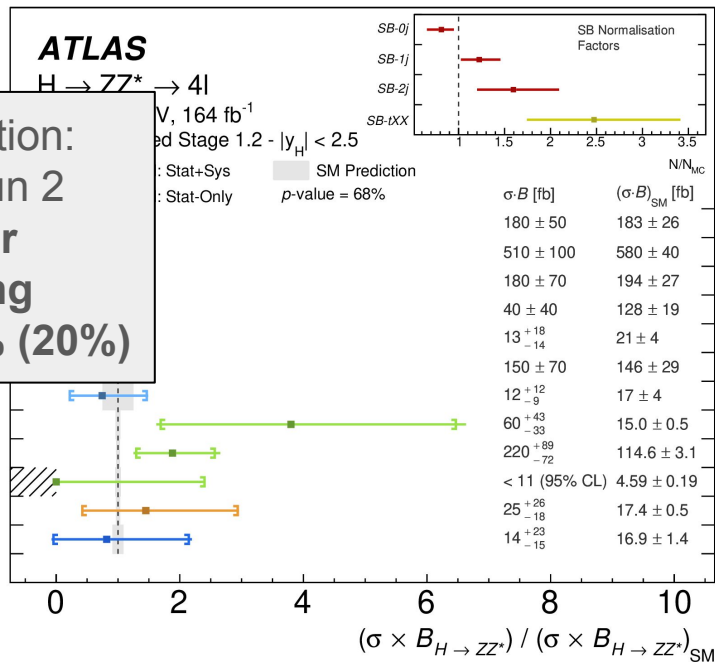
$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$: couplings and cross-sections

JHEP 08 (2026) 052



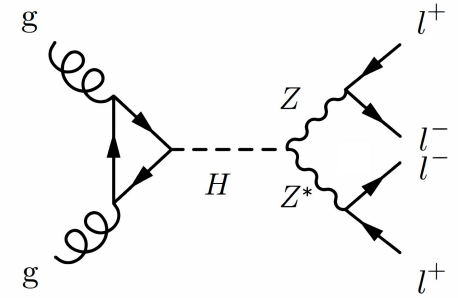
Run 2+3 combination:
 improves upon Run 2
 precision of **vector**
 (fermion) coupling
 modifiers by **40% (20%)**

JHEP 08 (2026) 052

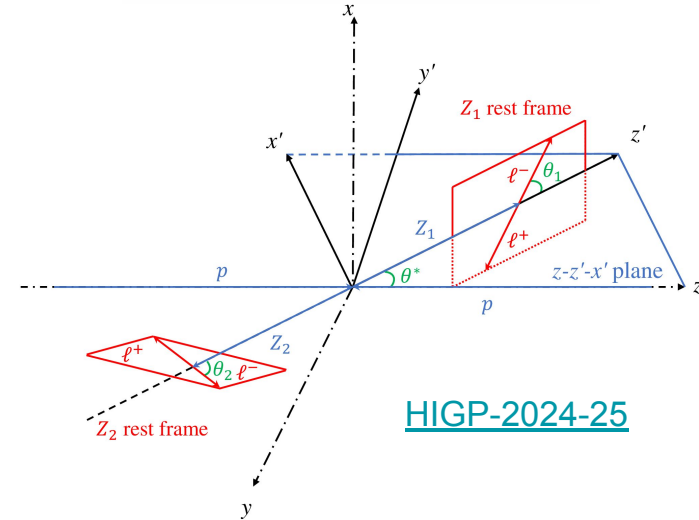


Z boson entanglement in $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$

- Recent and significant interest in studies of **quantum entanglement (QE)** at colliders
 - Already studied by ATLAS in [top quark pairs](#)
- Up next: $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$
 - Spin-1 Z boson described by **three helicity states**: $|+\rangle$, $|-\rangle$, and $|0\rangle$
 - Higgs is spin-0, so **three possible ZZ spin states**: $|+-\rangle$, $|--\rangle$, and $|00\rangle$
- Lepton angles in the rest frame of the decayed Z bosons serve as **spin analyzers** of the parent, which can be used to...



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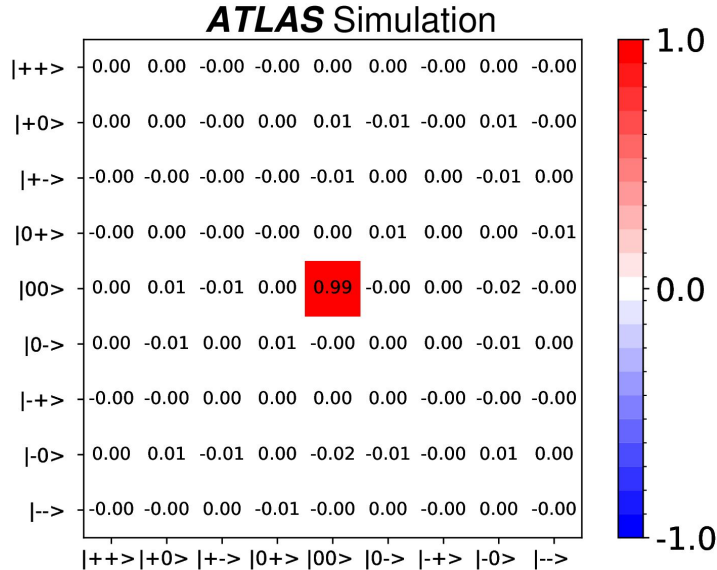


HIGP-2024-25

Z boson entanglement in $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$

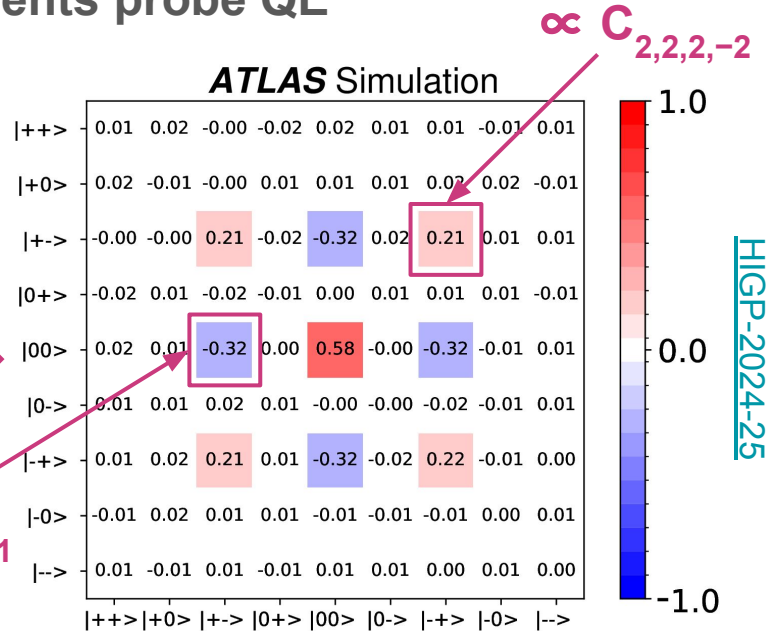
...reconstruct the spin density matrix,
whose off-diagonal elements probe QE

HIGP-2024-25



QE

$\propto C_{2,1,2,-1}$



HIGP-2024-25

Z boson entanglement in $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$

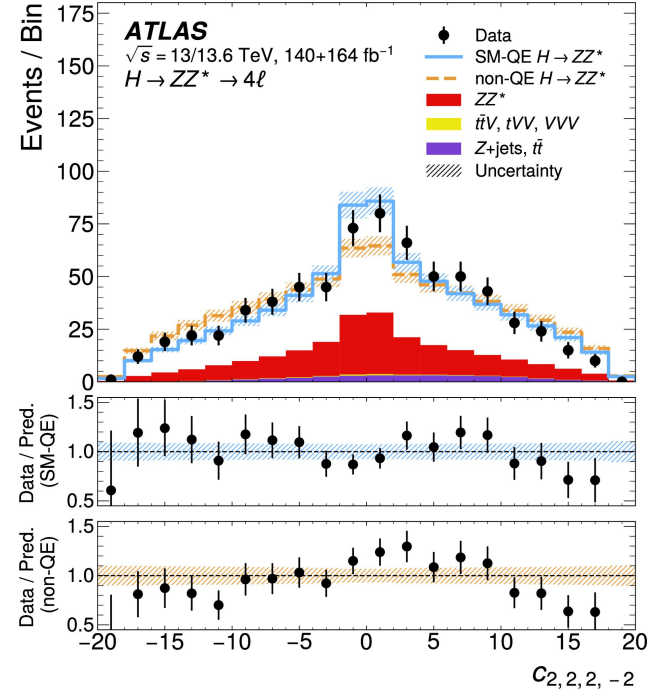
- **Nonzero** $C_{2,1,2,-1}$ or $C_{2,2,2,-2} \rightarrow$ marker of QE
- Measured their mean values using Run 2+3 data:

$$C_{2,1,2,-1} = -0.71 \pm 0.45 \text{ (SM: } -0.97\text{)}$$

$$C_{2,2,2,-2} = 0.08 \pm 0.44 \text{ (SM: } 0.64\text{)}$$

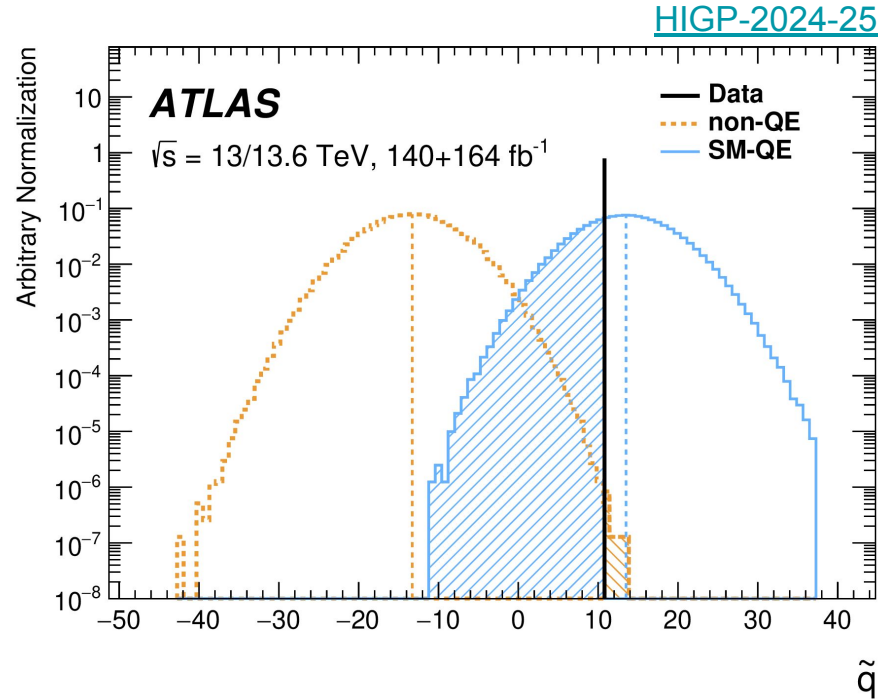
- Uncertainties dominated by the availability of data

HIGP-2024-25



Z boson entanglement in $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$

- $C_{2,2,2,-2}$ distribution used to perform a **hypothesis test** of the QE vs. longitudinal-only polarized Z bosons hypotheses: observed (expected) significance of **4.7 (4.9) σ** over longitudinal-only hypothesis



Combination of Higgs boson measurements

[HIGP-2025-16](#)

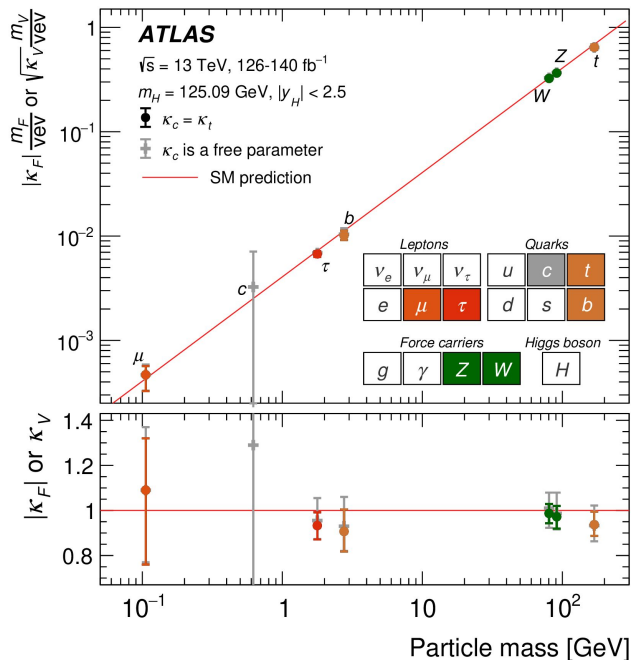
- Statistical combinations of Higgs boson measurements performed using the **“legacy”** Run 2 measurements as well as **new/expanded** measurements
 - Provide a holistic picture of Higgs boson production as measured by ATLAS
- Measured total cross sections (inclusively and split by production mode), couplings, differential information, ...

Analysis	Prod. modes	$\mathcal{L}$ [fb ⁻¹]	Ref.	Comparison with Ref.	Measurements		
					Incl.	κ	STXS
$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$	All	140		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$	ggF, VBF	140		Updated	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu, \ell\nu jj$	VH	140		Full Run 2	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	All	140		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	All	140		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	All, except ($V \rightarrow \text{leptons}$) H	140		Updated	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	($V \rightarrow \text{leptons}$) H	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	All	140		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow bb$	VBF	126		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow bb, cc$	($V \rightarrow \text{leptons}$) H	140		Updated	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow bb$ (high p_T^H)	All	136		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \text{multileptons}$	$t\bar{t}H$	140		Full Run 2	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow bb$	$t\bar{t}H$	140		Updated	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow bb$	$t\bar{t}H$	140		Updated	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	VBF	140		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	VBF + γ	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	($V \rightarrow \text{leptons}$) H	140		Unchanged	✓	✓	✓
$H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	$t\bar{t}H$	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$H^{(*)} \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$	ggF, VBF	140		Updated	✓	✓	✓
$H^{(*)} \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$	ggF, VBF	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$HH \rightarrow bbbb$	ggF, VBF	126		New	✓	✓	✓
$HH \rightarrow bbbb$ (high p_T^H)	VBF	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$	ggF, VBF	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	ggF, VBF	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell\ell + E_T^{\text{miss}}$	ggF, VBF	140		New	✓	✓	✓
$HH \rightarrow \text{multileptons}$	ggF, VBF	140		New	✓	✓	✓

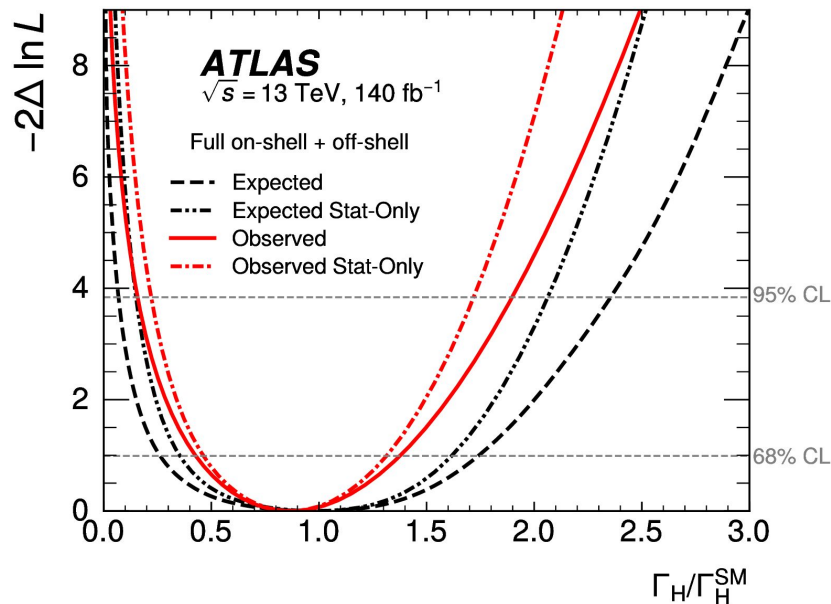
(More about HH in [Shota's talk](#) this afternoon!)

Higgs boson couplings vs. mass and natural width

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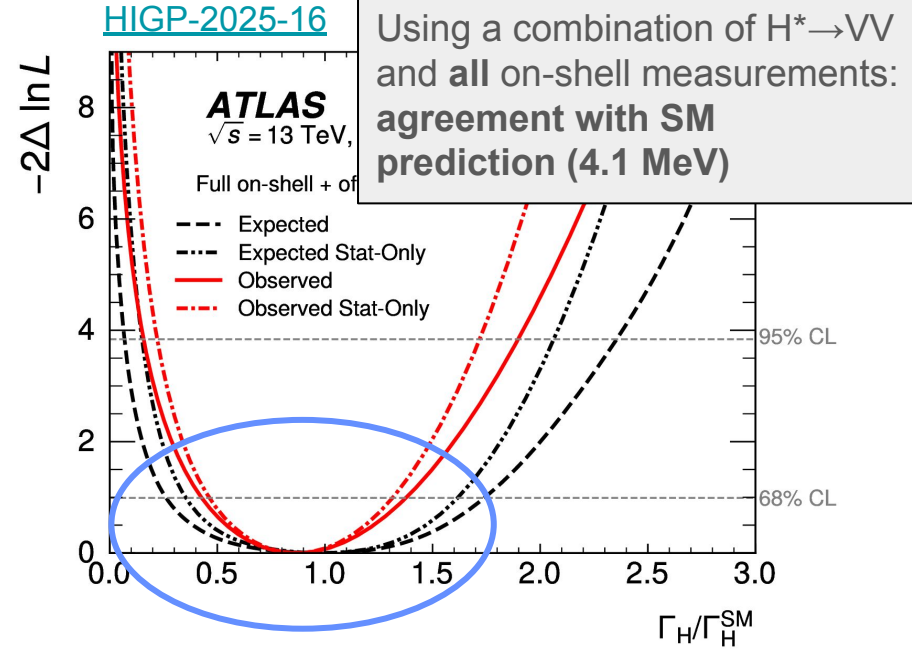
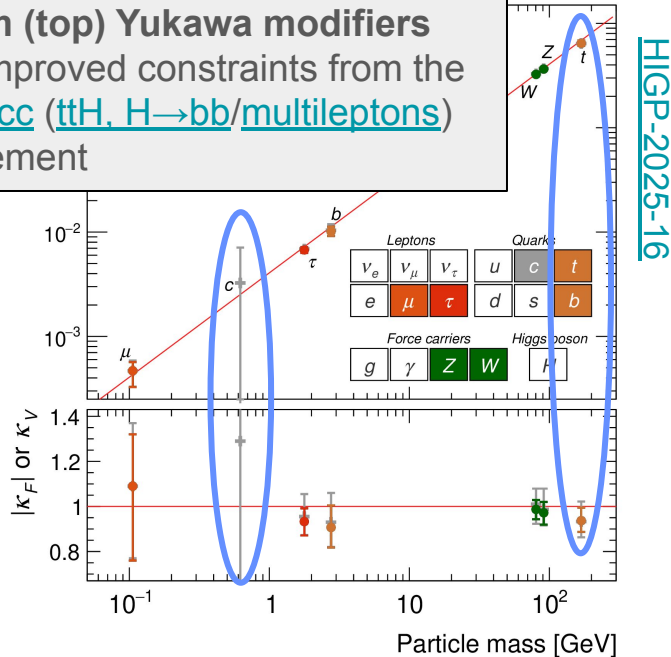
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$$\Gamma_H = 3.6^{+2.1}_{-1.6} \text{ MeV} = 3.6^{+1.9}_{-1.4} (\text{stat.}) {}^{+0.9}_{-0.8} (\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV}.$$

Higgs boson couplings vs. mass and natural width

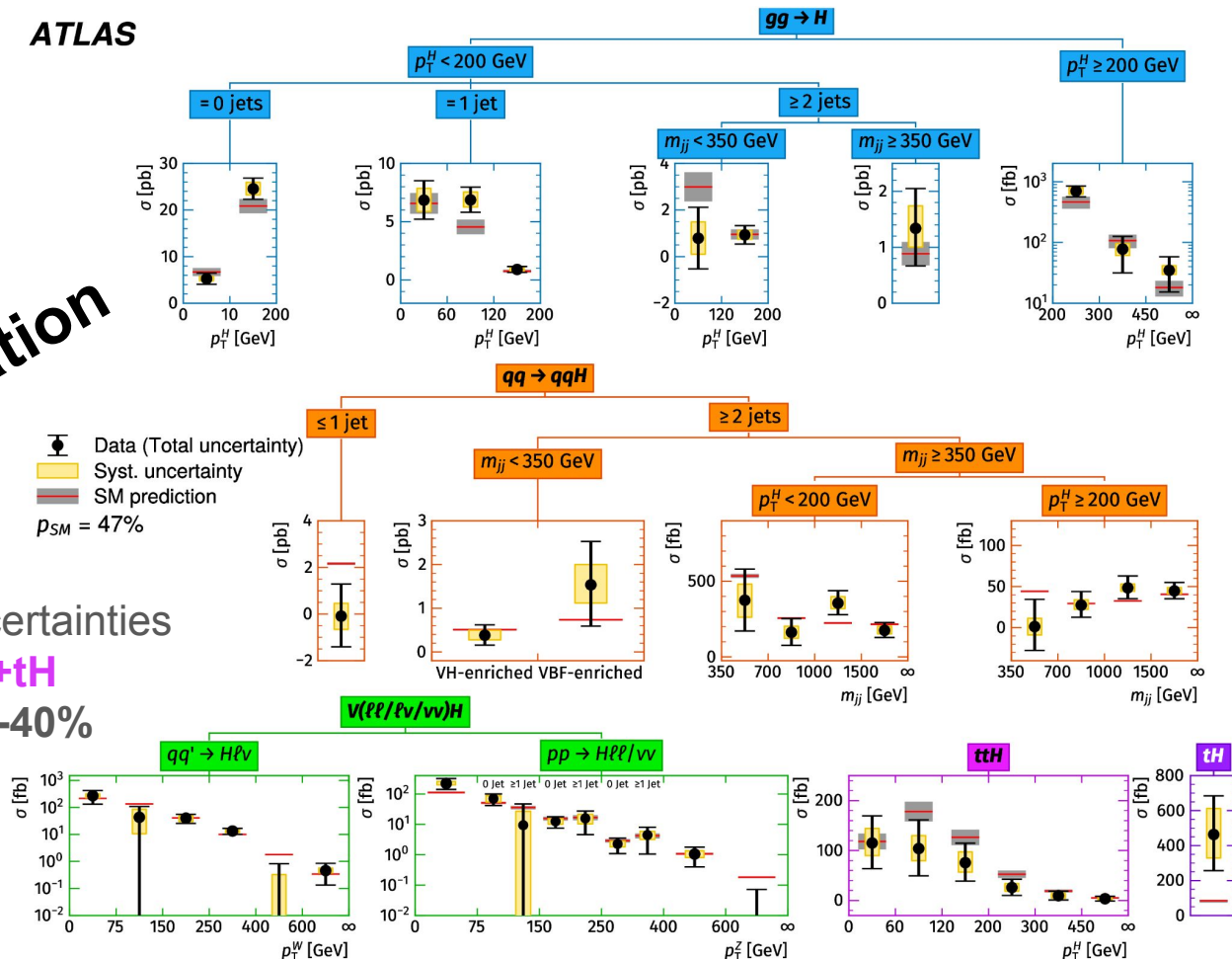
50% (15%) improvement in precision of charm (top) Yukawa modifiers due to improved constraints from the [VH](#), [H→cc](#) ([ttH](#), [H→bb](#)/[multileptons](#)) measurement



$$\Gamma_H = 3.6^{+2.1}_{-1.6} \text{ MeV} = 3.6^{+1.9}_{-1.4} (\text{stat.}) {}^{+0.9}_{-0.8} (\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV}.$$

Full STXS combination

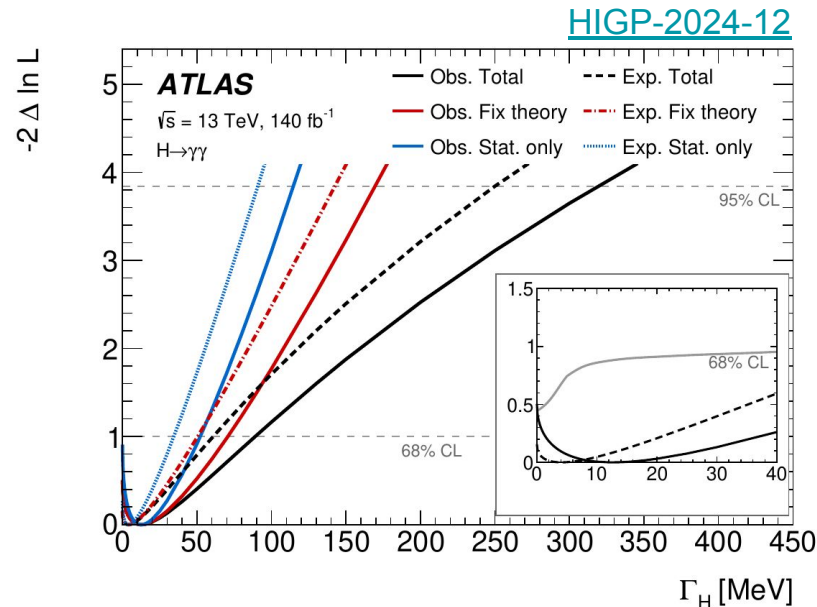
Inclusively, uncertainties on **VH** and **ttH+th** reduced by **20–40%**



HIGP-2025-16

Hot off the presses! Natural width from $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- Natural width can also be extracted from signal-background interference effects on **on-shell** signal
 - Shift $\gamma\gamma$ invariant mass peak and modify its normalization ([Backup](#))
 - More **model independent** than off-shell measurements
- Parameterize $gg \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ process in terms of width $\rightarrow$ report observed (expected) 95% CL upper limit of **307 (258) MeV**
 - Limited by **theory uncertainties** (e.g. interference NLO $\rightarrow$ NNLO k-factor of 1.64)



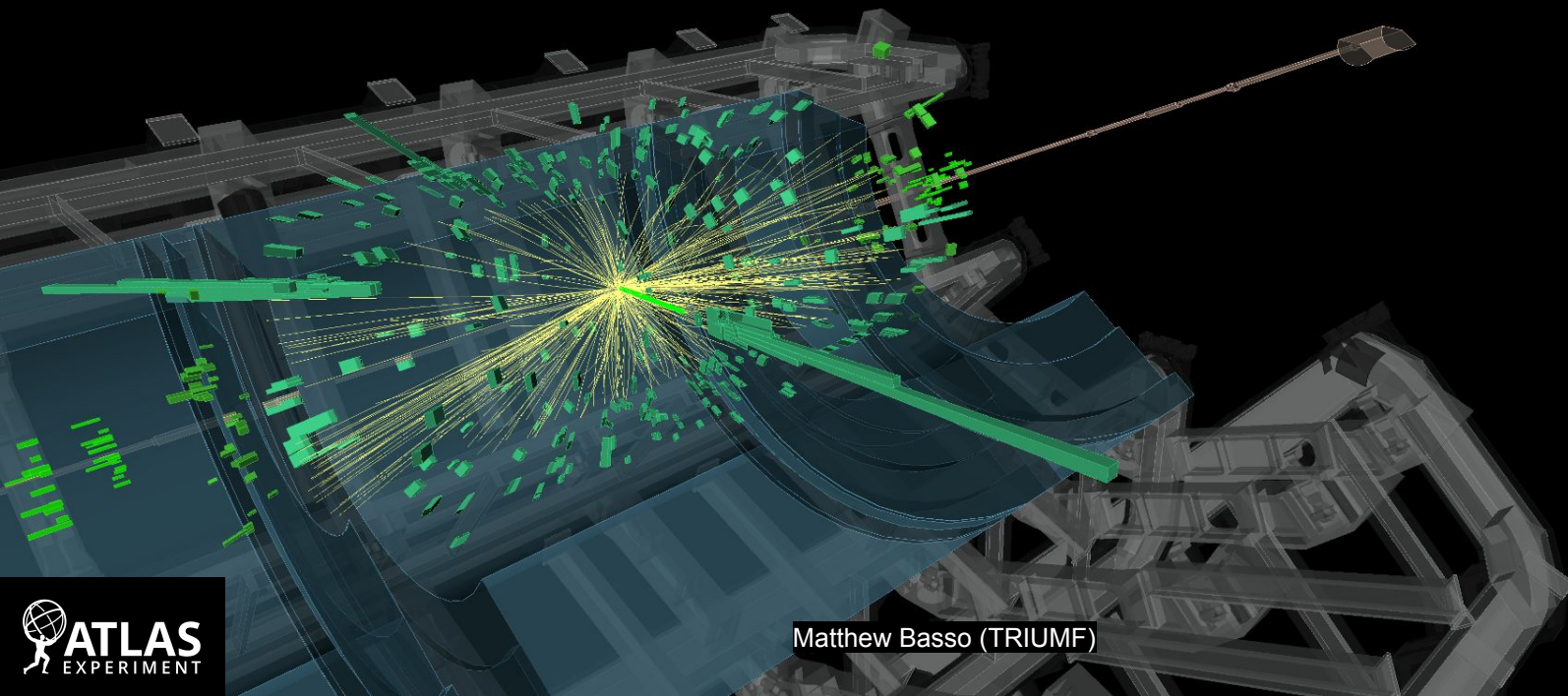
High-Luminosity LHC projection:
expected 95% CL upper limit of **21 MeV**

Summary

- **Comprehensive program** of Higgs measurements pursued by ATLAS across all production modes and final states and with **spectacular precision**
 - In many cases: precision limited by the **availability of data** (especially when splitting measurements differentially)
 - **Advanced analysis techniques** (e.g. machine learning) have also led to improvements (e.g. in boosted $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $t\bar{t}H(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$, ...)
- **No deviations from the SM have been observed**
- Many of these measurements also consider **Effective Field Theory (EFT) interpretations** → covered in [Michiel's talk](#) tomorrow

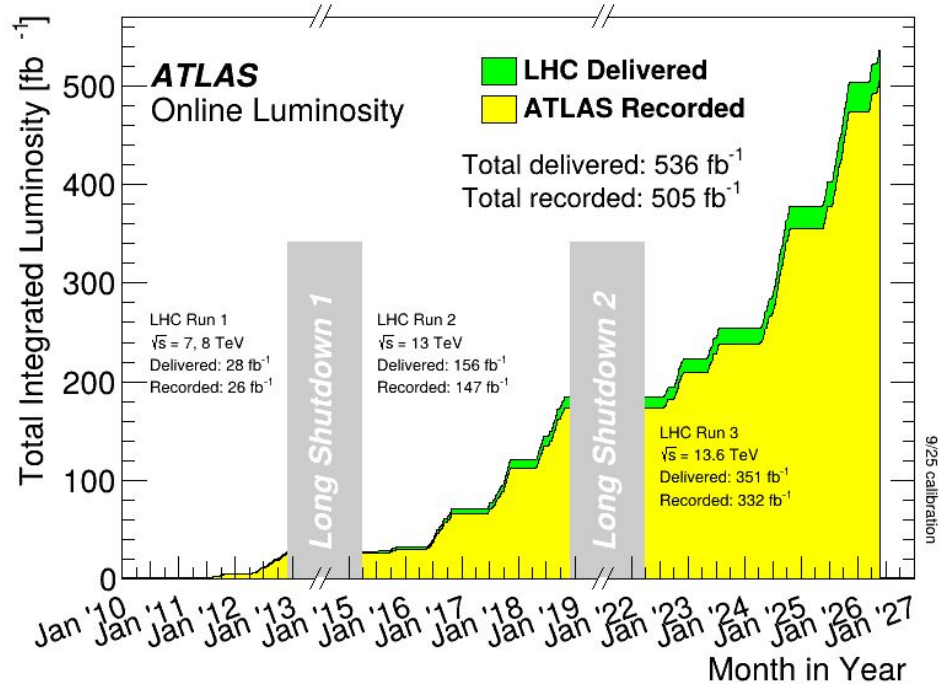
Thank you for listening!

Any questions?



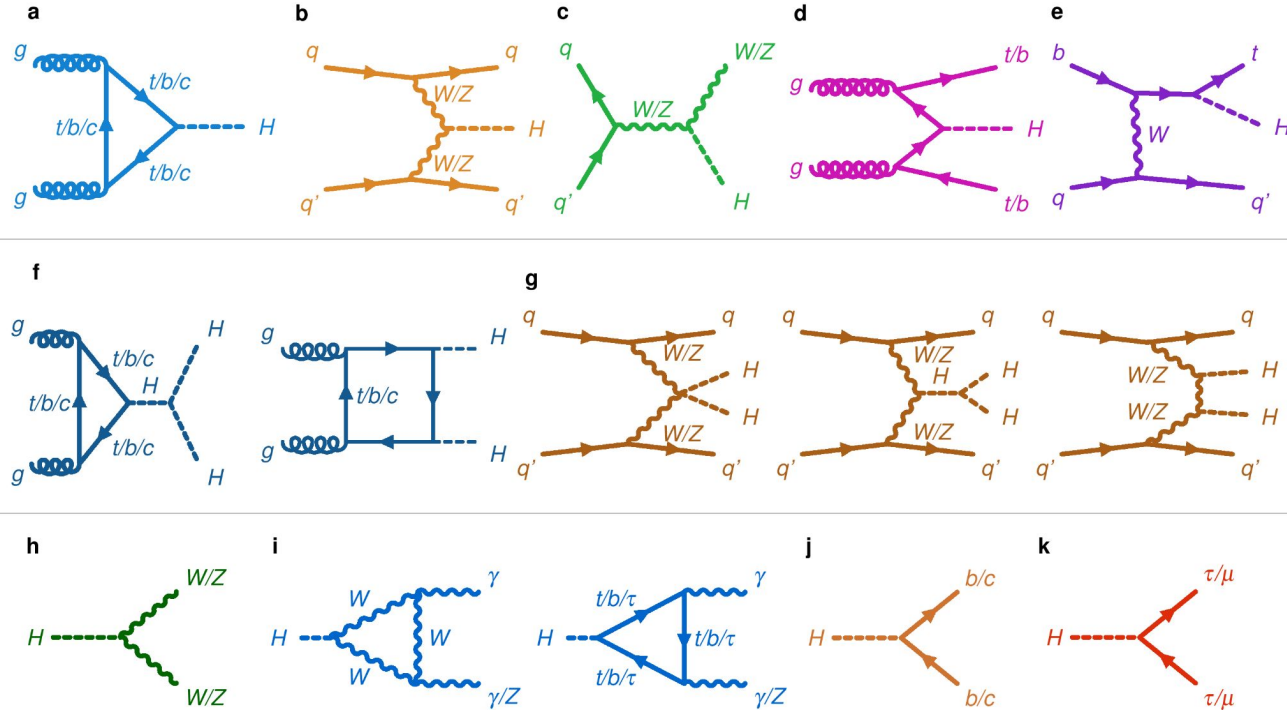
Backup

Integrated luminosity recorded by ATLAS



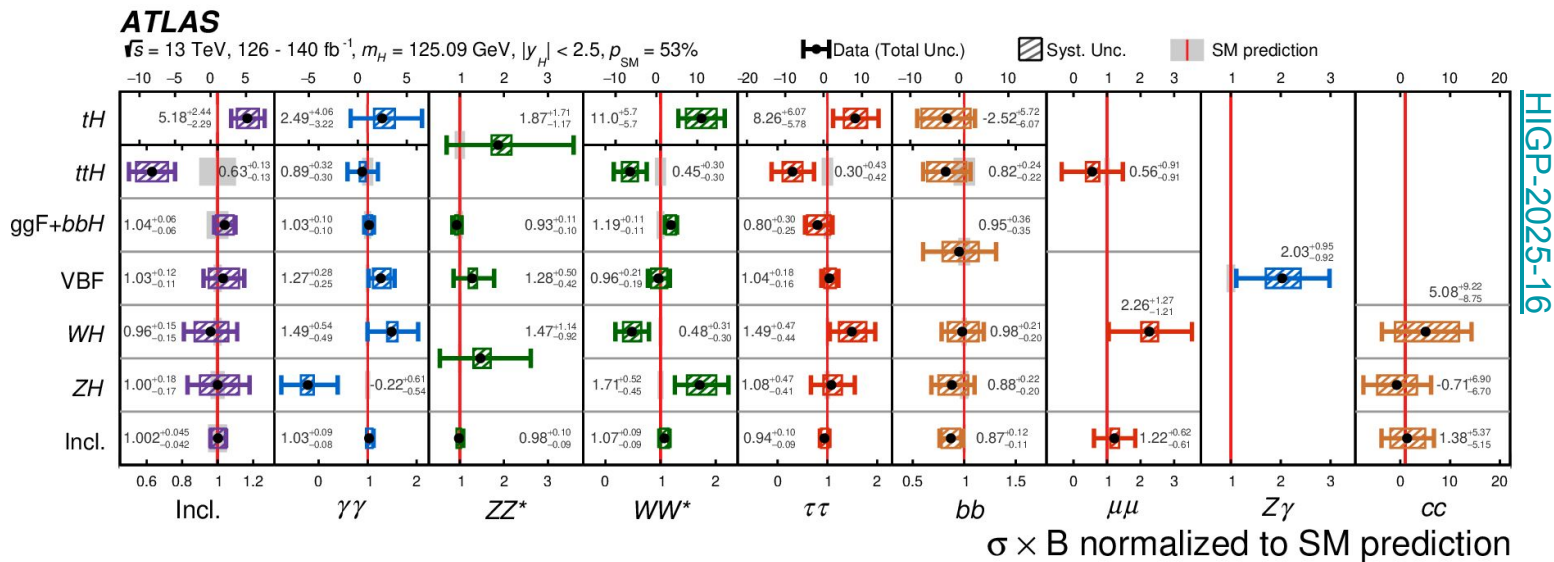
[Public luminosity results](#)

Higgs production modes and decays



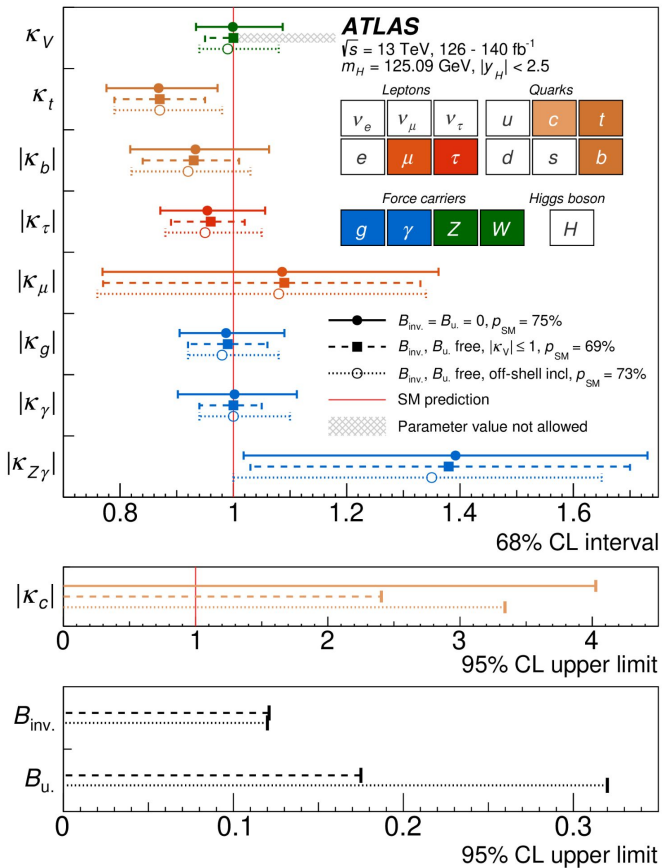
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Production cross-sections among decay channels



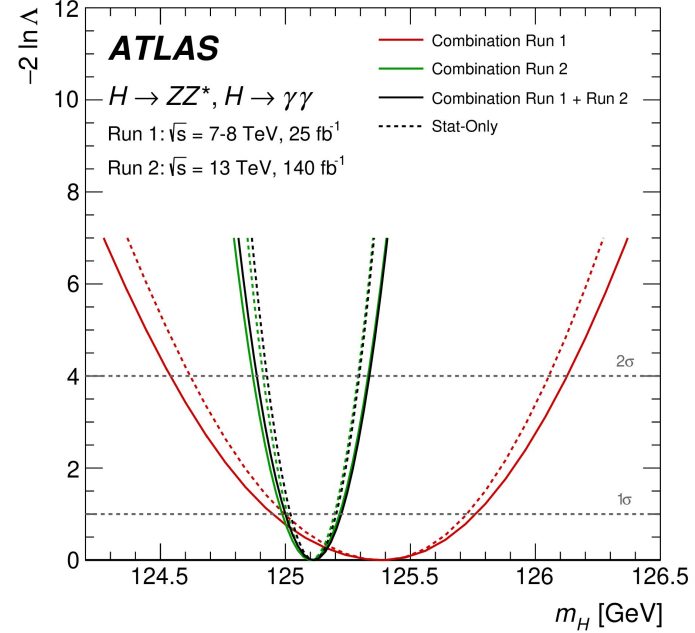
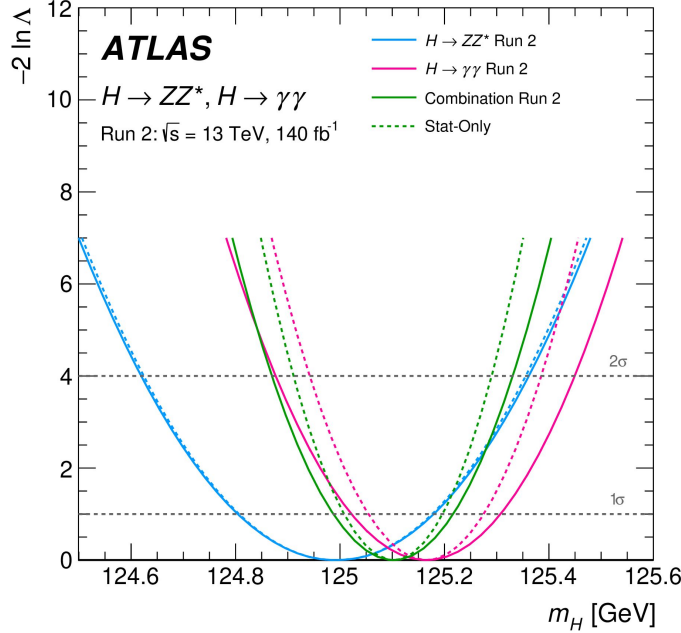
Higgs boson coupling modifiers

[HIGP-2025-16](#)



Run 1+2 Higgs mass combination

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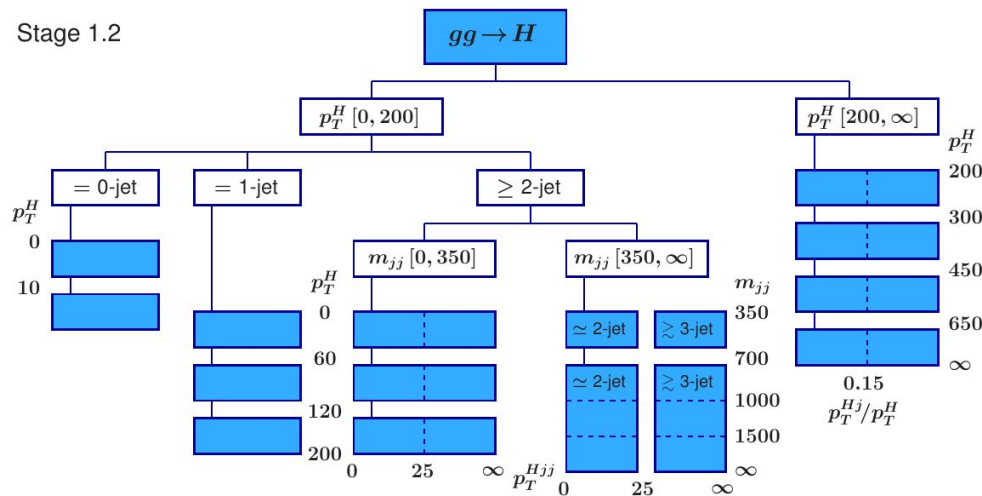


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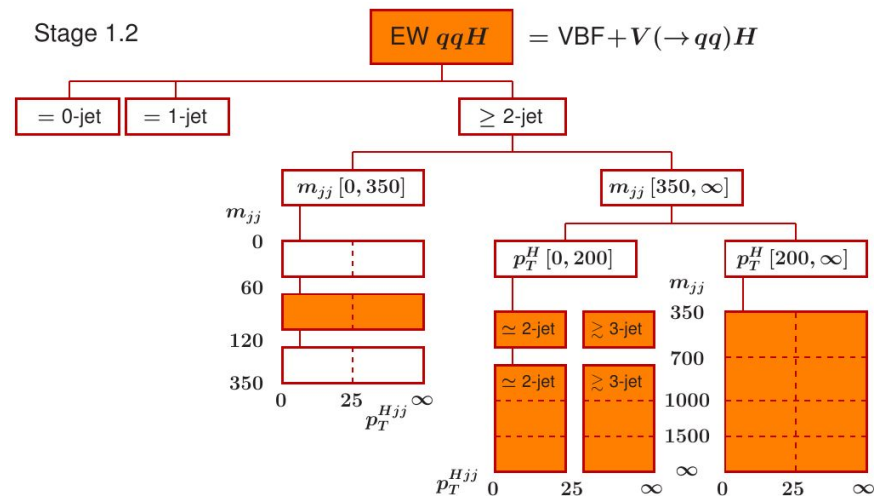
$$m_H = 125.11 \pm 0.09 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.06 \text{ (syst.)} = 125.11 \pm 0.11 \text{ GeV.}$$

STXS Stage 1.2 categorization scheme

Stage 1.2

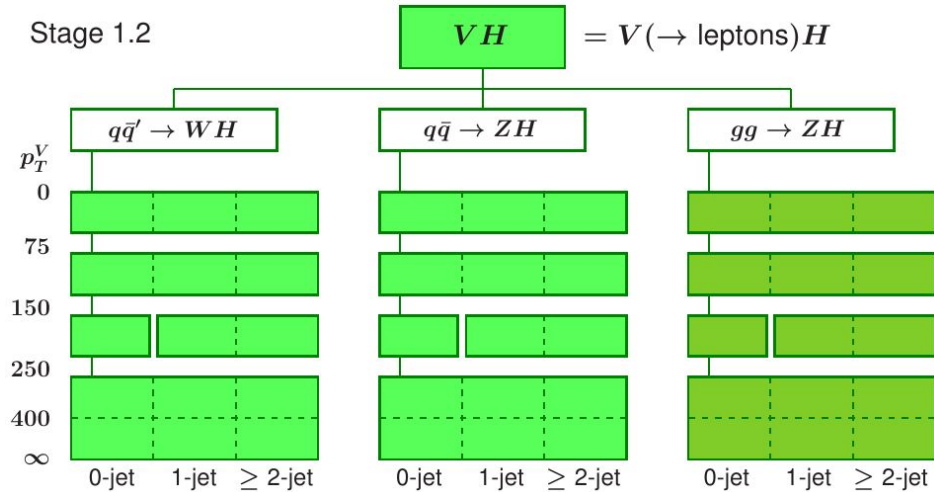


Stage 1.2

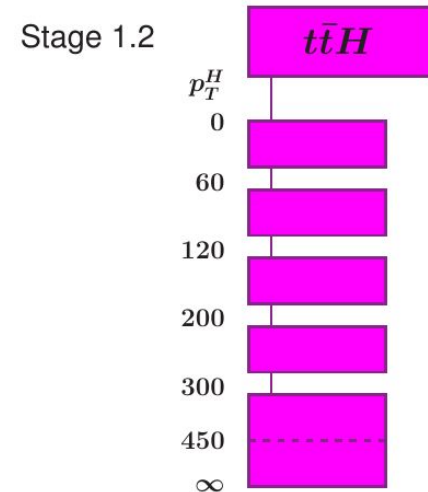


[arXiv:1906.02754](https://arxiv.org/abs/1906.02754)

STXS Stage 1.2 categorization scheme



[arXiv:1906.02754](https://arxiv.org/abs/1906.02754)



Effects of interference on $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ signal peak

