

LE REDÉMARRAGE DE L'EXPÉRIENCE ATLAS AU LHC

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OUTLOOK

* Introduction: ATLAS Run-1 Overview

* ATLAS upgrade for Run-2

* Run-2 data taking

* First performance results

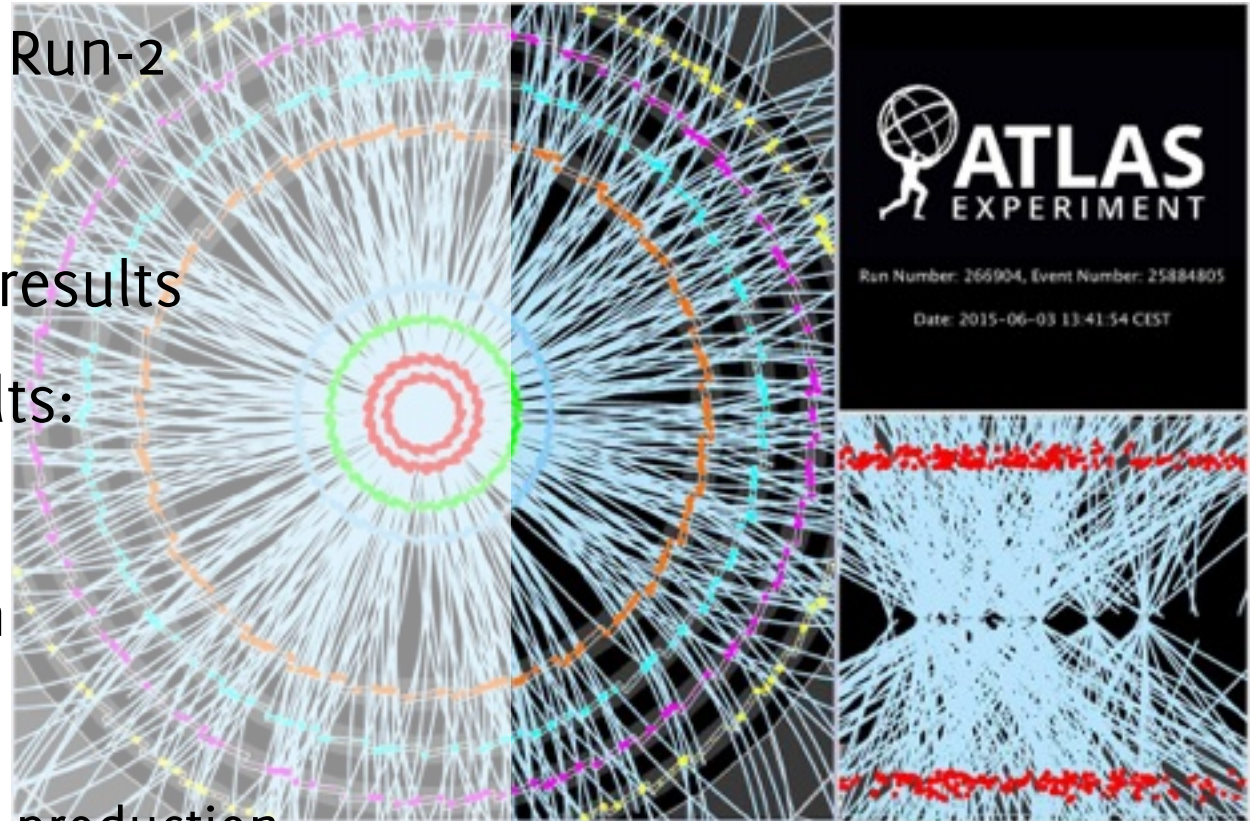
* First analysis results:

★ J/ψ production

★ W and Z production

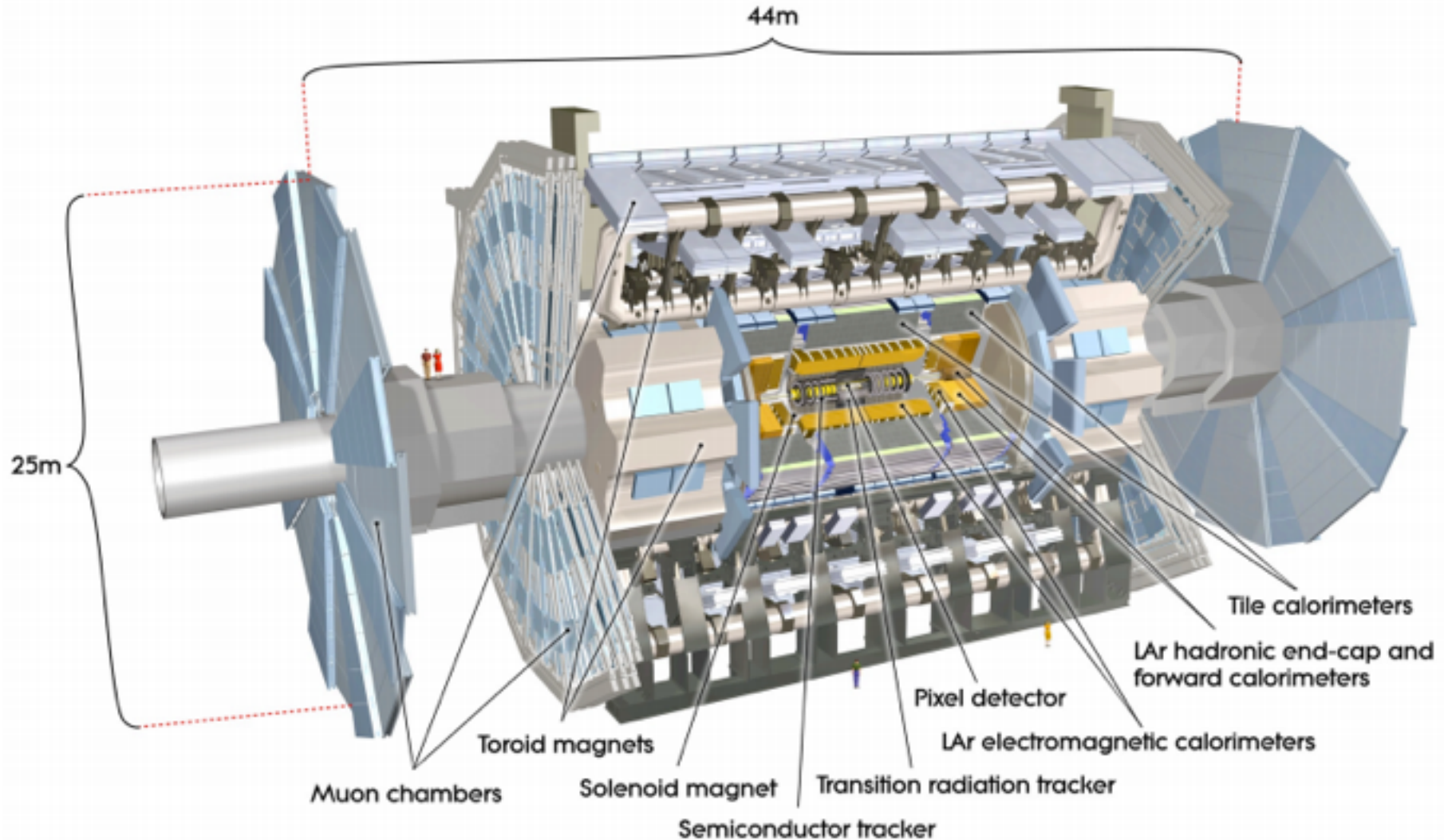
★ $t\bar{t}$ production

★ High-mass dilepton production



arbitrary choice ! full list of 13 TeV results [here](#)

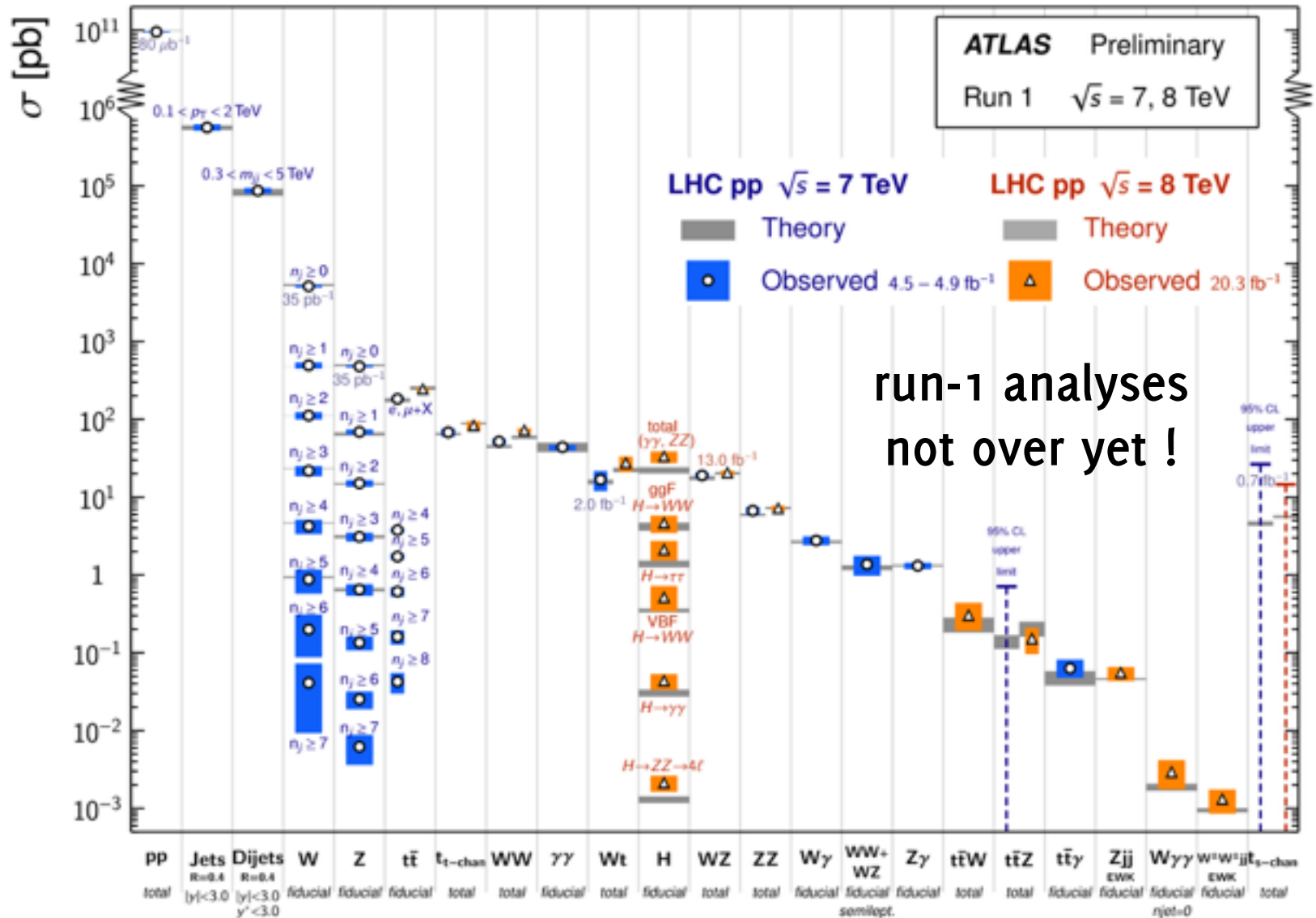
ATLAS OVERVIEW DURING RUN-1



INTRODUCTION: LHC RUN 1 FINDINGS

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: March 2015

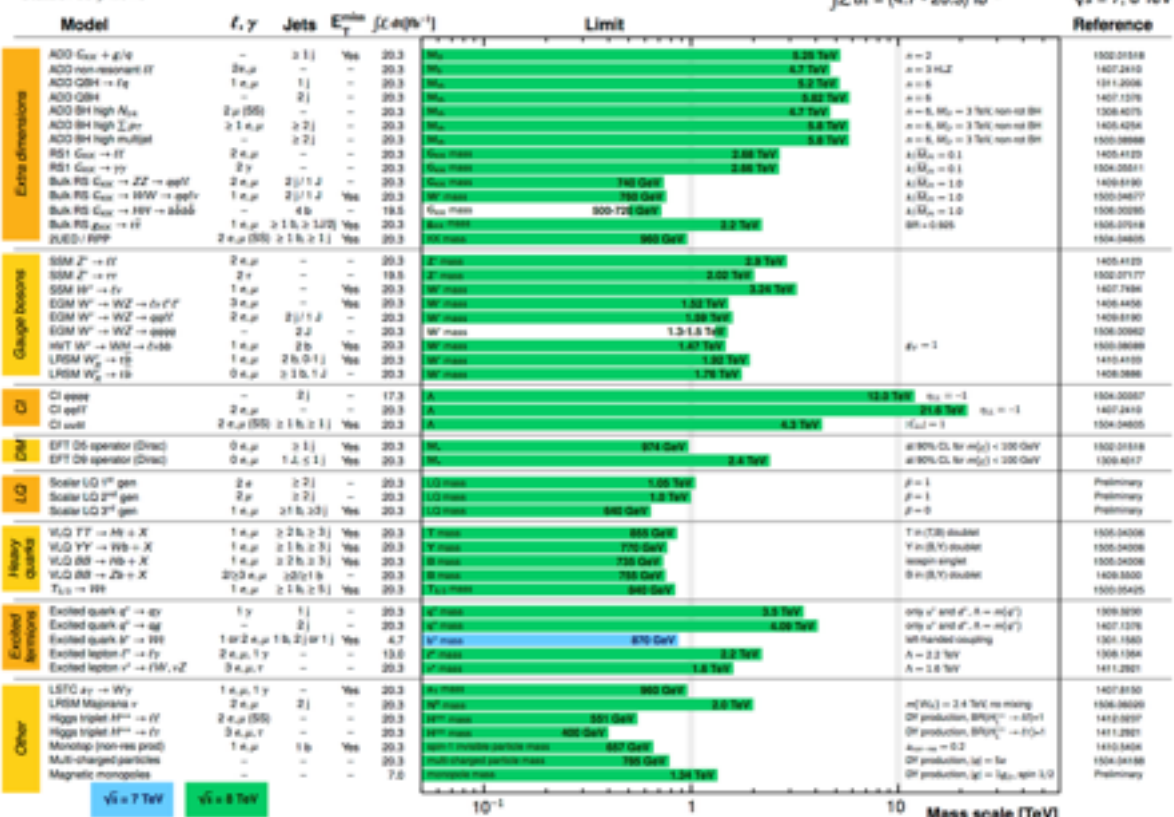


INTRODUCTION: LHC RUN 1 FINDINGS

limits up to ~1 TeV or above

ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015



*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: July 2015





ATLAS UPGRADE

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► Infrastructure upgrades:

- ★ magnet & cryogenic systems
- ★ additional muon chambers shielding
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to cope with 100
kHz trigger rate

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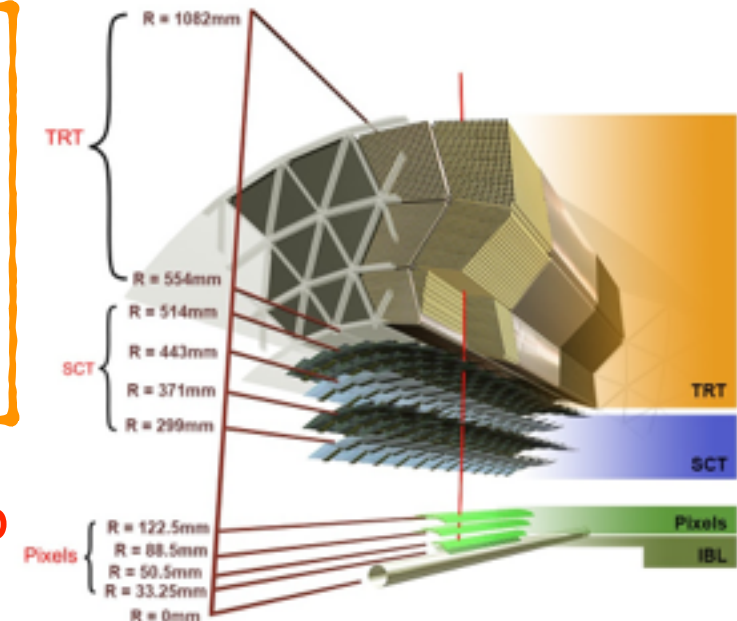
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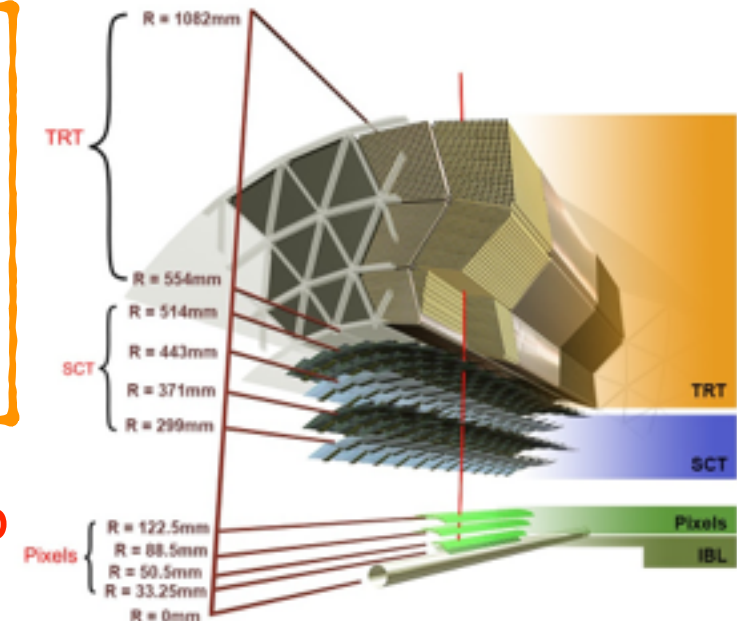
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→ restructured high-level trigger



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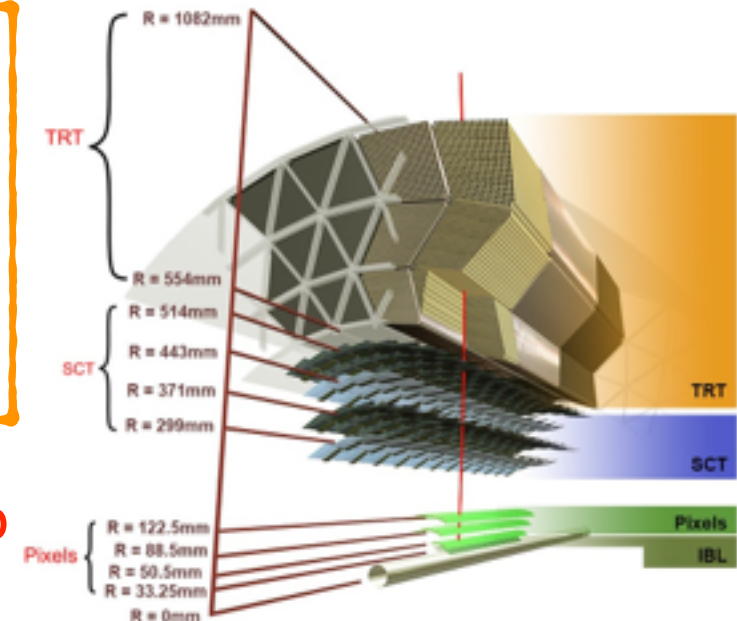
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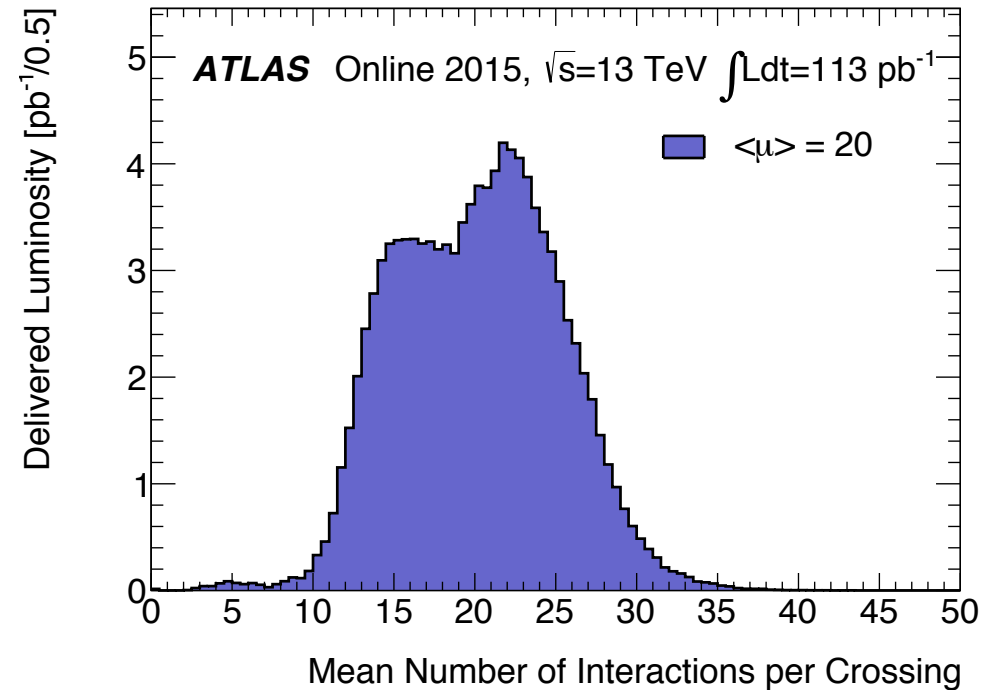
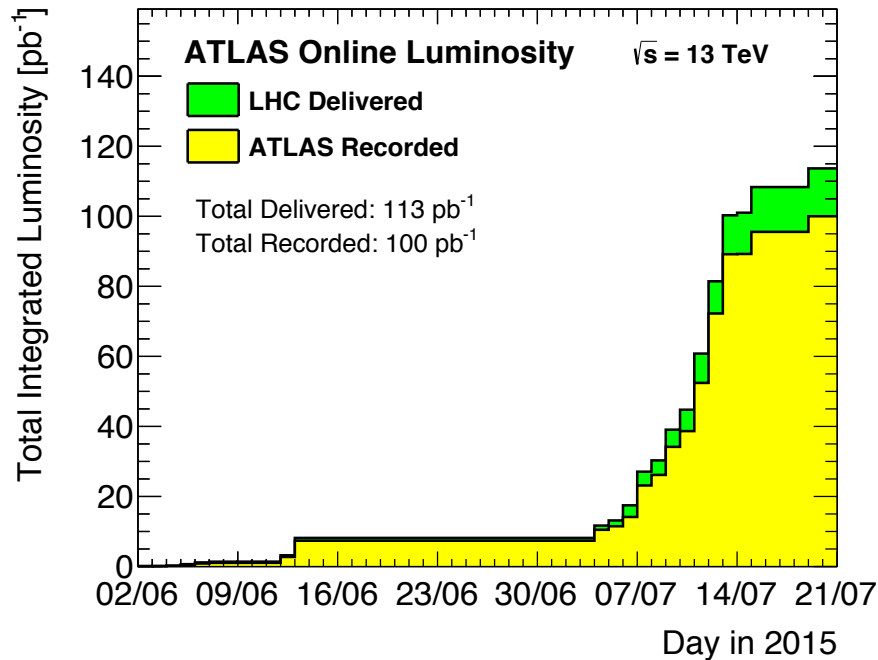
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+ New software, new reconstruction framework, new analysis model...

13 TEV DATA TAKING

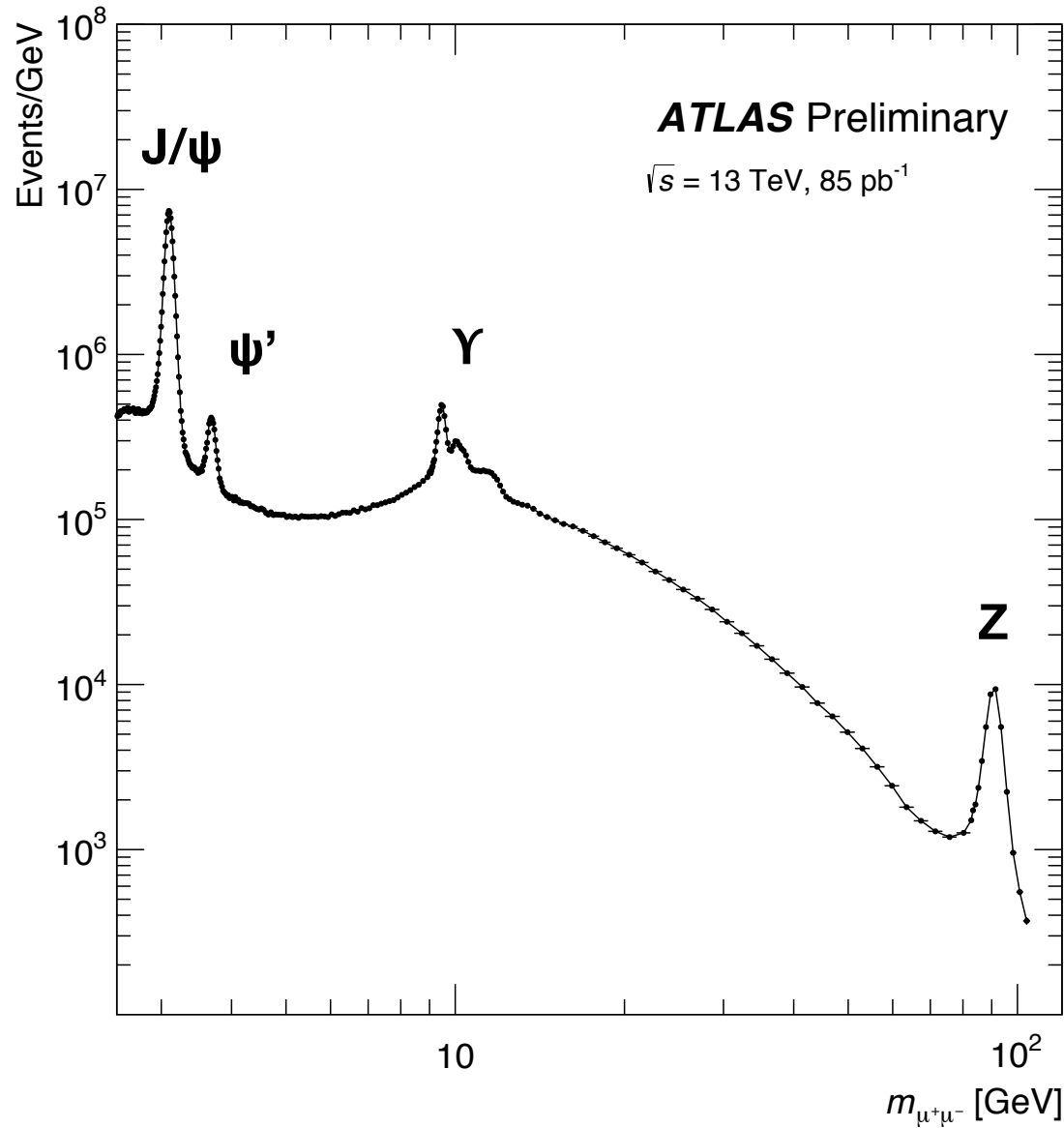


peak luminosity: $L = 1.6 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

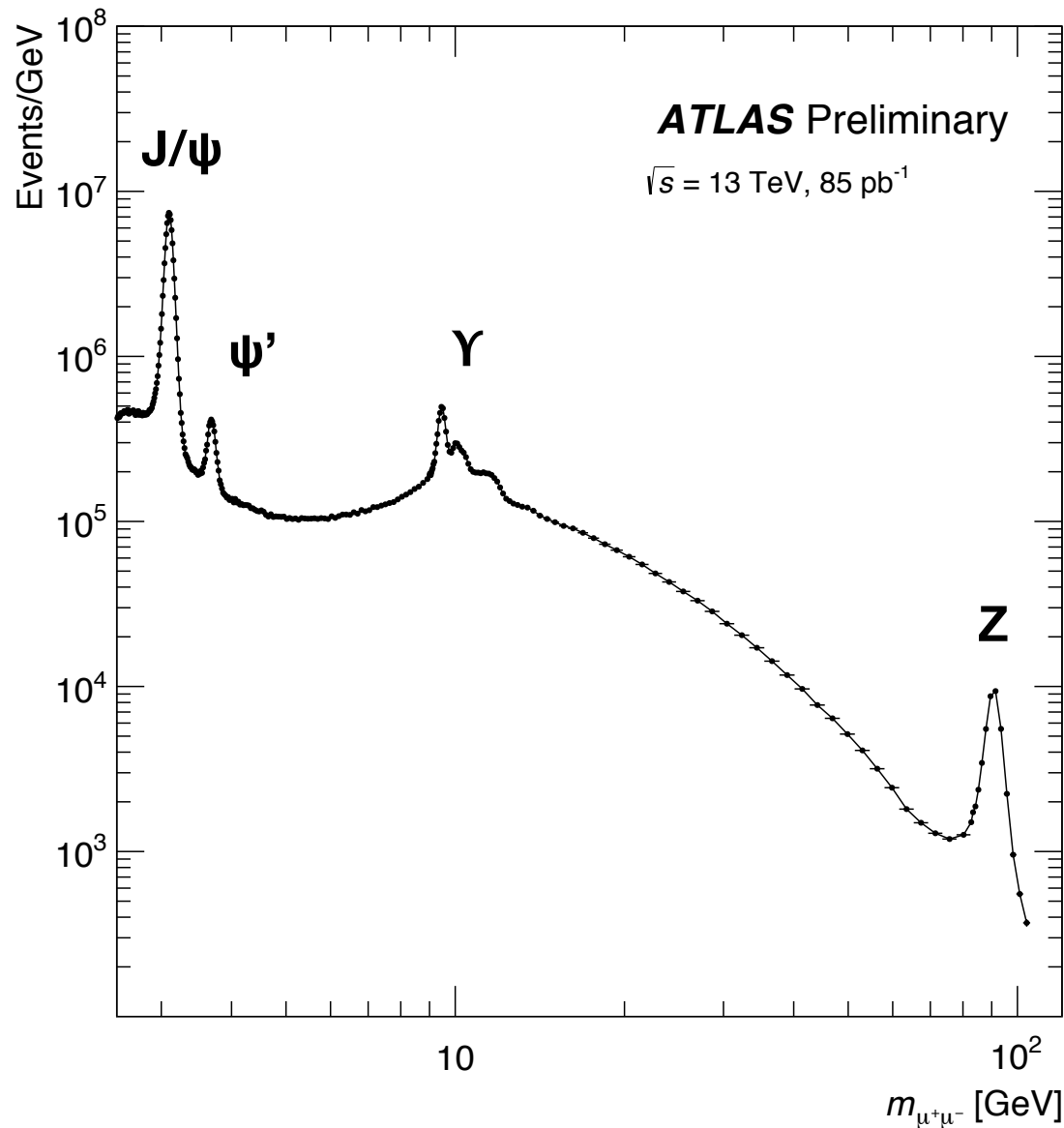
9% systematic uncertainty on current luminosity measurement

June-July 2015 \rightarrow 93.3% data taken is “good for physics”

EXPLORING 50 YEARS OF PARTICLE PHYSICS IN A FEW MONTHS

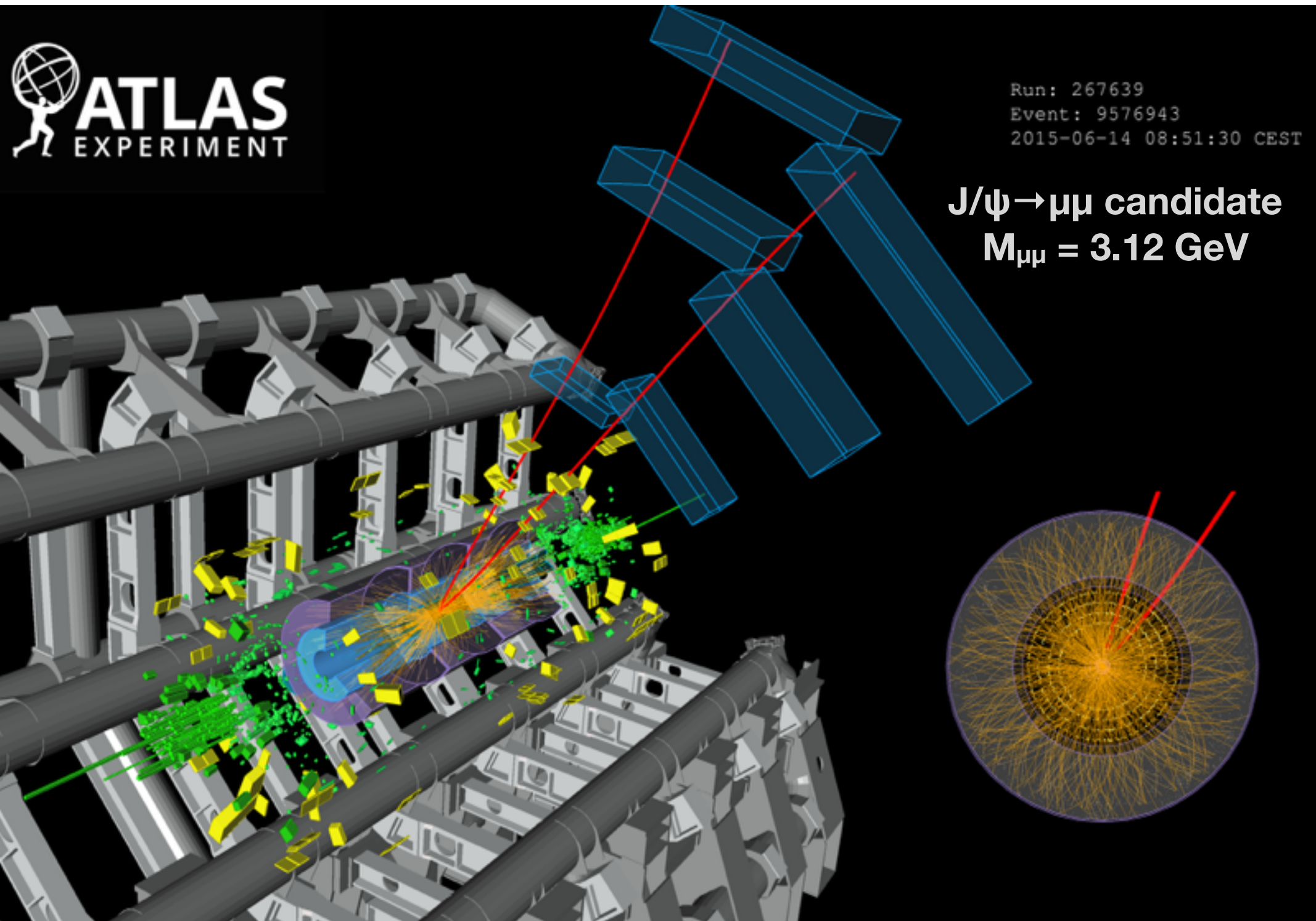


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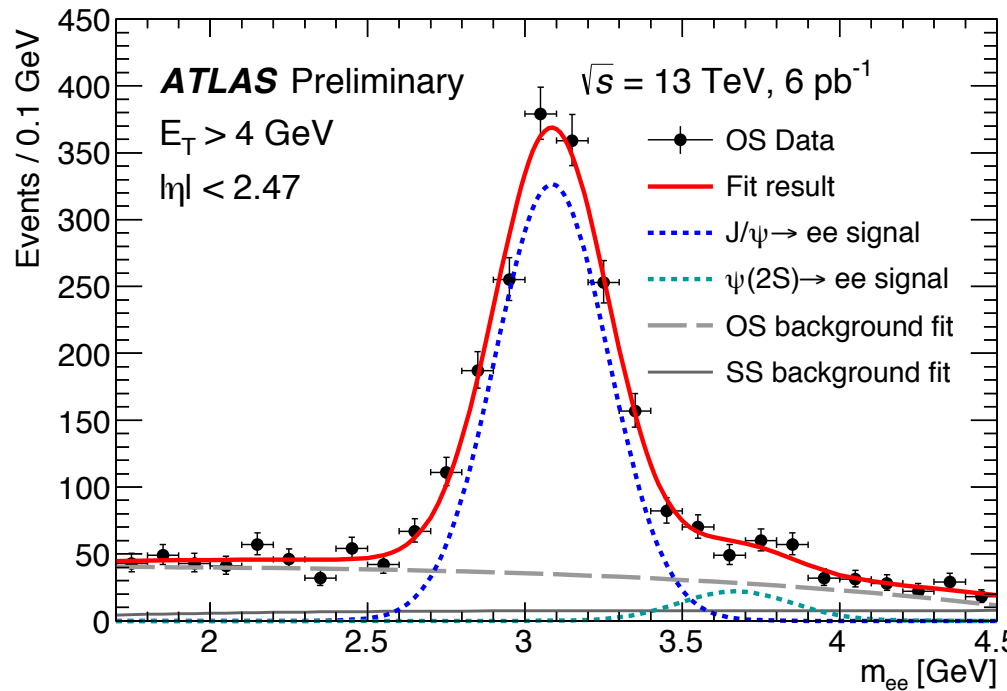


dimuon invariant
mass spectrum

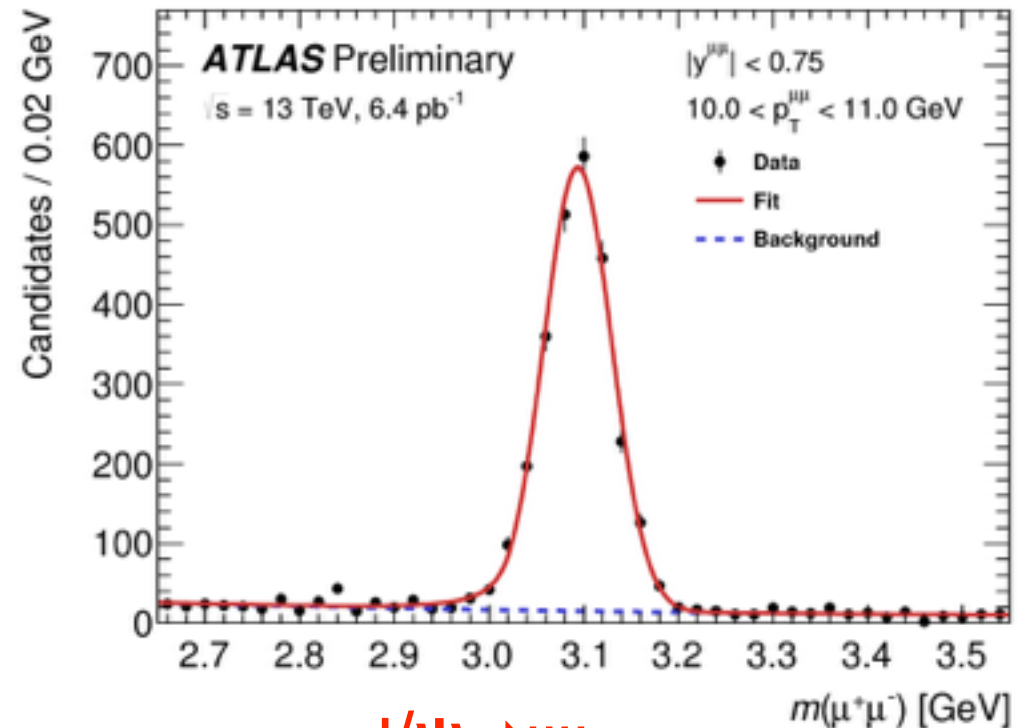
$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$ candidate
 $M_{\mu\mu} = 3.12 \text{ GeV}$



J/ψ PRODUCTION



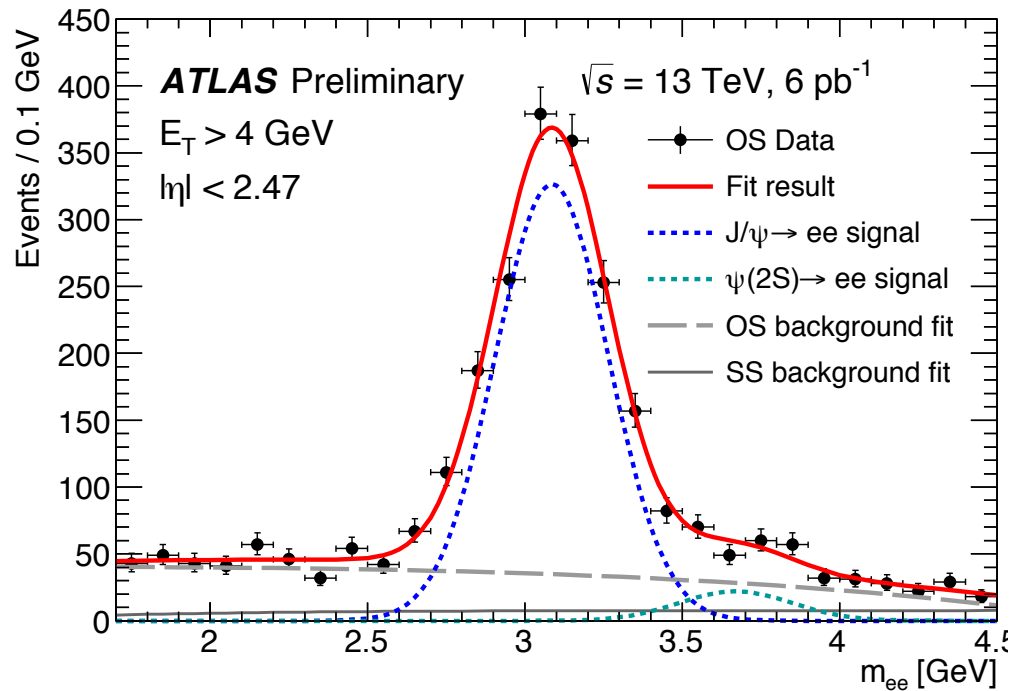
J/ψ → ee



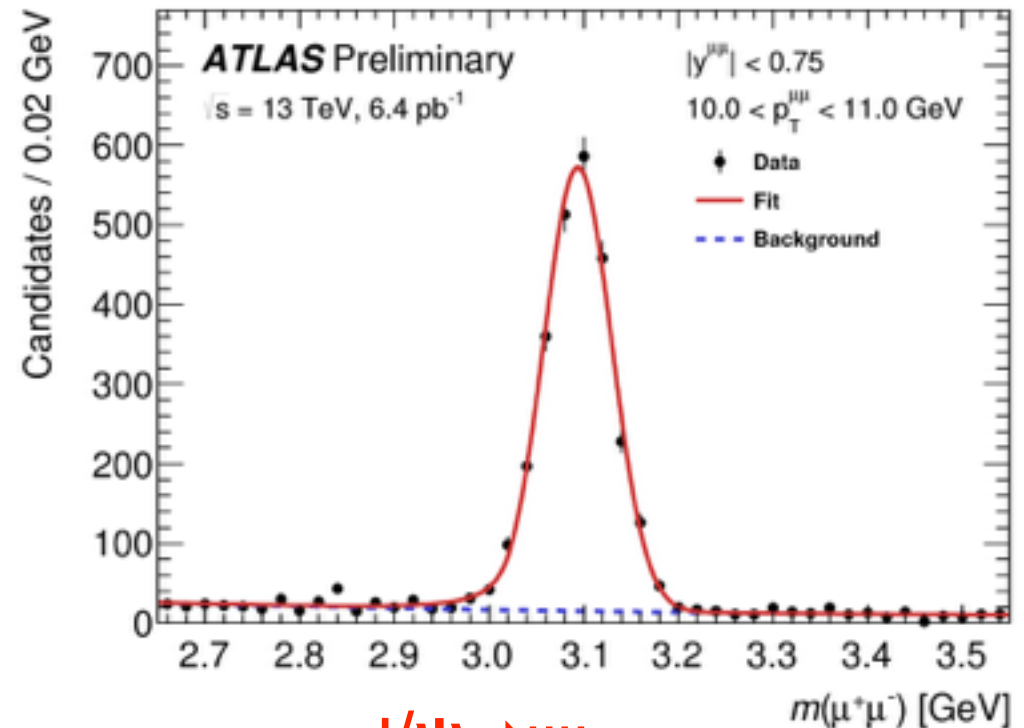
J/ψ → μμ

- first resonance encountered at a collider, very small width: calibration
- test of QCD calculations

J/ψ PRODUCTION



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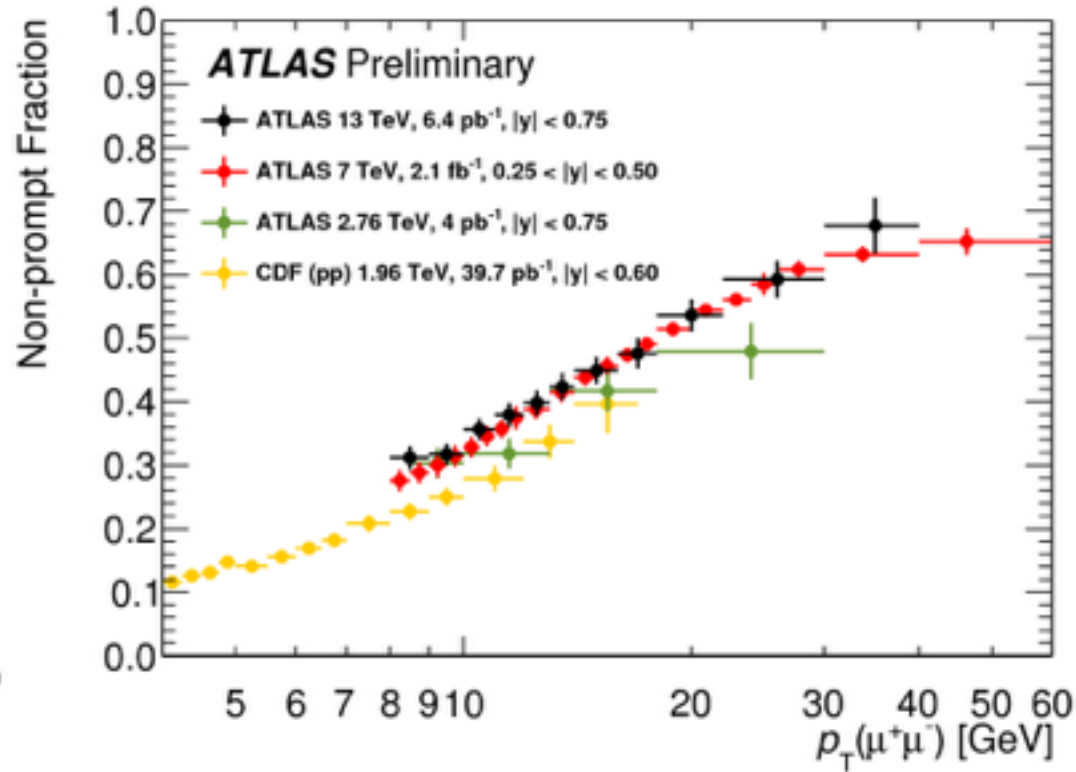
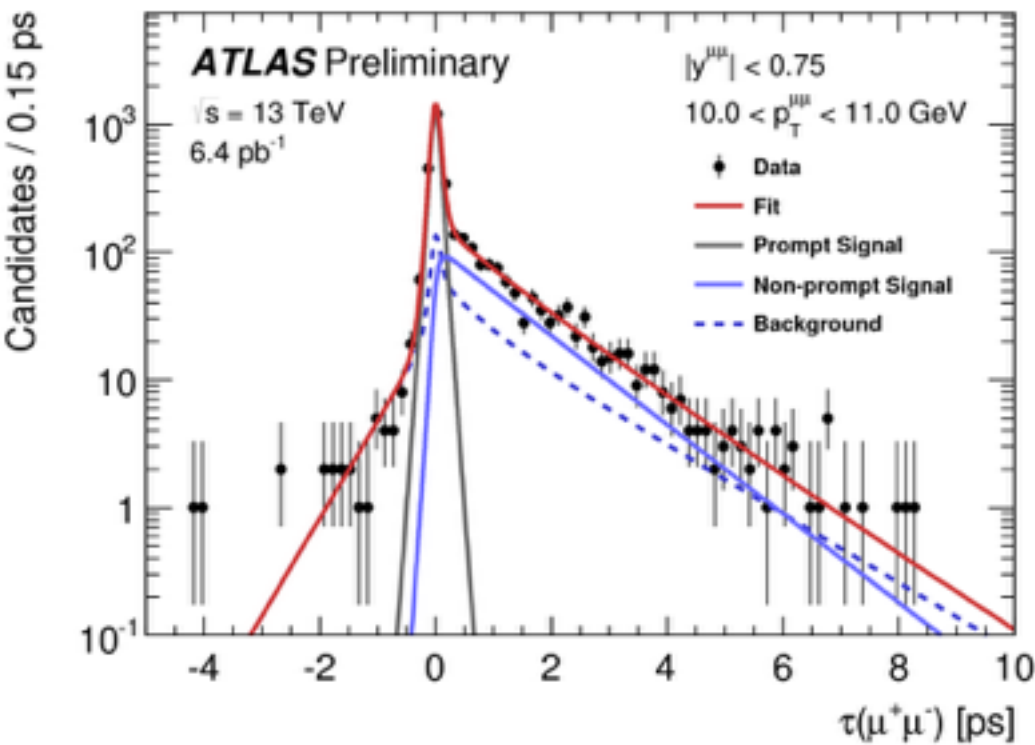
J/ψ → μμ

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- test of QCD calculations

↪ J/ψ can be produced directly from the pp interaction (promptly) or from b-mesons decays (non-promptly)

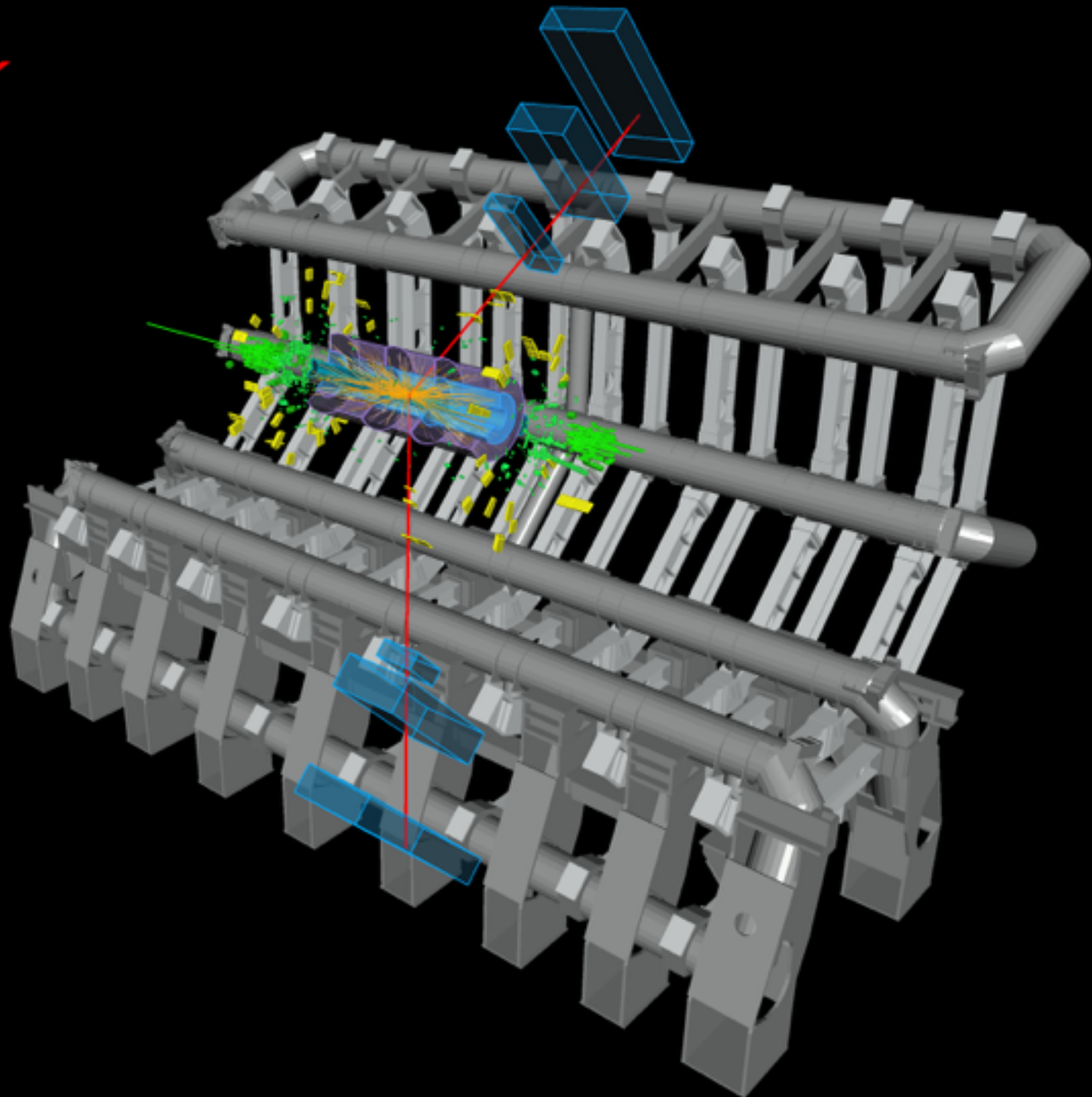
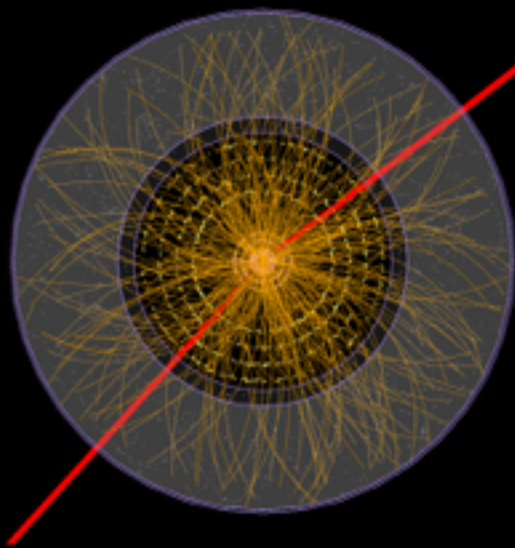
J/ψ PRODUCTION: MEASURING NON-PROMPT FRACTION

non-prompt to prompt fraction defined as $R = \frac{d\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}X \rightarrow J/\Psi X')}{d\sigma(pp \rightarrow J/\Psi X'')}$



simultaneous invariant mass and pseudo-proper time fit

$$\tau = \frac{L_{xy} m^{J/\Psi}}{p_T^{J/\Psi}}$$



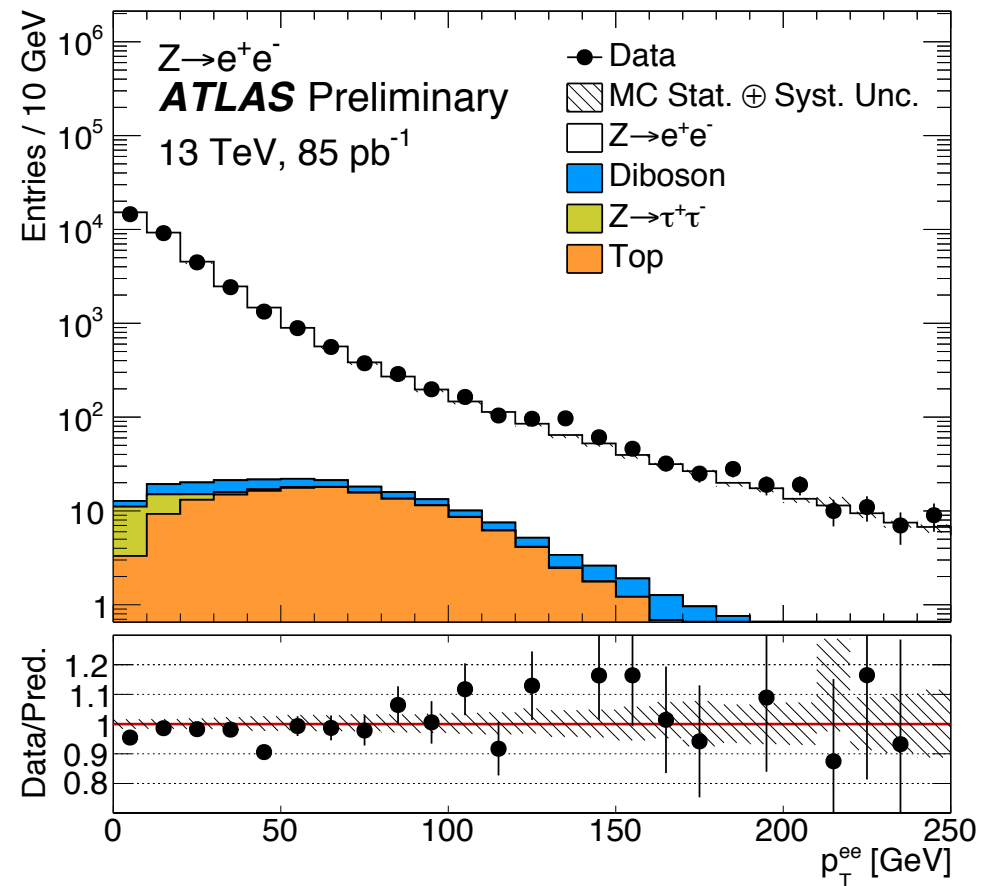
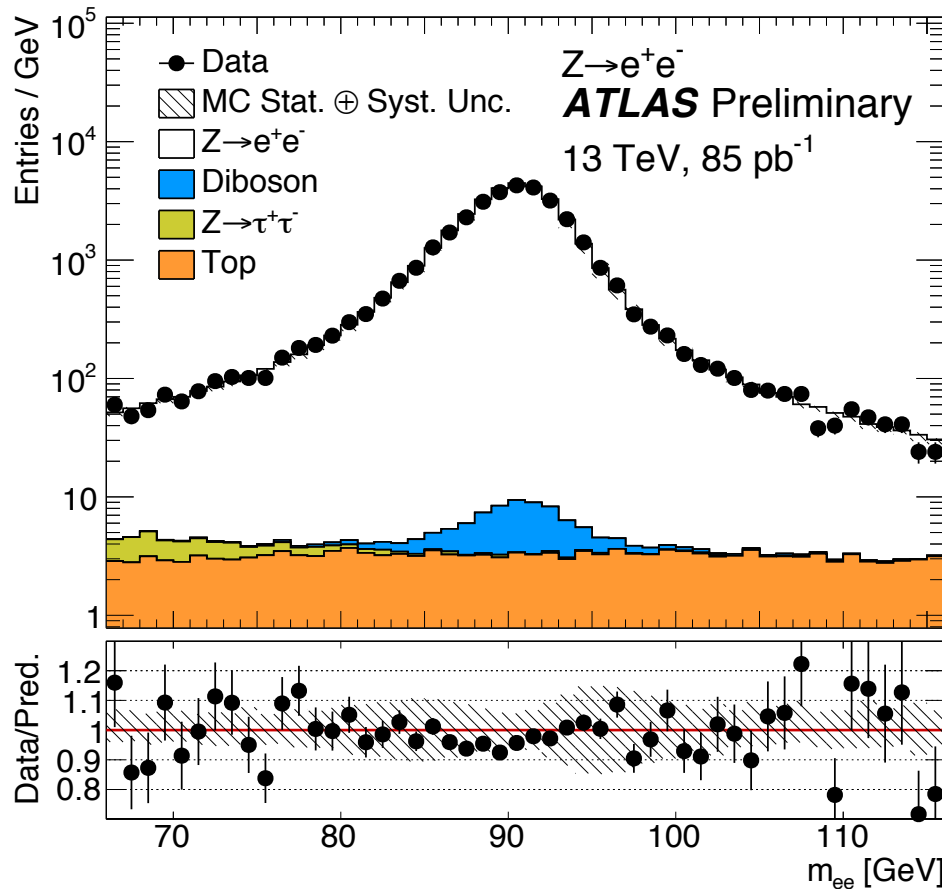
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ candidate
 $M_{\mu\mu} = 90.2 \text{ GeV}$



Run: 267638
Event: 242090708
2015-06-14 01:01:14 CEST

W AND Z PRODUCTION AT 13 TEV

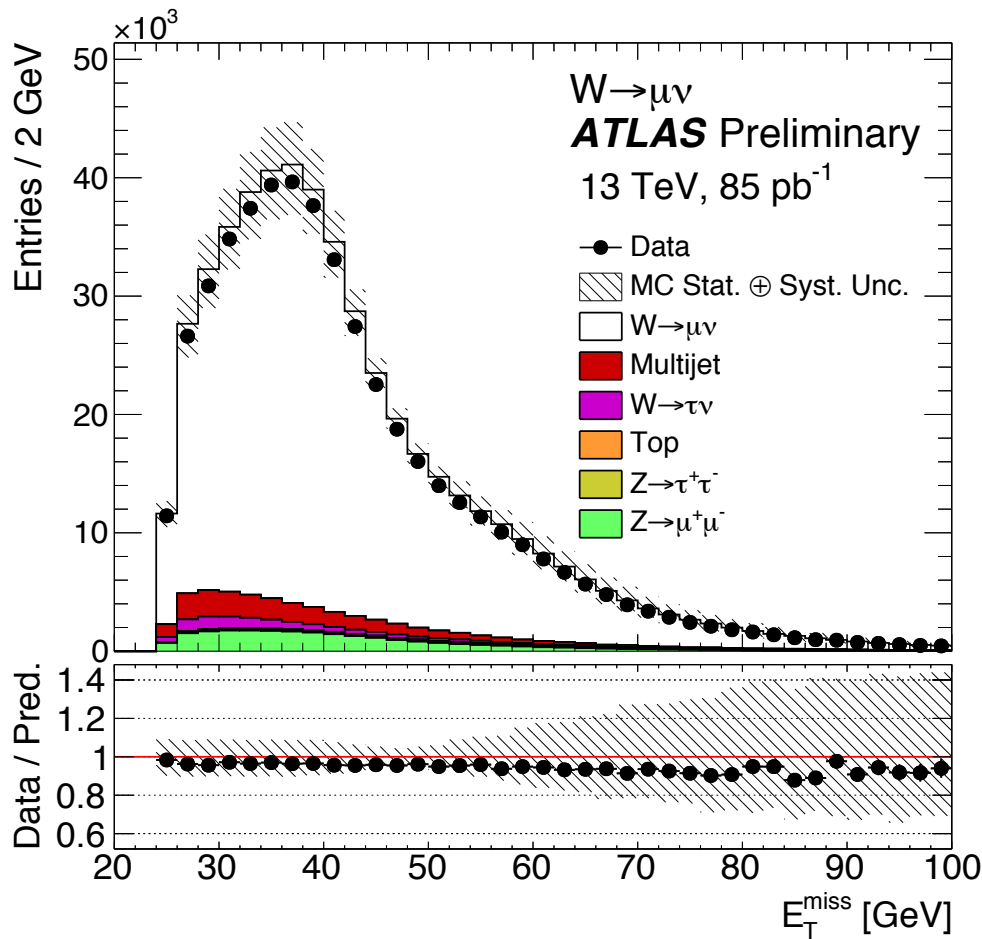
W and Z leptonic decays are 'standard candles' for e/ μ reconstruction



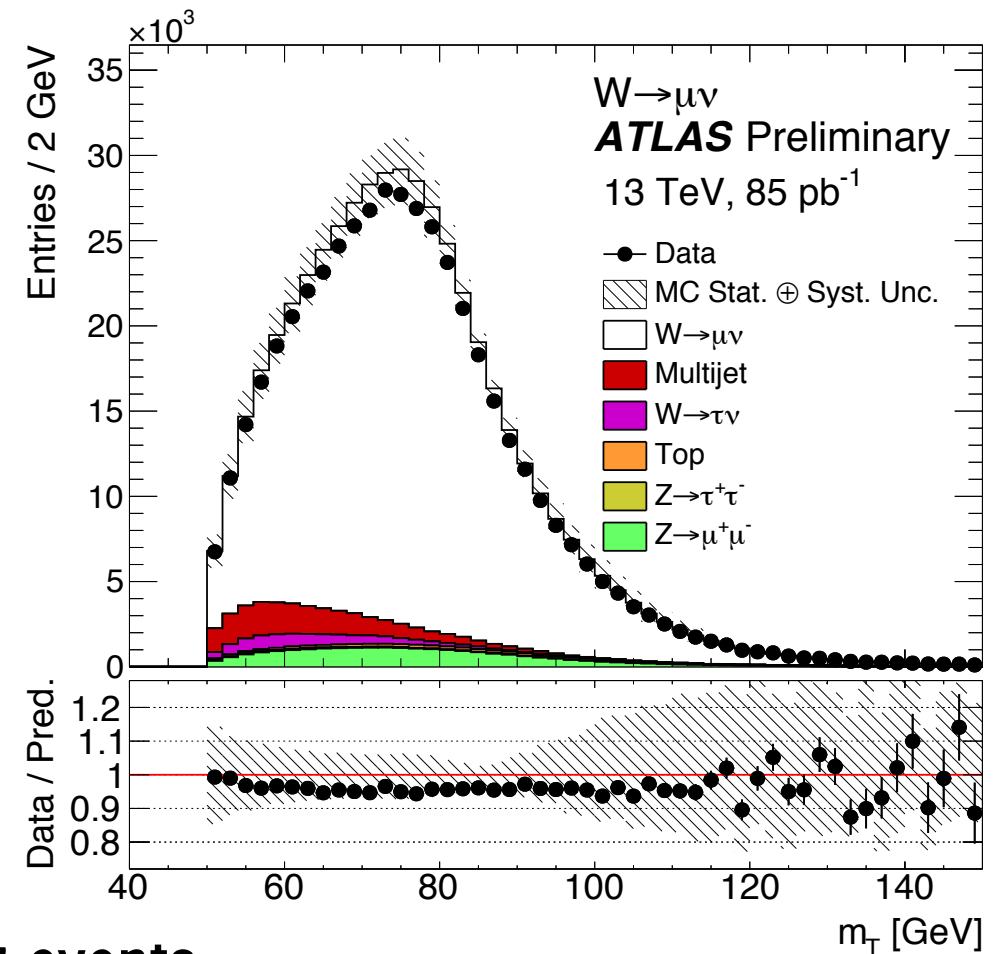
Z $\rightarrow ee$ events

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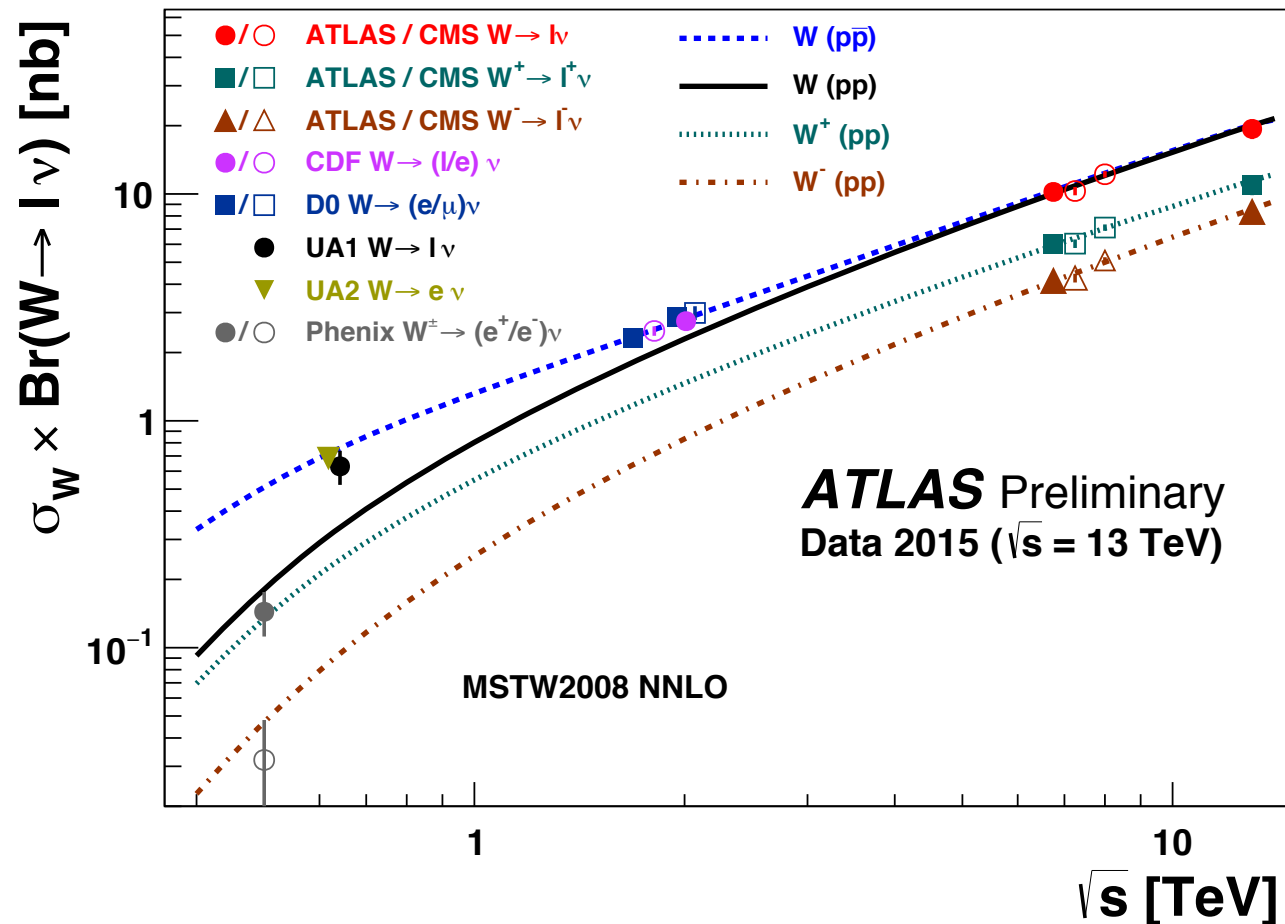


$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$ events



W CROSS-SECTION AT 13 TEV

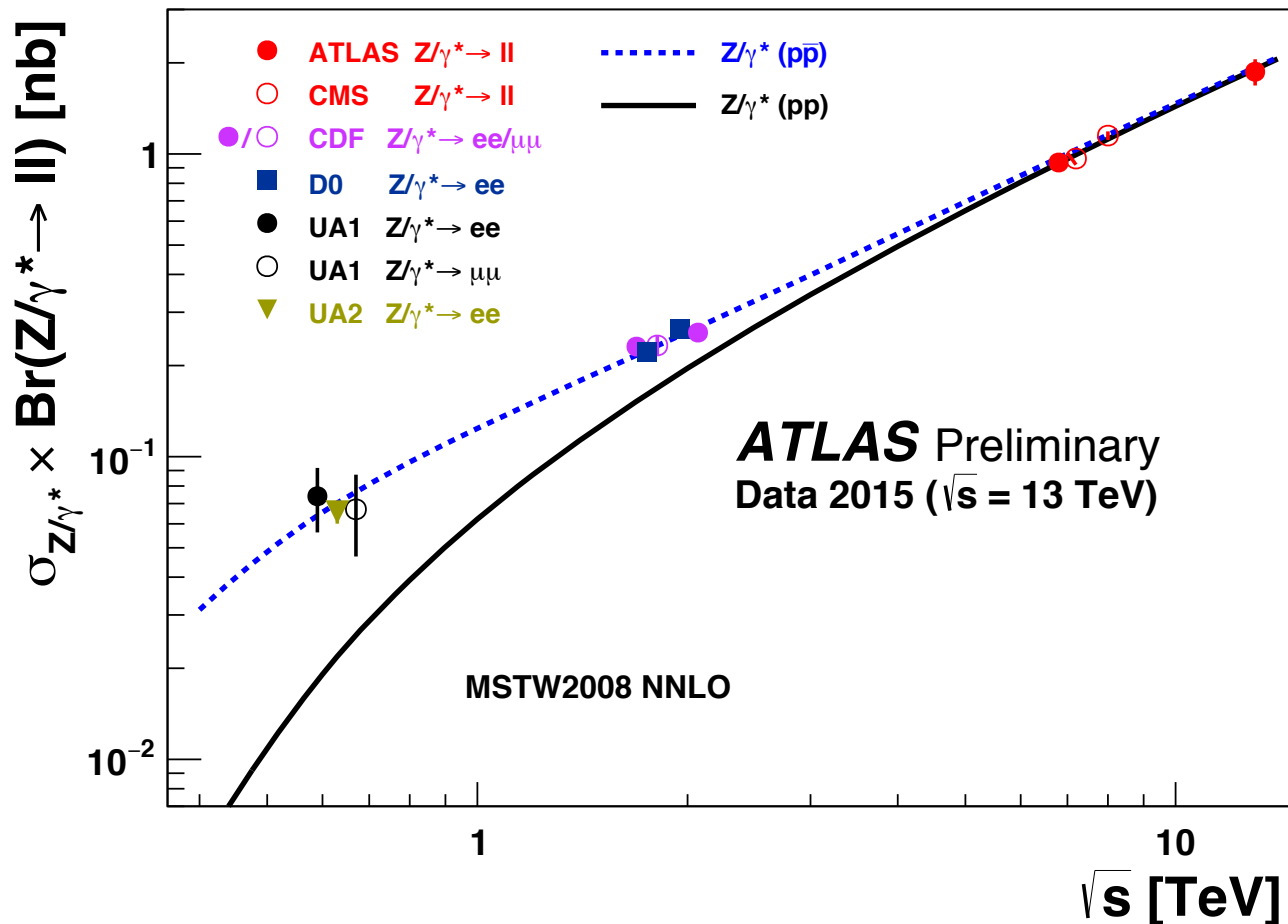
8 to 13 TeV → increase of a factor 1.6 of the cross-section



good agreement with NNLO QCD predictions up to 13 TeV !

Z CROSS-SECTION AT 13 TEV

8 to 13 TeV → increase of a factor 1.7 of the cross section



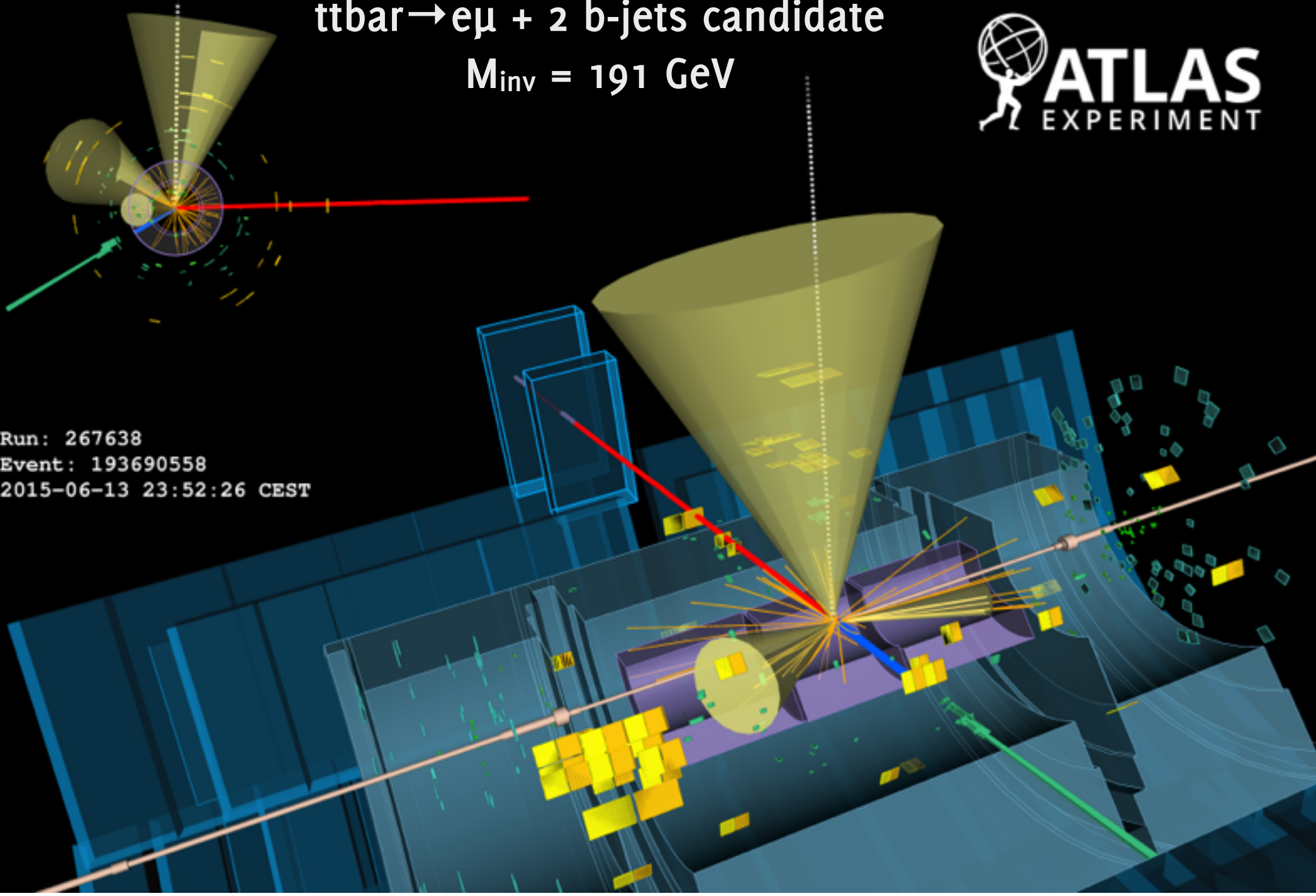
good agreement with NNLO QCD predictions up to 13 TeV !

$t\bar{t}b\bar{b} \rightarrow e\mu + 2 \text{ b-jets candidate}$

$M_{\text{inv}} = 191 \text{ GeV}$



Run: 267638
Event: 193690558
2015-06-13 23:52:26 CEST

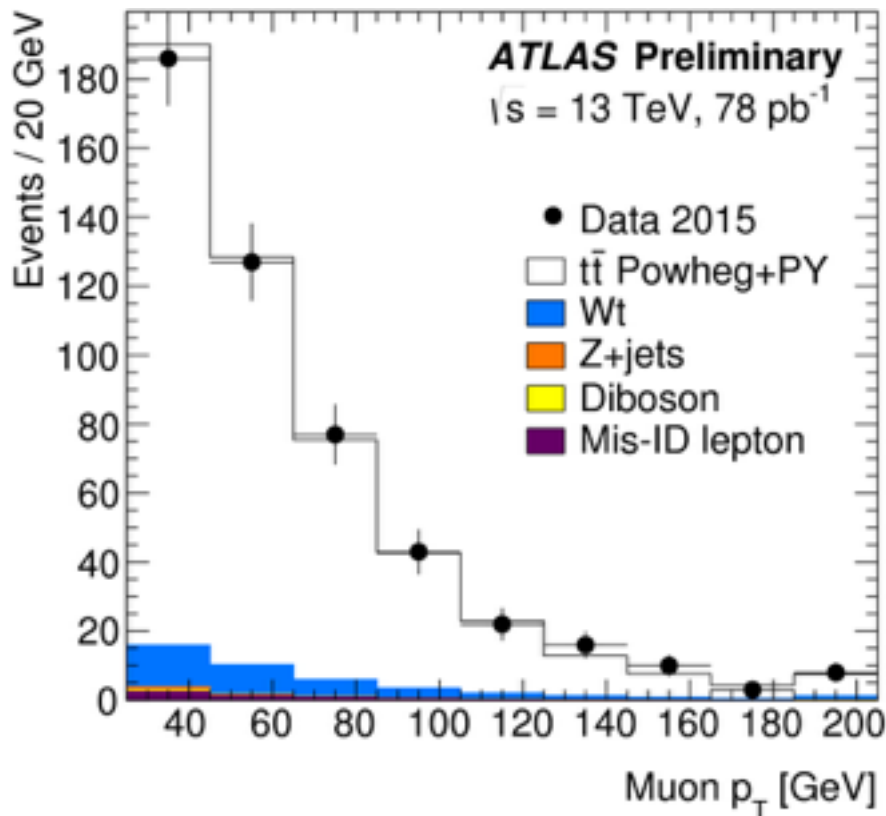


ttbar PRODUCTION

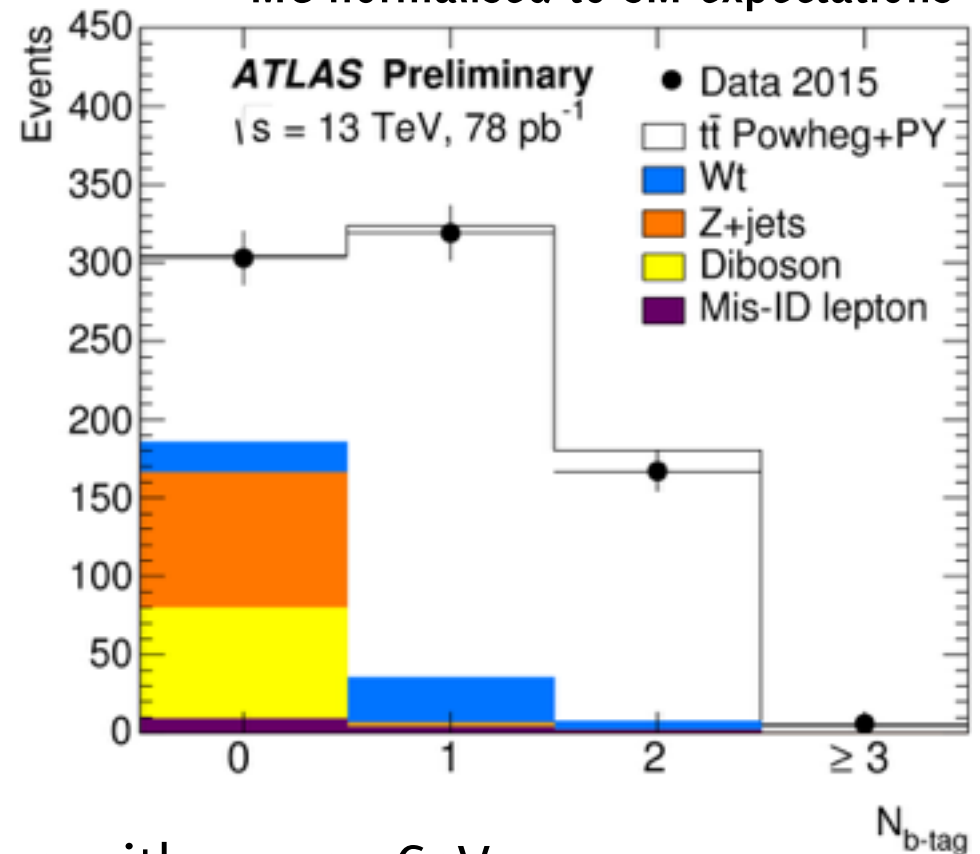
using the cleanest decay channel:

$$tt \rightarrow (e + \nu + b\text{-jet}) + (\mu + \nu + b\text{-jet}) = e\mu + 2b\text{-jet} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

MC normalised to data

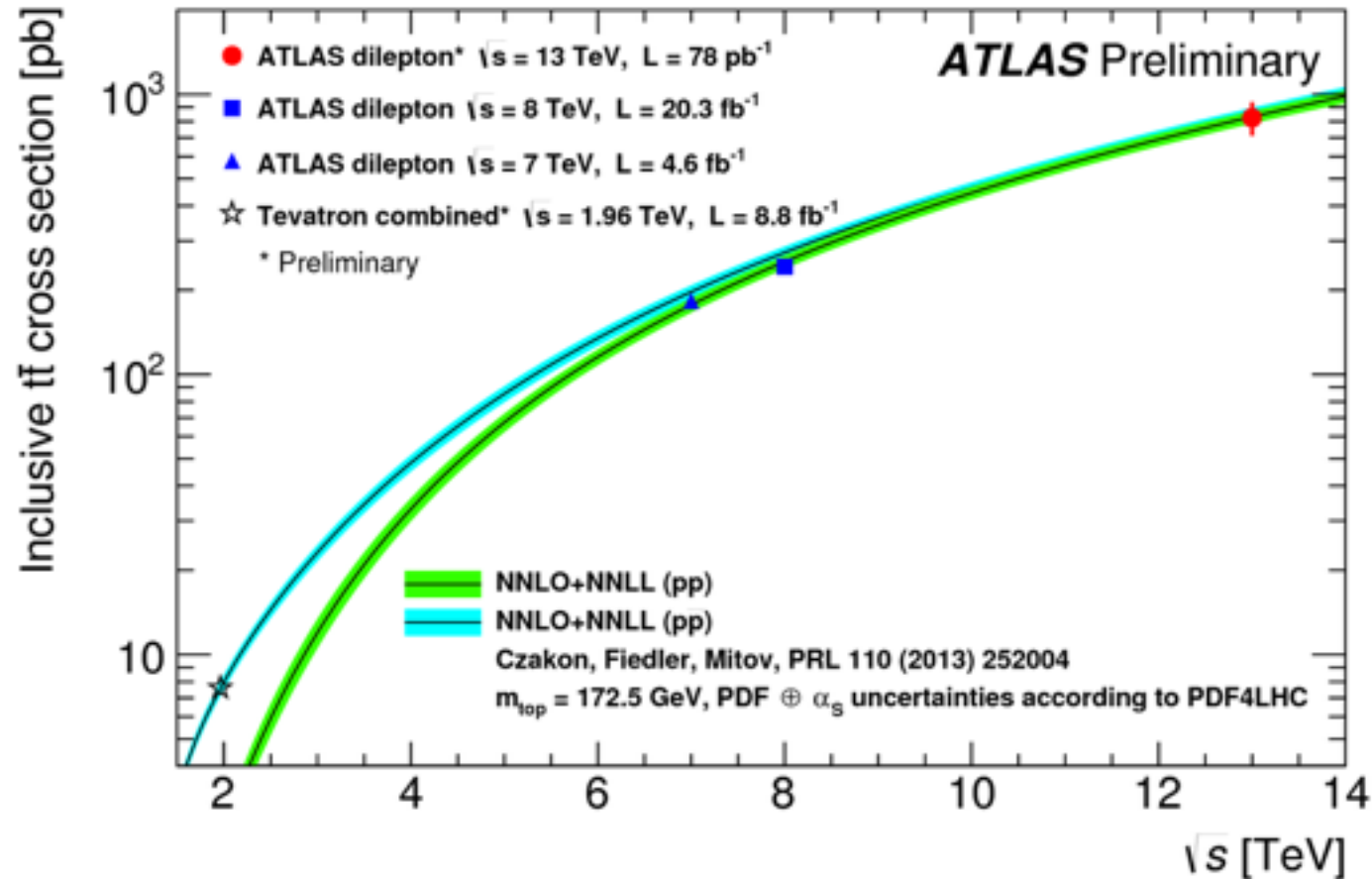


MC normalised to SM expectations



OS electron and muon with $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
at least one b-tagged jet with $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$

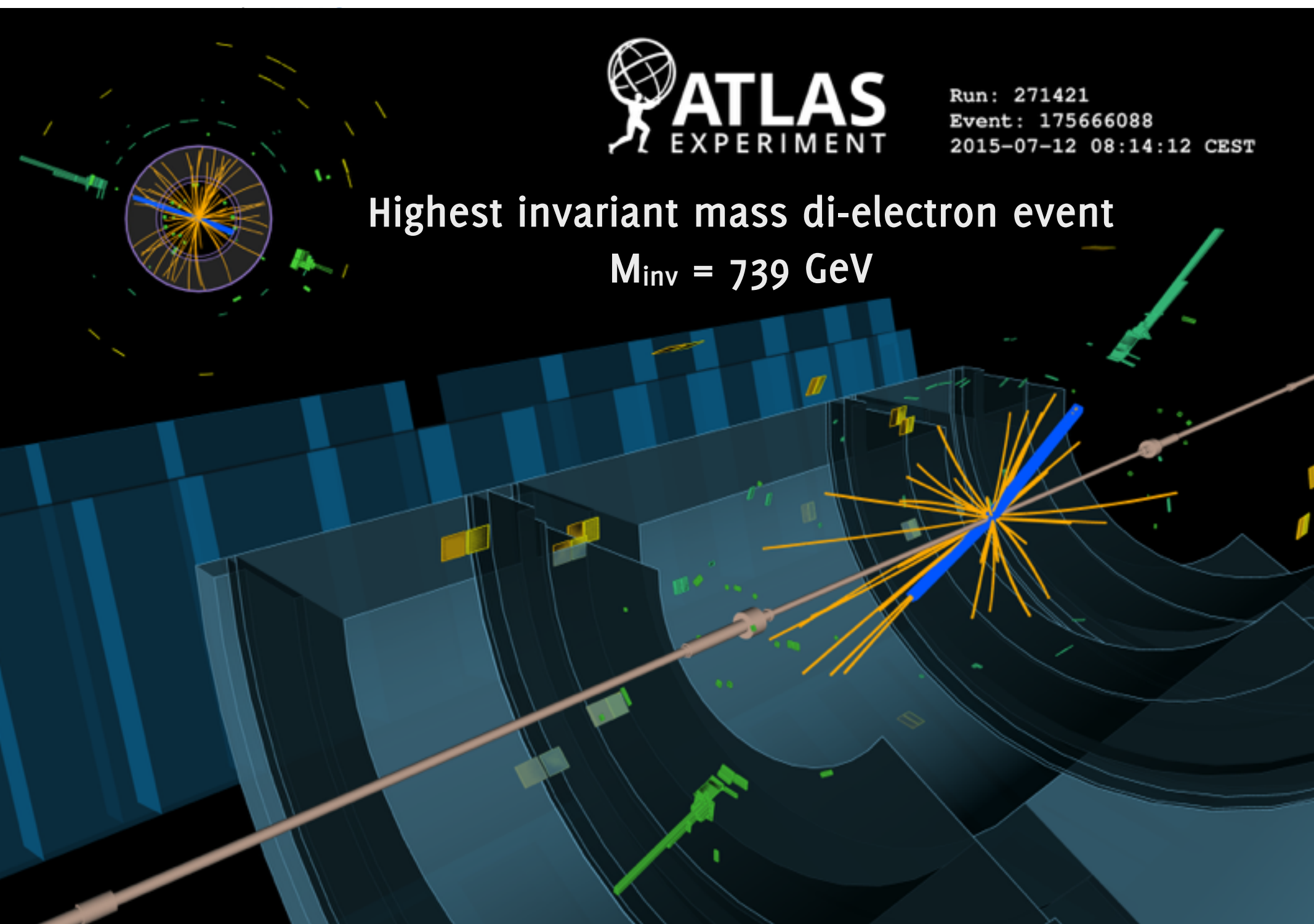
$t\bar{t}$ CROSS-SECTION MEASUREMENT



8 to 13 TeV \rightarrow expected increase of the cross-section of a factor 3.3
good agreement with NNLO calculations !

Highest invariant mass di-electron event

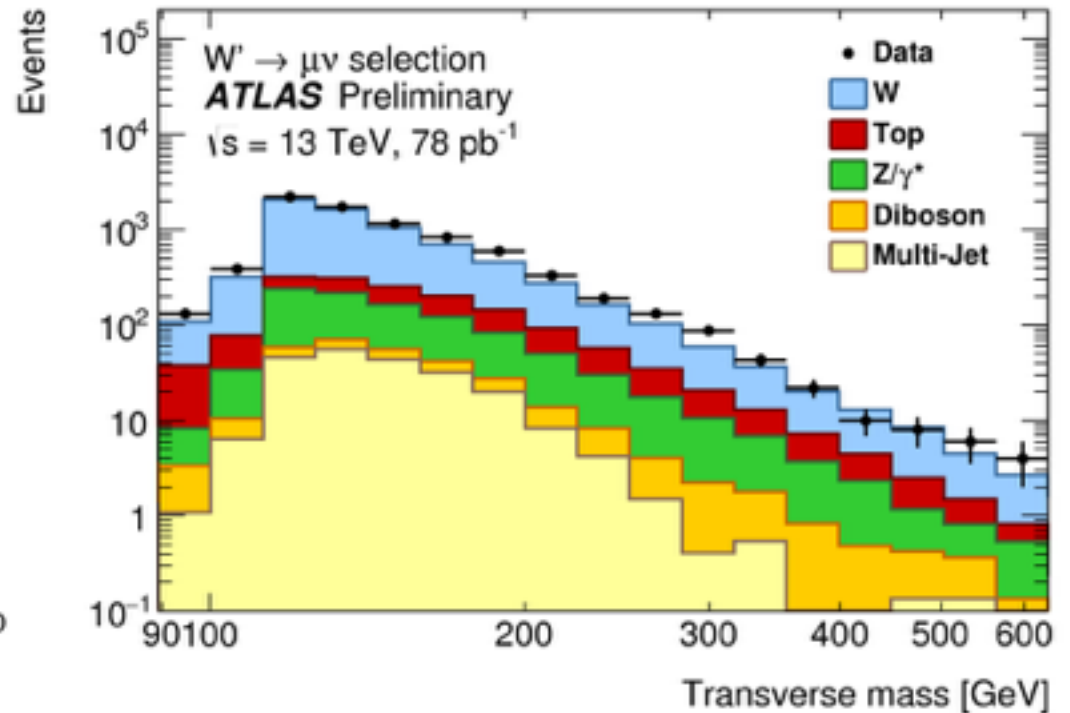
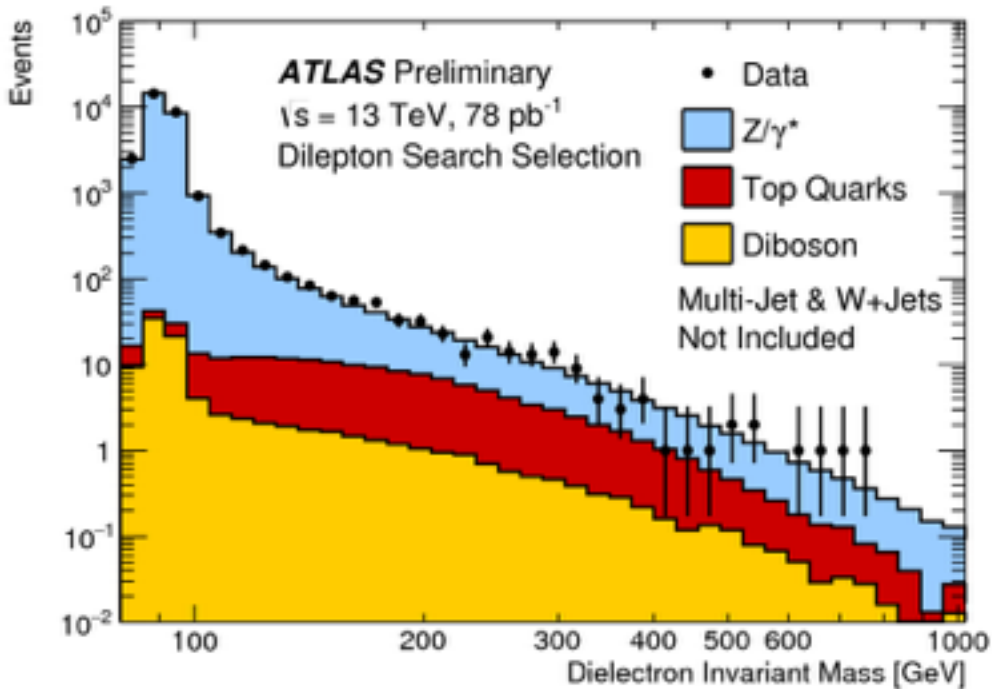
$$M_{\text{inv}} = 739 \text{ GeV}$$



SEARCHES FOR Z' and W'

$pp \rightarrow ee + X$

$pp \rightarrow \mu\nu + X$



multi-jet background data-driven

first performance plots produced
 insufficient luminosity to challenge Run-1 sensitivities

CONCLUSIONS

- ▶ The LHC is back ! Already providing pp data at 13 TeV
- ▶ ATLAS has integrated and commissioned new detector systems, software and analysis frameworks successfully
- ▶ **Remarkable understanding of 13 TeV data !** First measurements of J/ψ , W, Z, and $t\bar{t}$ shown today → good agreement with expectations
- ▶ Need to integrate more statistics for searches, some preliminary studies are already out !

ATLAS is fully operational, only a very small (and arbitrary !) selection of material shown here, full list of summer conference results:

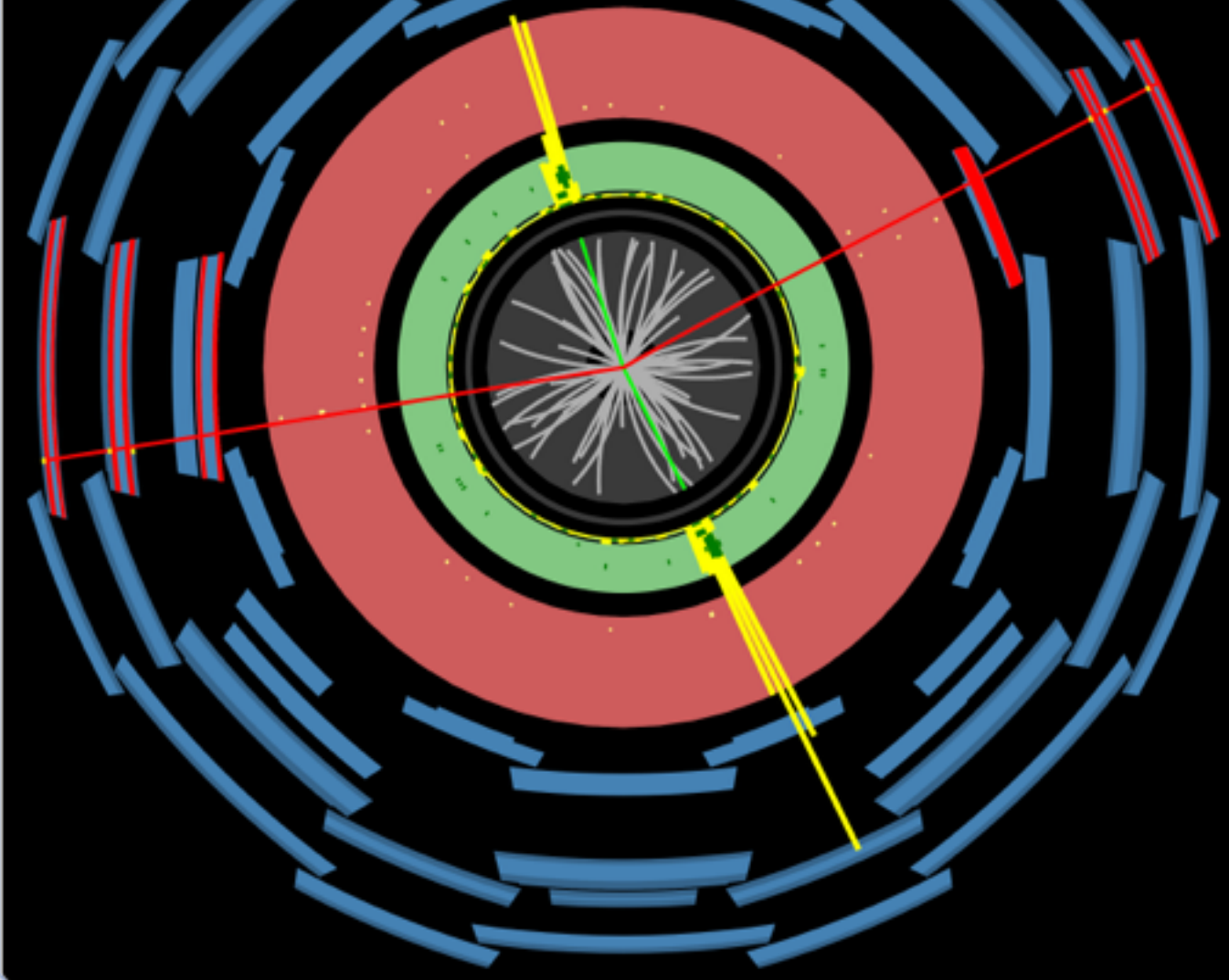
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/Summer2015-13TeV>

BACKUP



$ZZ \rightarrow 2\mu 2e$ candidate

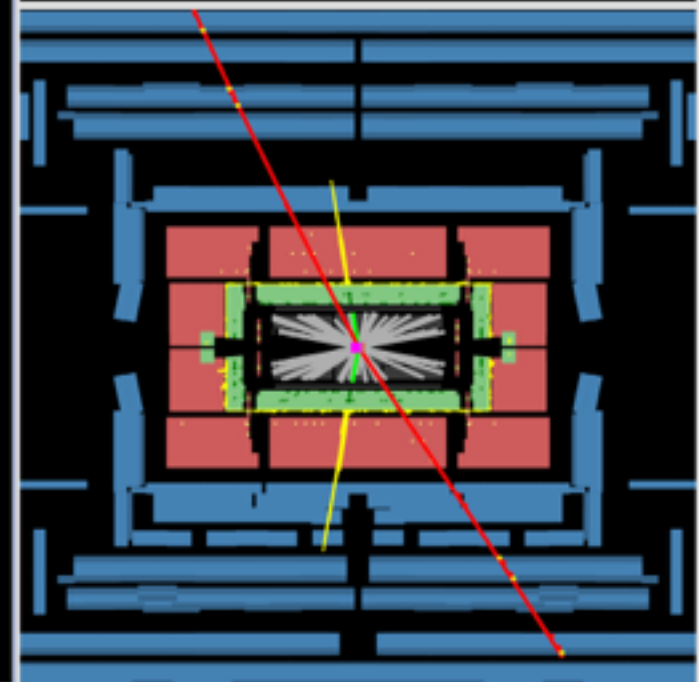
$M_{\text{inv}} = 191 \text{ GeV}$



ATLAS
EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 271298, Event Number: 78224729

Date: 2015-07-10 20:50:34 CEST

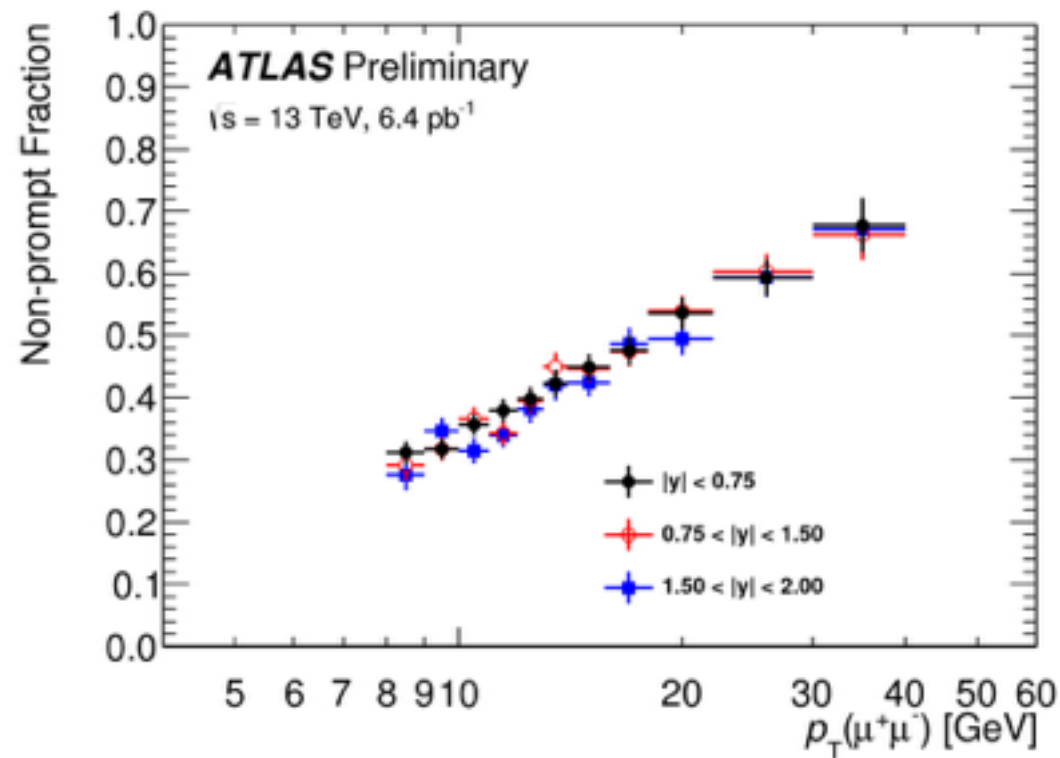


we also have already seen diboson production !

J/ψ PRODUCTION: MEASURING NON-PROMPT FRACTION

non-prompt to prompt fraction defined as

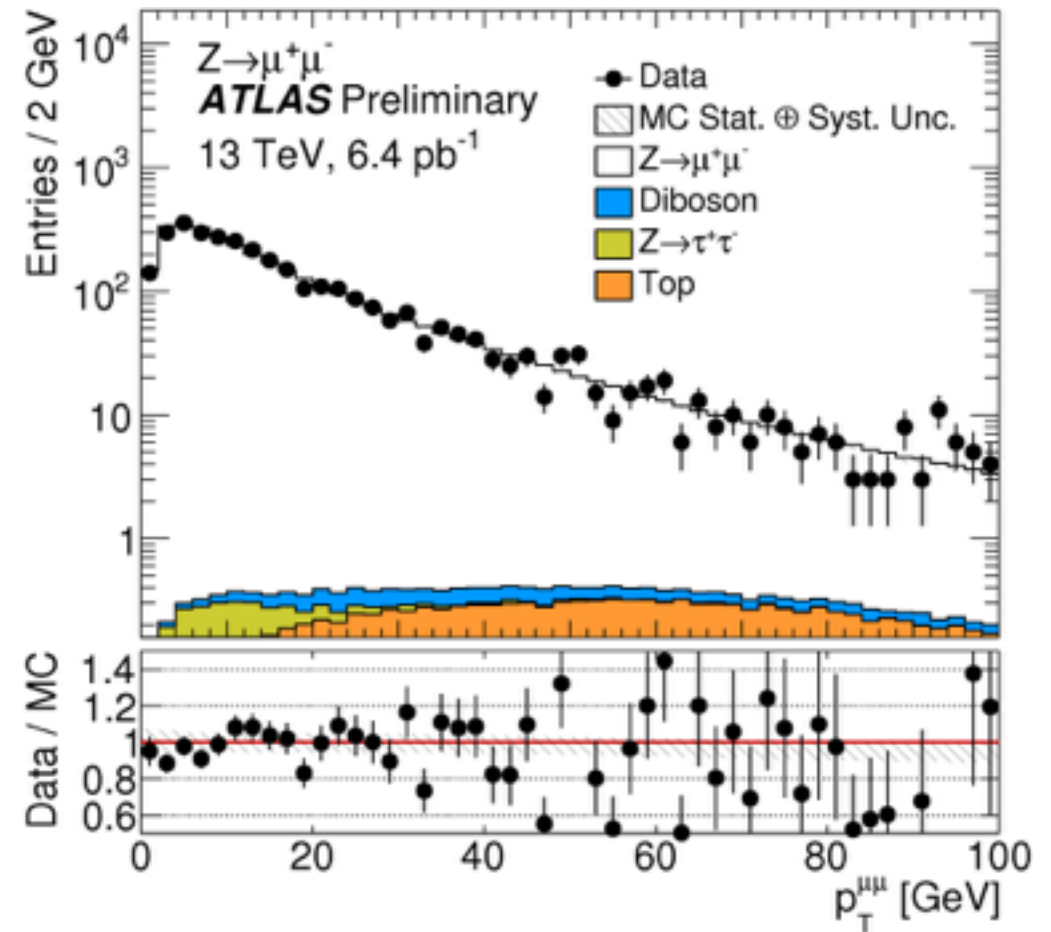
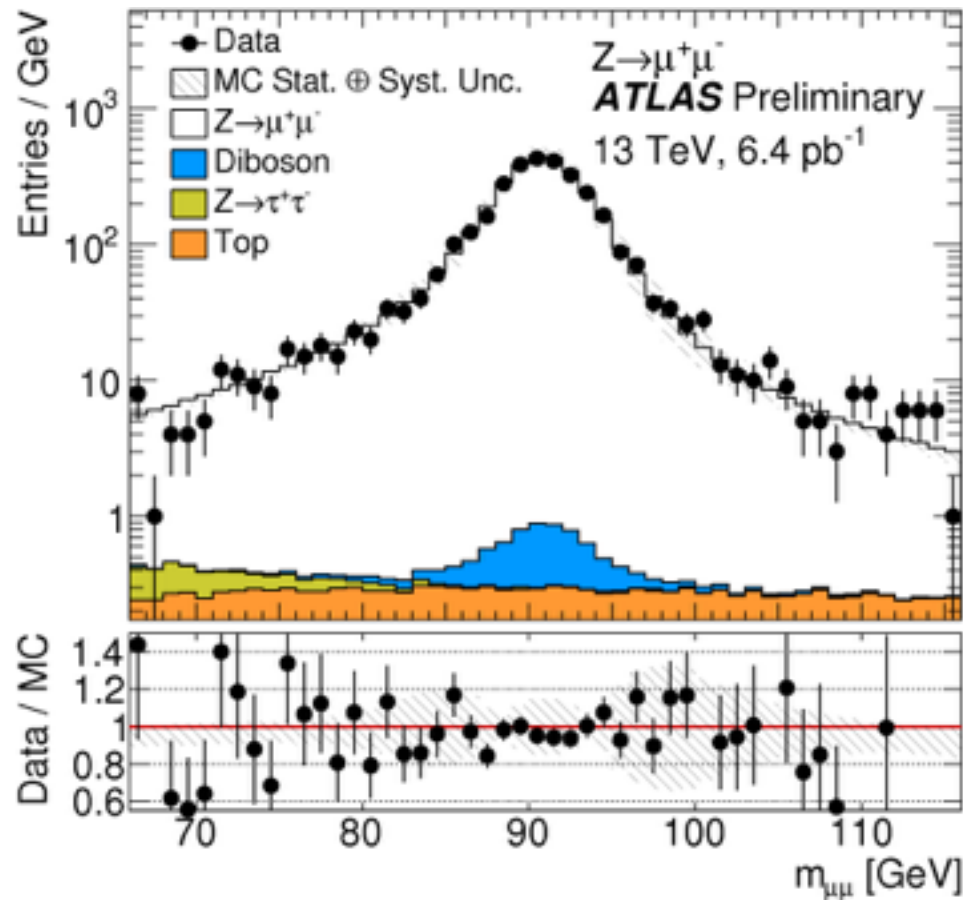
$$R = \frac{d\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}X \rightarrow J/\Psi X')}{d\sigma(pp \rightarrow J/\Psi X'')}$$



as a function of rapidity

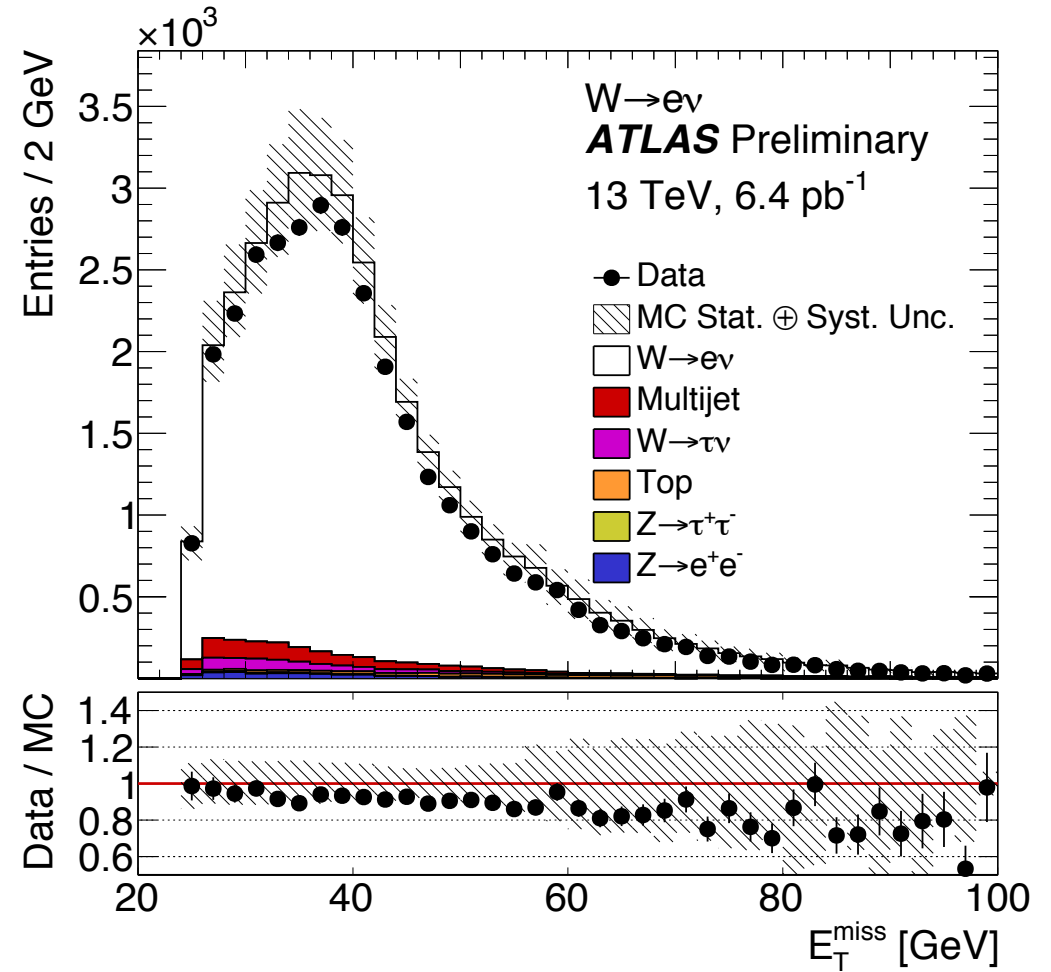
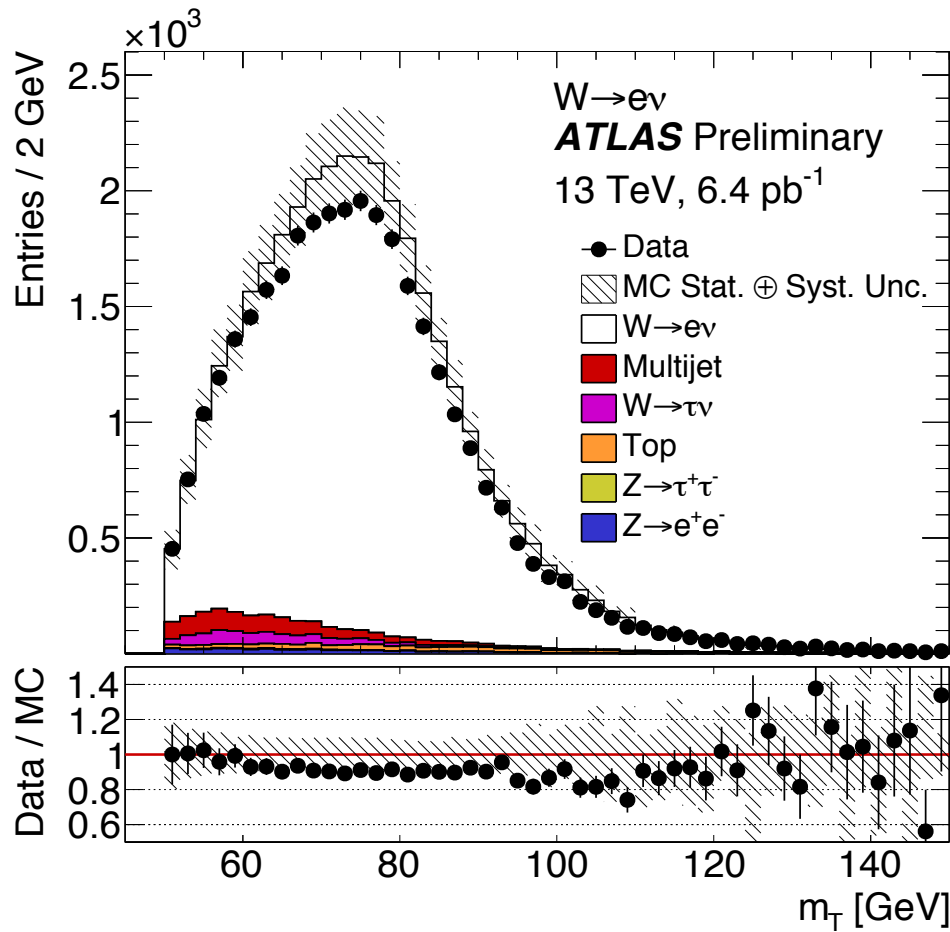
Z PRODUCTION AT 13 TEV

Z → μμ events



W PRODUCTION AT 13 TEV

W → eν events



ttbar CROSS-SECTION MEASUREMENT SYSTEMATICS

$$\sigma_{tt} (13 \text{ TeV}) = 825 \pm 49 (\text{stat}) \pm 60 (\text{syst}) \pm 83 (\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

Total relative uncertainty of 14% (4.3% at 8 TeV)

$$\sigma_{tt}[\text{SM}] (13 \text{ TeV}) = 832_{-46}^{+40} \text{ pb (at NNLO + NNLL accuracy, } m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV, Top++ 2.0)}$$

Systematic uncertainty (7.3%) dominated by

- tt hadronisation (4.5%) → large Pythia8 / Herwig++ parton shower effect, to be further studied
 - tt NLO modelling, ISR/FSR radiation & PDF (2.9%)
 - Electron ID + isolation (4.2%)
 - Muon ID + isolation (1.6%)
 - Lepton mis-identification (1.3%)
 - Lepton triggers (1.3%)
- } → will improve with more data

Overall uncertainty dominated by luminosity (9%) → will improve with full van-der-Meer luminosity scan

We also measure: $\epsilon_b = 0.527 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.006$, in good agreement with simulation: 0.543