

# Recent VH, H $\rightarrow$ b $\bar{b}$ Analysis Results

Jeff Hetherly on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration  
Higgs Hunting 2016 YSF  
ATLAS-CONF-2016-091

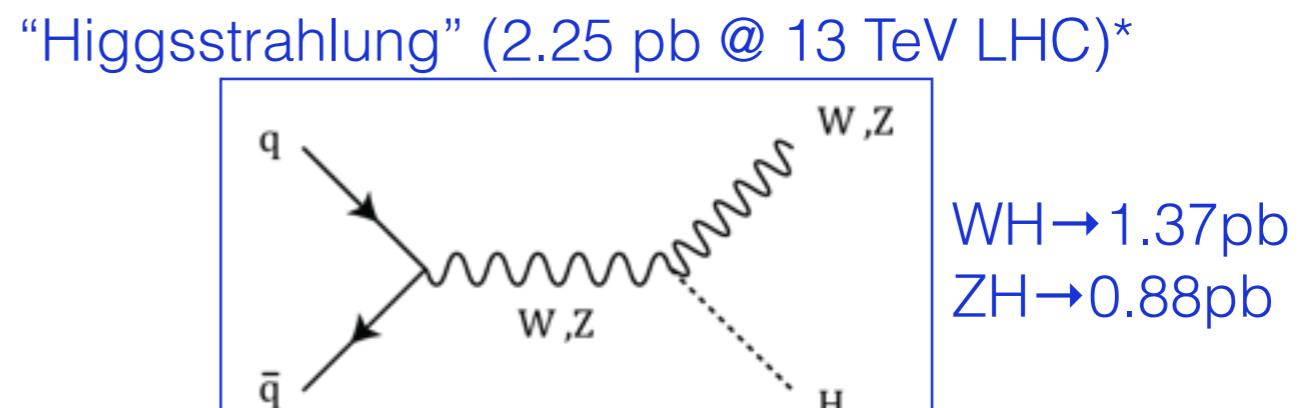
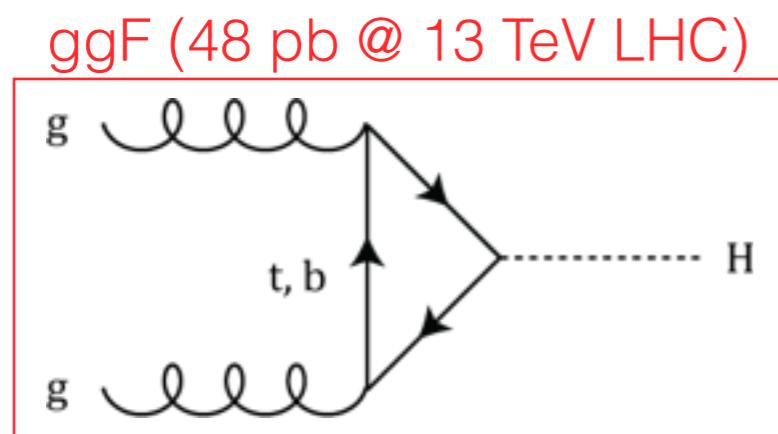


# Overview

- $VH, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  ( $V = W/Z$ ) Physics at the LHC
- Analysis Details
- Systematics Uncertainties
- Statistical Treatment & Measurement
- Summary

# VH, H $\rightarrow$ b $\bar{b}$ Physics

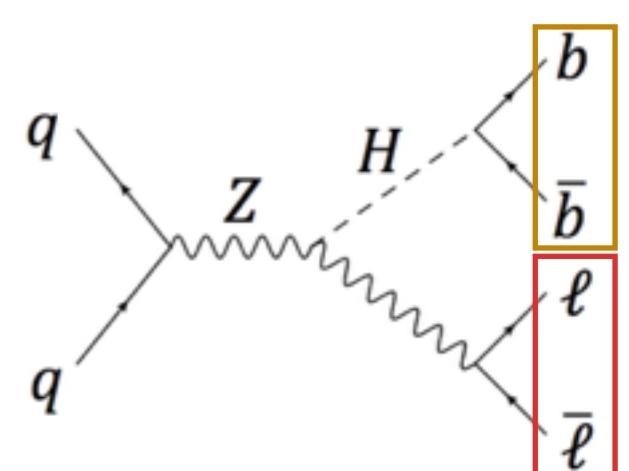
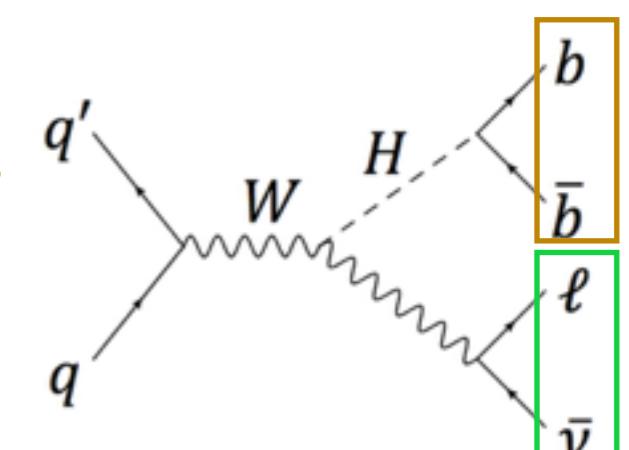
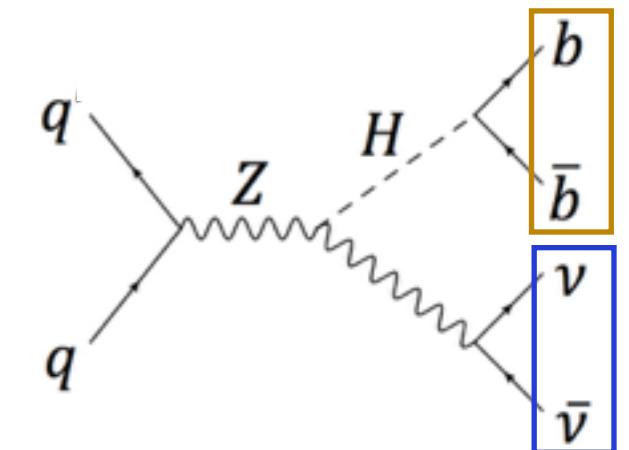
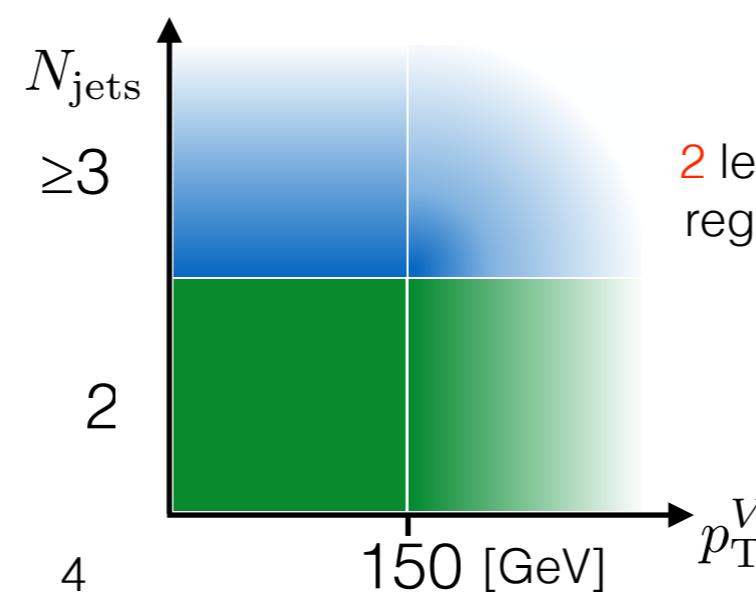
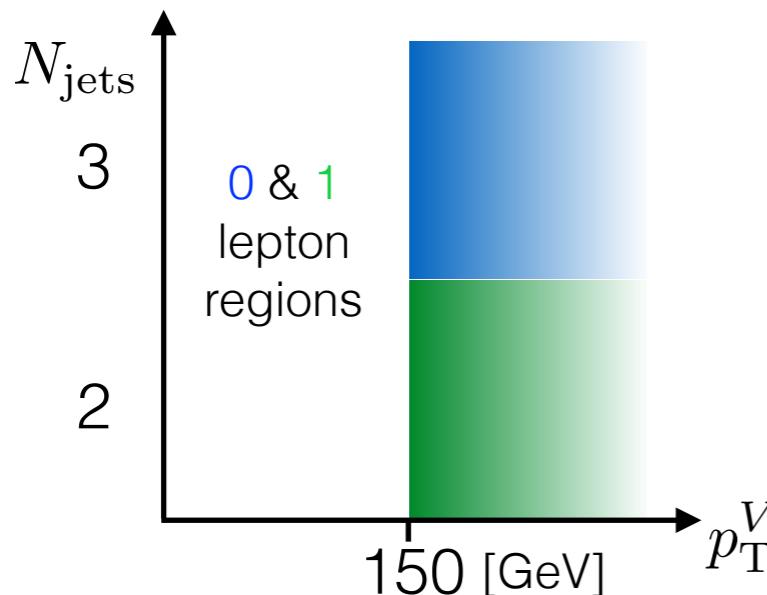
- H $\rightarrow$ b $\bar{b}$  has the largest predicted branching ratio out of all the possible Higgs decays
  - ✓ Test of Yukawa coupling between b-quarks and Higgs boson (yet to be directly observed)
    - Jets in the final state introduces potential for large background contamination



- Vector boson-associated Higgs (@125 GeV) production at the LHC provides a convenient mechanism to search for the Higgs boson
  - Cross-section is much lower than gluon-gluon fusion (ggF)
  - ✓ Leptonic decays of vector boson allow for triggering and reduction of multi-jet backgrounds

# VH Analysis Overview

- Events are classified by:
  - exclusive number of (non- $\tau$ ) leptons: 0, 1, & 2
  - vector boson transverse momentum
  - jet multiplicity
- Flavor tagging of calorimeter jets is used to distinguish “Higgs” jets from backgrounds largely comprised of non-b-quark initiated jets
- Uses both 2015 ( $3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) and 2016 ( $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) datasets



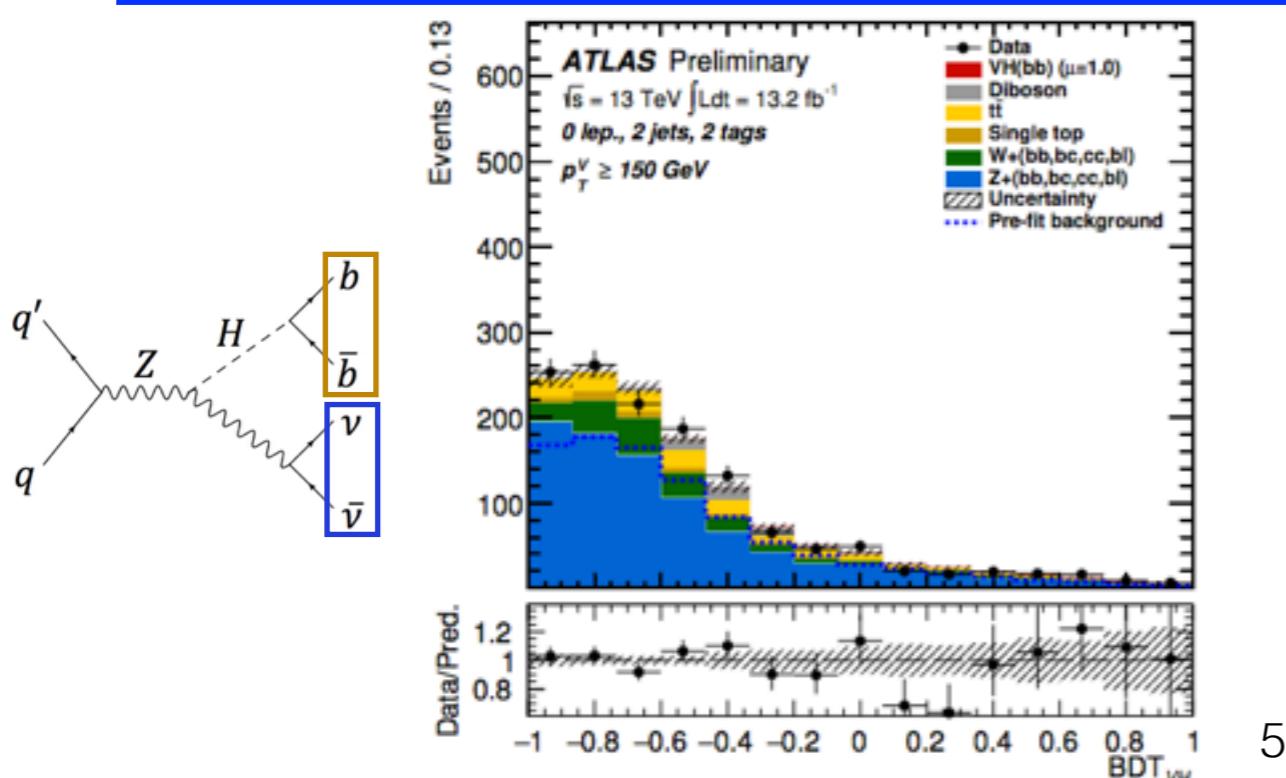
# 0-lepton Channel

Selection	0-lepton
Trigger	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 70 \text{ GeV}$ for data15 ( $90 \text{ GeV}$ for data16)
Number of Leptons	0
Number of Jets	2 or 3
$b$ -jets	exactly 2 $b$ -tagged jets
Leading Jet $p_T$	$> 45 \text{ GeV}$
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$> 150 \text{ GeV}$
$S_T$	$> 120 \text{ GeV}$ for 2 jets ( $> 150 \text{ GeV}$ for 3 jets)
$p_T^V$ regions	$[150, \infty] \text{ GeV}$
Multi-jet Suppression	
$\Delta\Phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, E_{T,\text{trk}}^{\text{miss}})$	$< 90^\circ$
$\Delta\Phi(\text{jet}_1, \text{jet}_2)$	$< 140^\circ$
$\Delta\Phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{Higgs})$	$> 120^\circ$
$\min[\Delta\Phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{jets})]$	$> 20^\circ$

$S_T$  is the scalar sum of the transverse momentum of available jets (2 or 3)

BDT Inputs	BDT = Boosted Decision Tree
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	
$p_T^{b_1}$	
$p_T^{b_2}$	
$m_{bb}$	
$\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$	
$ \Delta\eta(b_1, b_2) $	
$\Delta\phi(V, bb)$	
$H_T$	
$p_T^{\text{jet}_3}$	only for 3 jets
$m_{bbj}$	

$H_T$  is the scalar sum of the transverse momenta of all jets and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$



# 1-lepton Channel

Selection	1-lepton	BDT Inputs
Trigger	$\mu$ -sub-channel: same $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ trigger as 0-lepton $e$ -sub-channel: lowest unprescaled single $e$ trigger	$p_T^V$
Number of Leptons	exactly 1 “high quality” lepton	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$
Number of Jets	2 or 3	$p_T^{b_1}$
$b$ -jets	exactly 2 $b$ -tagged jets	$p_T^{b_2}$
Leading Jet $p_T$	$> 45 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{bb}$
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$> 30 \text{ GeV}$ ( $e$ -sub-channel only)	$\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$
$p_T^V$ regions	$[150, \infty] \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta\phi(V, bb)$
$p_T^l > 25 \text{ GeV}$ for “high quality” leptons (in addition to other requirements)		$\min[\Delta\phi(l, b)]$
		$m_T^W$
		$m_{\text{Top}}$
		$  \Delta Y(V, bb)  $
		$p_T^{\text{jet}_3}$
		$m_{bbj}$
		$m_T^W = \sqrt{2p_T^l E_T^{\text{miss}}(1 - \cos(\Delta\phi(l, E_T^{\text{miss}})))}$

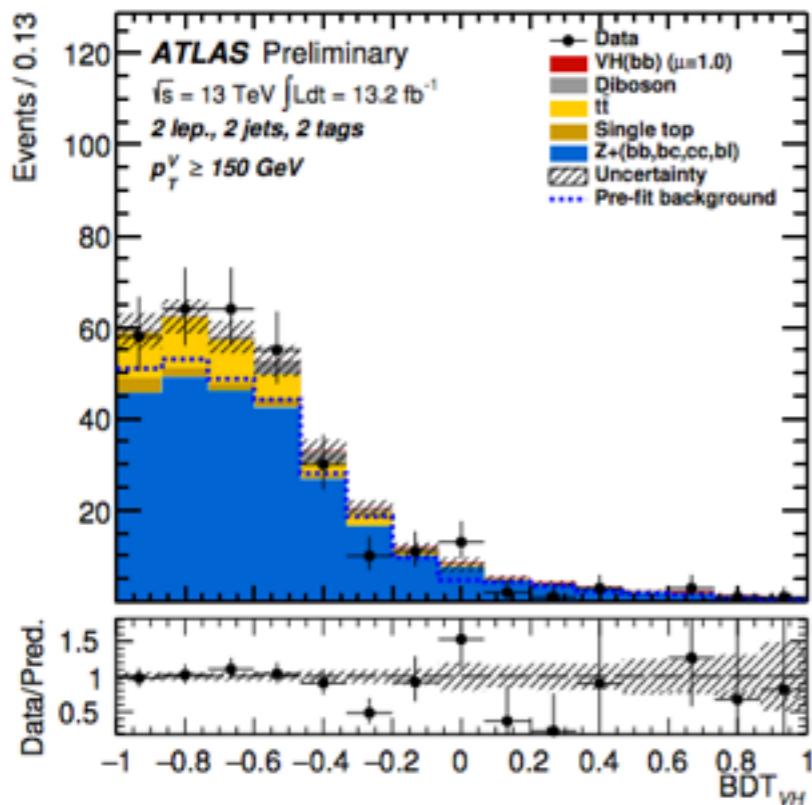
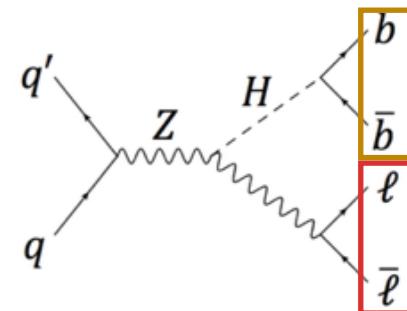
$q' \rightarrow q$   
 $q' \rightarrow W$   
 $W \rightarrow H$   
 $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$   
 $b\bar{b} \rightarrow \ell\nu$

Dominant Backgrounds

- $t\bar{t}$
- W+heavy flavor
- Single top
- Multi-jet
  - $b$ -jet energy corrections:  $\mu$ -in-jet, PtReco
  - Data-driven multi-jet estimate (fake factor method)

# 2-lepton Channel

Selection	2-lepton
Trigger	$\mu$ -sub-channel: lowest unprescaled single $\mu$ trigger $e$ -sub-channel: lowest unprescaled single $e$ trigger
Number of Leptons	exactly 1 “low quality” lepton and 1 “medium quality” lepton of the same flavor
Lepton Charge	opposite charge in $\mu$ -sub-channel
$m_{ll}$	$71 < m_{ll} < 121 \text{ GeV}$
Number of Jets	2 or $\geq 3$
$b$ -jets	exactly 2 $b$ -tagged jets
Leading Jet $p_T$	$> 45 \text{ GeV}$
$p_T^V$ regions	$[0, 150]$ and $[150, \infty] \text{ GeV}$
$p_T^l > 25 \text{ GeV}/7 \text{ GeV}$ for “medium/low quality” leptons	



## Dominant Backgrounds

- Z+heavy flavor
- $t\bar{t}$
- Diboson
- Single top
- Negligible multi-jet
  - checked with data
  - after  $m_{ll}$  cut
- $b$ -jet energy correction:  $\mu$ -in-jet
- Event-level kinematic fit using fully reconstructed Zh system

only for 3 jets

BDT Inputs
$p_T^V$
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$
$p_T^{b_1}$
$p_T^{b_2}$
$m_{bb}$
$\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$
$ \Delta\eta(b_1, b_2) $
$\Delta\phi(V, bb)$
$ \Delta\eta(V, bb) $
$m_{ll}$
$p_T^{\text{jet}_3}$
$m_{bbj}$

# Systematics

flavor-tagging has largest impact of the experimental systematics

Z+heavy flavor normalization has largest impact of the modeling systematics

## Notable Background Systematics:

- V+jets:
  - Relative normalization ratios of the heavy flavor components
  - Normalization uncertainties for the V+cl and V+l components
  - Relative acceptance ratios between the lepton and  $N_{\text{jets}}$  channels
- $t\bar{t}$ 
  - Relative acceptance ratios between the lepton and  $N_{\text{jets}}$  channels
- Single top
  - Cross section uncertainties broken down by t, s, and Wt channels
  - Relative acceptance ratios between the lepton channels

Source	Impact on Error	
	+	-
DataStat	0.361	0.346
MC Stat.	0.208	0.215
Flavor Tagging	0.162	0.19
Z+jets	0.118	0.179
Floating Normalizations	0.0985	0.15
W+jets	0.097	0.136
Model $t\bar{t}$	0.09	0.145
Signal	0.081	0.028
Jets + MET	0.0504	0.0462
Model Single Top	0.042	0.031
Diboson	0.0225	0.0217
Luminosity	0.0173	0.011
Model Multi-Jet	0.016	0.017
Leptons	0.01	0.0105
FullSyst	0.358	0.36
Total	0.508	0.499

(Not a quadrature sum)

## Dominant Experimental Systematics:

- Flavor Tagging = 3 b-jet + 4 c-jet + 5 light-jet + 2 “extrapolation”
- Jet Energy Scale and Resolution = 19

## Notable Signal Systematics:

- Cross section uncertainties for  $q\bar{q}$  and  $gg$  production
- Branching ratio
- Acceptance variations (parton shower, etc.)

# Statistical Treatment

- BDT output is used as the final discriminant
- Parameter of interest is  $\mu$  (signal yield over Standard Model expectation)
- Binned-Likelihood model
  - Poisson terms for bin contents
  - Constraint terms for various systematics, etc.
- Total of 8 regions ( $N_{\text{jets}}$ : 2 & 3\*,  $p_T^V$  regions: [0, 150] GeV in 2-lepton & [150,  $\infty$ ] GeV in all lepton channels)
- [Floating Normalizations](#):  $t\bar{t}$  (separately for 0+1 lepton and 2 lepton), W/Z+heavy flavor

Sample	Scale factor
$t\bar{t}$ 0+1-lepton	$0.86 \pm 0.13$
$t\bar{t}$ 2-lepton	$0.94 \pm 0.09$
$W + \text{HF}$	$1.59 \pm 0.39$
$Z + \text{HF}$	$1.04 \pm 0.11$

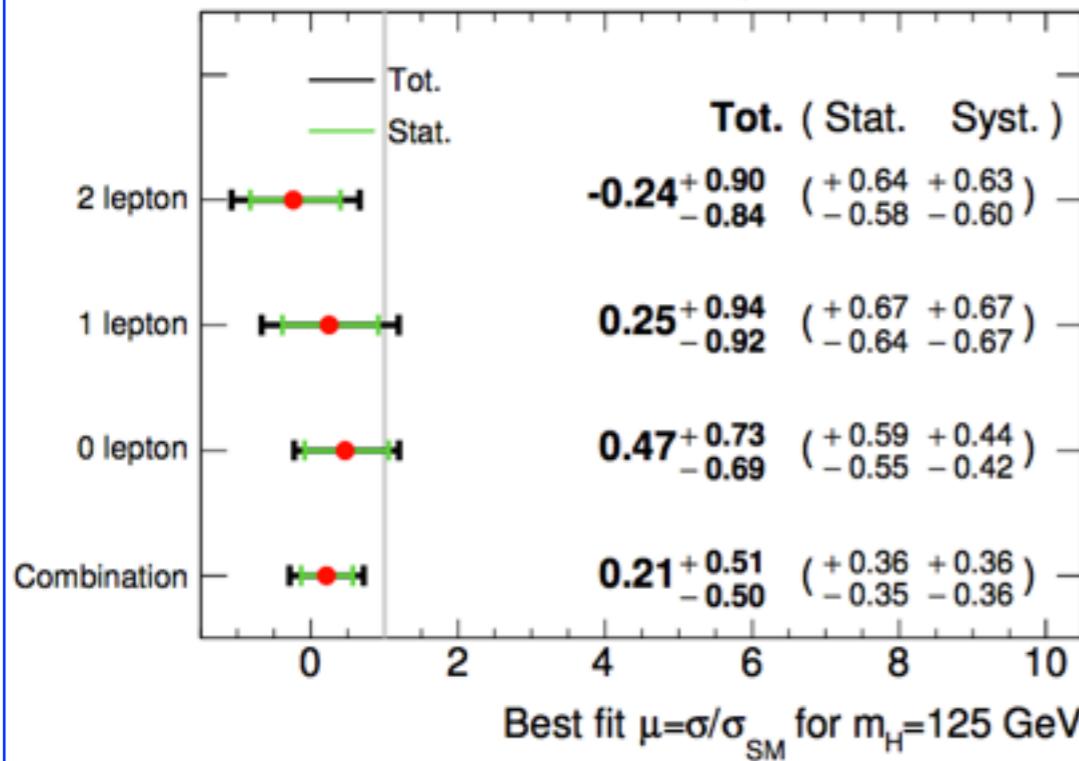
Postfit

Dominant Background Systematics (description: correlated regions)
$V + \text{jets}$
$V + \text{hf}$ norm: all, $Vbl/Vbb$ acc. ratio: all, $Vcc/Vbb$ acc. ratio: all, $Vbc/Vbb$ acc. ratio: all $Vbb$ 2-3 jets acc. ratio: 2 jets, $Zbb$ 0-2 lep. acc. ratio: 0-lepton, $Wbb$ 0-1 lep. acc. ratio: 0-lepton $Vl$ norm: all, $Vcl$ norm: all, $p_T^V$ shape: all, $m_{bb}$ shape: all
$t\bar{t}$
$t\bar{t}$ norm: 0+1 lepton and 2-lepton, $t\bar{t}$ 2-3 jets acc. ratio: 0+1 lepton and 2-lepton $p_T^V$ shape: 0+1 lepton and 2-lepton, $m_{bb}$ shape: 0+1 lepton and 2-lepton

# Results

## Best Fit Signal Strength

ATLAS Preliminary  $\sqrt{s}=13 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $\int L dt = 13.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



## Limits, p-values, & significance

Dataset	Limit		$p_0$		Significance	
	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.
0-lepton	$1.4^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$	2.0	0.07	0.15	1.45	1.02
1-lepton	$2.0^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$	2.1	0.15	0.46	1.04	0.10
2-lepton	$1.8^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$	1.7	0.13	0.57	1.14	-0.17
Combined	$1.0^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	1.2	0.03	0.34	1.94	0.42

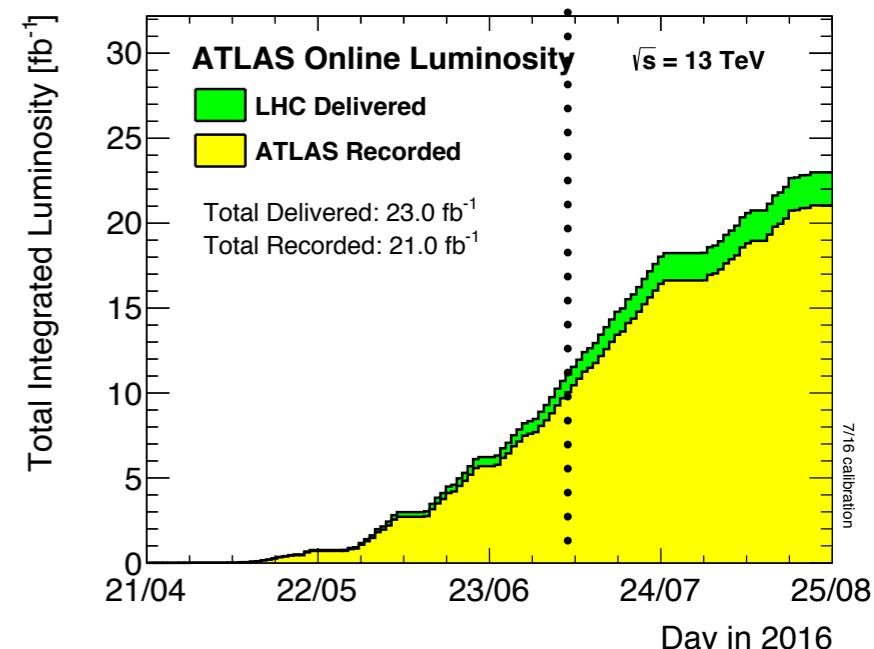
Table 8: The expected and observed 95% CL limits on the ratio of the cross-section times branching ratio with respect to the SM expectation and  $p_0$  and significance values for the individual lepton channels and their combination. The expected limits are evaluated assuming the absence of signal and the expected  $p_0$  and significance assuming a Higgs boson of 125 GeV mass with the SM signal strength.

Di-boson cross-check:  $3.21\sigma$  ( $3.0\sigma$ ) exp. (obs.) significance  
 $\mu_{VZ} = 0.91 \pm 0.17(\text{stat.})^{+0.32}_{-0.27}(\text{syst.})$

# Summary & Outlook

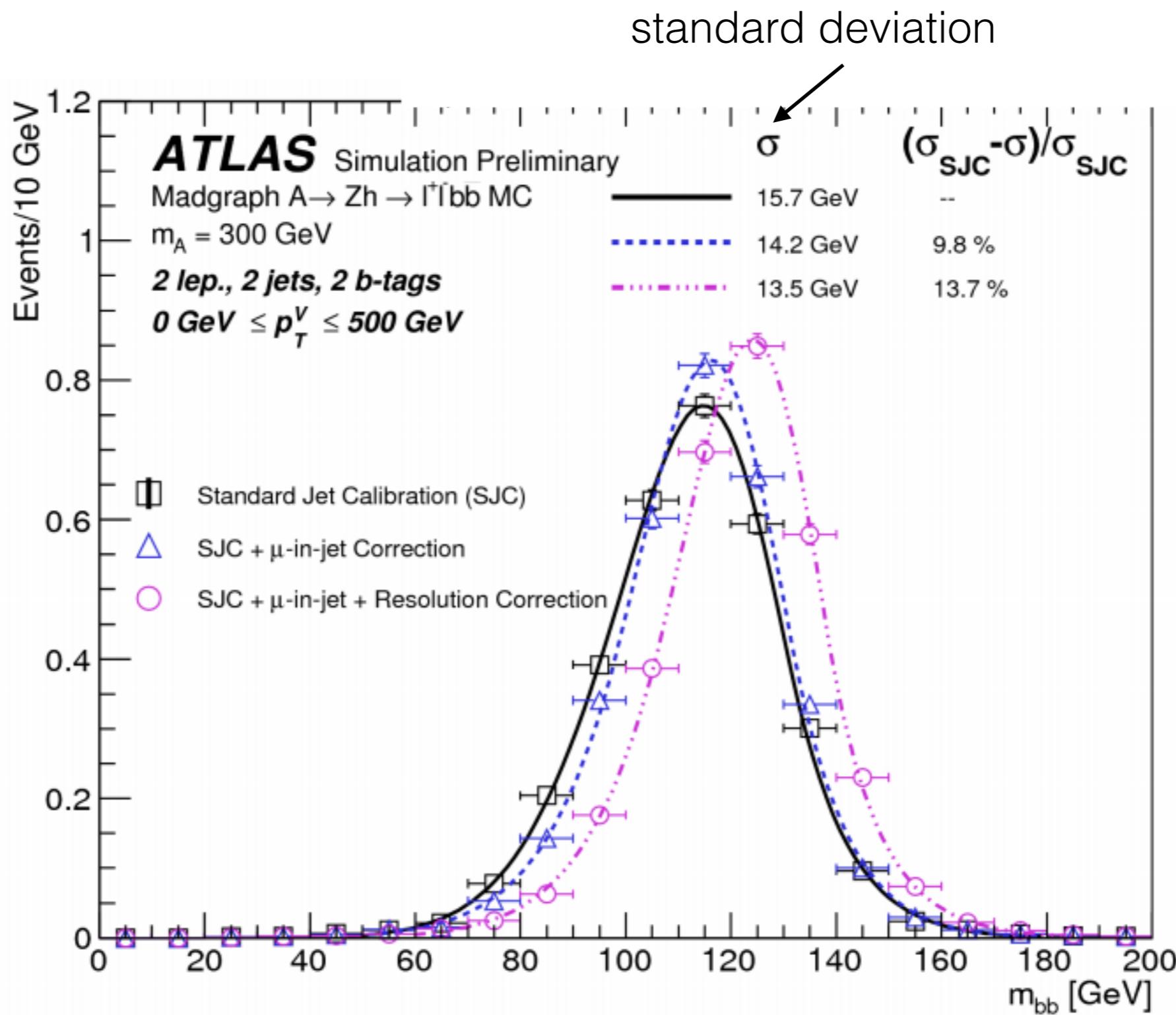
- ATLAS' first SM VH,  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  results for Run 2 appear promising and consistent with SM
  - statistical and systematic contributions to error are currently equal
- Important decay channel that has yet to be observed
  - Looking forward to more luminosity

Run	Signal Strength	Observed (Expected) Significance
I	$0.52 \pm 0.32(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.24(\text{syst.})$	$1.4\sigma(2.6\sigma)$
II	$0.21 \pm 0.36(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.36(\text{syst.})$	$0.42\sigma(1.94\sigma)$



# Backup

# b-Jet Energy Correction



<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2207283/files/ATL-PHYS-SLIDE-2016-465.pdf>

# Object Selection

Electron Selection	$p_T$	$\eta$	ID	$d_0^{sig}$	$ \Delta z_0^{BL} \sin \theta $	Isolation
VH – loose	>7 GeV	$ \eta  < 2.47$	LH Loose + B-layer cut	< 5	< 0.5 mm	LooseTrackOnly
ZH – signal	>25 GeV	$ \eta  < 2.47$	LH Loose + B-layer cut	< 5	< 0.5 mm	LooseTrackOnly
WH – signal	>25 GeV	$ \eta  < 2.47$	LH Tight	< 5	< 0.5 mm	FixedCutTight

Table 4: Electron selection requirements.

Muon Selection	$p_T$	$\eta$	ID	$d_0^{sig}$	$ \Delta z_0^{BL} \sin \theta $	Isolation
VH-Loose	>7 GeV	$ \eta  < 2.7$	Loose quality	< 3	< 0.5 mm	LooseTrackOnly
ZH-Signal	>25 GeV	$ \eta  < 2.5$	Loose quality	< 3	< 0.5 mm	LooseTrackOnly
WH-Signal	>25 GeV	$ \eta  < 2.5$	Medium quality	< 3	< 0.5 mm	FixedCutTightTrackOnly

Table 5: Muon selection requirements.

Jet Category	Selection Requirements
Forward Jets	jet cleaning $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ $2.5 \leq  \eta  < 4.5$
Signal Jets	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ and $ \eta  < 2.5$ jet cleaning $\text{JVT} \geq 0.64$ if ( $p_T < 60 \text{ GeV}$ and $ \eta  < 2.4$ )

Table 6: `AntiKt4EMTopoJets` selection requirements. The jet cleaning is applied via the `JetCleaningTool`, that removes events in regions corresponding to hot calorimeter cells.

70% b-tagging MV2c10 working point

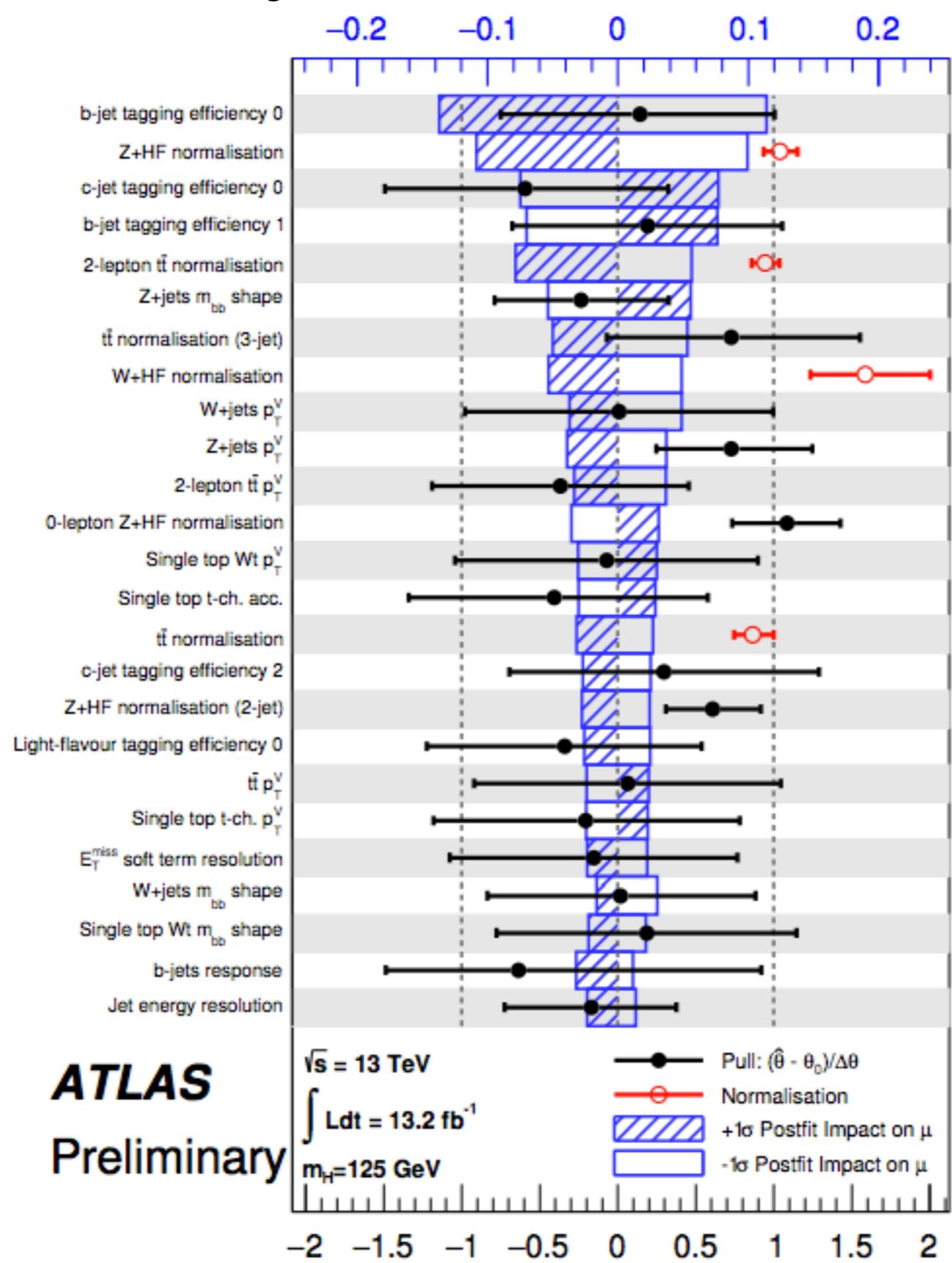
# Systematics

# Systematics

Z+jets		ZZ	
Zl normalisation	18%	Normalisation	20%
Zcl normalisation	23%	0-to-2 lepton ratio	30%
Zbb normalisation	Floating	2-to-3 jet ratio	19 %
Zbc-to-Zbb ratio	14-27%	$m_{bb}, p_T^V$	S (correlated with WZ uncertainties)
Zcc-to-Zbb ratio	7-31%		
Zbl-to-Zbb ratio	15-38%		
0-to-2 lepton ratio	26%		
2-to-3 jet ratio	28% (0-lepton) and 25% (2-lepton)		
$p_T^V, m_{bb}$	S		
W+jets		WZ	
Wl normalisation	32%	Normalisation	26%
Wcl normalisation	37%	2-to-3 jet ratio	14% (0-lepton) and 11% (1-lepton)
Wbb normalisation	Floating	0-to-1 lepton ratio	12%
Wbl-to-Wbb ratio	17% (0-lepton) and 31% (1-lepton)	$m_{bb}, p_T^V$	S (correlated with ZZ uncertainties)
Wbc-to-Wbb ratio	42% (0-lepton) and 21% (1-lepton)		
Wcc-to-Wbb ratio	17% (0-lepton) and 31% (1-lepton)		
2-to-3 jet ratio	23%		
0-to-1 lepton ratio	17%		
$p_T^V, m_{bb}$	S		
$t\bar{t}$ (all are decorrelated between the 0+1 and 2-lepton channels)		WW	
$t\bar{t}$ normalisation	Floating	Normalisation	25%
2-to-3-jet ratio	9% (0+1-lepton) and 24% (2-lepton)	Multi-jet (1-lepton)	
$p_T^V, m_{bb}$	S	Normalisation	14-81% (electron), 5-50% (muon)
		Template variations	S
Signal			
Cross section (scale)		0.7% ( $q\bar{q}$ ), 27% (gg)	
Cross section (PDF)		1.9% ( $q\bar{q} \rightarrow WH$ ), 1.6% ( $q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZH$ ), 5% (gg)	
Branching ratio		1.7 %	
Acceptance (scale)		1.4%-5%	
3-jet acceptance (scale)		1.4%-4.7%	
$p_T^V$ shape (scale)		S	
Acceptance (PDF)		0.3%-0.7%	
$p_T^V$ shape (NLO EW correction)		S	
Acceptance (parton shower)		4%-7.5%	

S denotes shape systematics

# Systematics



**ATLAS**  
Preliminary

# S/B yield plot

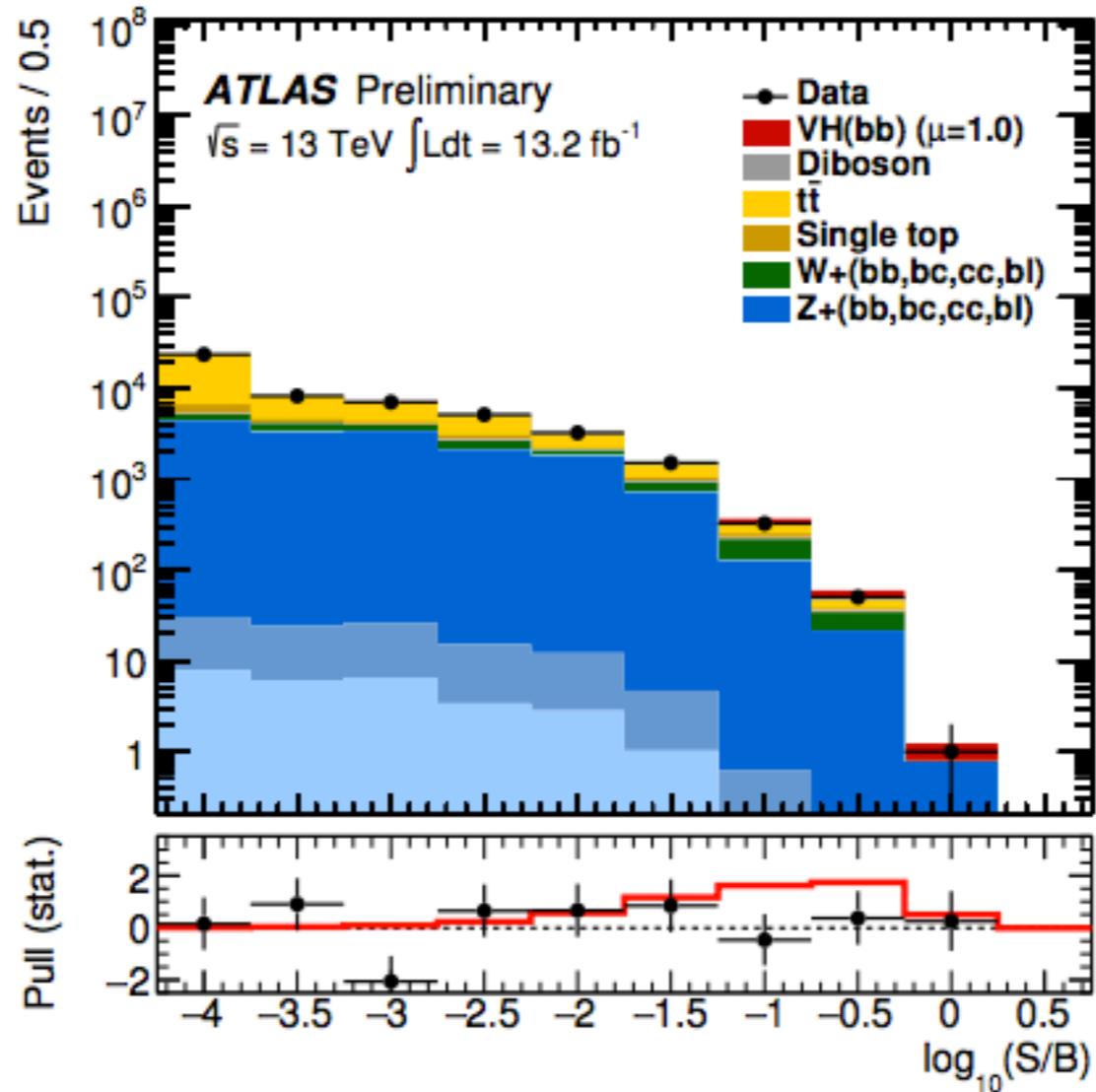
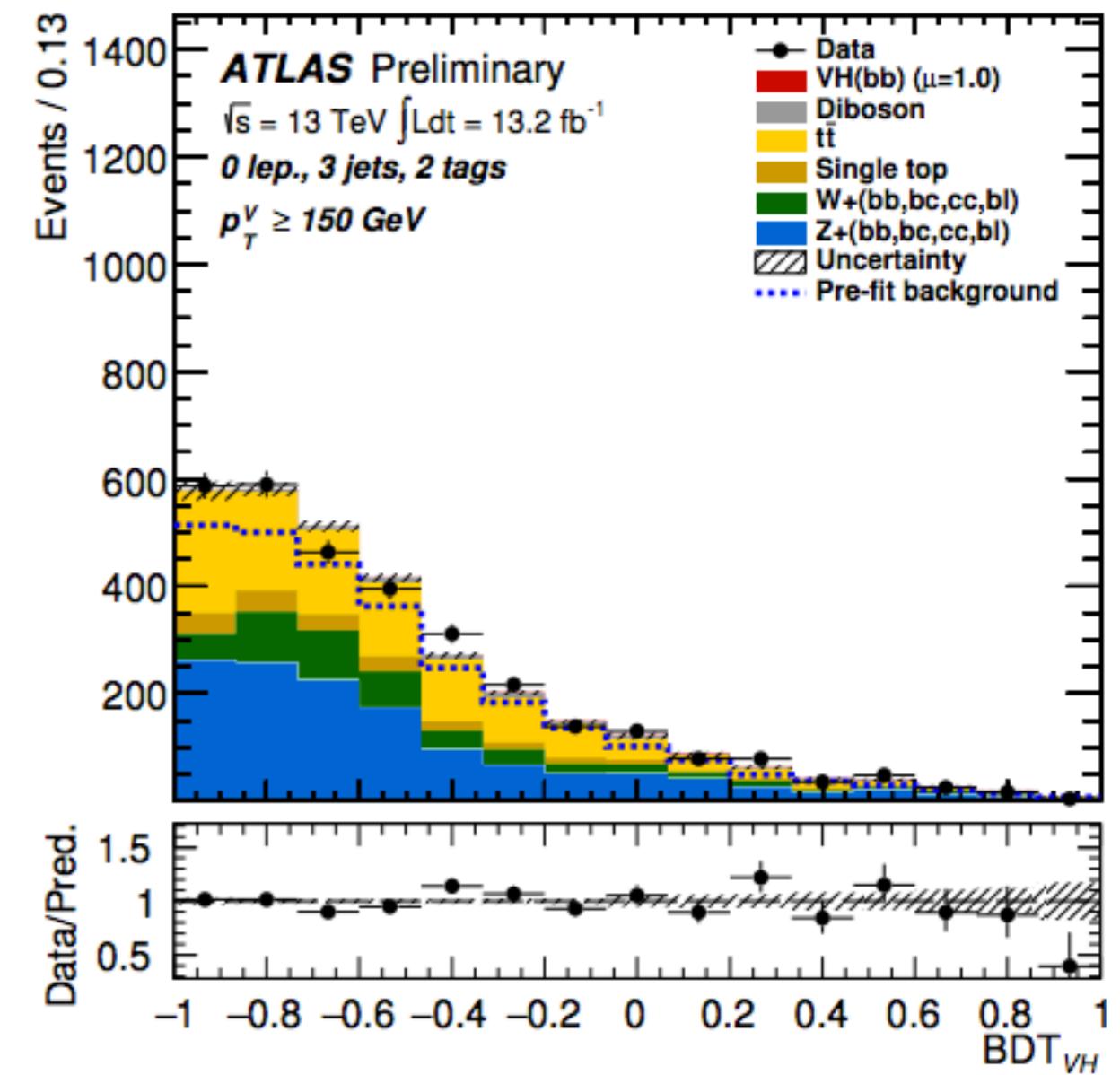
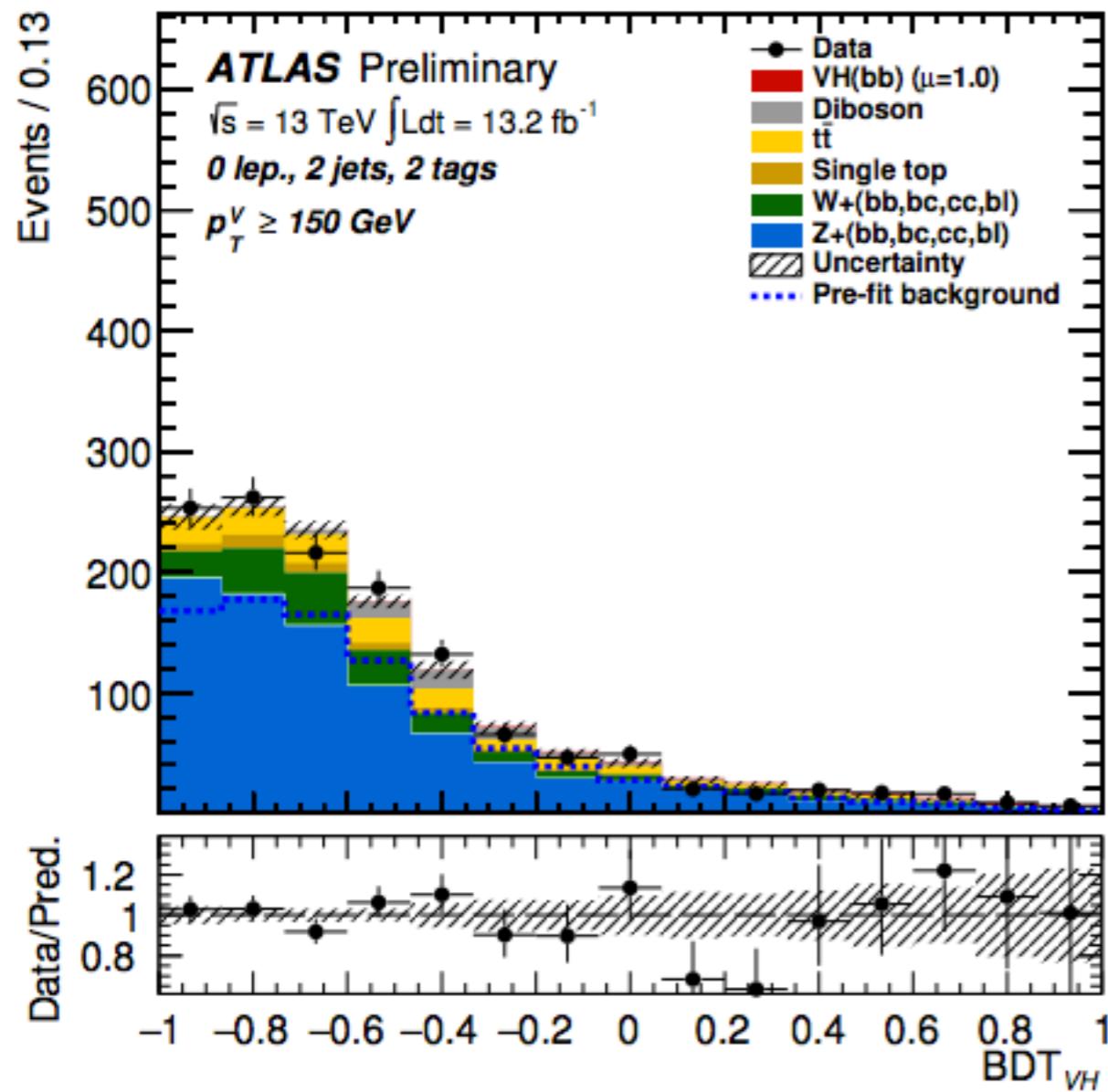


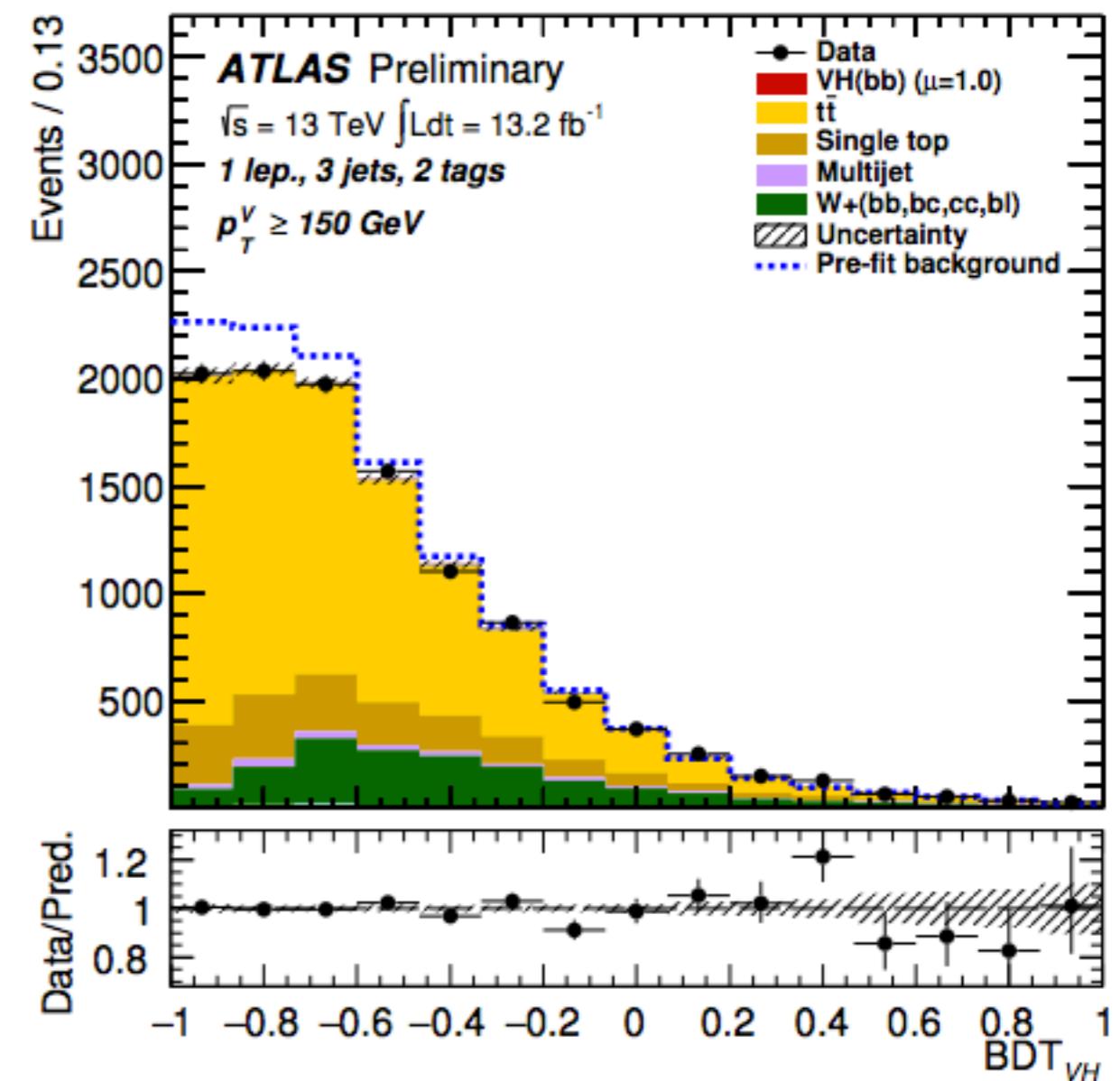
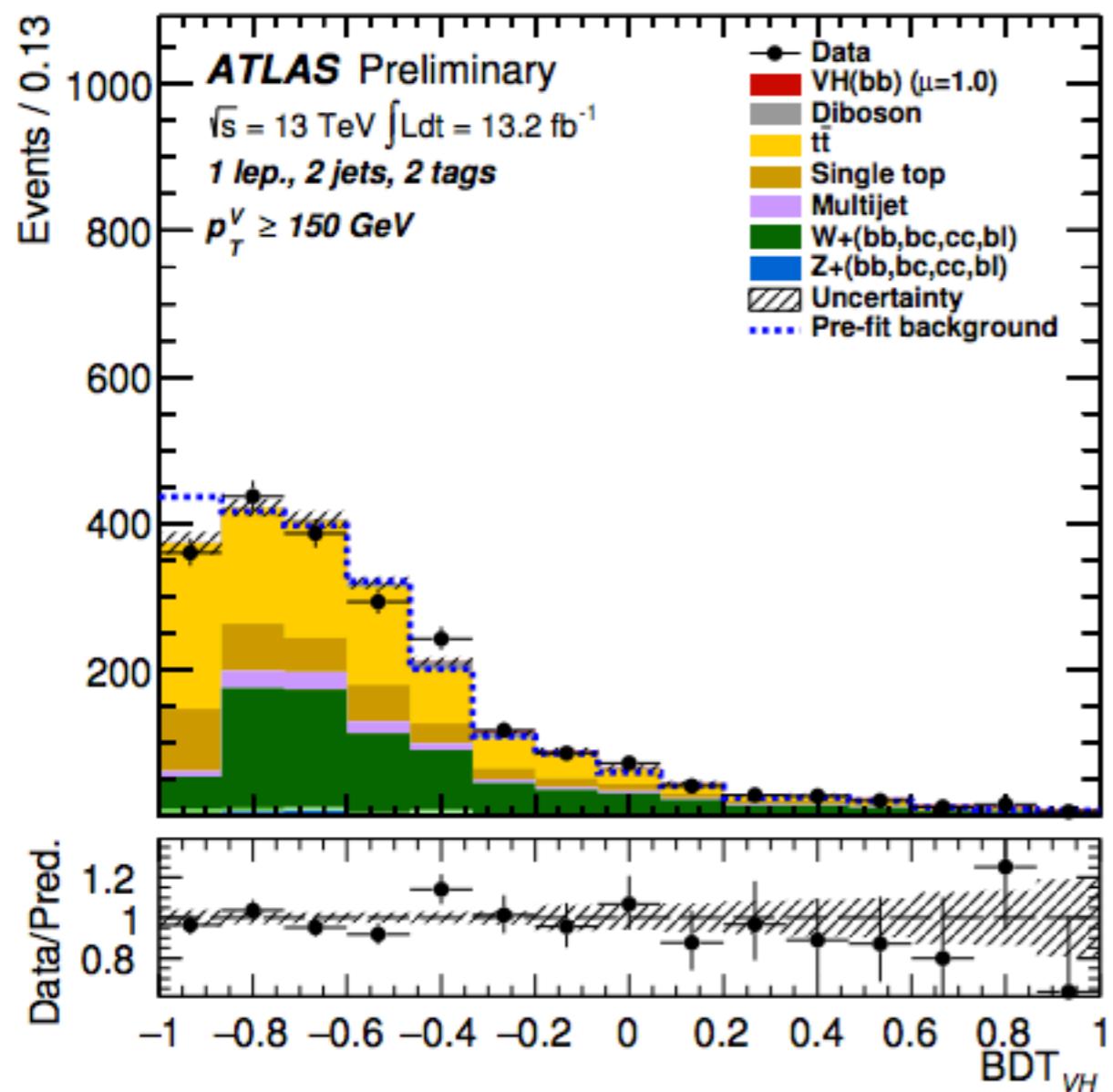
Figure 4: Event yields as a function of  $\log(S/B)$  for data, background and Higgs boson signal with  $m_H = 125$  GeV. Final-discriminant bins in all signal regions are combined into bins of  $\log(S/B)$ . The signal  $S$  and background  $B$  yields are the expected and fitted values, respectively. The Higgs boson signal contribution is shown as expected for the SM cross section (indicated as  $\mu = 1.0$ ). The pull of the data with respect to the background-only prediction is shown without systematic uncertainties. The solid red line indicates the pull of the prediction for signal ( $\mu = 1.0$ ) and background with respect to the background-only prediction.

# Postfit Plots

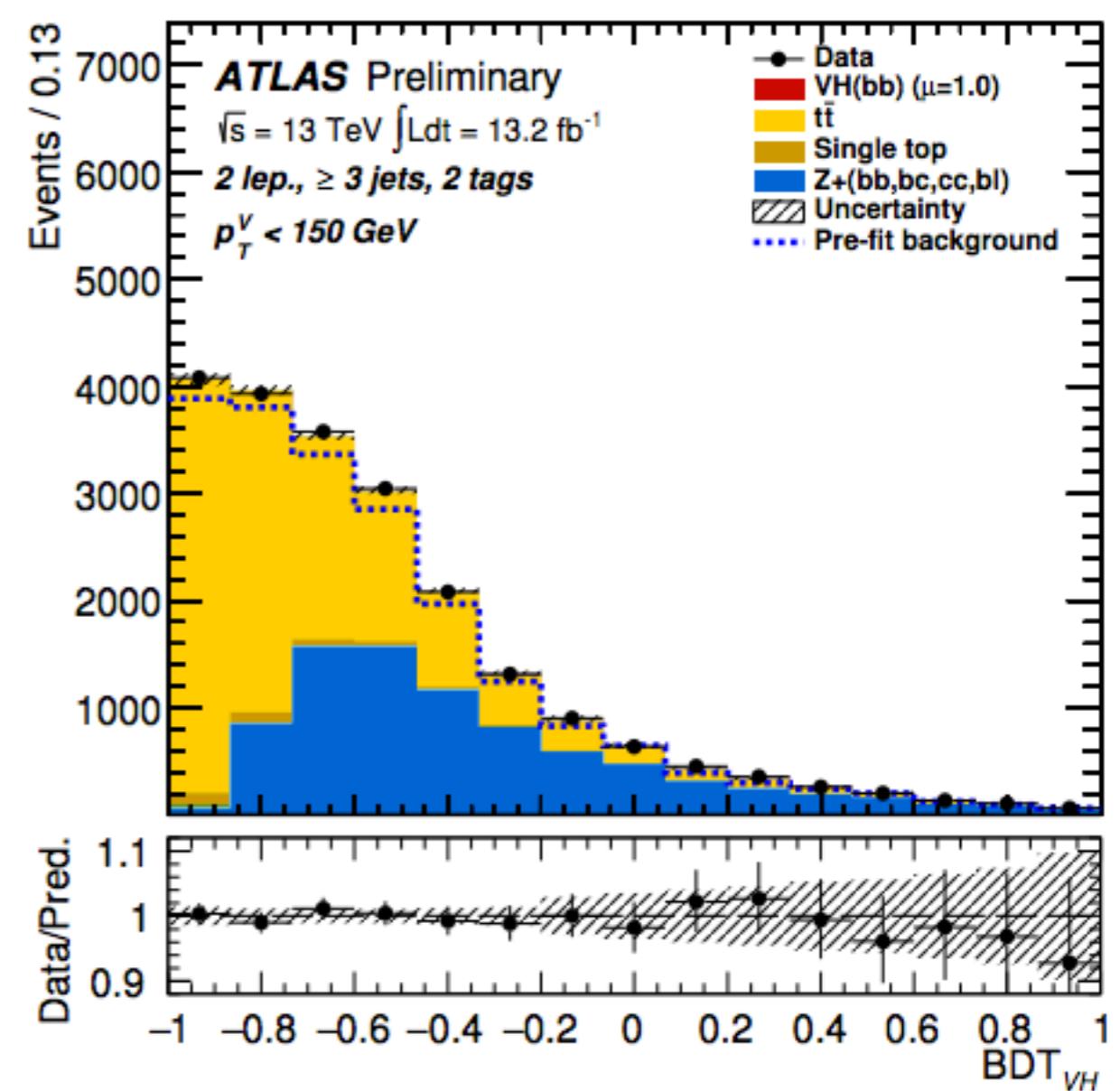
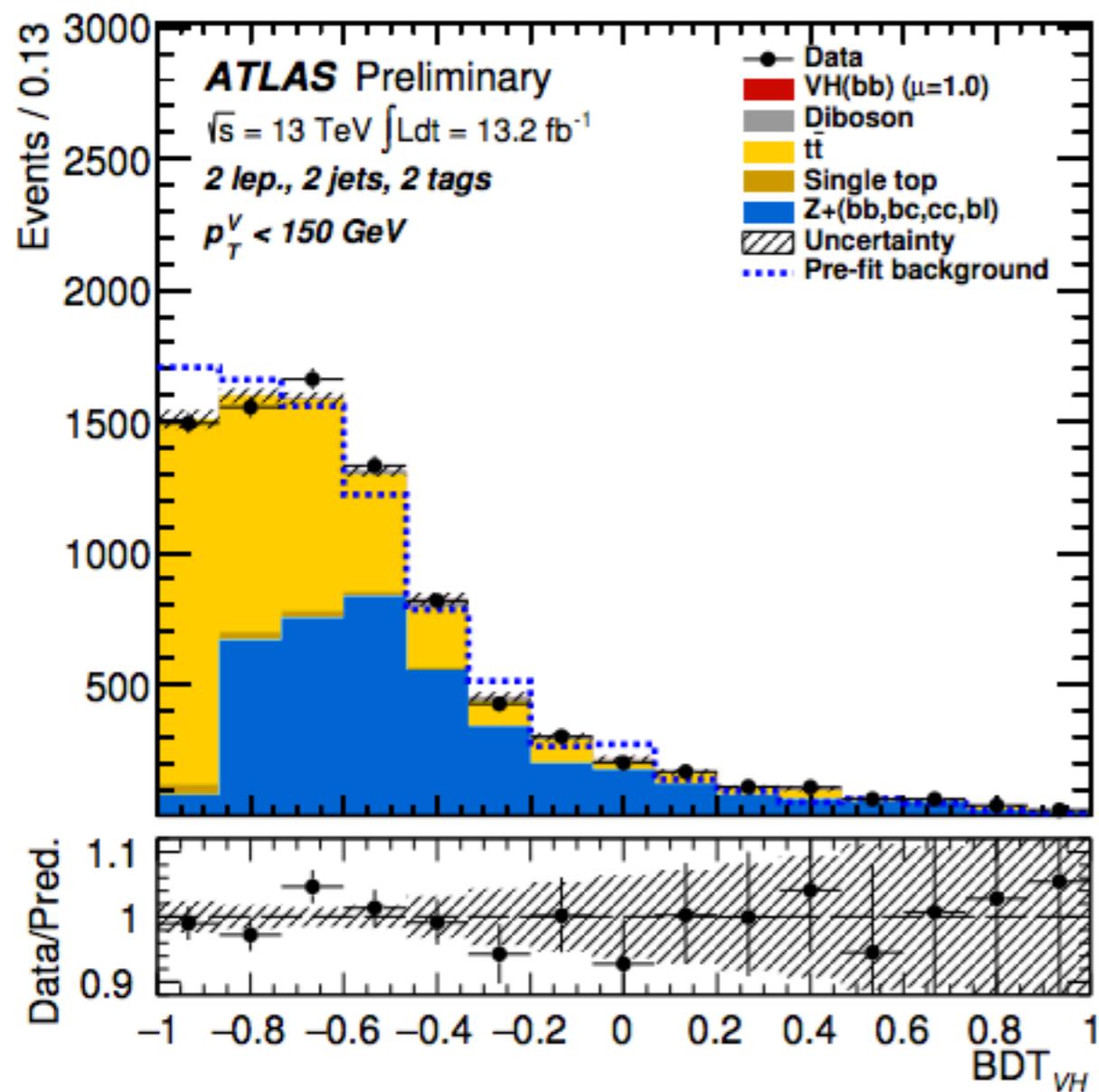
# 0-Lepton



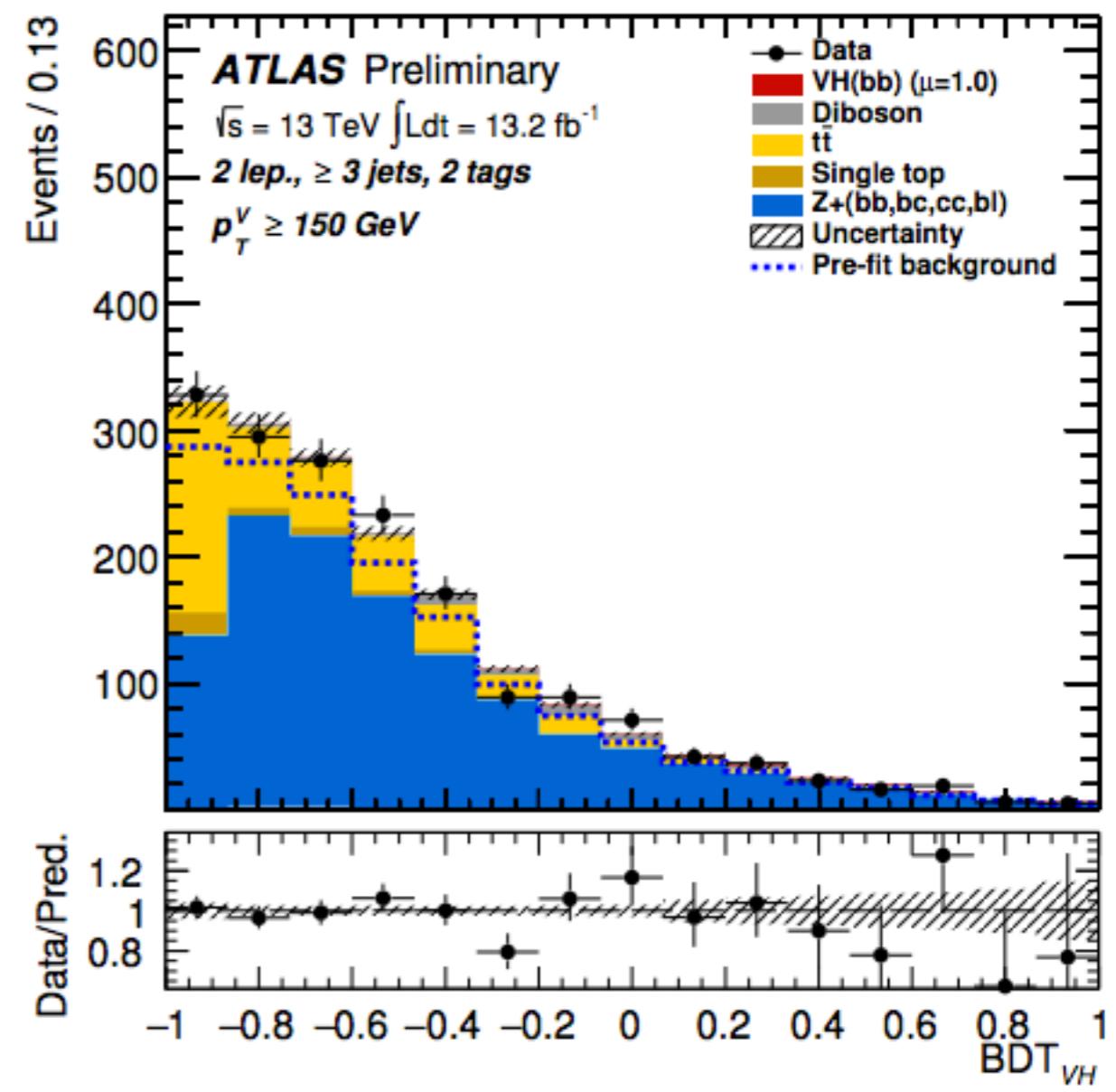
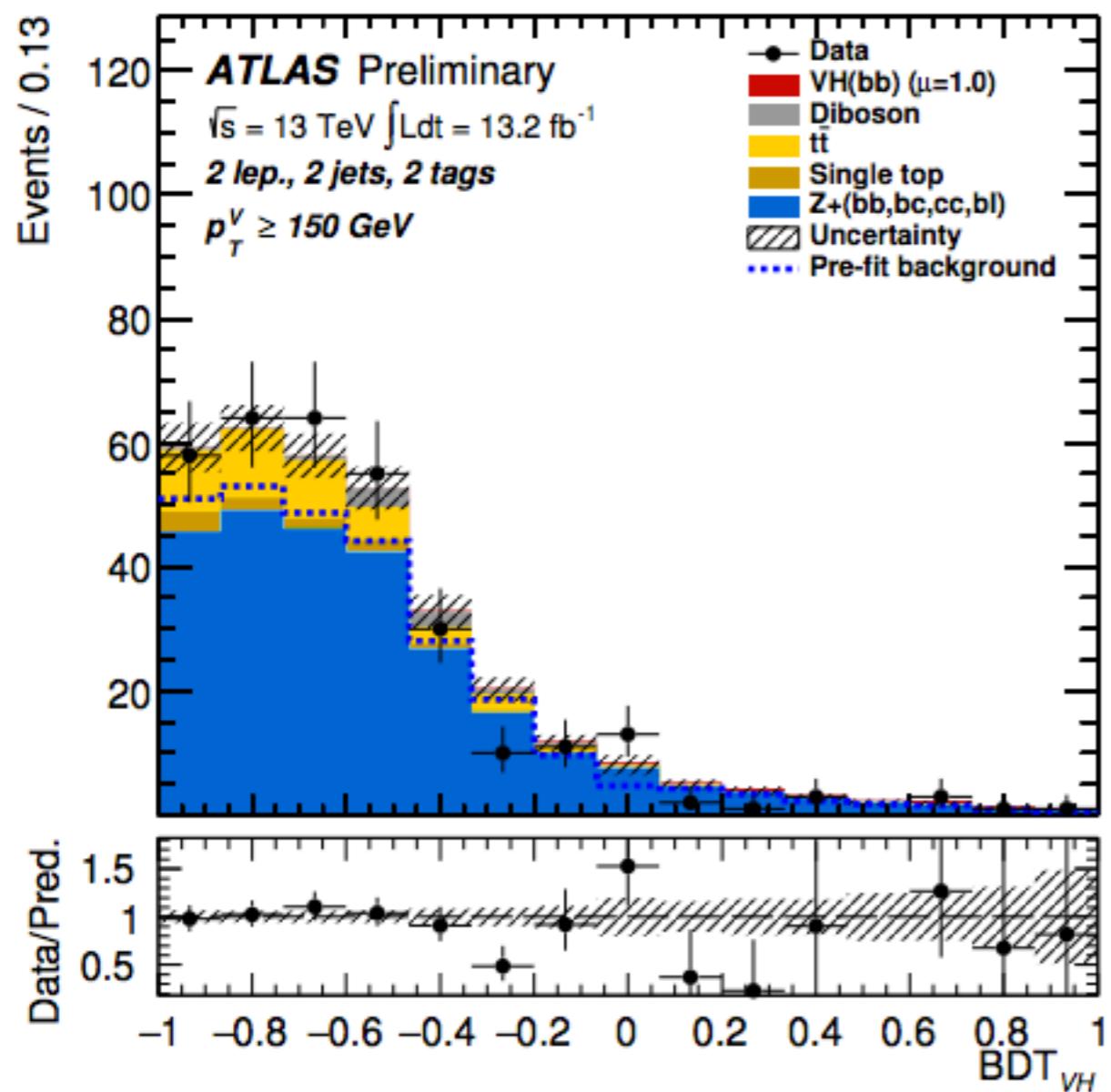
# 1-Lepton



# 2-Lepton: Low $p_T^V$



# 2-Lepton: High $p_T^V$



# Postfit Yields Table

Sample	0-lepton		1-lepton		2-lepton			
	$p_T^V > 150 \text{ GeV}, 2\text{-tag}$		$p_T^V > 150 \text{ GeV}, 2\text{-tag}$		$p_T^V < 150 \text{ GeV}, 2\text{-tag}$		$p_T^V > 150 \text{ GeV}, 2\text{-tag}$	
	2-jet	3-jet	2-jet	3-jet	2-jet	3-jet	2-jet	3-jet
$Z + l$	1.5 $\pm$ 0.1	3.3 $\pm$ 2.2	—	—	4.6 $\pm$ 0.1	15.4 $\pm$ 0.5	0.4 $\pm$ 0.0	2.9 $\pm$ 0.1
$Z + cl$	4.2 $\pm$ 1.8	6.7 $\pm$ 2.6	0.9 $\pm$ 0.6	—	13.9 $\pm$ 5.9	49 $\pm$ 21	1.0 $\pm$ 0.4	10.0 $\pm$ 4.3
$Z + \text{HF}$	864 $\pm$ 49	1300 $\pm$ 90	29.0 $\pm$ 3.0	65.7 $\pm$ 3.7	4000 $\pm$ 120	8250 $\pm$ 300	260 $\pm$ 14	1192 $\pm$ 49
$W + l$	2.3 $\pm$ 1.5	3.8 $\pm$ 2.2	4.3 $\pm$ 0.1	9.6 $\pm$ 0.3	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0
$W + cl$	3.7 $\pm$ 1.8	7.4 $\pm$ 3.5	20 $\pm$ 11	33 $\pm$ 17	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0	0.5 $\pm$ 0.0	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0
$W + \text{HF}$	184 $\pm$ 37	440 $\pm$ 96	741 $\pm$ 114	1610 $\pm$ 300	1.2 $\pm$ 0.3	42 $\pm$ 10	0.4 $\pm$ 0.1	1.3 $\pm$ 0.3
Single-top	45.5 $\pm$ 7.7	204 $\pm$ 39	331 $\pm$ 55	1590 $\pm$ 300	139 $\pm$ 39	400 $\pm$ 130	10.5 $\pm$ 3.0	44 $\pm$ 14
Multi-jet	—	—	101 $\pm$ 63	210 $\pm$ 140	—	—	—	—
$t\bar{t}$	136 $\pm$ 14	1081 $\pm$ 67	886 $\pm$ 82	7520 $\pm$ 360	4080 $\pm$ 120	12210 $\pm$ 340	42.3 $\pm$ 4.3	402 $\pm$ 36
Diboson	56 $\pm$ 17	65 $\pm$ 16	39 $\pm$ 10	68 $\pm$ 16	121 $\pm$ 32	190 $\pm$ 36	8.3 $\pm$ 2.3	46.6 $\pm$ 8.4
Total bkg.	1297 $\pm$ 35	3110 $\pm$ 52	2152 $\pm$ 48	11120 $\pm$ 110	8358 $\pm$ 92	21150 $\pm$ 150	322 $\pm$ 13	1698 $\pm$ 38
$VH(bb)$ (fit)	3.7 $\pm$ 8.7	4.3 $\pm$ 10.3	4.2 $\pm$ 10.1	5.0 $\pm$ 12.0	4.2 $\pm$ 10.0	6.2 $\pm$ 14.9	0.9 $\pm$ 2.2	2.5 $\pm$ 5.9
Data	1313	3120	2145	11124	8365	21163	316	1700

Table 7: The data, background and signal yields along with the total uncertainty. All the background and signal values are evaluated according to the results of the global fit. The  $V + \text{HF}$  yields includes events from the  $V + bb$ ,  $V + bc$ ,  $V + bl$  and  $V + cc$  categories.