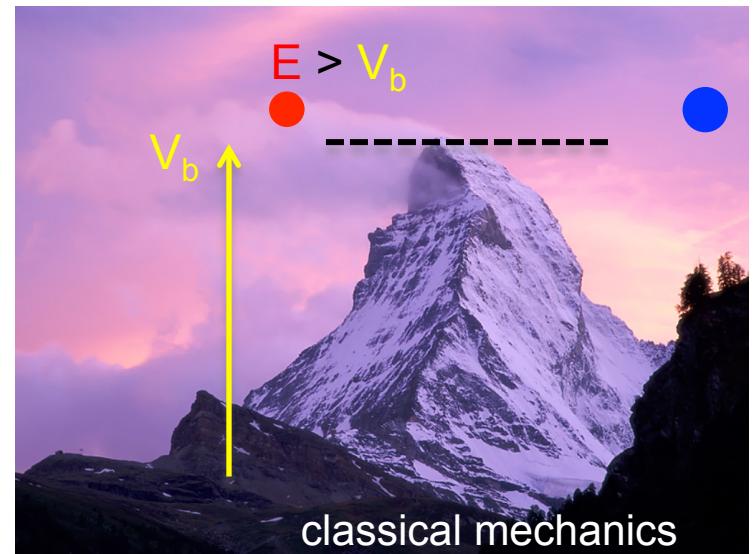


# **Heavy-ion fusion reactions involving Ni and Ca isotopes at sub-barrier energies**

D. Bourgin, S. Courtin, and F. Haas

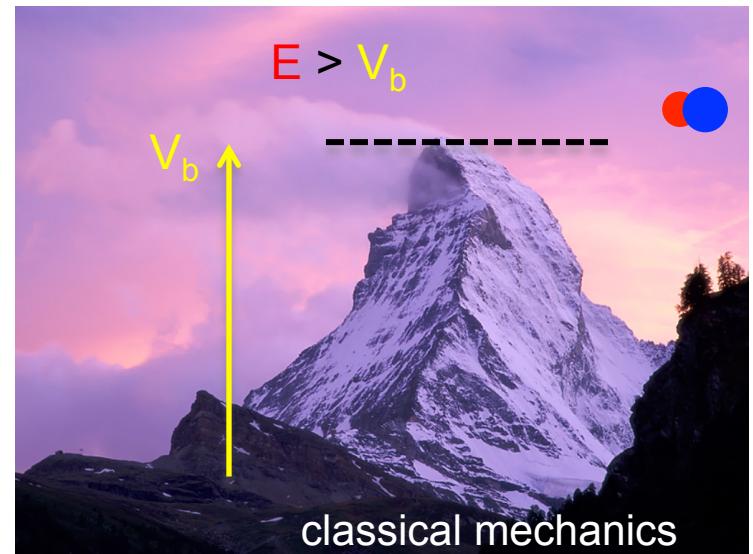
# Motivations

- Fusion: dominant reaction mechanism in heavy-ion collisions at low bombarding energies



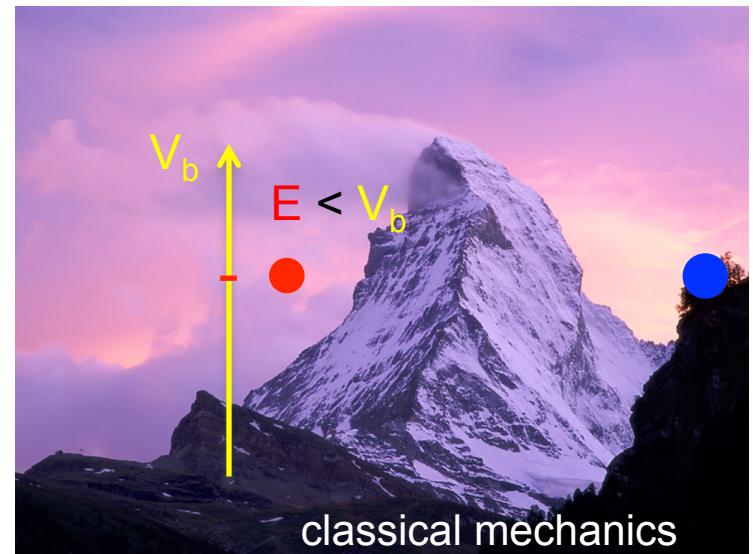
# Motivations

- Fusion: dominant reaction mechanism in heavy-ion collisions at low bombarding energies



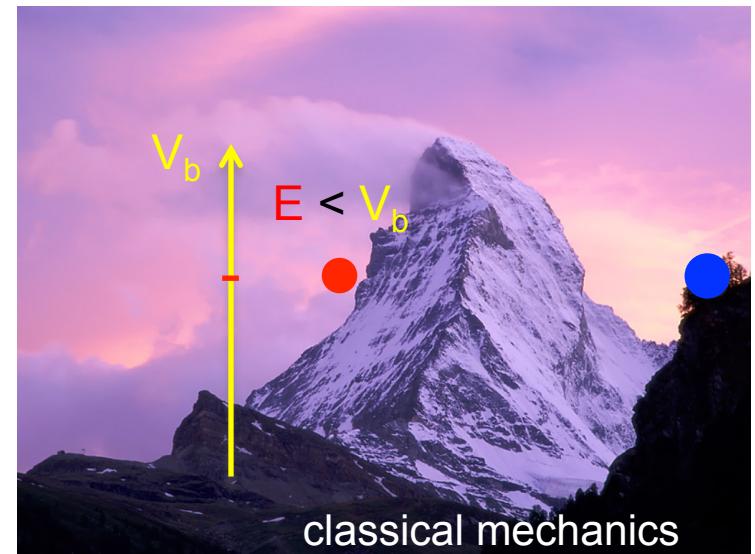
# Motivations

- Fusion: dominant reaction mechanism in heavy-ion collisions at low bombarding energies



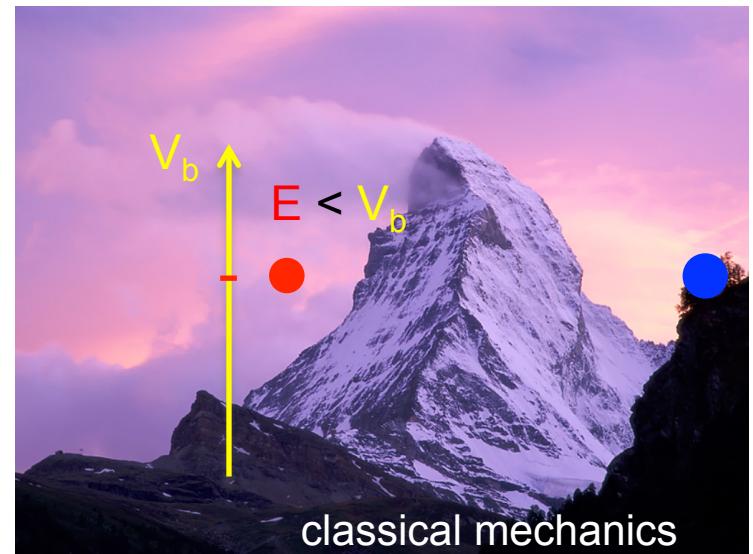
# Motivations

- Fusion: dominant reaction mechanism in heavy-ion collisions at low bombarding energies



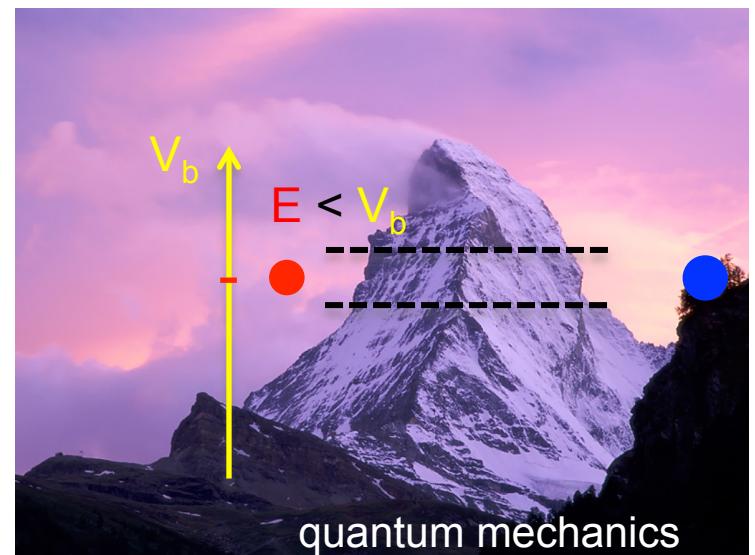
# Motivations

- Fusion: dominant reaction mechanism in heavy-ion collisions at low bombarding energies



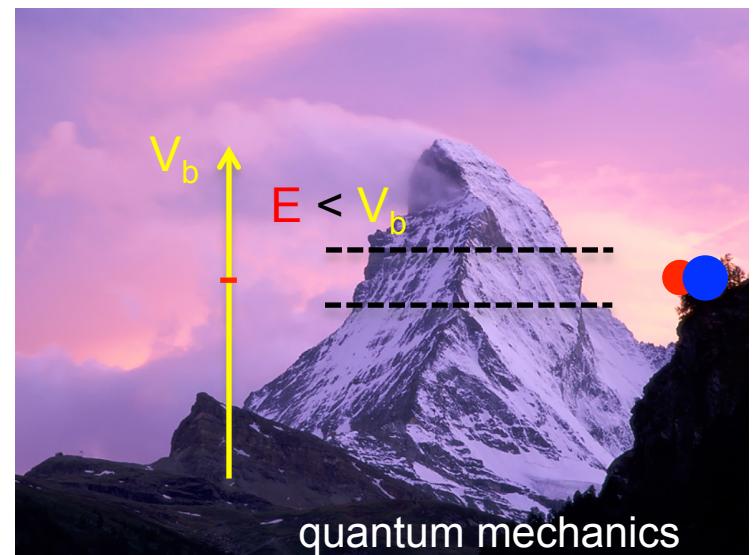
# Motivations

- Fusion: dominant reaction mechanism in heavy-ion collisions at low bombarding energies
- Fusion through the Coulomb barrier: quantum tunneling
- Studying the interplay between nuclear structure and reaction dynamics
- $^{58,64}\text{Ni} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$  and  $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$



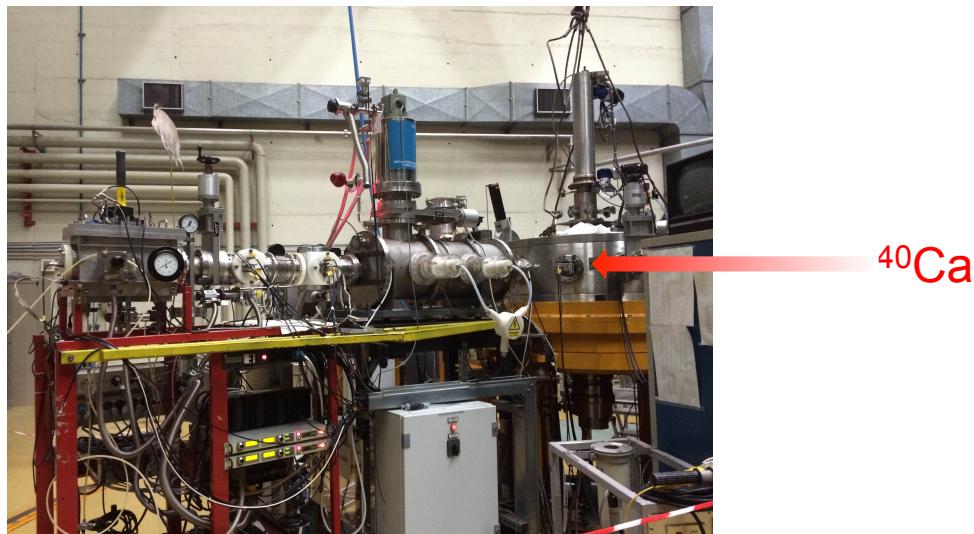
# Motivations

- Fusion: dominant reaction mechanism in heavy-ion collisions at low bombarding energies
- Fusion through the Coulomb barrier: quantum tunneling
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- $^{58,64}\text{Ni} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$  and  $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$



Exp.: S. Courtin *et al.*

- Studying the influence of  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{58,64}\text{Ni}$  nuclear structures on the fusion process
- Fusion cross section measurements



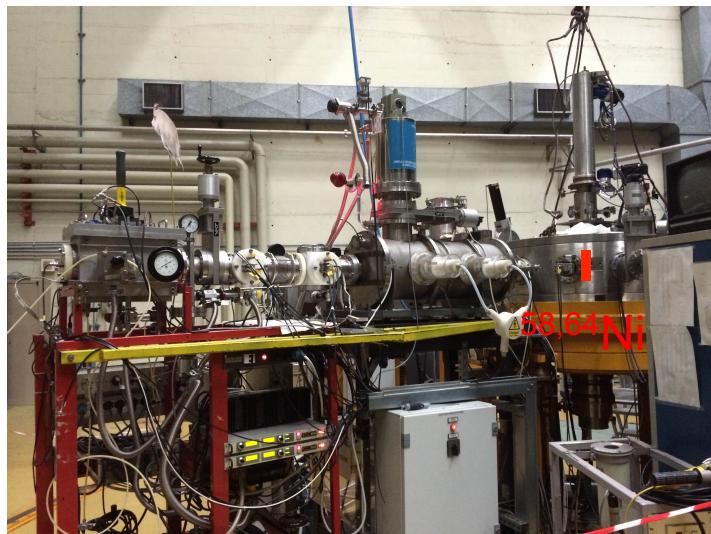
XTU Tandem accelerator

# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

Exp.: S. Courtin *et al.*

- Studying the influence of  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{58,64}\text{Ni}$  nuclear structures on the fusion process
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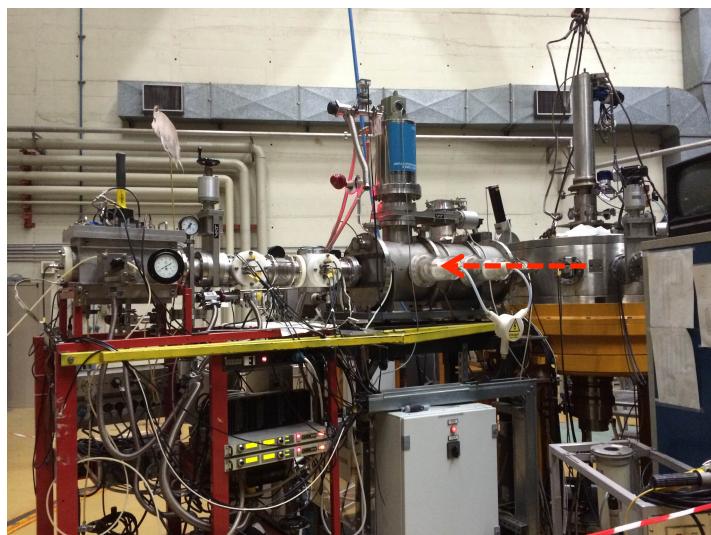
reaction chamber

# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

Exp.: S. Courtin *et al.*

- Studying the influence of  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{58,64}\text{Ni}$  nuclear structures on the fusion process
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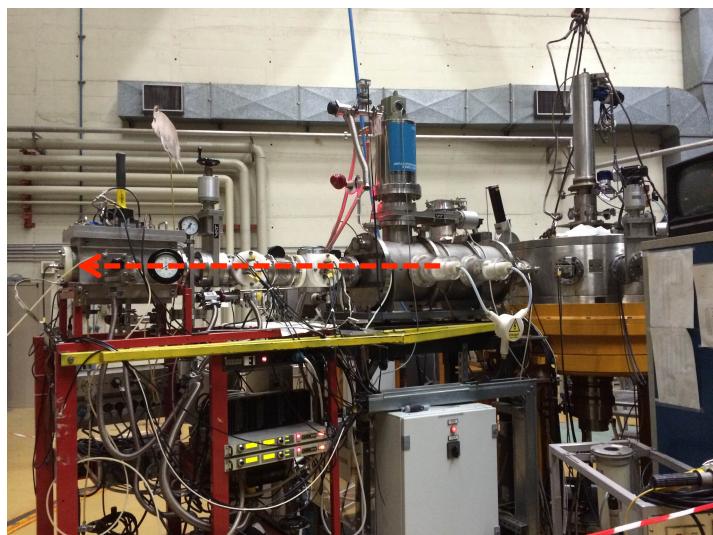
LNL electrostatic deflector

# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

Exp.: S. Courtin *et al.*

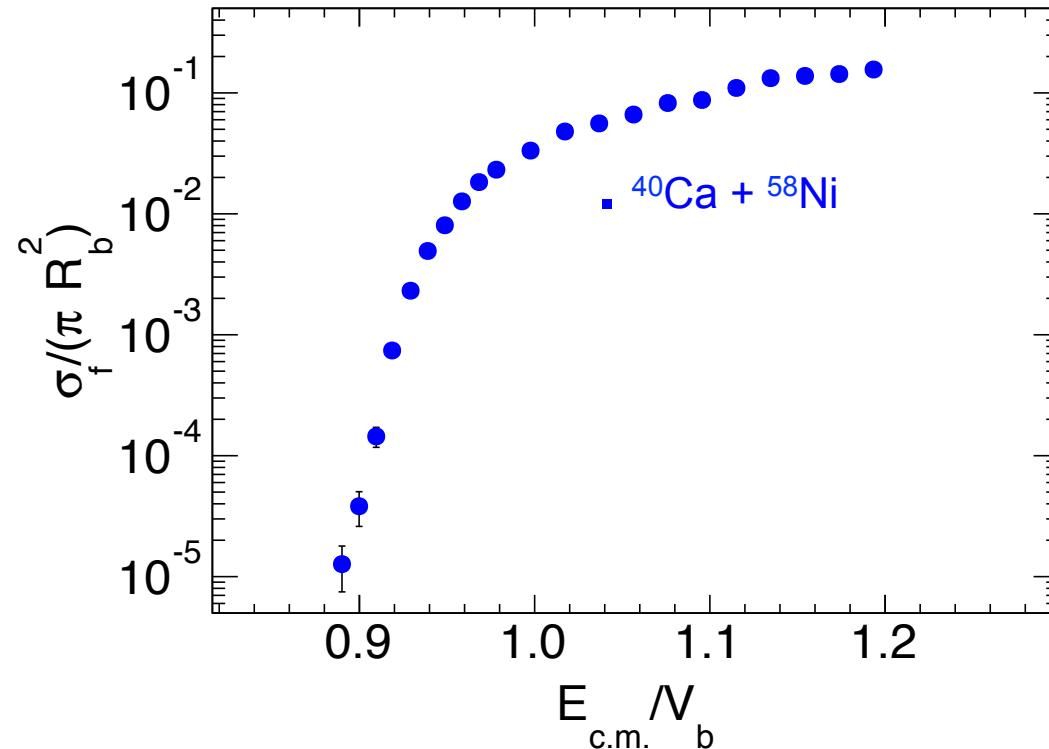
- Studying the influence of  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{58,64}\text{Ni}$  nuclear structures on the fusion process
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detection system

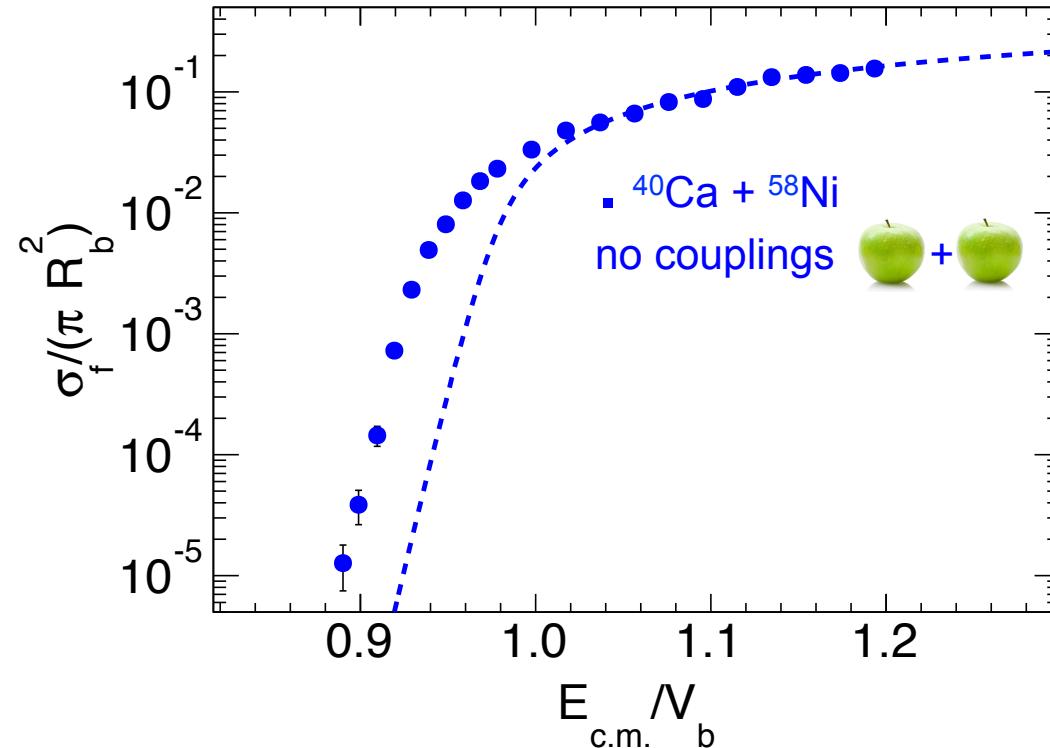
➤ Fusion excitation functions

D. Bourgin *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 044610 (2014)



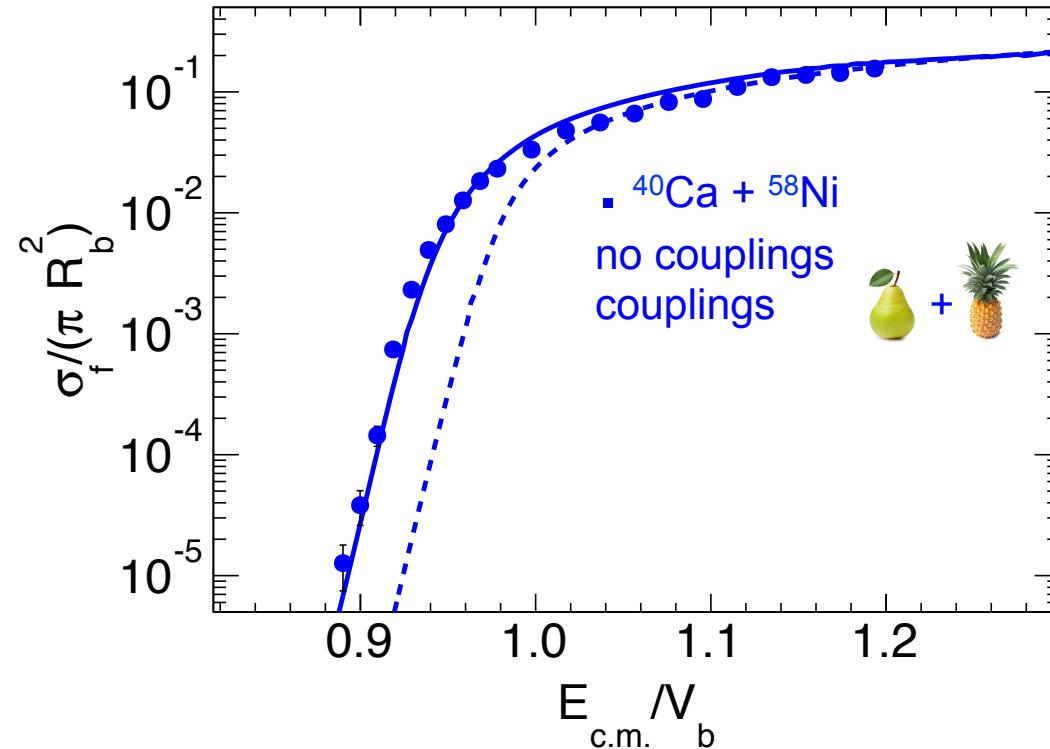
➤ Fusion excitation functions

D. Bourgin *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 044610 (2014)



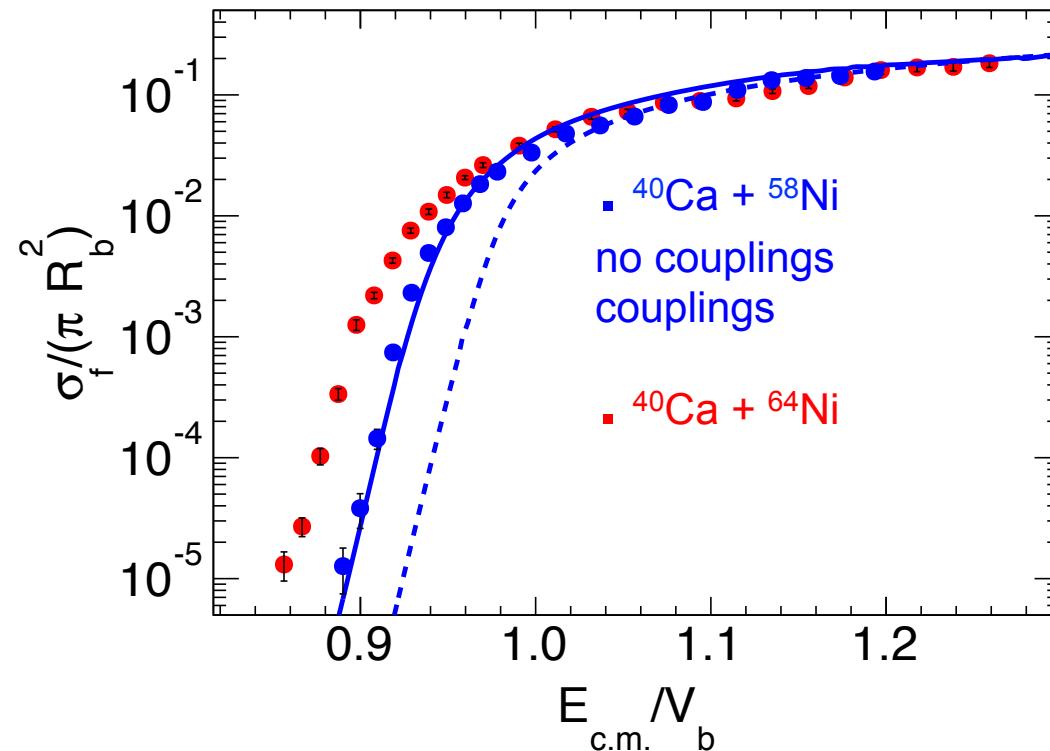
➤ Fusion excitation functions

D. Bourgin *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 044610 (2014)



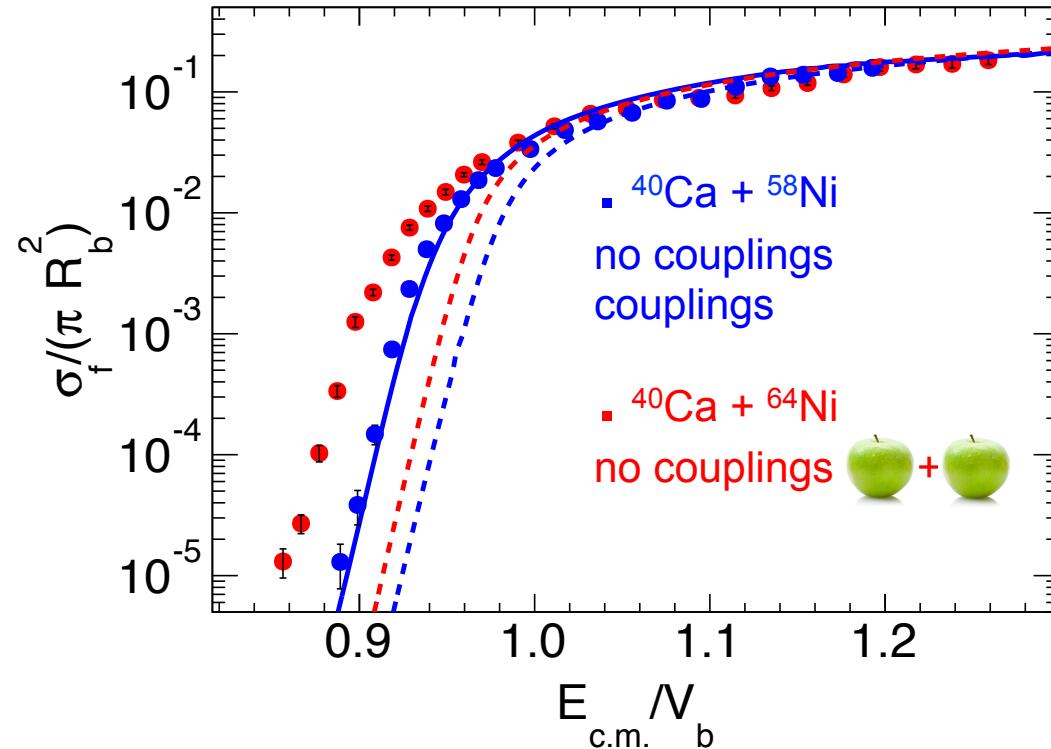
➤ Fusion excitation functions

D. Bourgin *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 044610 (2014)



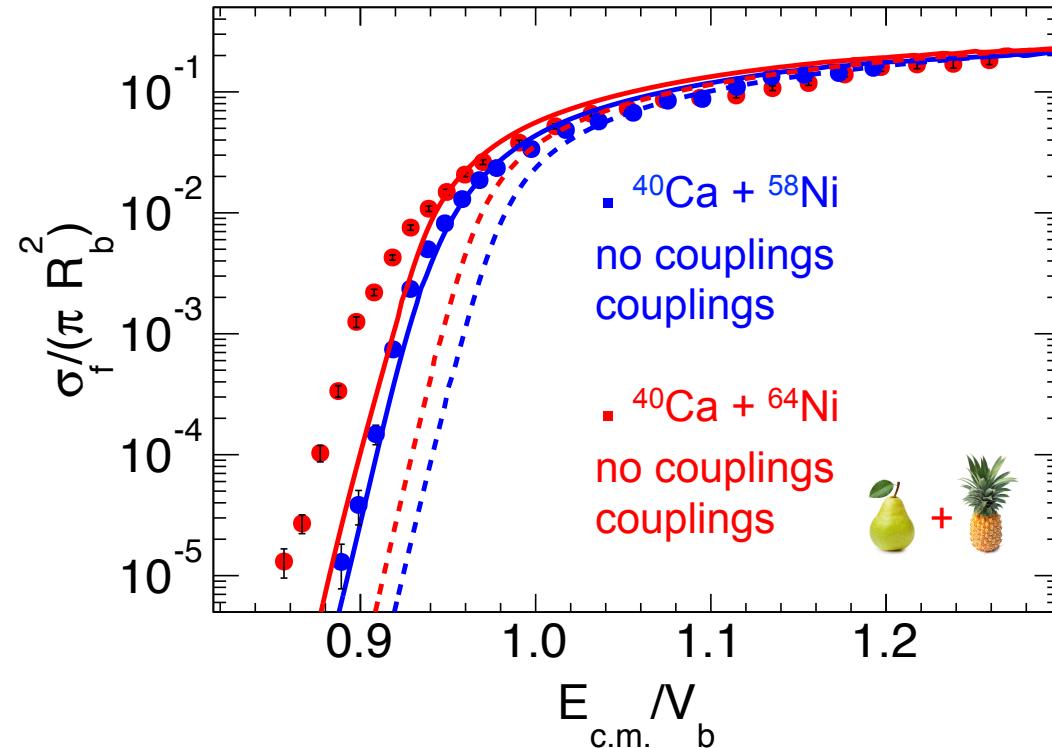
➤ Fusion excitation functions

D. Bourgin *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 044610 (2014)



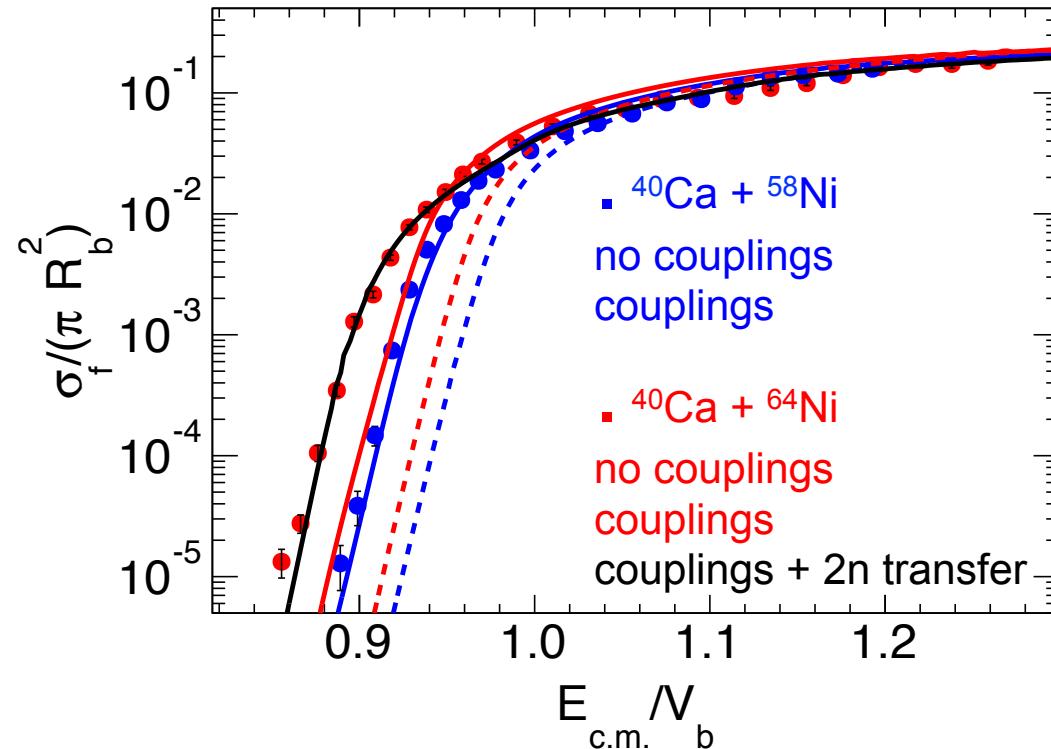
➤ Fusion excitation functions

D. Bourgin *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 044610 (2014)



➤ Fusion excitation functions

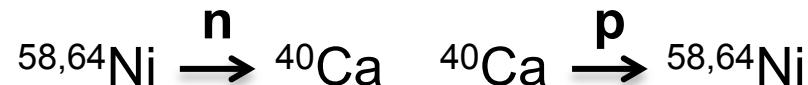
D. Bourgin *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 044610 (2014)



# Fusion reactions:

**$^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$**

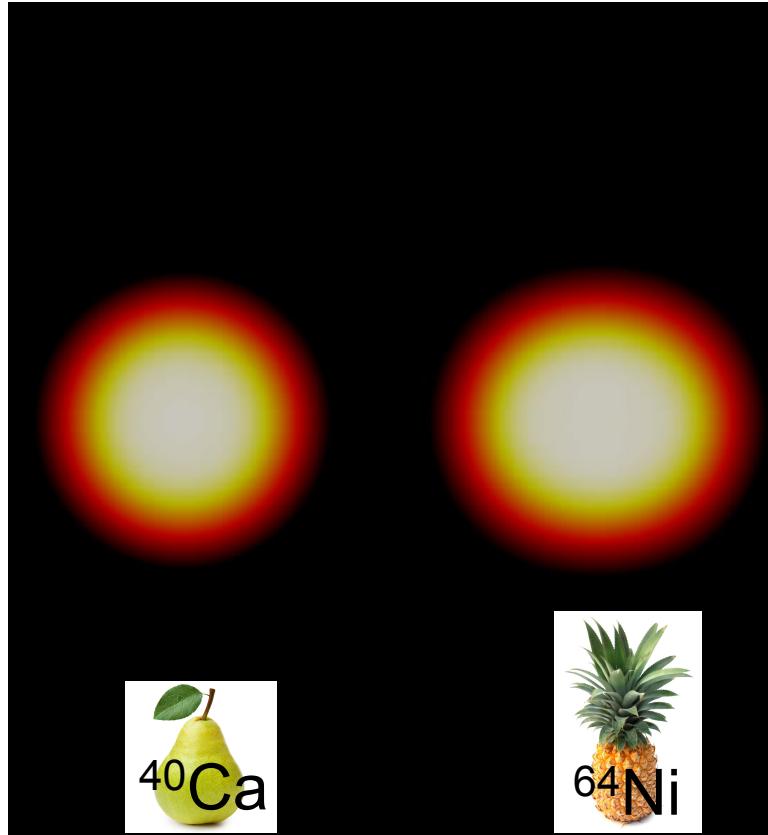
- Nucleon transfer Q-values [MeV]



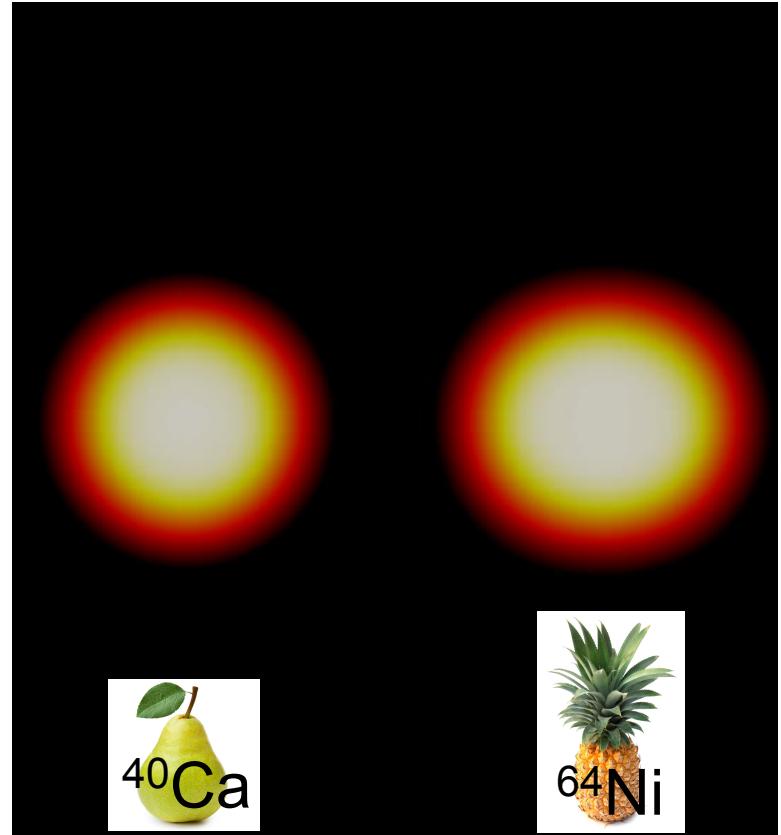
System	+1n	+2n	-1p	-2p
${}^{40}\text{Ca}+{}^{58}\text{Ni}$	-3.8	-2.5	-3.8	-3.6
${}^{40}\text{Ca}+{}^{64}\text{Ni}$	-1.2	+3.5	+0.3	+4.2

- Time-Dependent Hartree-Fock calculations:

**scattering process**



**fusion process**

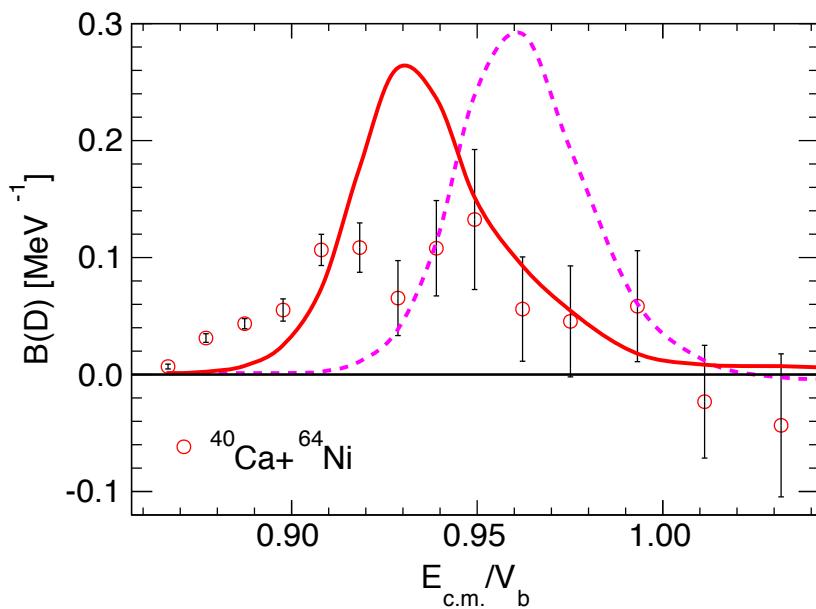
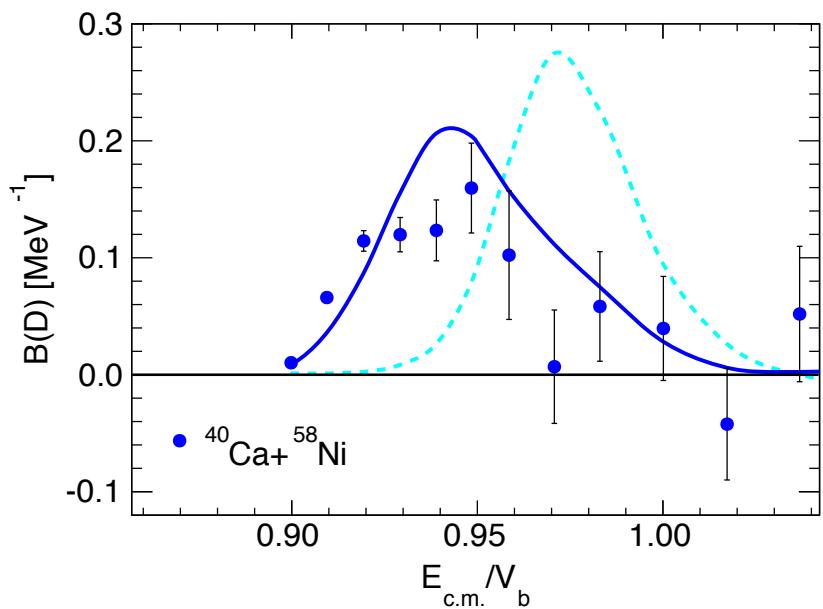


*In collaboration with C. Simenel, Department of Nuclear Physics, RSPE, Australian National University, Australia*

# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

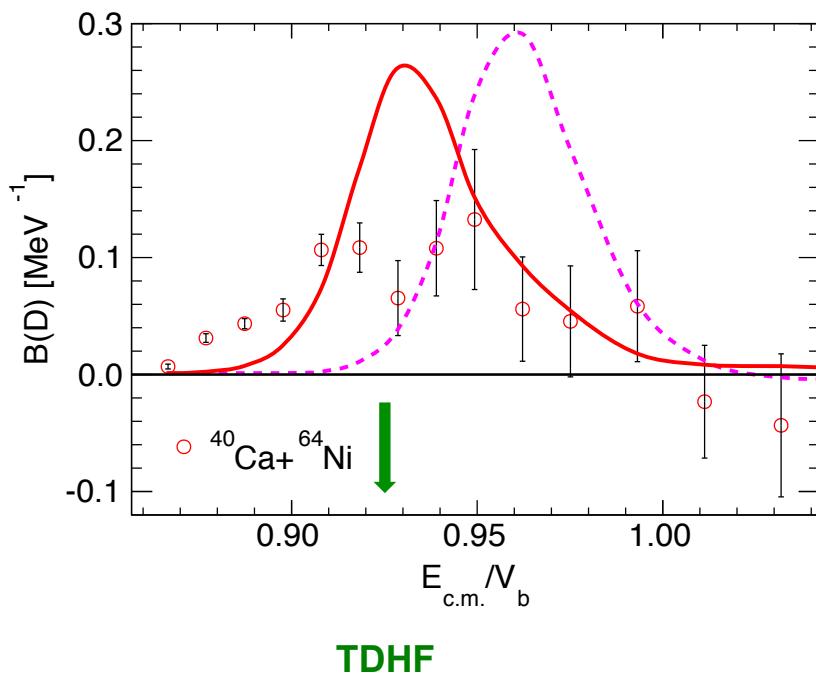
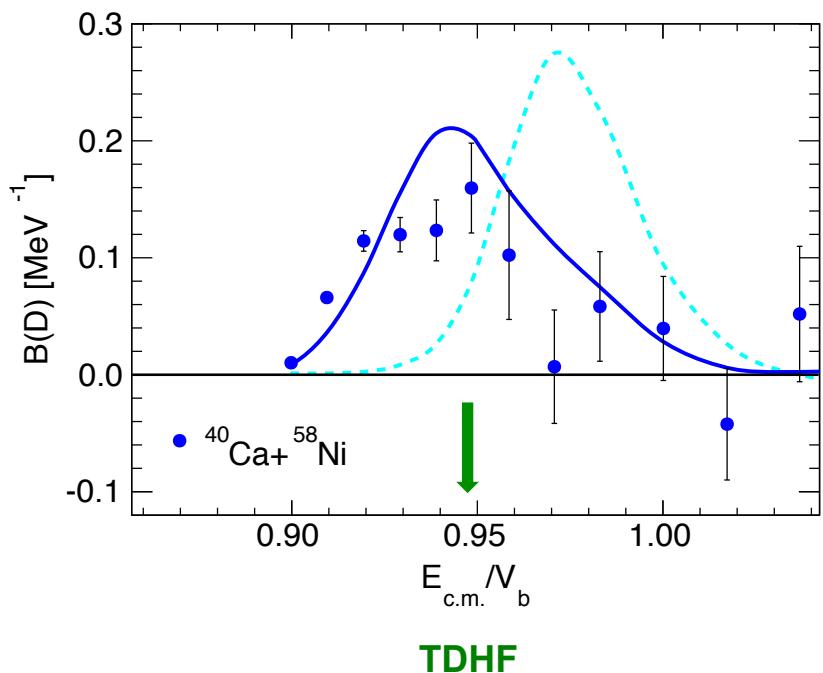
### ➤ Barrier distributions



# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

### ➤ Barrier distributions



# Fusion reactions:

$^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$

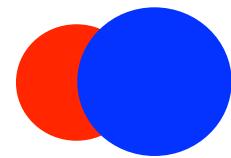
- Influence of the nuclear structure of the colliding nuclei on the fusion process for  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$



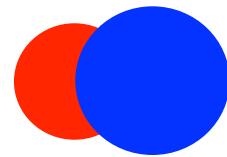
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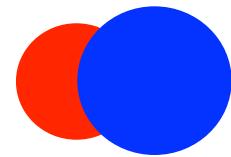
- Effect of the neutron transfer channels on the fusion process in  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{64}\text{Ni}$



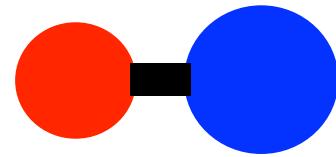
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$^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$

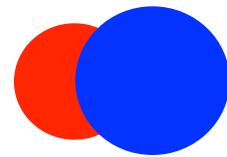
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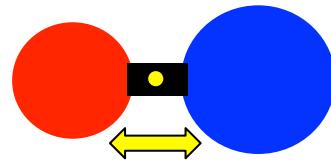
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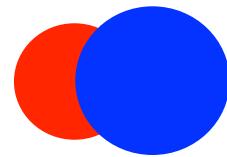
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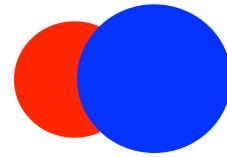
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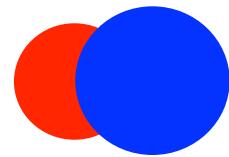
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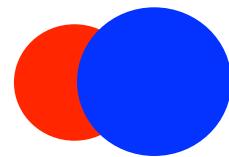
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- Influence of the nuclear structure of the colliding nuclei on the fusion process for  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$



- Effect of the neutron transfer channels on the fusion process in  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{64}\text{Ni}$



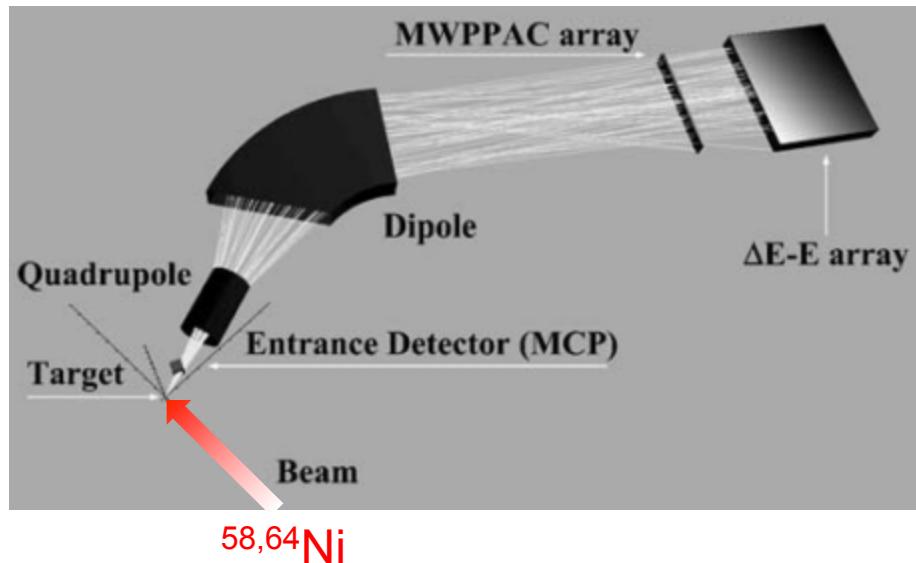
- Nucleon transfer cross section measurements for  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$

# Transfer reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

Exp.: D. Bourgin *et al.*

- Nucleon transfer cross section measurements



- XTU Tandem accelerator and PRISMA magnetic spectrometer

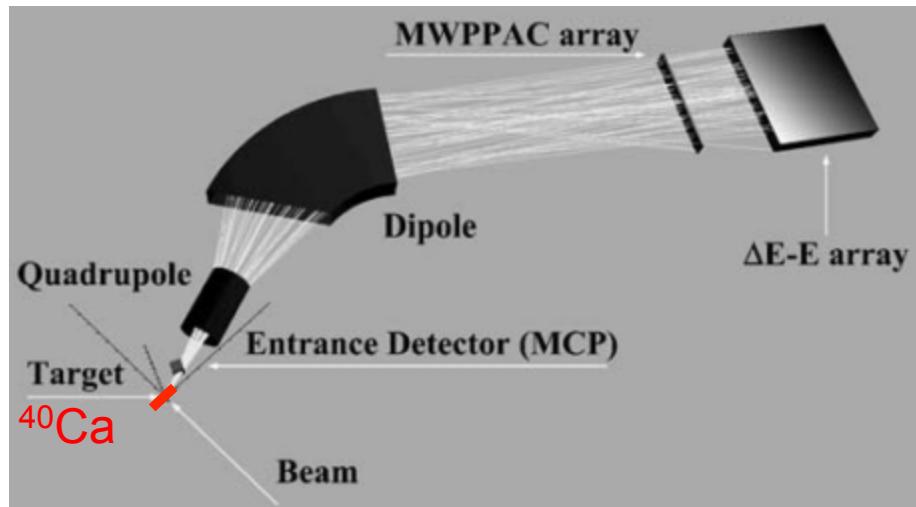


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$^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$

Exp.: D. Bourgin *et al.*

- Nucleon transfer cross section measurements



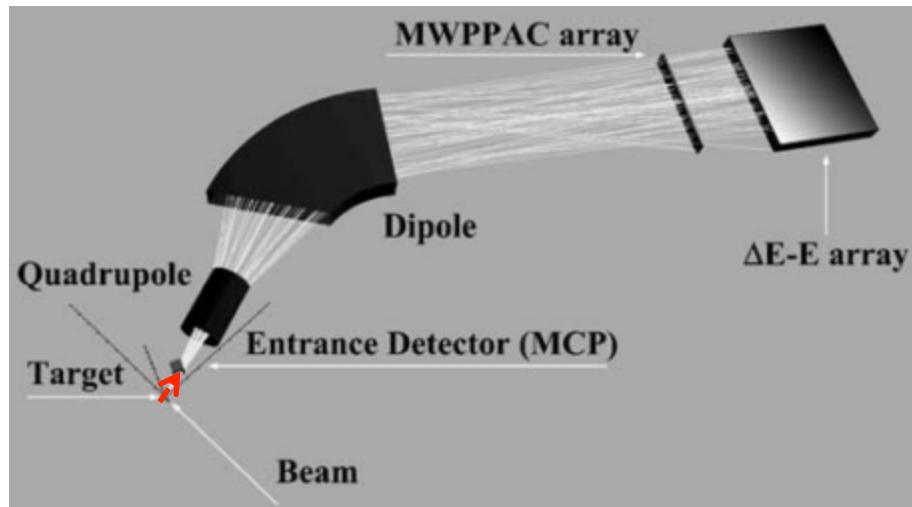
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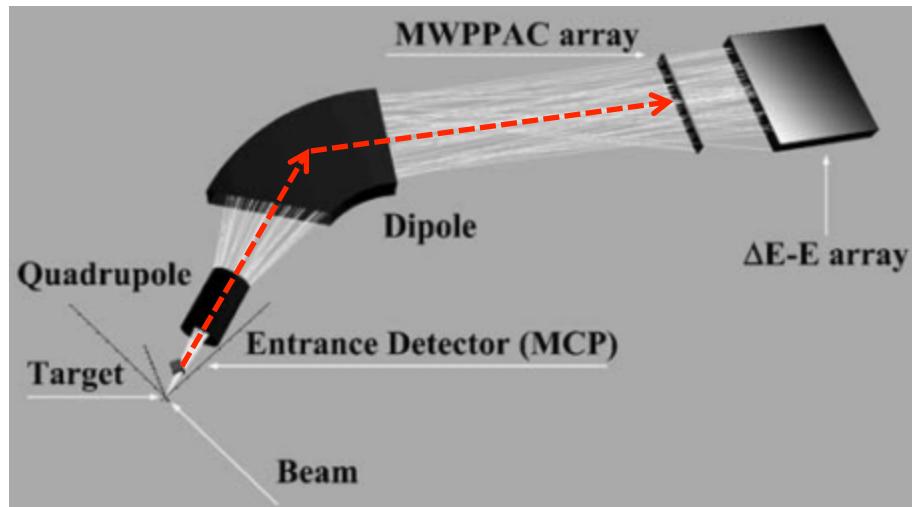
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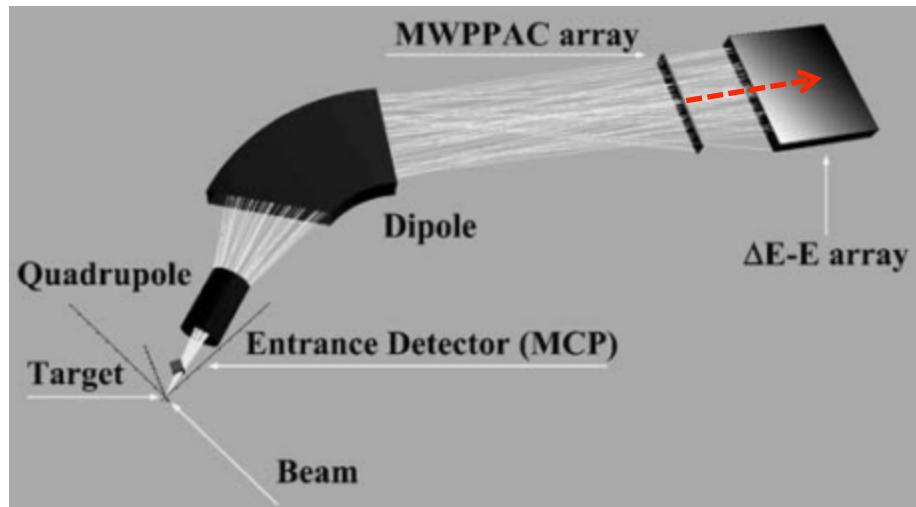
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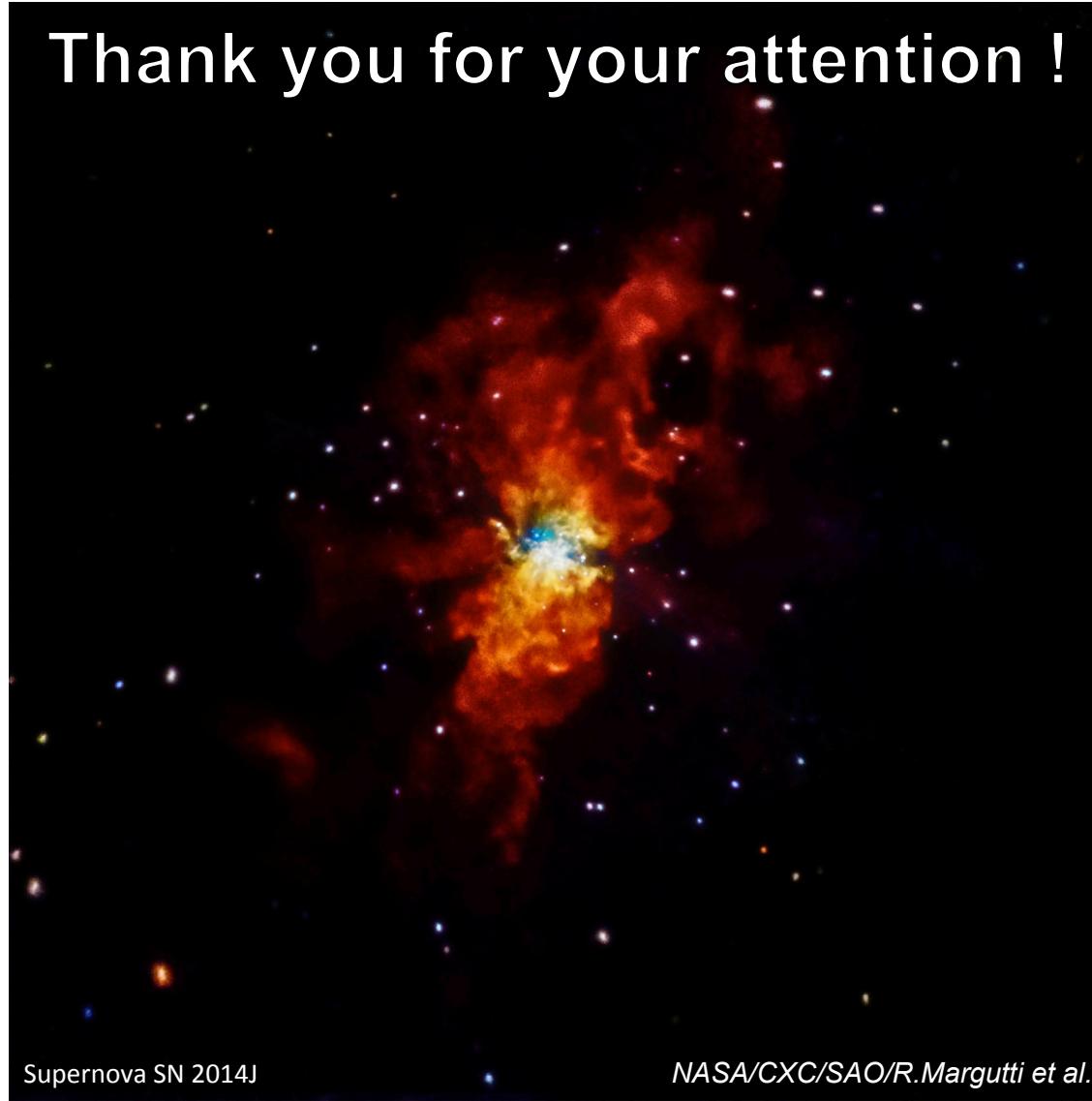
Exp.: D. Bourgin *et al.*

- Nucleon transfer cross section measurements



- XTU Tandem accelerator and PRISMA magnetic spectrometer

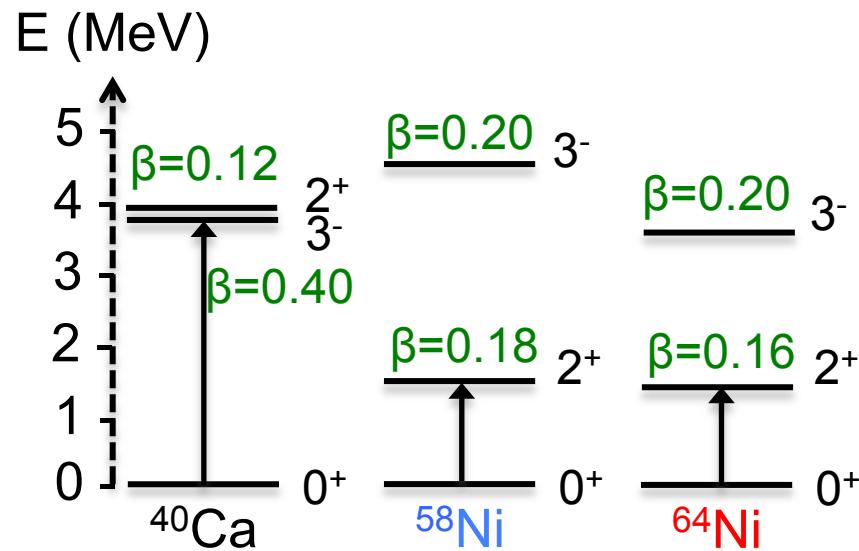
# Thank you for your attention !



# Fusion reactions:

$^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

- Fusion excitation functions



# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

- Barrier width
- Fit of the two fusion excitation functions with the Wong formula
- Wong formula:

$$\sigma_f(E_{c.m.}) = \frac{R_0^2}{2E_{c.m.}} \hbar \omega_0 \ln(1 + e^{\frac{2\pi}{\hbar\omega_0}(E_{c.m.} - V_0)})$$

# Fusion reactions:

**$^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$**

- Barrier width

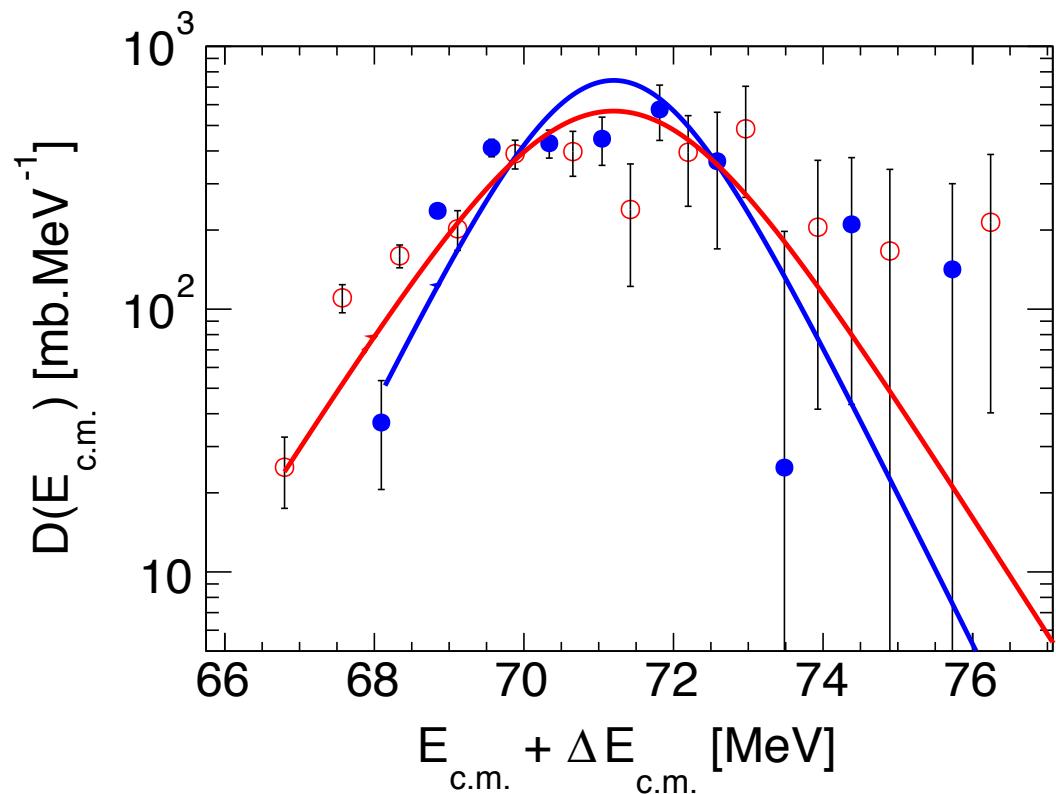
$$\sigma_f(E_{c.m.}) = \frac{R_0^2}{2E_{c.m.}} \hbar \omega_0 \ln(1 + e^{\frac{2\pi}{\hbar \omega_0}(E_{c.m.} - V_0)})$$

System	$\hbar \omega_0$ [MeV]	$V_0$ [MeV]	$R_0$ [fm]
$^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{58}\text{Ni}$	$4.8 \pm 0.2$	$71.2 \pm 0.1$	$8.5 \pm 0.1$
$^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{64}\text{Ni}$	$6.1 \pm 0.2$	$69.1 \pm 0.1$	$8.4 \pm 0.1$

# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58,64\text{Ni}$

### ➤ Barrier width



$$D(E_{c.m.}) = \frac{d^2(E_{c.m.} \sigma_f)}{dE_{c.m.}^2}$$

- $^{40}\text{Ca} + 58\text{Ni}, \Delta E_{c.m.} = 0 \text{ MeV}$   
Wong formula fit
- $^{40}\text{Ca} + 64\text{Ni}, \Delta E_{c.m.} = 2.09 \text{ MeV}$   
Wong formula fit

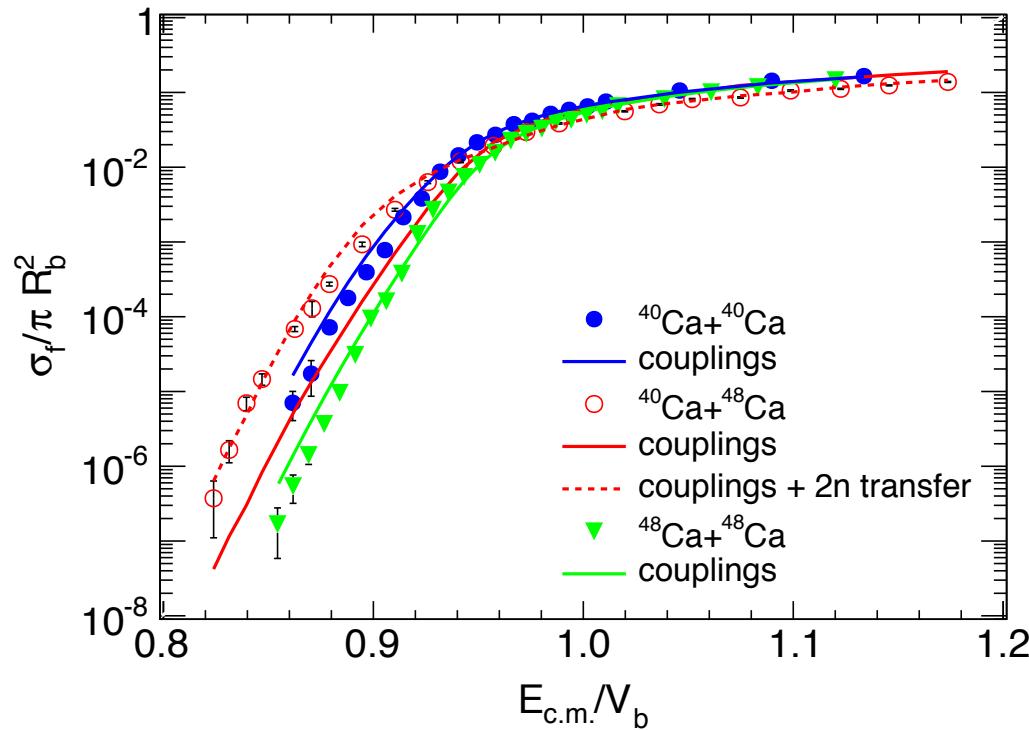
# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$

➤ Fusion excitation functions for  $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$

G. Montagnoli *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **85**, 024607 (2012)

A. M. Stefanini *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B. **679**, 95 (2009)

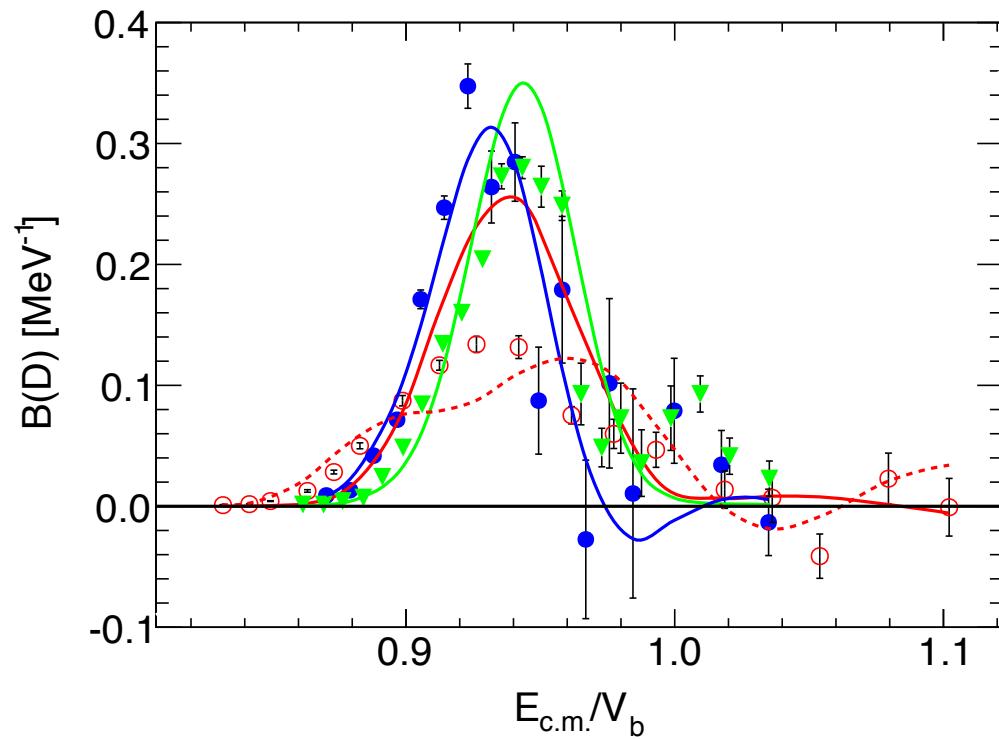


C. L. Jiang *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **82**, 041601(R) (2010)

# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$

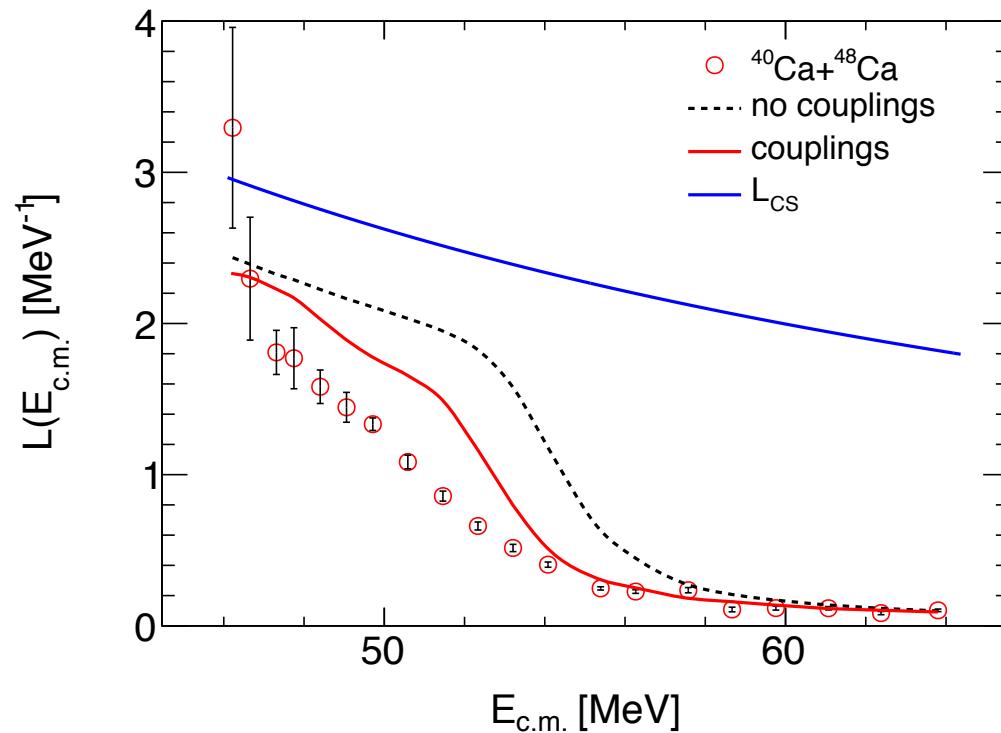
- Barrier distributions for  $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$



# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$

- Logarithmic derivative for  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{48}\text{Ca}$

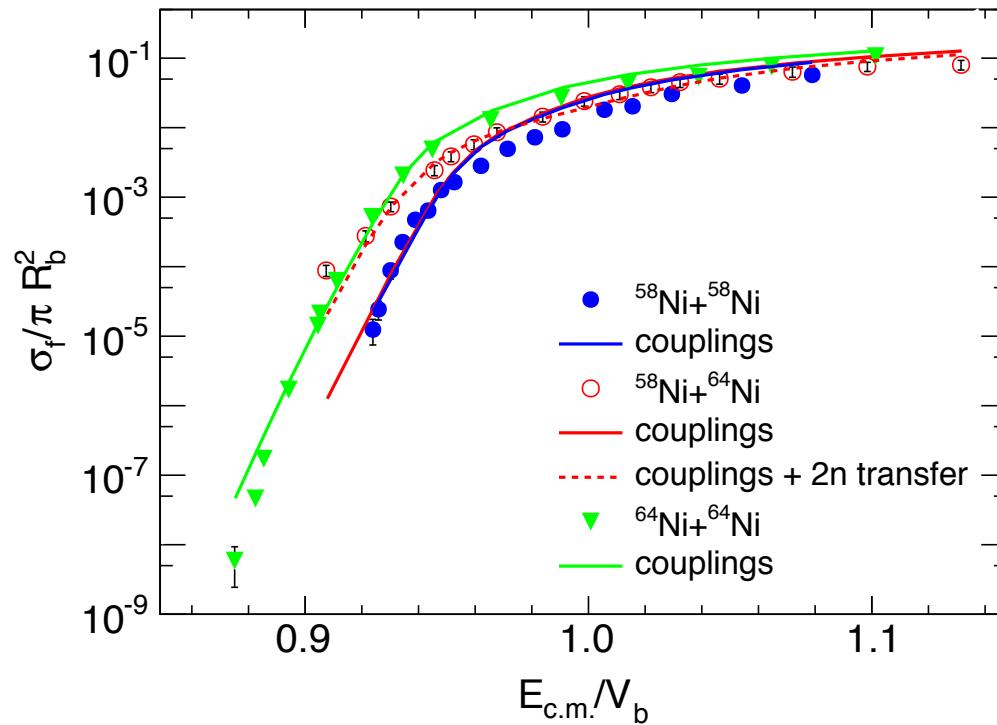


# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$

➤ Fusion excitation functions for  $^{58,64}\text{Ni} + ^{58,64}\text{Ni}$

M. Beckerman *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **23**, 1581 (1981)  
 C. L. Jiang *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **93**, 012701 (2004)

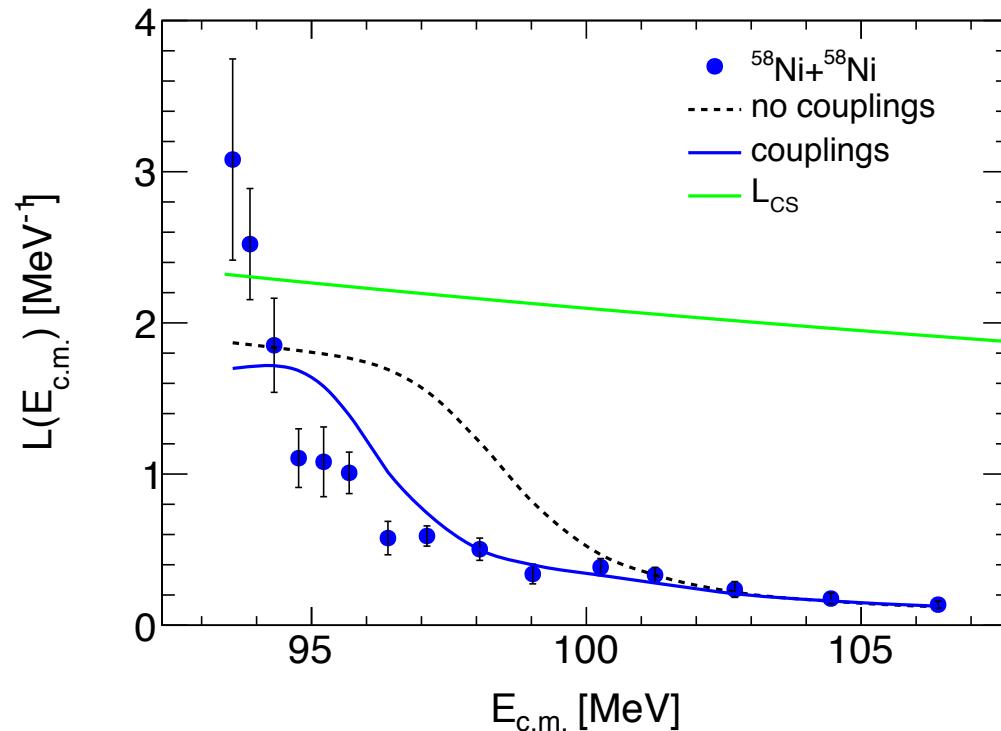


D. Ackermann *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **609**, 91 (1996)

# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$

- Logarithmic derivative for  $^{58}\text{Ni} + ^{58}\text{Ni}$



# Fusion reactions:

## $^{40,48}\text{Ca} + ^{40,48}\text{Ca}$

- Logarithmic derivative for  $^{64}\text{Ni} + ^{64}\text{Ni}$

