

Works of LAL theory group and French-Ukrainian collaborations

Emi Kou (LAL/IN2P3)



French-Ukrainian Workshop 2014
1st October @LAL-Orsay



LAL Theory group

IN2P3

Charmonium
B/D physics...



top
physics



BABAR

Physics
WG



Physics
WG



Theory group



Hadron
physics

Theory group
of IPNO



Theory group

(since 2008)

- *E. KOU (permanent)
- *J. HEBINGER (PhD)
- *D. Malkin (internship student from KIPT)

QCD/
BSM

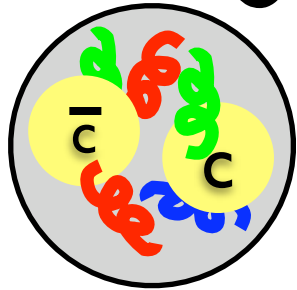
Theory lab.
LPT



Labex P2IO

Works done:

Charmonium production at LHCb



S. Barsuk, J. He, E.K., M. Teklishyn, B.Viaud

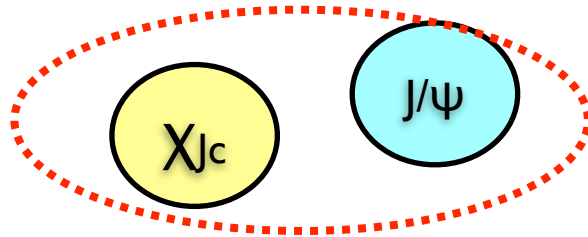
- Studying quarkonium is very important to have a deep understanding of QCD.

		n	$2s+1$	l_J	J^{PC}	mass MeV	width MeV	discovery
η_c	pseudoscalar	1	1	S_0	0^{-+}	2980	25.5	1980 ←
J/ψ	vector	1	3	S_1	1^{--}	3097	0.093	1974
h_c	axial vector	1	1	P_1	1^{+-}	3524		2005 ←
χ_{c0}	scalar	1	3	P_0	0^{++}	3415	10.4	1975
χ_{c1}	axial vector	1	3	P_1	1^{++}	3511	0.89	1975
χ_{c2}	tensor	1	3	P_2	2^{++}	3556	2.06	1975
$\psi(3770)$	vector	1	3	D_1	1^{--}	3771	23.0	1977
$\eta_c(2S)$	pseudoscalar	2	1	S_0	0^{-+}	3637	< 55	2002 ←
$\psi(2S)$	vector	2	3	S_1	1^{--}	3686	0.337	1974

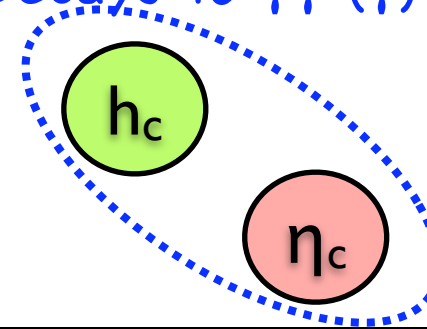
- Tevatron anomaly since 1995 on J/ψ and χ_{cJ} .
- Investigating η_c , h_c is important. However, hadron machines had never seen these states!

Works done in collaboration: Charmonium production at LHCb

Decays to $\mu^+\mu^-(\gamma)$



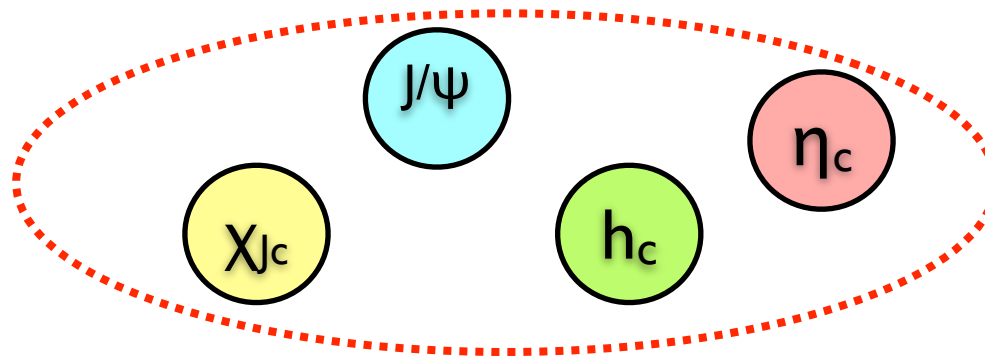
Decays to $\gamma\gamma$ (γ)



S. Barsuk, J. He,
E.K. B.Viaud
PRD '12

This is why J/ψ and χ_{Jc} have been already seen at hadron machines but not h_c and η_c .

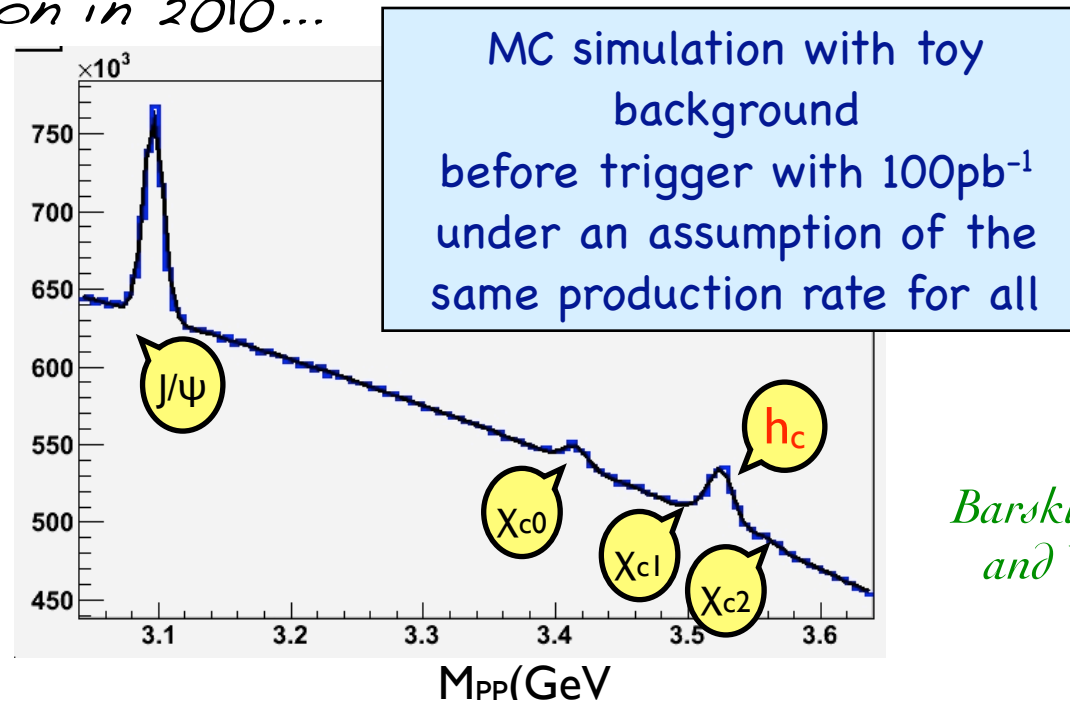
Decays to proton anti-proton!



We can investigate simultaneously all the states using the proton anti-proton final state!

Works done in collaboration: Charmonium production at LHCb

Simulation in 2010...

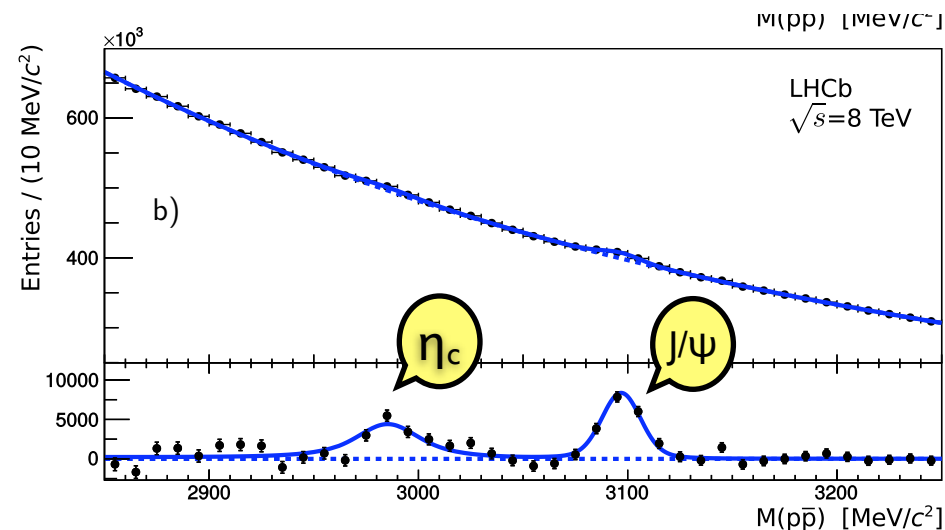


*Barsku, He, E.K.
and Viaud '10*

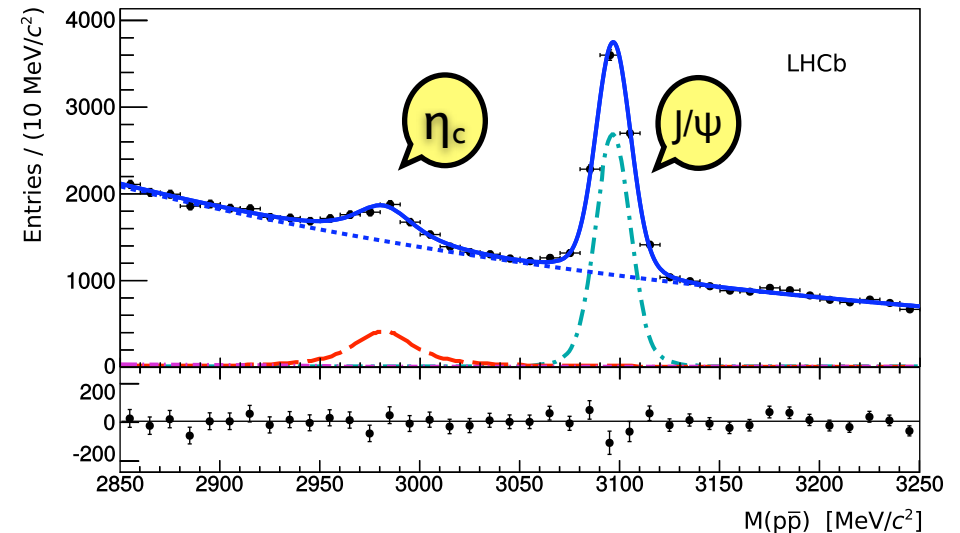
Works done in collaboration: Charmonium production at LHCb

LHCb result 2014 !!

η_c and J/ψ from prompt production



η_c and J/ψ from b quark decay



First observation of η_c at hadron machine!

Thesis of Maksym Teklishyn 2014,
LHCb publication
arXiv:1409.3612

Works possible in the future I?

Theoretical interpretation of the LHCb result

Slide from M.Teklishyn thesis defense

Process dependent:
calculable in
perturbation theory

Hadronic
parameters:
Non-perturbative
but extractable
from experiments

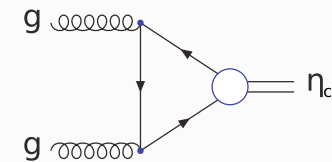
Spin symmetry

$$\begin{aligned}\langle \mathcal{O}_8^{\eta_c}(^1S_0) \rangle &= \frac{1}{3} \langle \mathcal{O}_8^{J/\psi}(^3S_1) \rangle, \\ \langle \mathcal{O}_8^{\eta_c}(^3S_1) \rangle &= \langle \mathcal{O}_8^{J/\psi}(^1S_0) \rangle, \\ \langle \mathcal{O}_8^{\eta_c}(^1P_1) \rangle &= 3 \langle \mathcal{O}_8^{J/\psi}(^3P_0) \rangle.\end{aligned}$$

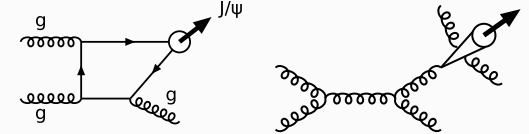
Quarkonium production mechanism

- The effective Lagrangian of NRQCD
 - expansion in $1/m$ and $\alpha_s(m)$
 - $\mathcal{L}_{\text{NRQCD}} = \sum_n \frac{c_n(\alpha_s(m), \mu)}{m^n} \times O_n(\mu, mv, mv^2, \dots)$
- Factorisation assumption
 - $c\bar{c}$ pair production at $E \sim m_Q$
 - independent hadronisation at $E \sim m_Q v$
- Two production mechanisms:
 - colour-singlet (CS)
 - colour-octet (CO)
- Very few theory predictions for η_c
 - no NLO calculations
 - LO colour-singlet and colour-octet differs by two orders of magnitude

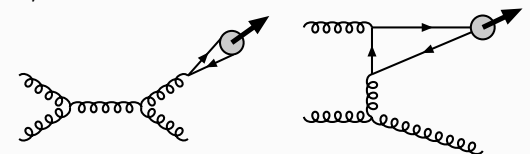
- η_c hadroproduction at LO
[F. Maltoni and A. D. Polosa, Phys. Rev. D **70** (2004) 054014]



- J/ψ colour-singlet [M. Kramer, 1, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. **47** (2001) 141]



- J/ψ colour-octet



Works possible in the future I?

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Quarkonium production mechanism

Process dependent:
calculable in
perturbation theory

- The effective Lagrangian of NRQCD

► expansion in $1/m$ and $\alpha_s(m)$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{NRQCD}} = \sum_n \frac{c_n(\alpha_s(m), \mu)}{m^n} \times$$

$$O_n(\mu, mv, mv^2, \dots)$$

We can obtain a new information about J/ψ production mechanism by investigating the η_c production:

To do so, we need NLO computation of the η_c production

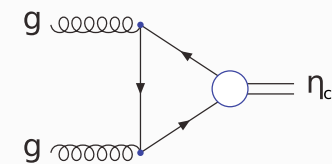
$$\langle \mathcal{O}_8^{\eta_c}(^3S_1) \rangle = \langle \mathcal{O}_8^{J/\psi}(^1S_0) \rangle,$$

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_8^{\eta_c}(^1P_1) \rangle = 3 \langle \mathcal{O}_8^{J/\psi}(^3P_0) \rangle.$$

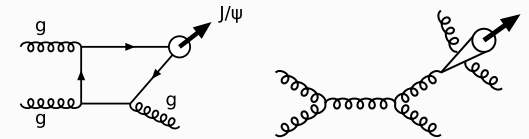
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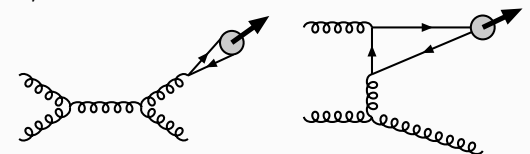
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► expansion in $1/m$ and $\alpha_s(m)$

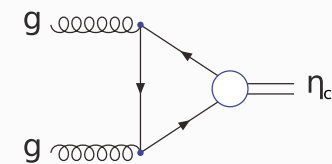
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{NRQCD}} = \sum_n \frac{c_n(\alpha_s(m), \mu)}{m^n} \times$$

$$O_n(\mu, mv, mv^2, \dots)$$

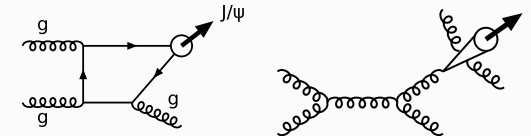
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- J/ψ colour-octet

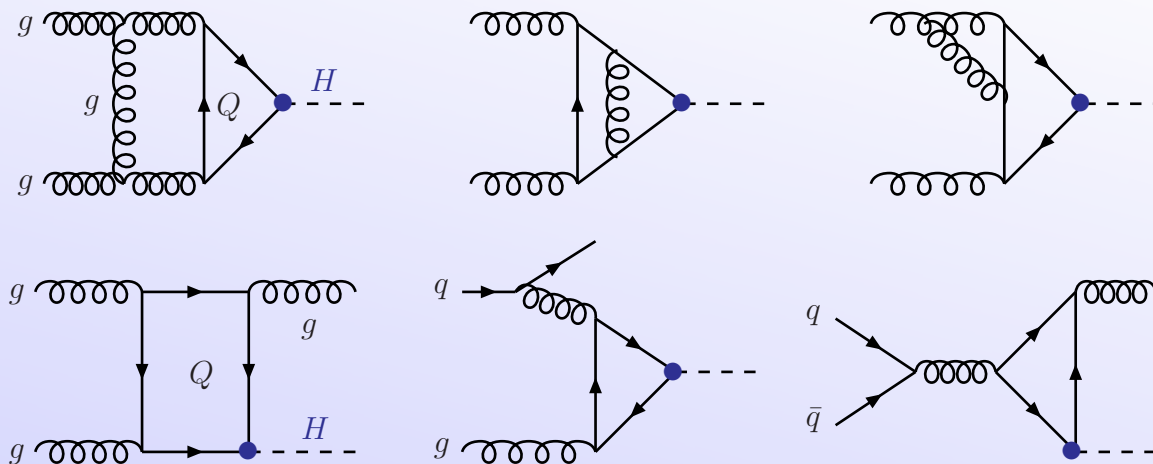
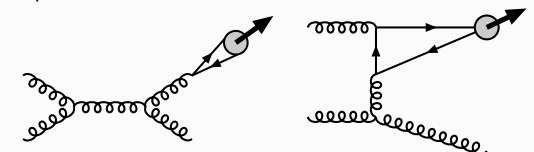


Figure 3.19: Typical diagrams for the virtual and real QCD corrections to $gg \rightarrow H$.

Not
but
from

Sp

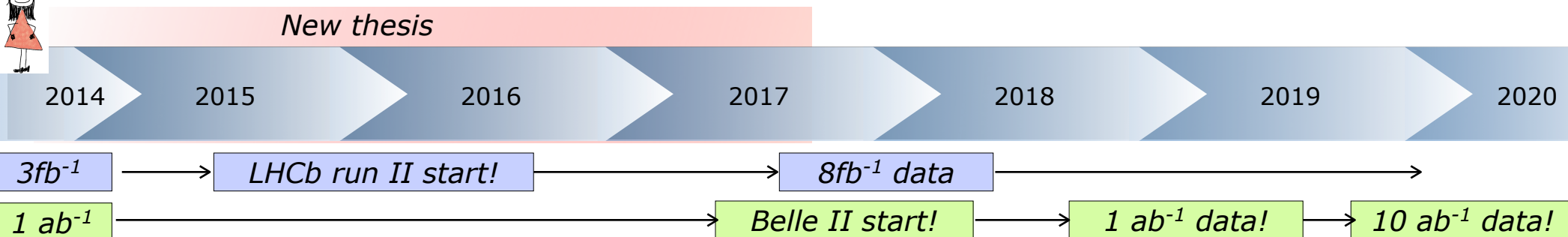
$\langle O_8^{\eta_c} \rangle$

$\langle O_8^{\eta_c} \rangle$

$\langle O_8^{\eta_c} \rangle$

Works possible in the future II?

Various topics on B physics



- Advance of the LHCb analysis and strategies for the next run
 - ☑ Constraining new physics with full data analysis of LHCb (7, 8 TeV run)
 - ☑ Determining the new benchmark points
- Belle II Theory-Experiment Working Group
 - ☑ What could we learn with the first 10/ab's data?

Focus of our group

Many collaborations possible!
continuation of the work on $B \rightarrow K^ e^+ e^-$ or $B_s \rightarrow \Phi \Phi$ (SM, and BSM) etc etc*

Contribution of low-lying vector resonances to polarization observables in
 $\bar{B}_d^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0} e^+ e^-$ decay

Alexander Yu. Korchin^{1,*} and Vladimir A. Kovalchuk^{1,†}

¹NSC 'Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology', 61108 Kharkov, Ukraine

Conclusions

- Our group has been having very nice collaborations and research exchanges with professor and student from Ukraine.
- LIA will certainly help us to further increase the interactions with our Ukrainian colleagues.
- Short term visiting will be quite useful for our collaborations in the future.