

CMS Higgs(125) diboson results



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on behalf of the CMS collaboration

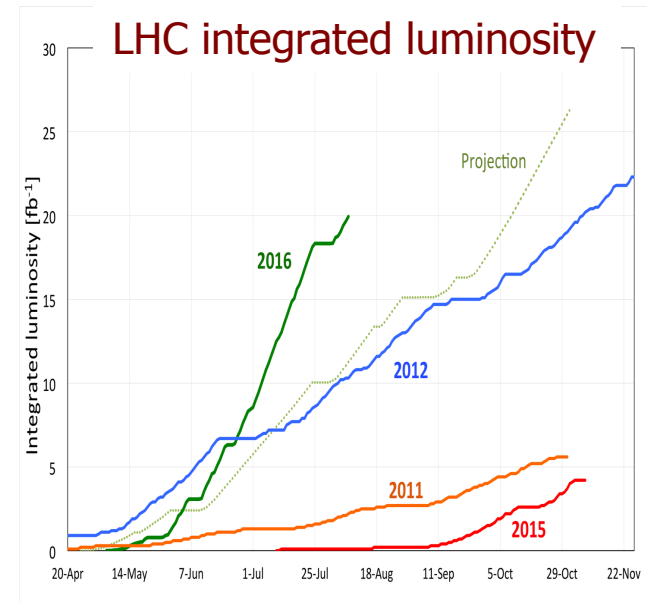


Outline

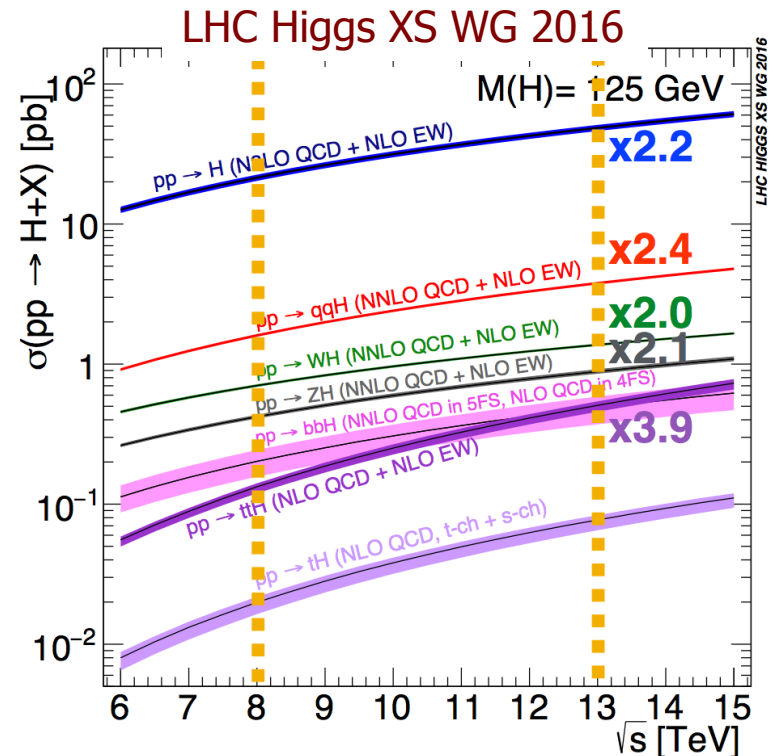
- **Focus on the most recent 13 TeV results:**
 - Most analysis with 2016 dataset of $\sim 13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 - Some results using only 2015 data ($\sim 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
 - Included also some recent results using Run I data
- **Production modes and decay channels included in this talk:**
 - Production modes: ggH, VBF, VH and ttH
 - Decay modes: HWW, H $\gamma\gamma$ and HZZ
- Recent measurements on **fiducial and differential cross section** and higgs **width**

Higgs boson in Run II

- LHC restarted in 2015 with a collision energy of 13 TeV and 25 ns bunch spacing
 - Increased sensitivity to tails of differential distributions and BSM
 - Increased sensitivity to large partonic center-of-mass (e.g. ttH production)
- RunII dataset $\sim 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 - Already produced more Higgs bosons than in Run I
- Most analyses follow closely methods and strategies developed during Run I

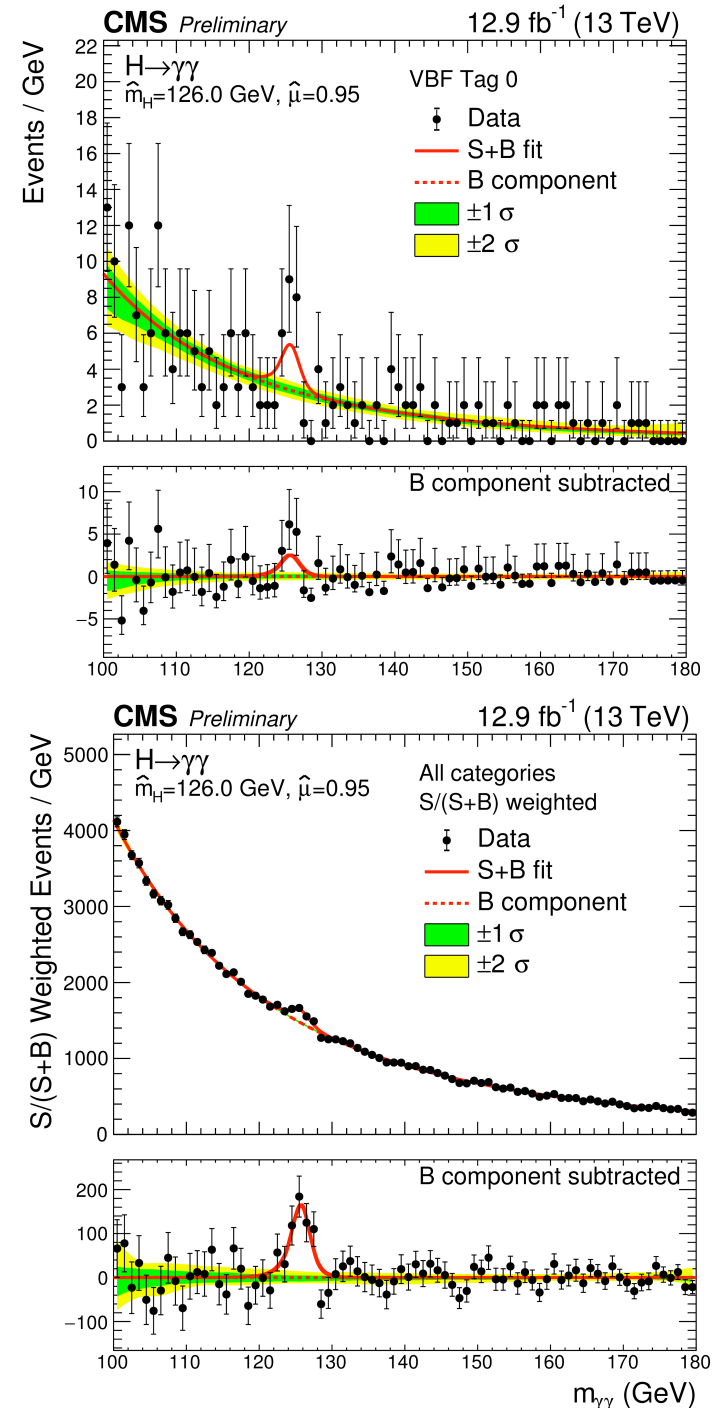


<https://cds.cern.ch/journal/CERNBulletin/2016/28/News%20Articles/2197580>



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ **HIG-16-020**

- Clean signature under a huge background ($S/B < 1$)
- Signature: 2 isolated photons
 - production modes included ggH , VBF and $t\bar{t}H$ event
- Large QCD backgrounds ($\gamma\gamma$, γj , jj)
- **Analysis strategy:**
 - Events categorized into classes (S/B, mass resolution, additional particles, BDT) to improve the analysis sensitivity.
 - Extraction of signal through fit of di-photon invariant mass spectrum in each category
- **Dominant systematic uncertainty:** photon energy resolution and background fit choice bias



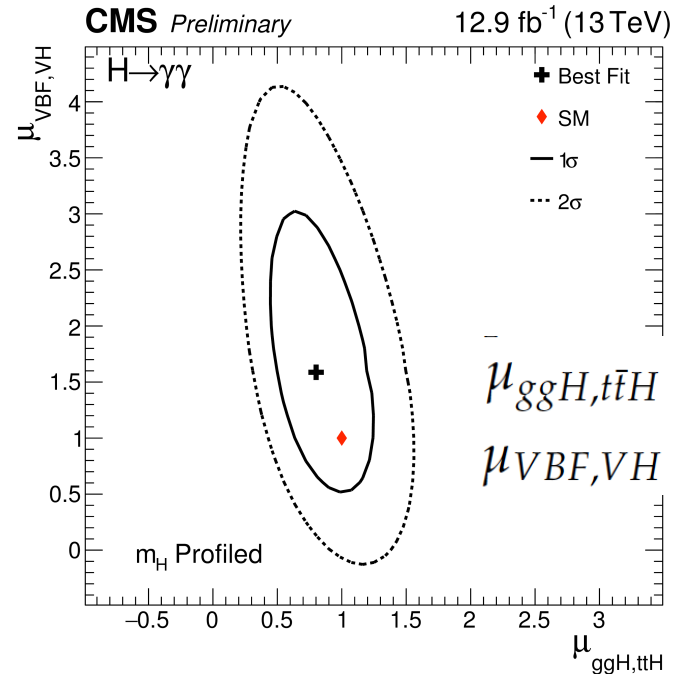
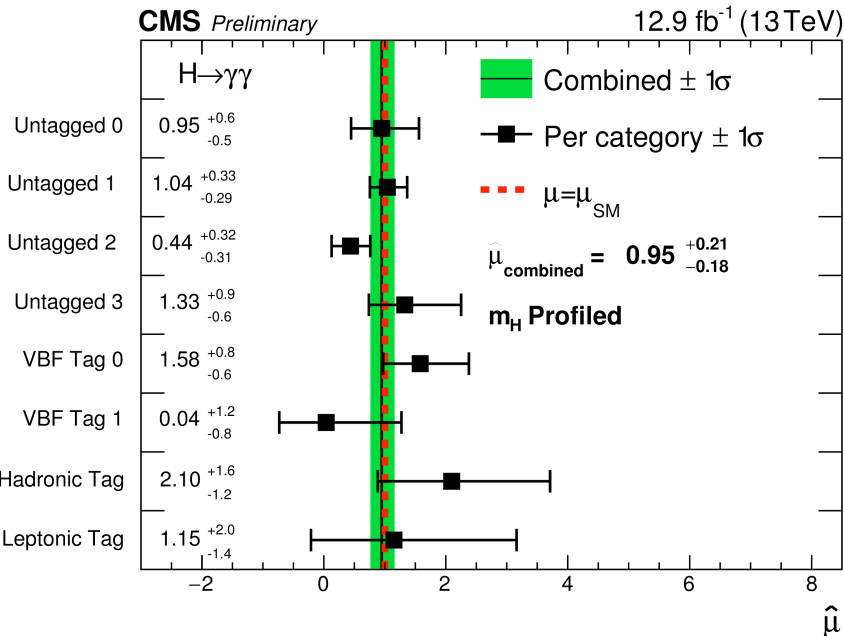
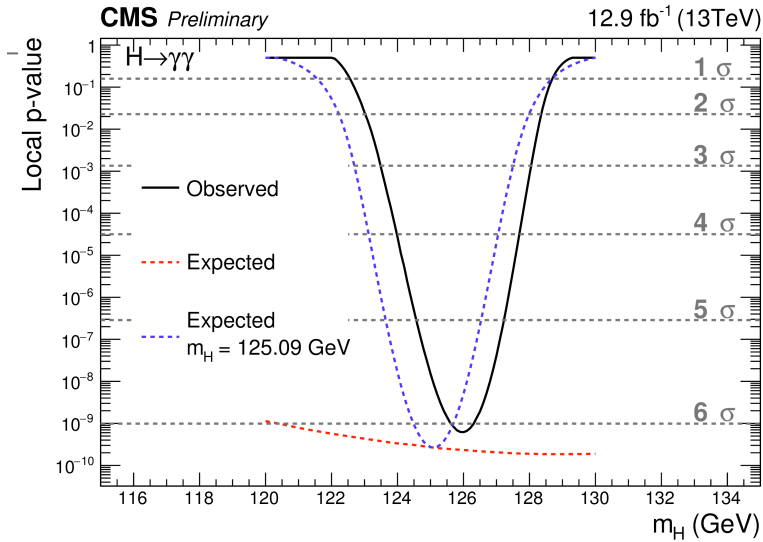
H → γγ results HIG-16-020

- Significance @ 125.09 GeV: **5.6σ** observed (**6.2σ** expected)
- Maximum observed significance is 6.1σ at 126.0 GeV
- **Best-fit signal strength @ 125.09 GeV:**

$$\sigma_{obs} / \sigma_{SM} = 0.91 \pm 0.20 = 0.91 \pm 0.17 \text{ (stat.)}$$

$$+0.09 \text{ (syst.)} \quad +0.08 \text{ (theo.)}$$

$$-0.07 \text{ (syst.)} \quad -0.05 \text{ (theo.)}$$

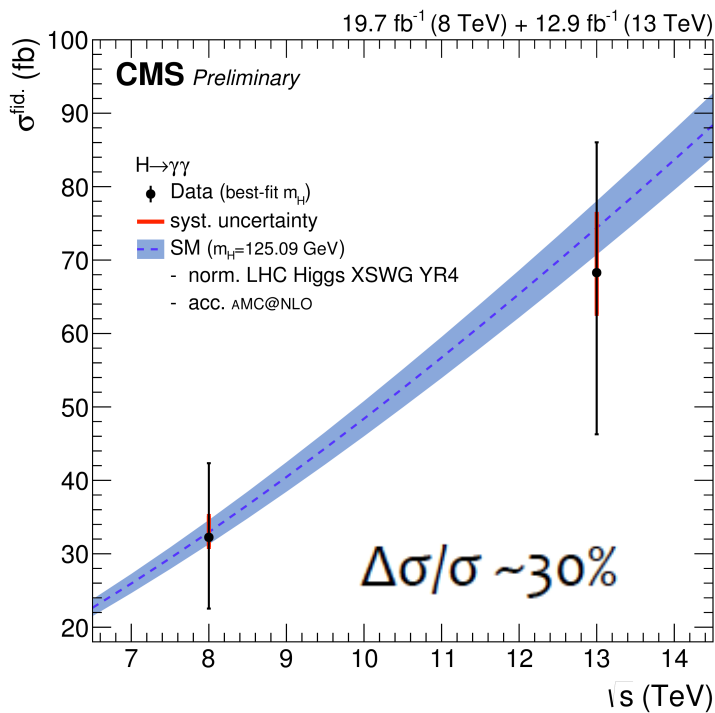
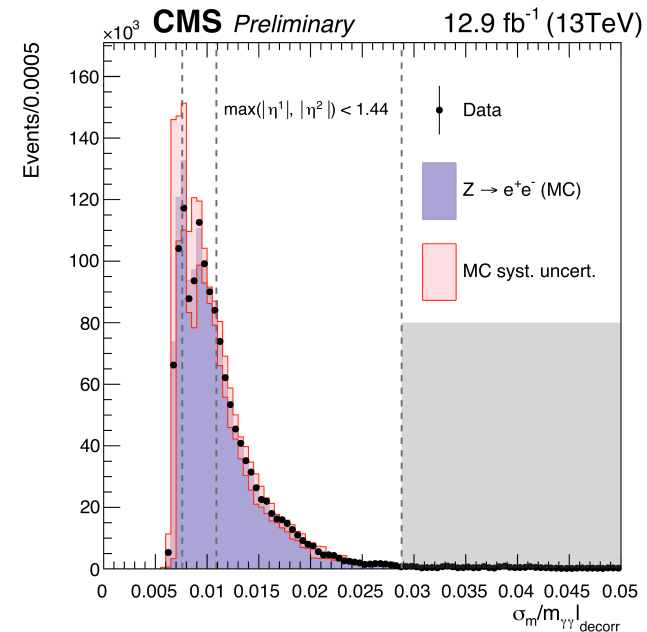


$$\mu_{ggH,t\bar{t}H} = 0.80^{+0.14}_{-0.18}$$

$$\mu_{VBF,VH} = 1.59^{+0.73}_{-0.45}$$

H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ fiducial cross-section **HIG-16-020**

- Different event categorization: **3 mass resolution categories.**
- Event yields corrected for detector inefficiency and resolution
 - **Minimal dependence on theoretical modeling**



- **Fiducial cross section measured profiling m_H**

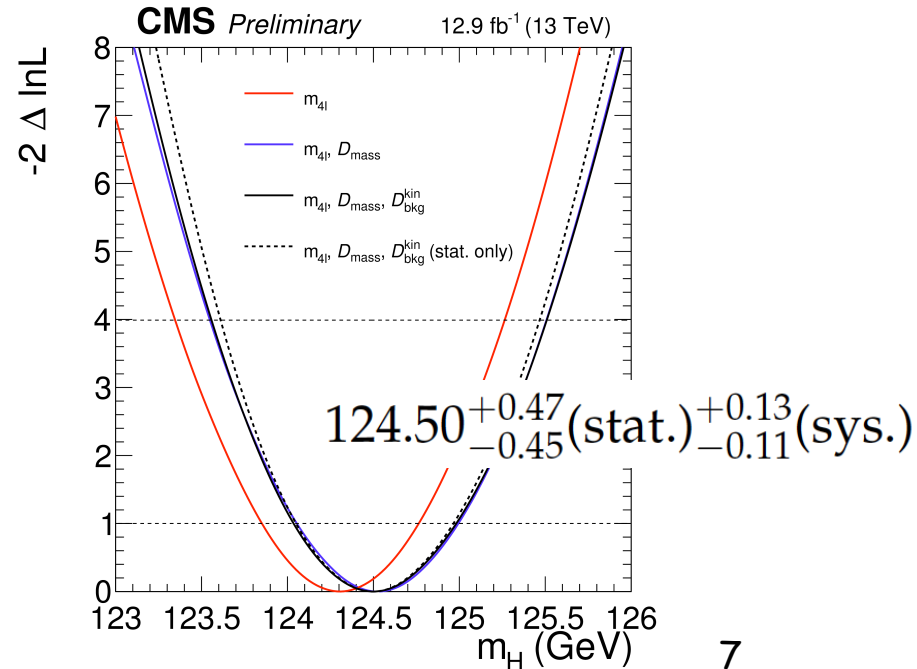
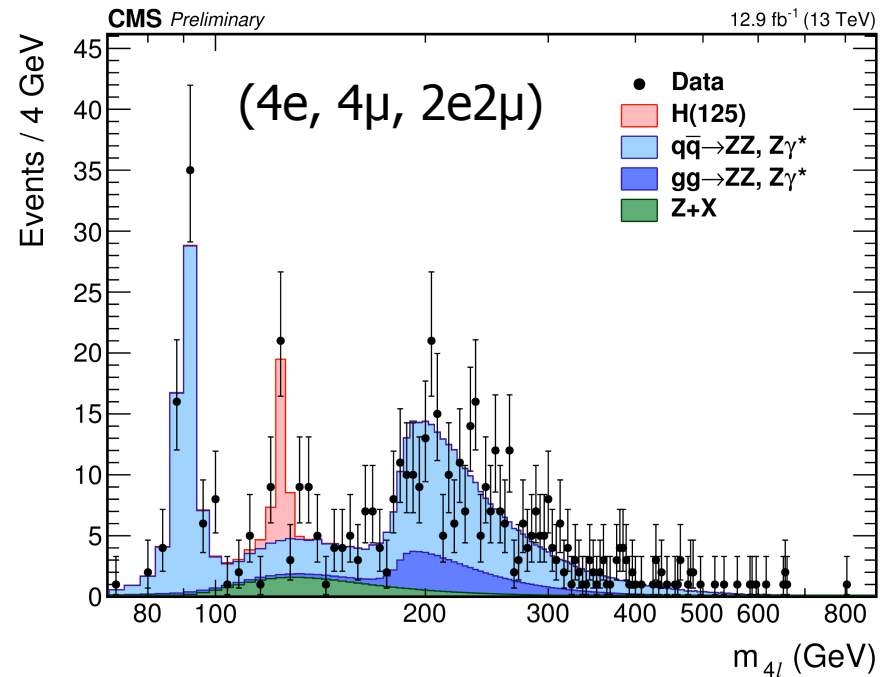
$$\hat{\sigma}_{fid} = 69_{-22}^{+18} \text{ fb} = 69_{-22}^{+16} (\text{stat.})_{-6}^{+8} (\text{syst.}) \text{ fb}$$

- **Theoretical prediction for $m_H=125.09$ GeV**

$$\hat{\sigma}_{fid} = 73.8 \pm 3.8 \text{ fb}$$

H → ZZ HIG-16-033

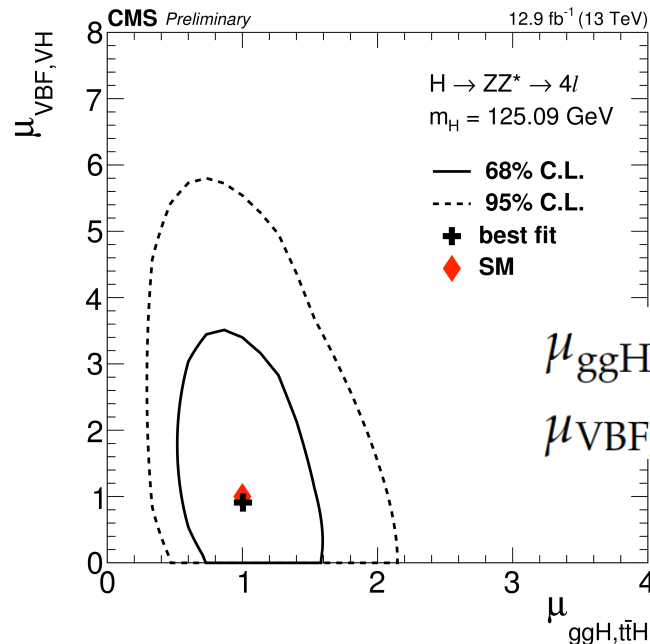
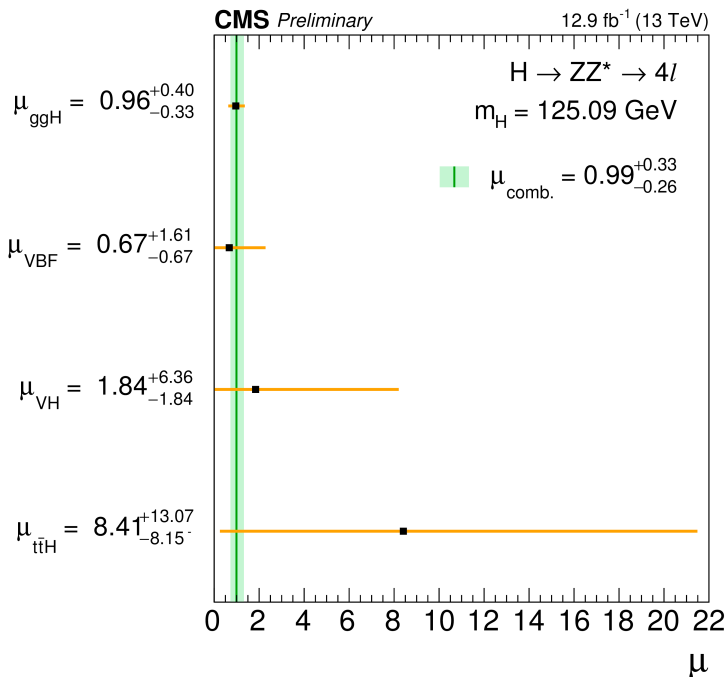
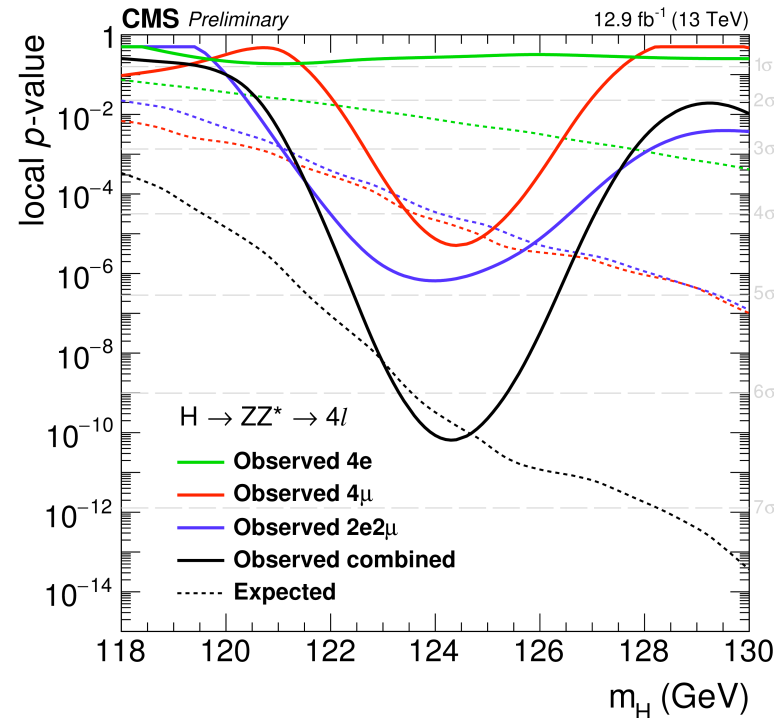
- Clean signature under a small background, but tiny signal yield ($S/B \gg 1$)
- Signature: two pairs of same flavor, opposite sign, isolated leptons: 4e, 2e2 μ , 2 μ 2e, 4 μ
- All production modes included ggH, VBF, VH and ttH events
- Very small background from irreducible ZZ and reducible Z+X
- Analysis strategy:
 - Kinematic discriminant: MZ1, MZ2, 5 angles from decay chain, matrix element, used to enhance the signal purity of different production modes
 - Extraction of signal through 2D fit of m4l and the discriminant gg/qq ($D_{\text{bkg}}^{\text{kin}}$)
- Dominant systematic uncertainty: luminosity and lepton SF



H → ZZ results HIG-16-033

- Extract p-values and signal strength from simultaneous fit of the 2D likelihood in **3 final states x 6 categories**.
- Significance @ 125.09 GeV (Run I LHC comb.): **6.2σ observed (6.5σ expected)**
- Maximum observed significance is 6.4σ at 124.3 GeV
- **Best-fit signal strength @ 125.09 GeV:**

$$\mu = \sigma / \sigma_{SM} = 0.99^{+0.33}_{-0.26}$$



$$\mu_{\text{ggH,ttH}} = 1.00^{+0.39}_{-0.32}$$

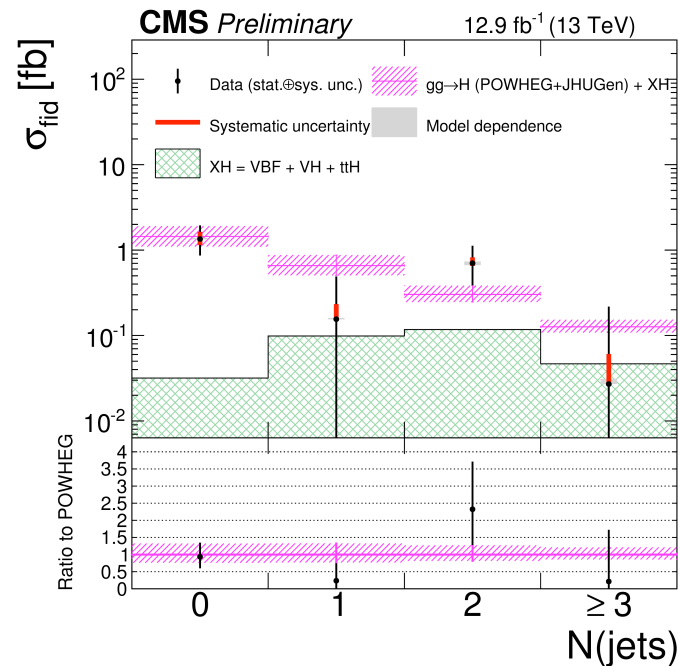
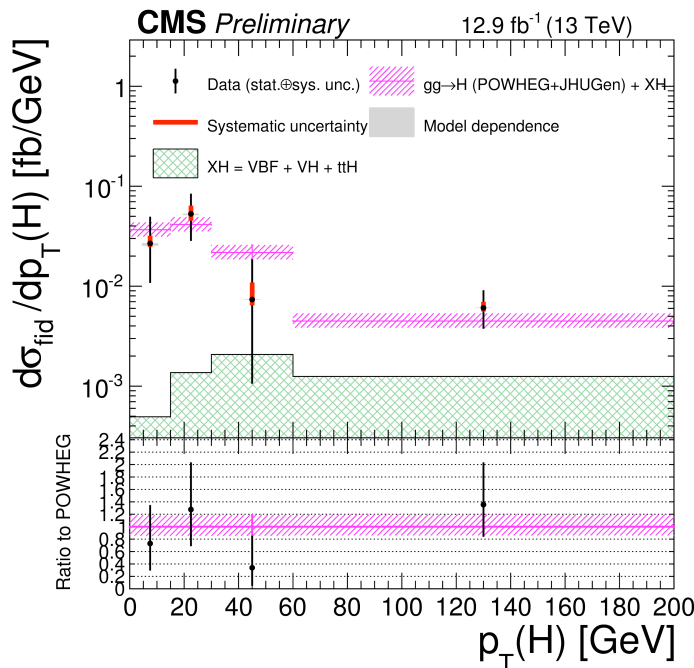
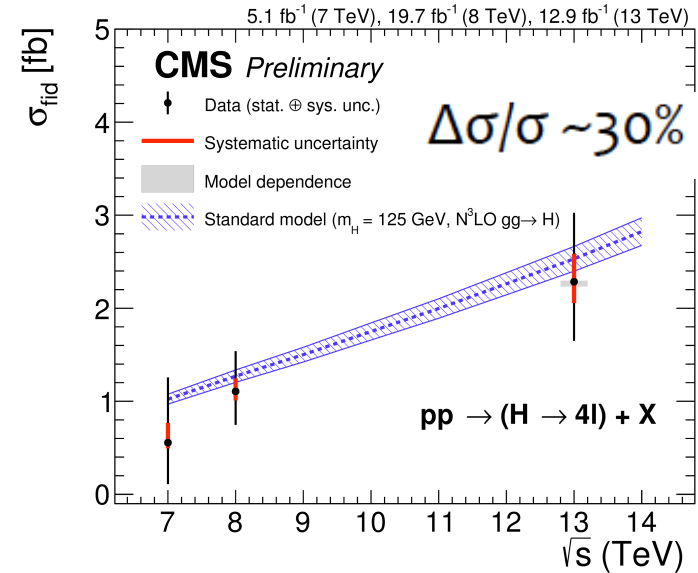
$$\mu_{\text{VBF,VH}} = 0.91^{+1.56}_{-0.91}$$

H→ZZ fiducial cross-section **HIG-16-033**

- **Fiducial volume closely matches reconstruction level**
 - Minimal dependence on theoretical modeling
- Maximum likelihood fit to the uncategorized m_{4l} distribution, assuming $m_H = 125.0$ GeV

$$\sigma_{\text{fid.}} = 2.29^{+0.74}_{-0.64}(\text{stat.})^{+0.30}_{-0.23}(\text{sys.})^{+0.01}_{-0.05}(\text{model dep.}) \text{ fb}$$

$$\text{SM prediction: } \sigma_{\text{fid.}}^{\text{SM}} = 2.53 \pm 0.13 \text{ fb}$$



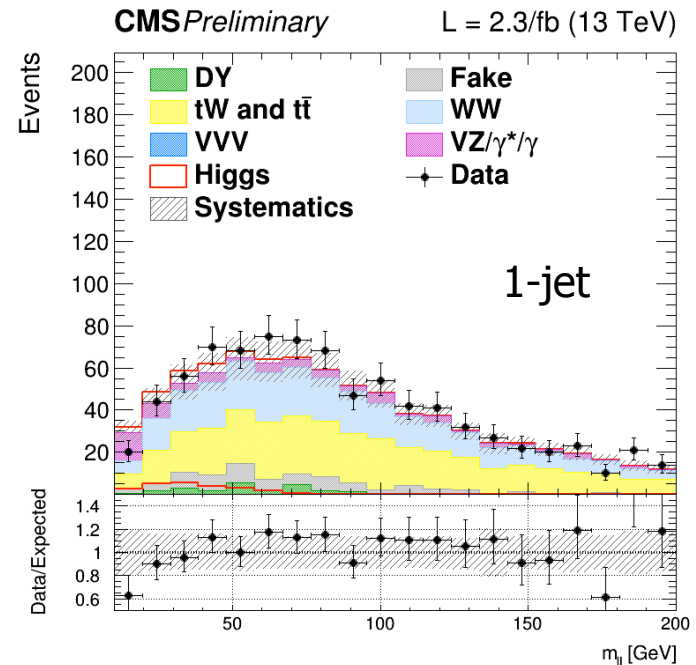
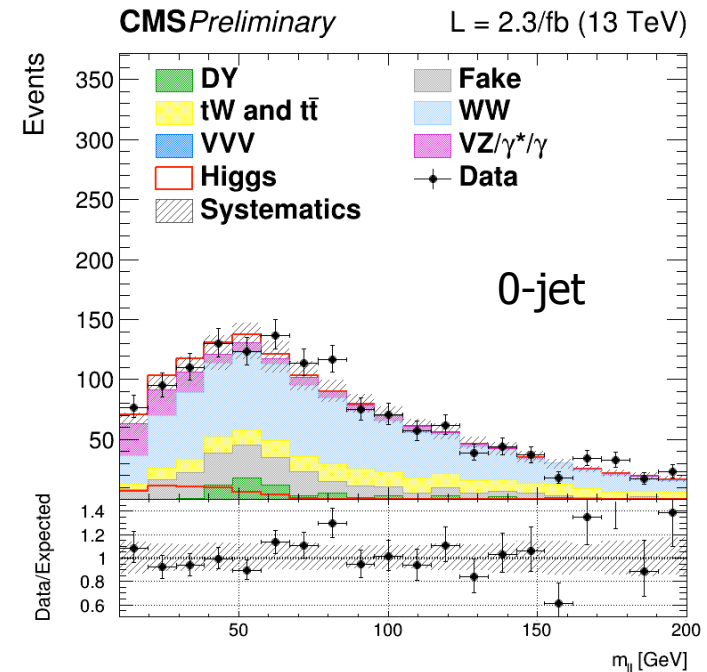
$H \rightarrow WW$ **HIG-15-003**



- Large BR and a reasonable clean final state ($S/B < 1$)
- Signature: two high p_T isolated leptons and moderate MET (only $e\mu$ channel considered)
- No mass peak is the main drawback
- Controlling the background is the key
- **Analysis strategy:**
 - Using 0-jet and 1-jet categories only for now (2.3/fb 2015 dataset)
 - Perform a 2D fit: m_{ll} vs. m_T

➤ **Results with 2015 data:**

- Significance @ 125 GeV: **0.7σ observed (2.0σ expected)**
- Best-fit signal strength @ 125 GeV: **0.3 ± 0.5**
- Working on including 2016 dataset



H→WW differential cross-section [arXiv:1606.01522](https://arxiv.org/abs/1606.01522)

8 TeV

- Differential measurement of Higgs transverse momentum
 - with MET resolution, but still p_T^H good observable

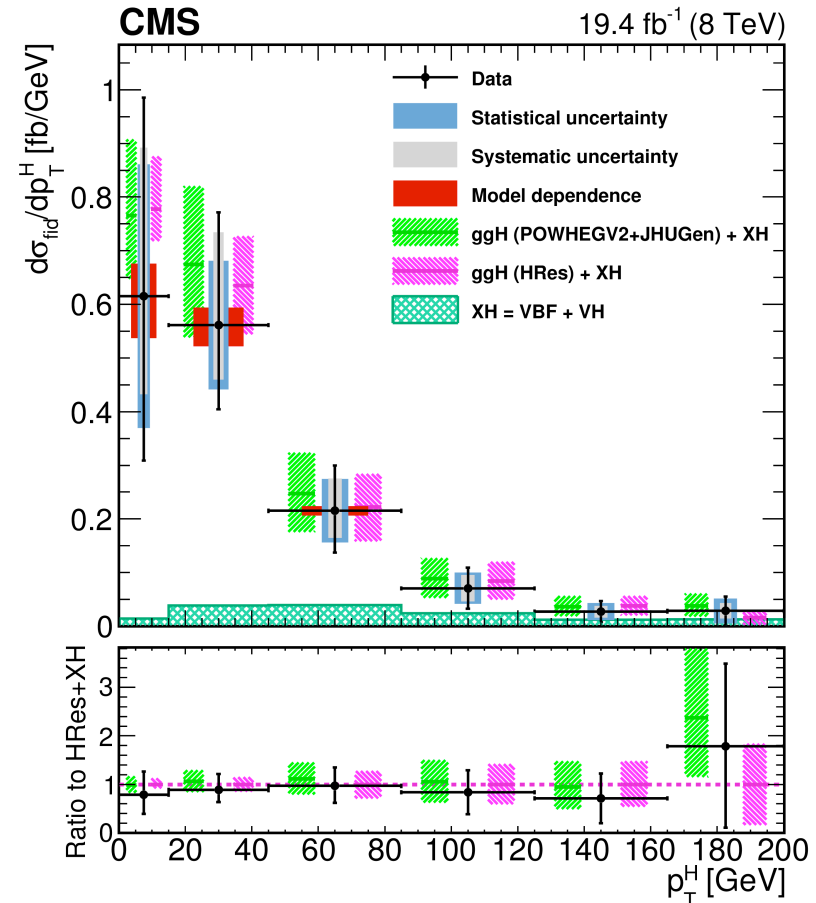
$$\vec{p}_T^H = \vec{p}_T^{ll} + \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}$$

- Inclusive in jet multiplicity
- Inputs: measure the Higgs cross section in bins of p_T^{HMET}
- Result unfolded at generation level in fiducial phase space

- Fiducial cross section for ggH+XH:

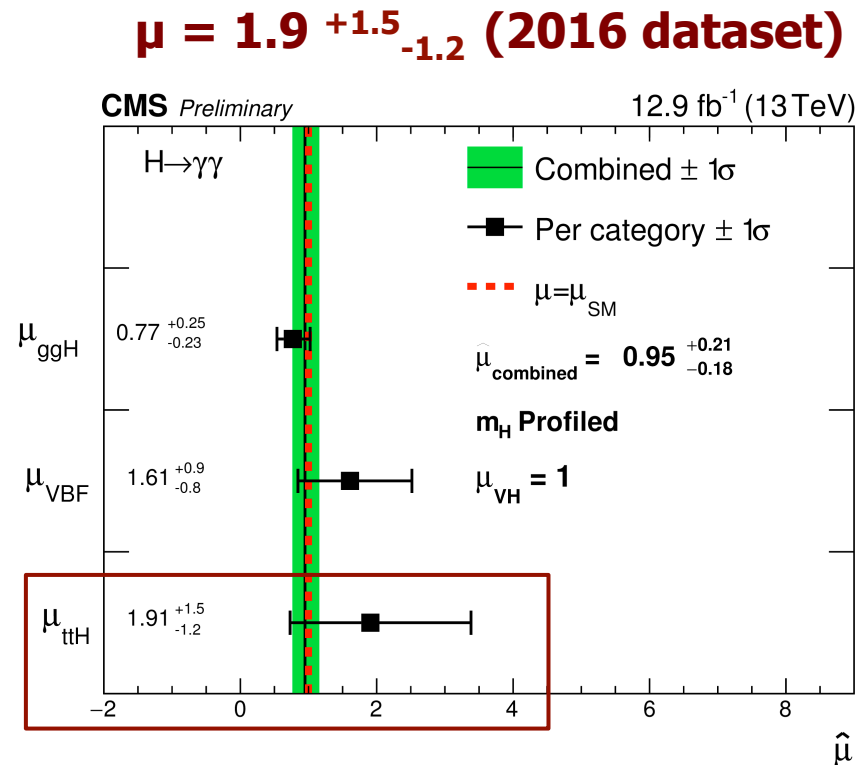
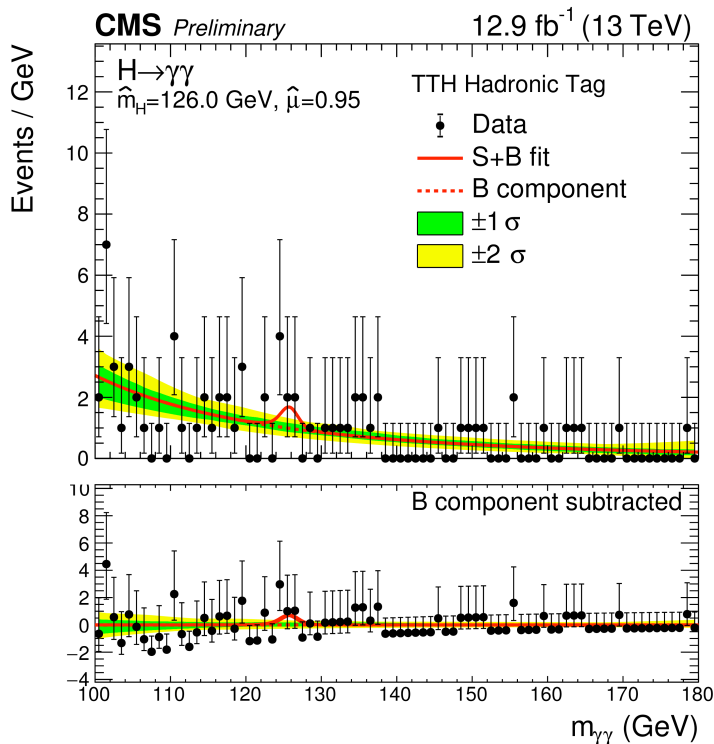
$$\sigma_{\text{fid}} = 39 \pm 8 \text{ (stat)} \pm 9 \text{ (syst)} \text{ fb}$$

$$\text{SM prediction: } \sigma_{\text{fid}}^{\text{SM}} = 48 \pm 8 \text{ fb}$$



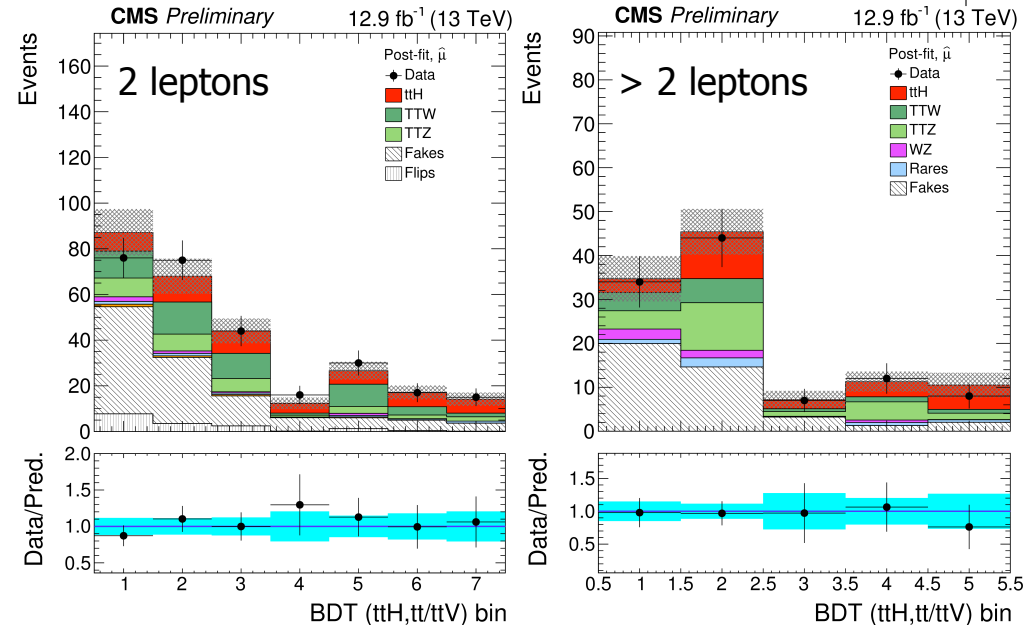
ttH production HIG-16-022, HIG-16-020

- Cross-section at 13 TeV ~ 4 times that at 8 TeV
- Sensitivity approaching Run 1: challenging due to the presence of additional jets and leptons from top decays
- ttH($\gamma\gamma$), through $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ event categorisation
 - small branching ratio, but very clean final state (small systematic uncertainty)
 - tagged $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ categories selecting hadronic and leptonic top decays



ttH production HIG-16-022, HIG-16-020

- **ttH(multileptons) targeting Higgs decays to WW^* , ZZ^* , $\tau\tau$**
 - lower rate, low background multi-lepton final state
- Further categorization based on lepton flavor, presence of b-jets, hadronically-decaying τ , lepton charge:
- The signal is extracted via a 2-D fit to the BDT discriminators.
- **Dominant systematic uncertainty:** non-prompt background estimates in some channels.



➤ Observed and expected asymptotic 95% CL upper limits on and best value of the signal strength (2015+2016 datasets)

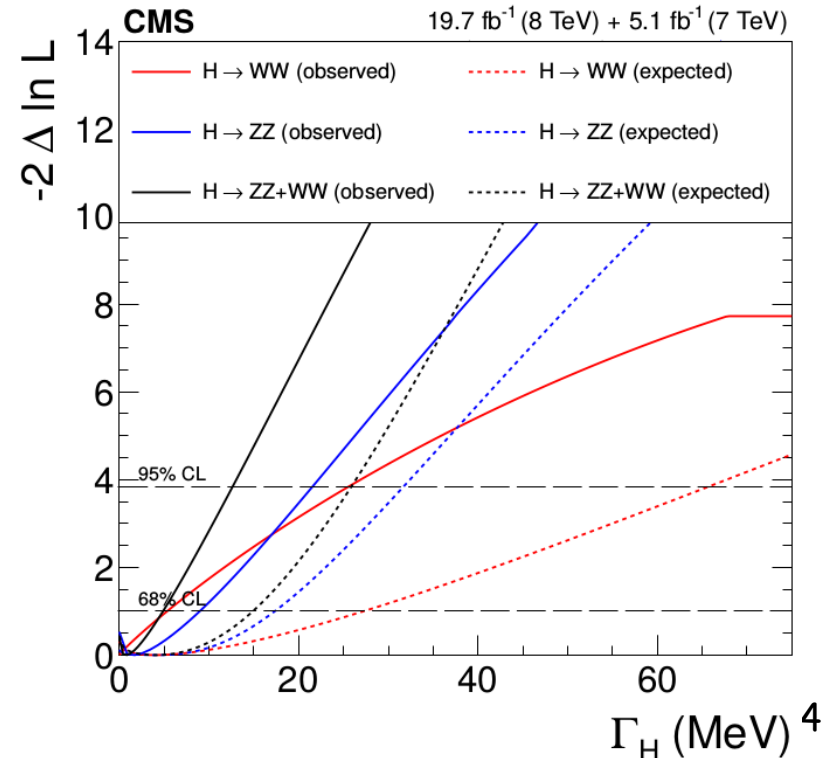
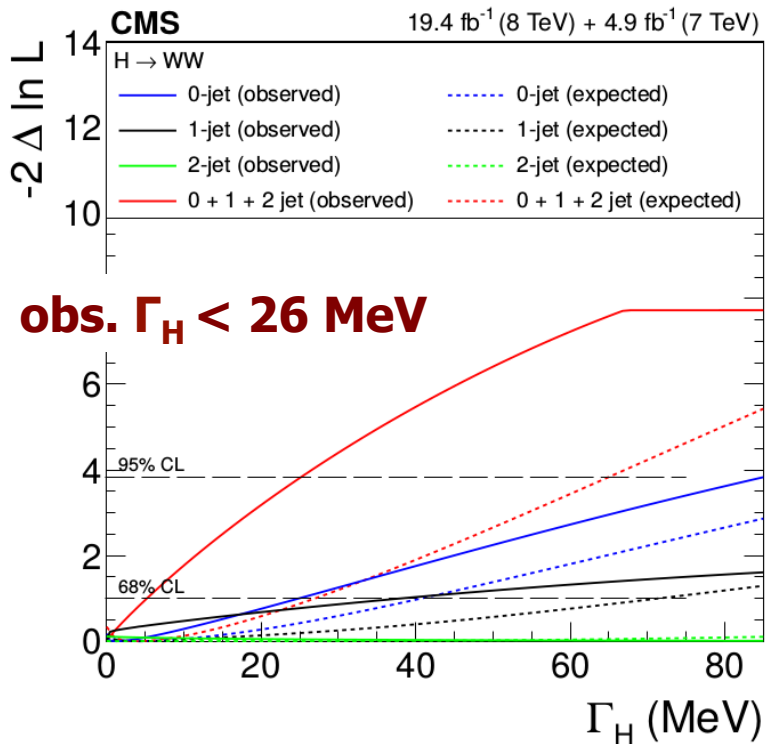
Category	Obs. limit	Exp. limit $\pm 1\sigma$	Best fit $\mu \pm 1\sigma$
Same-sign dileptons	4.6	$1.7^{+0.9}_{-0.5}$	$2.7^{+1.1}_{-1.0}$
Trileptons	3.7	$2.3^{+1.2}_{-0.7}$	$1.3^{+1.2}_{-1.0}$
Combined categories	3.9	$1.4^{+0.7}_{-0.4}$	$2.3^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$
Combined with 2015 data	3.4	$1.3^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$	$2.0^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$

Higgs width in Run I arXiv:1605.02329

- Ratio of on-shell to off-shell cross section is very sensitive to the width; modest model-dependence.

$$\frac{\sigma_{gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow VV}^{\text{off-peak}}}{\sigma_{gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow VV}^{\text{on-peak}}} = \Gamma_H$$

- Signal parameterization includes interference.
- First measurement of the Higgs width in the HWW channel ($m_{ll} < 70$ & $m_{ll} > 70$)
- Final combination of WW and ZZ final states: **obs. $\Gamma_H < 13$ MeV**



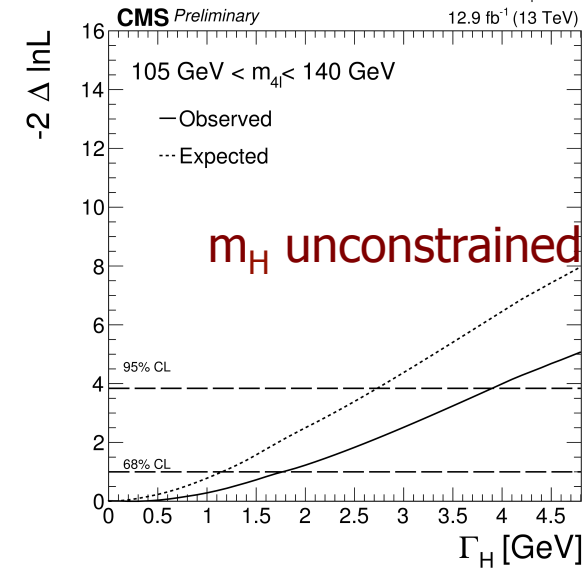
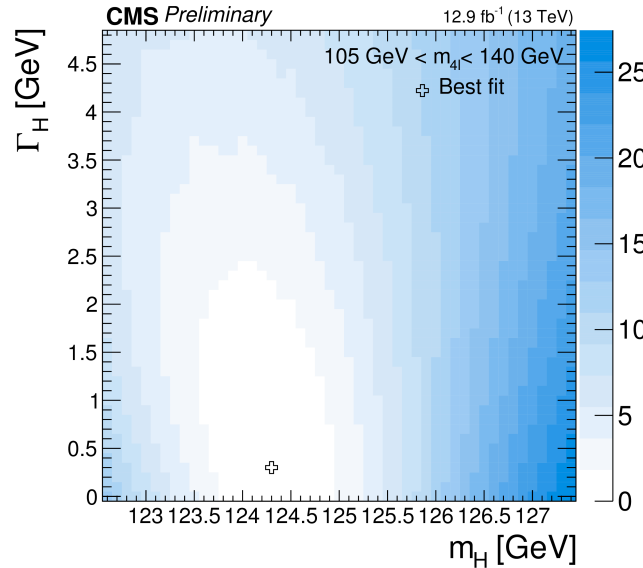
Run II H \rightarrow ZZ combined mass-width HIG-16-033



- Using on-shell only
(105 < m_{4l} < 140 GeV)

$$\Gamma_H = 0.3^{+1.4}_{-0.0} \text{ GeV (68\% CL)}$$

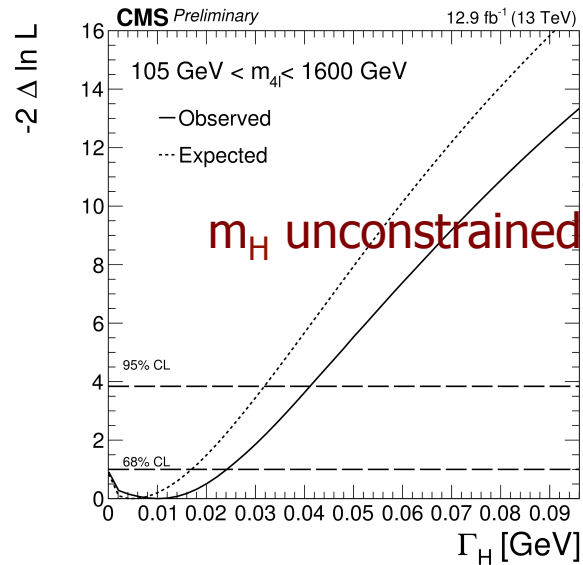
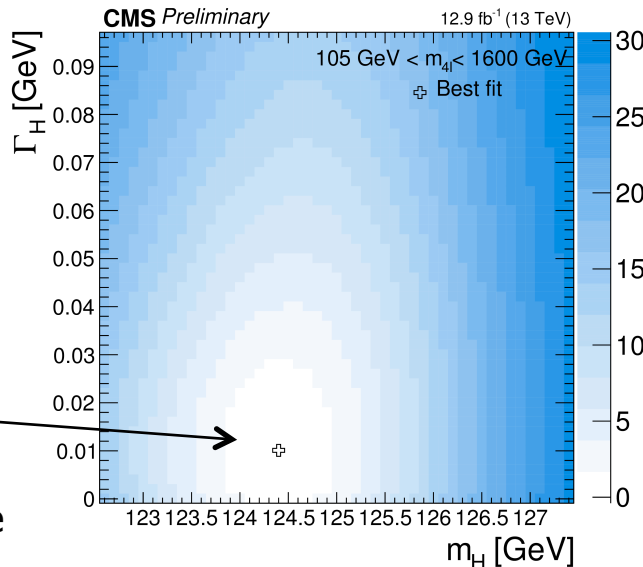
$$\Gamma_H < 3.9 \text{ GeV (95\% CL)}$$



- Using on-shell & off-shell
(100 < m_{4l} < 1600 GeV)

$$\Gamma_H = 0.010^{+0.014}_{-0.010} \text{ GeV (68\% CL)}$$

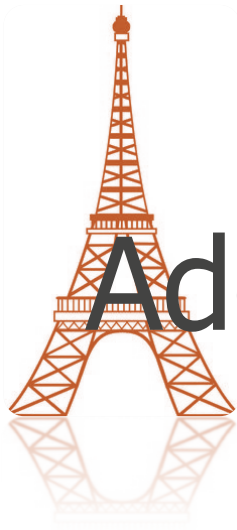
$$\Gamma_H < 41 \text{ MeV (95\% CL)}$$



Mass fit not dependent on the mass range

Summary

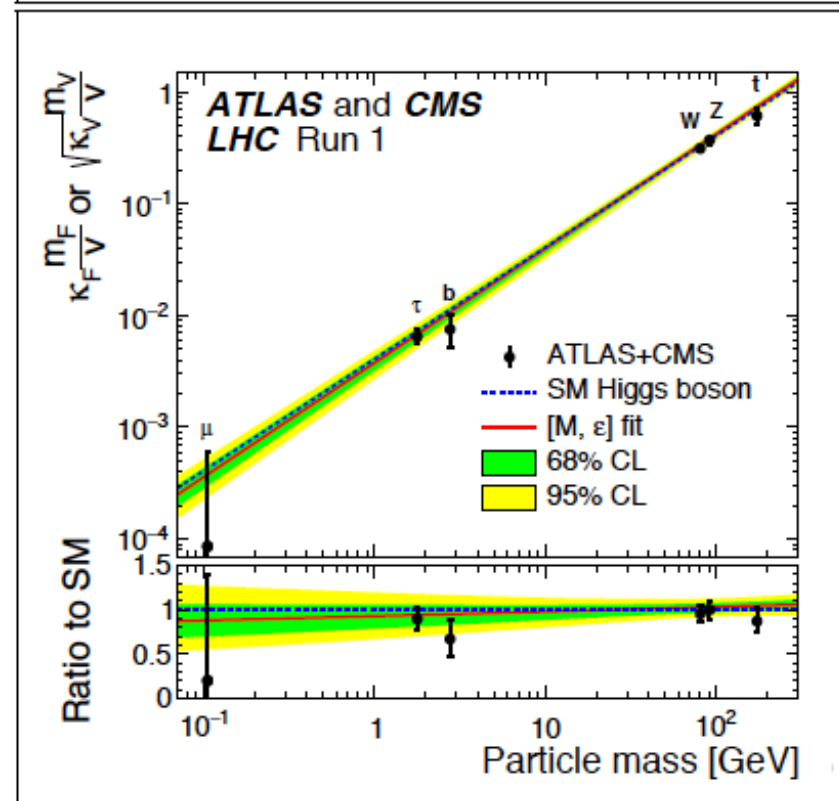
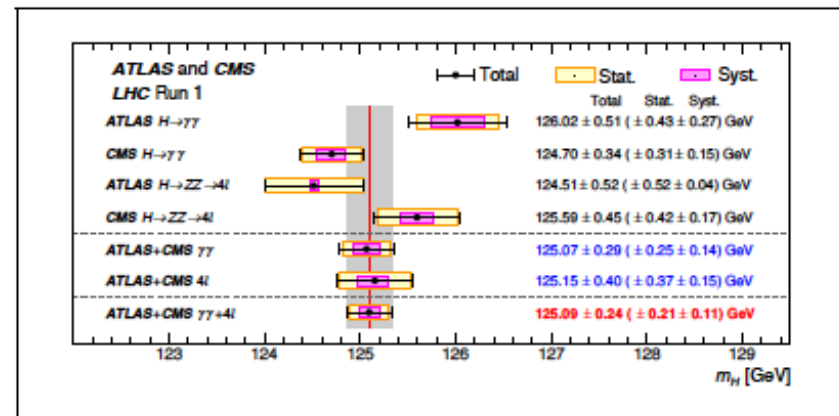
- Exploration of the new energy regime of 13 TeV has just started
- New era in Higgs re-discovered, **Higgs precision physics, ttH**
- **So far...**
 - **Higgs re-discovery: $\gamma\gamma$ (obs. 5.5σ); ZZ (6.2σ);**
 - Direct study of production mechanisms: measurements of μ_{ggH} , μ_{VBF} , μ_{VH} , and μ_{ttH}
 - **Precision reaching Run I results. Everything compatible with SM predictions.**
 - **Increase sensitivity in the ttH production mode channel.**
 - Combination of 2015 results is in agreement with the SM expectation.
 - Fiducial and differential cross sections still statistically limited
- **10x more data to come by end of 2018.** It will allow to reach precision measurements on Higgs properties: cross sections, width, couplings... observe any deviation?



Additional material

Summary of Run-I Higgs Results

- Run-1: **Discovery!**
 - **Its mass has been measured with high precision ($\pm 0.2\%$)**
Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 191803
 - Its spin-parity: a scalar, beyond “reasonable” doubts
 - Production via gluon-fusion, vector-boson fusion, and associated with a W or Z, arXiv: 1606.02266
 - decays to $\gamma\gamma$, WW, ZZ, and the fermionic decay to $\tau\tau$
- Higgs signal strength ~ 1 , determined to 10%
- Couplings consistent with Standard Model (SM) Higgs boson
- No additional Higgs bosons found so far



The Higgs Boson width

- It is impossible to extract the coupling and the Higgs width separately from the on-shell cross section measurement.

$$\sigma_{i \rightarrow H \rightarrow f}^{on-shell}(SM) \sim \frac{g_i^2 g_f^2}{\Gamma_H}$$

- LHC is insensitive to the direct Higgs width measurement ($\Gamma_{SM} \sim 4.2$ MeV, which is too small for the detector resolution).

$$\mu_{off-shell}(\hat{s}) \equiv \frac{\sigma_{off-shell}^{gg \rightarrow H^* \rightarrow VV}(\hat{s})}{\sigma_{off-shell, SM}^{gg \rightarrow H^* \rightarrow VV}(\hat{s})} = \kappa_{g, off-shell}^2(\hat{s}) \cdot \kappa_{V, off-shell}^2(\hat{s})$$

$$\mu_{on-shell} \equiv \frac{\sigma_{on-shell}^{gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow VV}}{\sigma_{on-shell, SM}^{gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow VV}} = \frac{\kappa_{g, on-shell}^2 \cdot \kappa_{V, on-shell}^2}{\Gamma_H / \Gamma_H^{SM}}$$

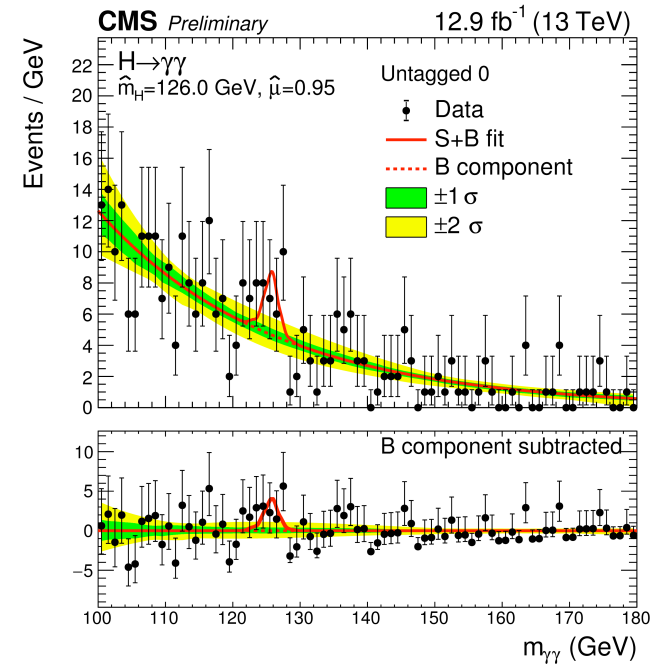
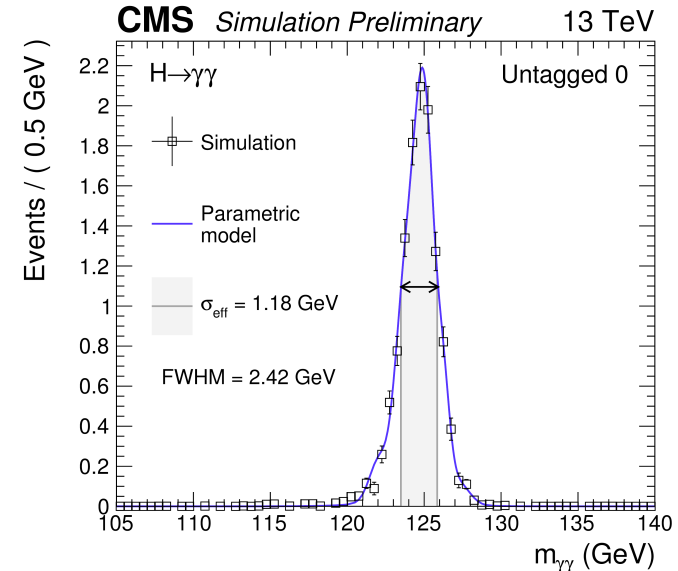
$$\mu_{offshell} = \mu_{onshell} \times \Gamma_H / \Gamma_H(SM)$$

- We can perform indirect Higgs width measurement with the combination between on-shell and off-shell analysis under the following assumptions:

- $\mu_{off-shell} = \mu_{on-shell}$
- No BSM particle or interactions affect the Higgs coupling and SM background expectation.

H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ signal and background models

- **Fully parametric signal model from simulation**
 - continuous model in m_H
 - physical nuisances allowed to float
 - corrections and data/MC efficiency scale factors applied
- **Background model data driven:**
 - background functional form treated as discrete nuisance parameter
 - for each category, use different functional forms (sums of exponentials, sums of power law terms, Laurent series and polynomials)



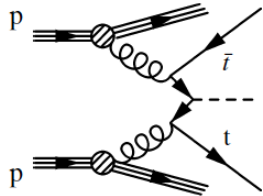
H → γγ event yields

ttH tags

ttH leptonic tag

$$t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\nu_l\bar{b}q\bar{q}' \quad t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\nu_l\bar{b}l'\nu_{l'}$$

- (sub)lead $p_T/m_{\gamma\gamma} > 1/2(1/4)$
- at least one lepton ($\ell=e,\mu$), away from Z peak
- ≥ 2 jets
- ≥ 1 b-jet



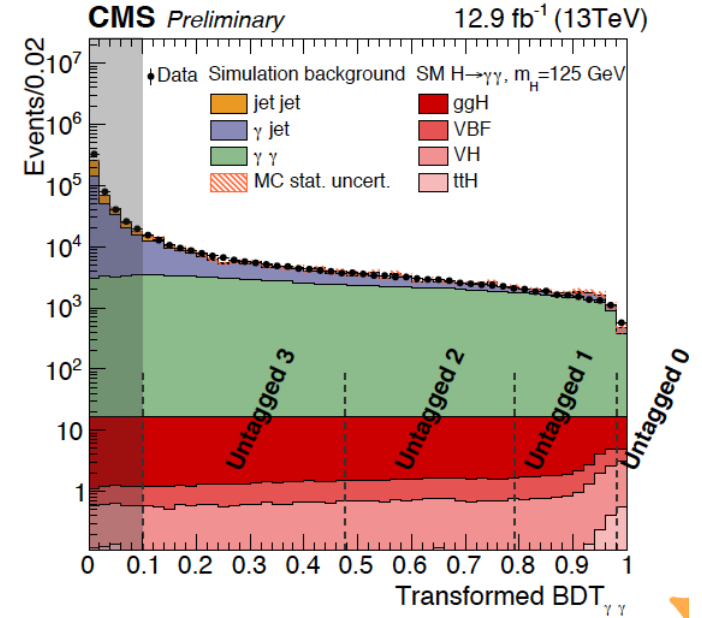
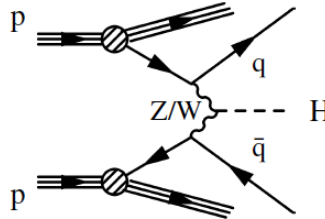
ttH hadronic tag

$$t\bar{t} \rightarrow bq\bar{q}'\bar{b}q\bar{q}'$$

- (sub)lead $p_T/m_{\gamma\gamma} > 1/2(1/4)$
- 0 leptons
- ≥ 5 jets
- ≥ 1 b-jet

VBF tags

- Identify events with **2 jets** through a MVA
 - inputs: $p_T/m_{\gamma\gamma}$ of both photons, p_T of both jets, m_{ij} , $\Delta\eta_{ij}$, Zeppenfeld variable, $\Delta\phi_{\gamma ij}$
- 2 jets with $p_{T1} > 30\text{ GeV}$, $p_{T2} > 20\text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 4.7$, $m_{ij} > 250\text{ GeV}$
- VBF Classification** BDT combines di-jet and diphoton BDT: 2 data categories (**VBF tag 0-1**)



Event Categories	SM 125GeV Higgs boson expected signal								Bkg (GeV ⁻¹)
	Total	ggh	vbf	wh	zh	tth	σ_{eff}	σ_{HM}	
Untagged Tag 0	11.92	79.10 %	7.60 %	7.11 %	3.59 %	2.60 %	1.18	1.03	4.98
Untagged Tag 1	128.78	85.98 %	7.38 %	3.70 %	2.12 %	0.82 %	1.35	1.20	199.14
Untagged Tag 2	220.12	91.11 %	5.01 %	2.18 %	1.23 %	0.47 %	1.70	1.47	670.44
Untagged Tag 3	258.50	92.35 %	4.23 %	1.89 %	1.06 %	0.47 %	2.44	2.17	1861.23
VBF Tag 0	9.35	29.47 %	69.97 %	0.29 %	0.07 %	0.20 %	1.60	1.33	3.09
VBF Tag 1	15.55	44.91 %	53.50 %	0.86 %	0.38 %	0.35 %	1.71	1.40	22.22
TTH Hadronic Tag	2.42	16.78 %	1.28 %	2.52 %	2.39 %	77.02 %	1.39	1.21	1.12
TTH Leptonic Tag	1.12	1.09 %	0.08 %	2.43 %	1.06 %	95.34 %	1.61	1.35	0.42
Total	647.77	87.93 %	7.29 %	2.40 %	1.35 %	1.03 %	1.88	1.52	2762.65

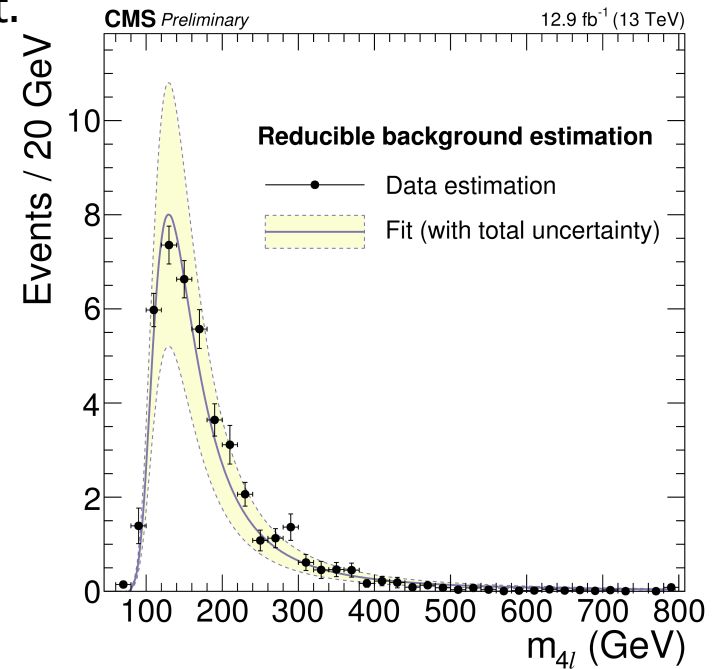
H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ fiducial region

- The fiducial region is defined at generator-level with the following requirements:

- $\frac{p_{T,gen}^{\gamma_{1,(2)}}}{m_{\gamma\gamma}} > \frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{4})$ for the generator-level transverse momentum of the leading (subleading) photon,
- $|\eta_{gen}^{\gamma}| < 2.5$ for the generator-level pseudorapidities of both photon
- the generator-level isolation of the photons, calculated as the sum of the transverse momenta of all stable particles inside a cone of aperture $R = 0.3$ around the photon, is required to be smaller than 10 GeV.

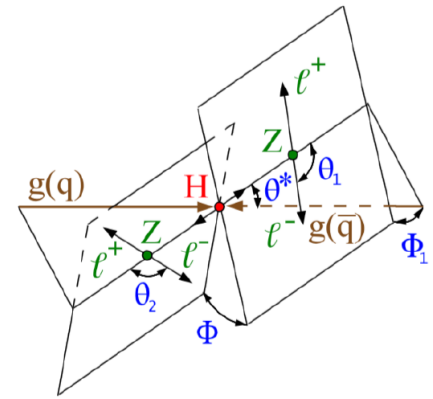
H \rightarrow ZZ analysis strategy

- Theoretical cross section: ggH N³LO computation (arXiv:1602.00695)
- **Analysis relies on (efficiency)⁴ of selecting leptons!**
 - electron (muons) reconstructed down to 7 (5) GeV
 - reoptimized isolation, electron MVA ID & FSR recovery algorithm
 - thorough corrections for efficiencies in data, measured by Tag&Probe.
- Time-dependent lepton momentum calibrations
- Improved ZZ candidate arbitration
 - choose best value of kinematic discriminant.
- **Background estimation:**
 - Main background = non-resonant qq \rightarrow ZZ and gg \rightarrow ZZ. Apply NNLO/NLO (resp. NNLO/LO) QCD k-factors as a function of m_{ZZ}.
 - Reducible background (Z+X): data-driven estimation from control regions, 2 independent methods



H → ZZ observables

- • To further reduce background: encode angular information in matrix-element based discriminants (calculated with MELA, based on JHUGen and MCFM)
- Discriminant sensitive to qq/gg → 4l kinematics:



$$\mathcal{D}_{\text{bkg}}^{\text{kin}} = \left[1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{bkg}}^{\text{qq}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H} \rightarrow 4\ell} | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}}^{\text{gg}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H} \rightarrow 4\ell} | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$

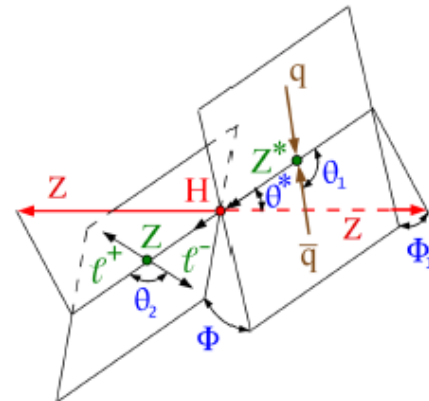
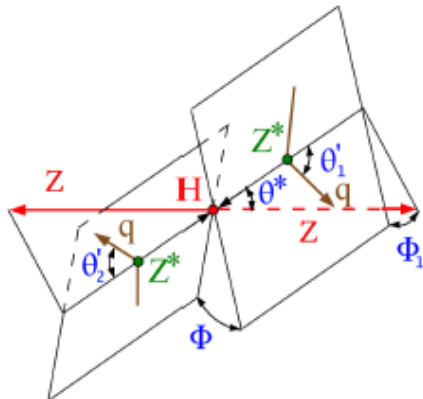
- New discriminants for production mode topology: $\mathcal{D}_{2\text{jet}}$ & $\mathcal{D}_{1\text{jet}}$ (for VBF), \mathcal{D}_{WH} , \mathcal{D}_{ZH}

$$\mathcal{D}_{2\text{jet}} = \left[1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{HJJ}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+JJ}} | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{VBF}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+JJ}} | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$

$$\mathcal{D}_{\text{WH}} = \left[1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{HJJ}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+JJ}} | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{ZH}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+JJ}} | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$

$$\mathcal{D}_{1\text{jet}} = \left[1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{HJ}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+J}} | m_{4\ell})}{\int d\eta_J \mathcal{P}_{\text{VBF}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+JJ}} | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$

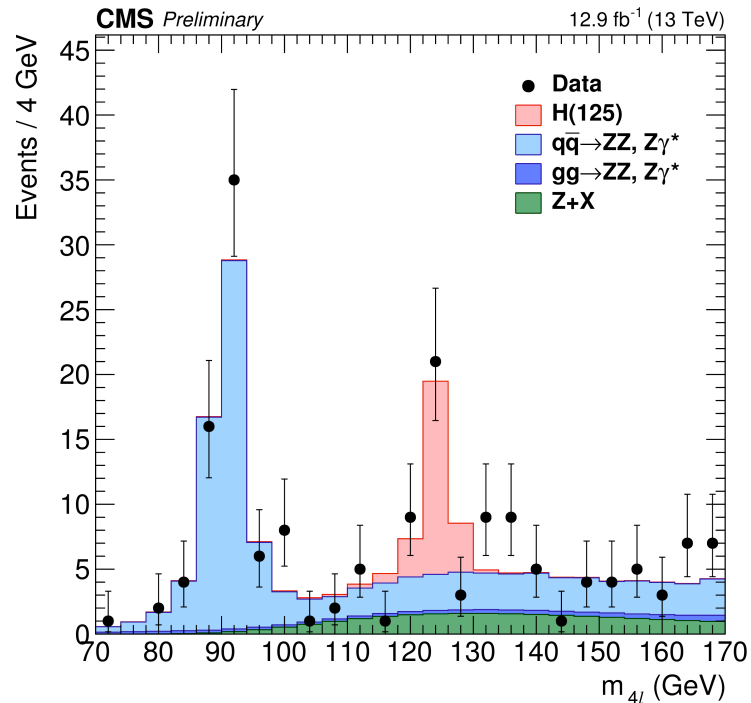
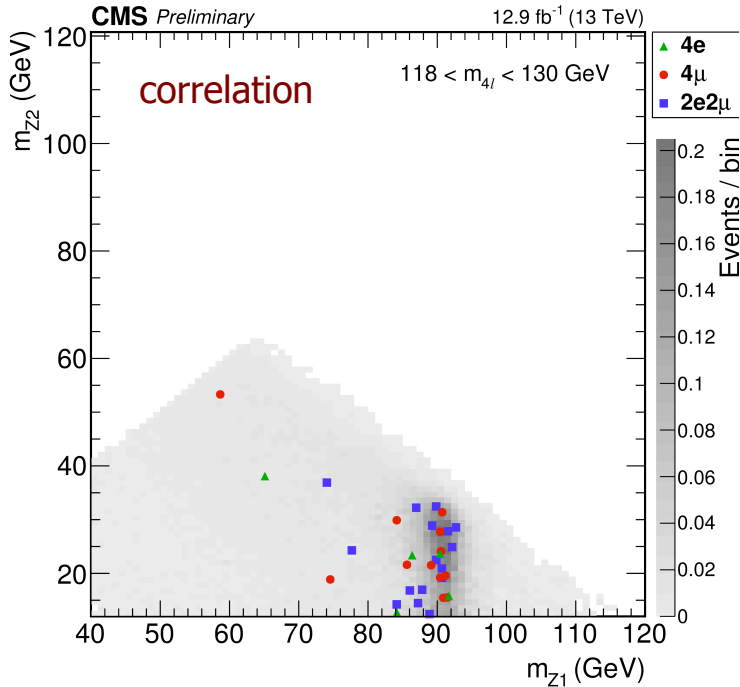
$$\mathcal{D}_{\text{ZH}} = \left[1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{HJJ}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+JJ}} | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{WH}}(\vec{\Omega}^{\text{H+JJ}} | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$



H → ZZ event yields

118 < m_{4l} < 130 GeV

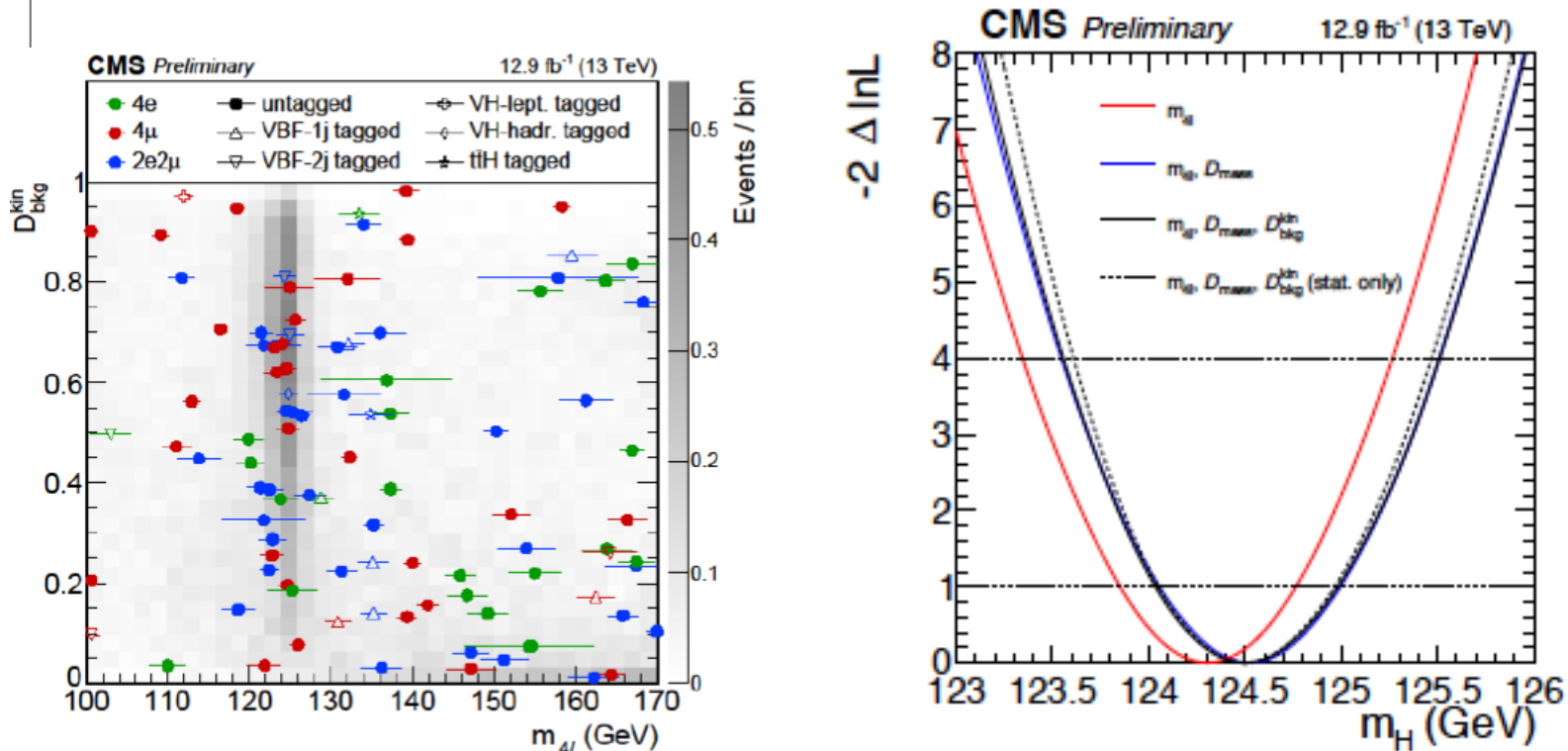
Channel	4e	4μ	2e2μ	4ℓ
q \bar{q} → ZZ	1.37 ^{+0.16} _{-0.15}	3.09 ^{+0.27} _{-0.27}	3.90 ^{+0.46} _{-0.43}	8.36 ^{+0.81} _{-0.79}
gg → ZZ	0.16 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	0.32 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	0.30 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	0.77 ^{+0.12} _{-0.12}
Z + X	0.90 ^{+0.38} _{-0.37}	1.40 ^{+0.52} _{-0.51}	2.34 ^{+0.91} _{-0.89}	4.64 ^{+1.11} _{-1.09}
Sum of backgrounds	2.42 ^{+0.42} _{-0.40}	4.81 ^{+0.59} _{-0.59}	6.54 ^{+1.03} _{-1.00}	13.77 ^{+1.41} _{-1.38}
Signal (m _H = 125 GeV)	3.90 ^{+0.53} _{-0.54}	7.92 ^{+0.88} _{-0.93}	9.80 ^{+1.34} _{-1.36}	21.61 ^{+2.63} _{-2.71}
Total expected	6.32 ^{+0.78} _{-0.76}	12.73 ^{+1.21} _{-1.24}	16.34 ^{+1.92} _{-1.90}	35.38 ^{+3.43} _{-3.45}
Observed	5	12	16	33



H → ZZ mass measurement

- Exploit event-by-event mass resolution:
 - Defined by propagating per-lepton momentum error to the 4-lepton candidate; corrected in data and MC using Z events
- 3D fit based on $\mathcal{L}(m_{4l}, D_{\text{mass}}, D_{\text{bkg}}^{\text{kin}})$ brings 8% exp. improvement

$$m_H = 124.50^{+0.48}_{-0.46} \text{ GeV} = 124.50^{+0.47}_{-0.45}(\text{stat.})^{+0.13}_{-0.11}(\text{sys.}) \text{ GeV}$$



H → ZZ fiducial region

“dressed” leptons are used → 4-momenta of photons in a cone of radius $\Delta R < 0.4$ are summed to the bare lepton momentum

Requirements for the H → 4ℓ fiducial phase space	
Lepton kinematics and isolation	
Leading lepton p_T	$p_T > 20$ GeV
Next-to-leading lepton p_T	$p_T > 10$ GeV
Additional electrons (muons) p_T	$p_T > 7(5)$ GeV
Pseudorapidity of electrons (muons)	$ \eta < 2.5(2.4)$
Sum of scalar p_T of all stable particles within $\Delta R < 0.4$ from lepton	$< 0.4 \cdot p_T$ ←
Event topology	
Existence of at least two same-flavor OS lepton pairs, where leptons satisfy criteria above	
Inv. mass of the Z_1 candidate	$40 \text{ GeV} < m_{Z_1} < 120 \text{ GeV}$
Inv. mass of the Z_2 candidate	$12 \text{ GeV} < m_{Z_2} < 120 \text{ GeV}$
Distance between selected four leptons	$\Delta R(\ell_i, \ell_j) > 0.02$ for any $i \neq j$
Inv. mass of any opposite sign lepton pair	$m_{\ell^+\ell^-} > 4 \text{ GeV}$
Inv. mass of the selected four leptons	$105 \text{ GeV} < m_{4\ell} < 140 \text{ GeV}$

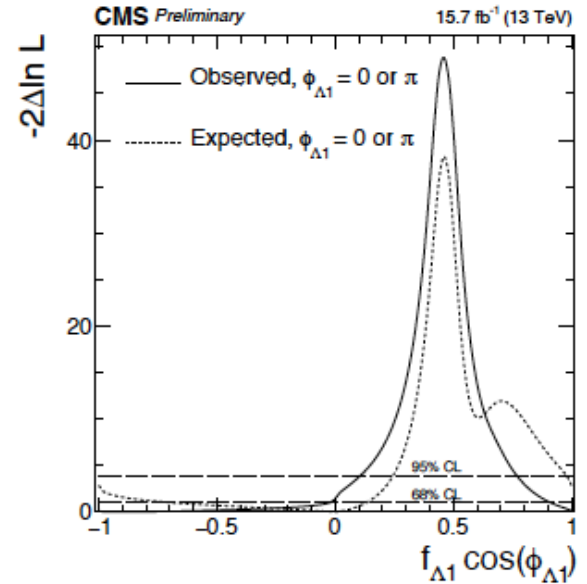
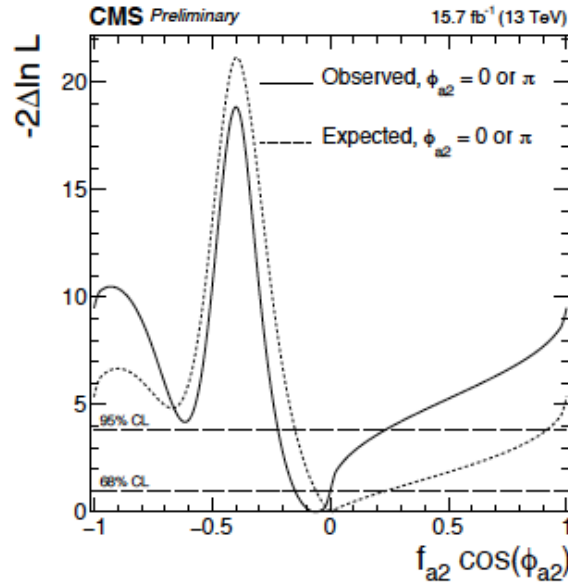
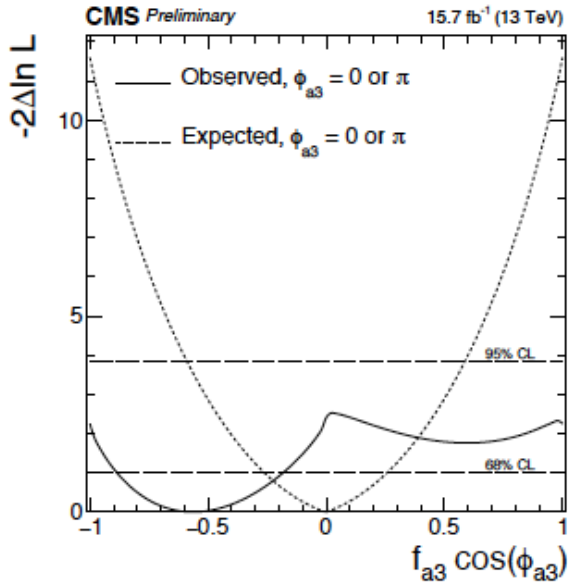
- Performing a maximum likelihood fit of the signal and background parameterizations to the observed 4l mass distribution.
- The fiducial cross section is directly extracted from the fit.
- Keep the model dependence minimal, the fit is done inclusively (i.e. without any event categorization)

Summary of different SM signal models

Signal process	\mathcal{A}_{fid}	ϵ	f_{nonfid}	$(1 + f_{\text{nonfid}})\epsilon$
Individual Higgs boson production modes				
gg → H	0.371	0.608 ± 0.001	0.121 ± 0.001	0.682 ± 0.002
VBF	0.422	0.614 ± 0.002	0.089 ± 0.001	0.669 ± 0.002
WH	0.283	0.587 ± 0.002	0.241 ± 0.003	0.729 ± 0.003
ZH	0.307	0.611 ± 0.003	0.207 ± 0.004	0.738 ± 0.005
ttH	0.238	0.573 ± 0.004	0.593 ± 0.011	0.914 ± 0.009

H→ZZ anomalous couplings

- Anomalous contributions to the tensor structure of HZZ interactions characterized by coef. a_2 , a_3 , & Λ_1 .
- Described with effective on-shell fractional cross sections & phases ($f_{a_3} \cos(\phi_{a_3})$, $f_{a_2} \cos(\phi_{a_2})$, $f_{\Lambda_1} \cos(\phi_{\Lambda_1})$)



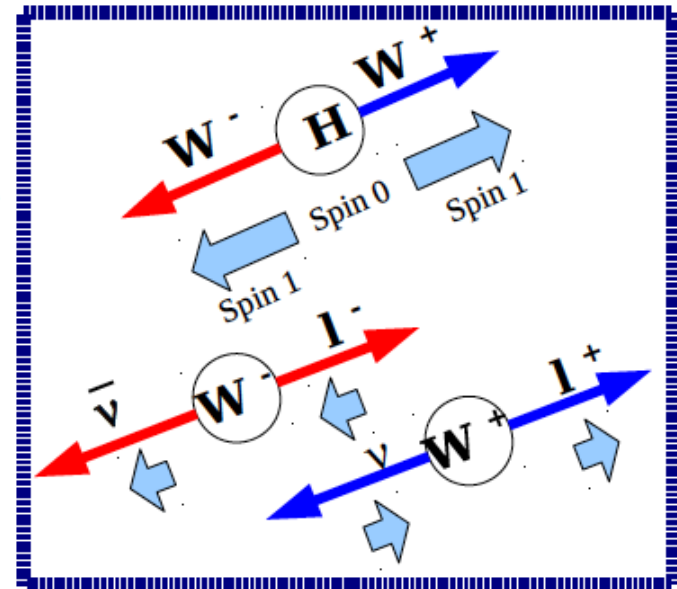
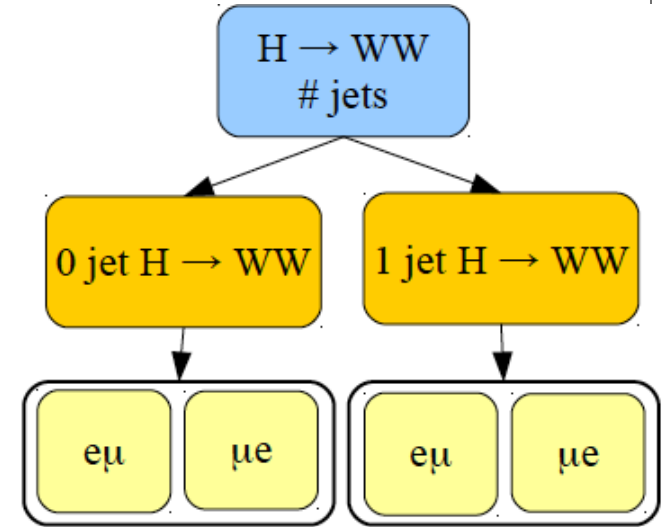
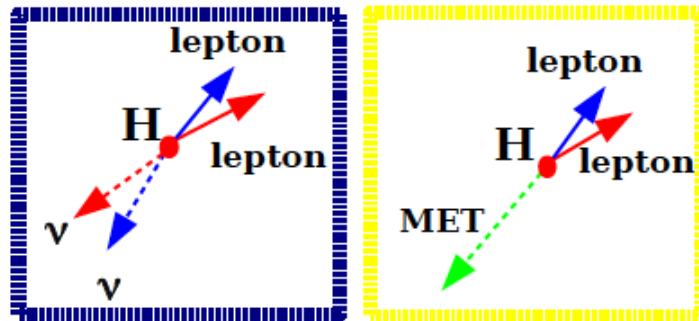
Parameter	Observed	Expected
$f_{a_3} \cos(\phi_{a_3})$	$-0.56^{+0.38}_{-0.32} [-1.00, 1.00]$	$0.00^{+0.26}_{-0.26} [-0.59, 0.59]$
$f_{a_2} \cos(\phi_{a_2})$	$-0.06^{+0.06}_{-0.09} [-0.22, 0.24]$	$0.00^{+0.24}_{-0.06} [-0.15, 0.92]$
$f_{\Lambda_1} \cos(\phi_{\Lambda_1})$	$-0.93^{+0.90}_{-0.16} [-1.00, 0.10] \cup [0.77, 1.00]$	$0.00^{+0.13}_{-0.69} [-1.00, 0.24] \cup [0.98, 1.00]$

H → WW analysis strategy

- **Neutrinos** → impossible reconstruct an invariant mass spectrum
- In transverse plane momentum conservation
- Build a **transverse mass** variable:
- 2 neutrinos → more complicated than in simple $W \rightarrow l\nu$ decay
- Di-lepton and MET system considered

$$m_T^{\ell\ell E_T^{\text{miss}}} = \sqrt{2 \cdot p_T^{\ell\ell} \cdot E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\ell\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

- $\Delta\phi(l\ell, \text{MET})$ = angle between di-lepton system and MET
- $p_T^{\ell\ell}$ = momentum of di-lepton system
- 2D template fit based on $m_H/m_T^{\ell\ell \text{MET}}$ as in Run 1
- **0 jet** and **1 jet** to have different background contamination
- **eμ** and **μe** p_T ordered leptons, to exploit different fake rate for electrons and muons

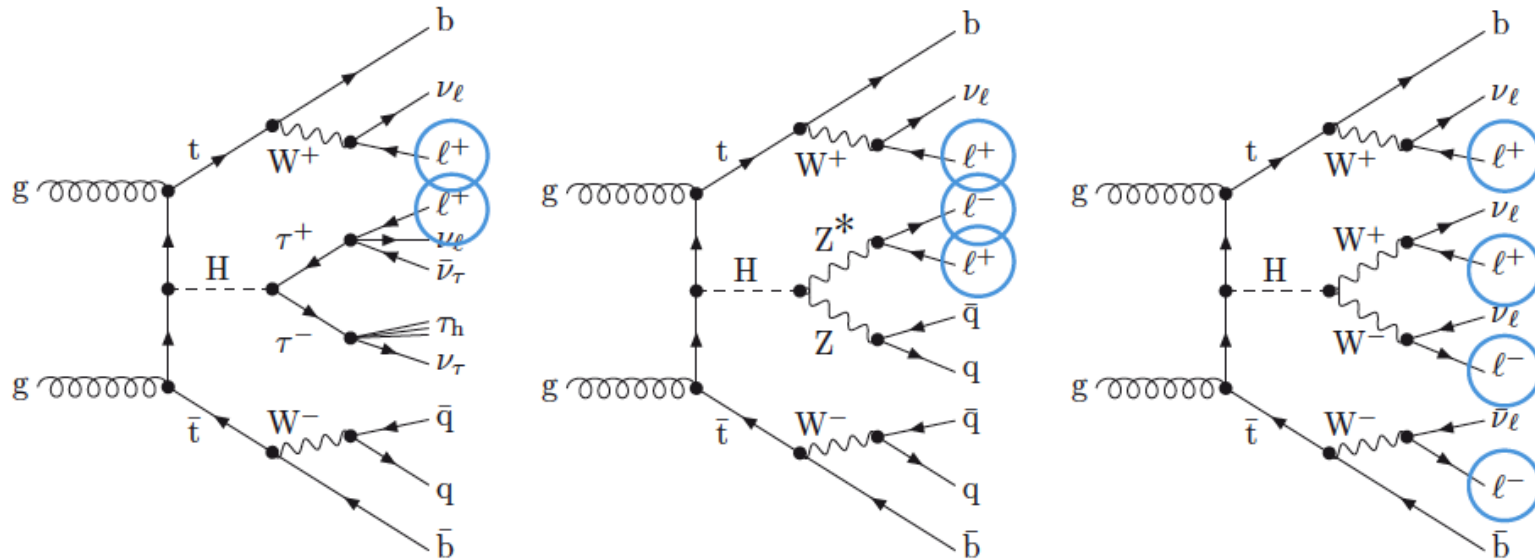


H→WW fiducial definition

- Born-level leptons (effect of using “dressed” leptons is negligible, 5%)
- use regularized unfolding techniques: singular value decomposition with Tikhonov regularization

Physics quantity	Requirement
Leading lepton p_T	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
Subleading lepton p_T	$p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$
Pseudorapidity of electrons and muons	$ \eta < 2.5$
Invariant mass of the two charged leptons	$m_{\ell\ell} > 12 \text{ GeV}$
Charged lepton pair p_T	$p_T^{\ell\ell} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
Invariant mass of the leptonic system in the transverse plane	$m_T^{\ell\ell\nu\nu} > 50 \text{ GeV}$
E_T^{miss}	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 0$

ttH (multileptons) categories HIG-16-022



- Target multi-lepton final states from Higgs decays to WW^* , ZZ^* , $\tau\tau$
- Channels:
 - two same-sign leptons + 4 jets
 - at least three leptons (with Z veto) + 2 jets
- At least 2 loose or 1 medium b-tagged jets

ttH (multileptons) yields HIG-16-022

	12.9 fb ⁻¹ , stat. unc. only			
	$\mu\mu$	ee	$e\mu$	3ℓ
$t\bar{t}W$	18.3 ± 0.9	6.8 ± 0.6	24.5 ± 1.1	12.2 ± 0.7
$t\bar{t}Z/\gamma^*$	5.8 ± 0.6	7.4 ± 0.6	15.3 ± 1.3	22.6 ± 1.0
Di-boson	1.4 ± 0.2	1.1 ± 0.2	2.6 ± 0.3	5.7 ± 0.4
tttt	0.8 ± 0.2	0.4 ± 0.1	1.5 ± 0.2	1.2 ± 0.1
tqZ	0.2 ± 0.3	0.4 ± 0.4	0.6 ± 0.6	2.7 ± 0.8
Rare SM bkg.	1.6 ± 0.3	0.5 ± 0.1	1.8 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1
Charge mis-meas.		6.7 ± 0.1	10.0 ± 0.1	
Non-prompt leptons	33.4 ± 1.2	23.1 ± 1.1	61.9 ± 1.7	51.0 ± 1.8
All backgrounds	61.5 ± 1.7	46.4 ± 1.5	118.0 ± 2.5	95.7 ± 2.3
$t\bar{t}H (H \rightarrow WW^*)$	6.3 ± 0.2	2.6 ± 0.1	8.5 ± 0.2	8.0 ± 0.2
$t\bar{t}H (H \rightarrow \tau\tau)$	1.6 ± 0.1	0.7 ± 0.1	2.5 ± 0.1	2.1 ± 0.1
$t\bar{t}H (H \rightarrow ZZ^*)$	0.2 ± 0.0	0.1 ± 0.0	0.3 ± 0.0	0.5 ± 0.0
Data	74	45	154	105