

# A Petaflop machine: why and how?

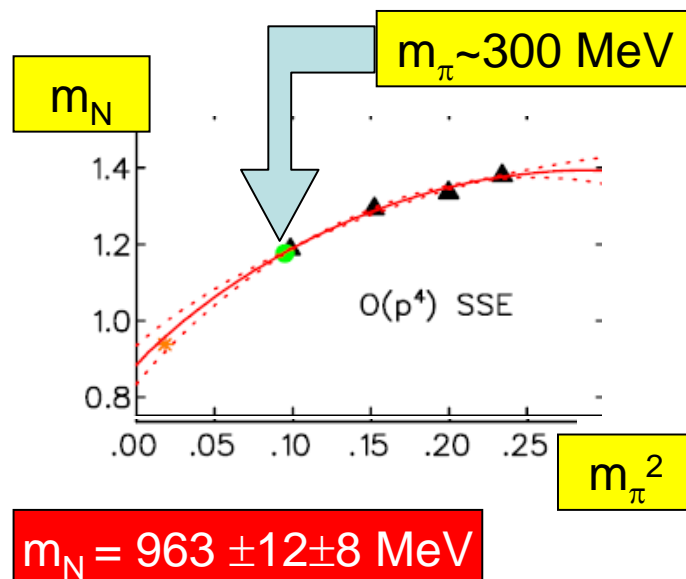
- Why petaflops?
- Prospects in other countries
- Model of a Petaflop machine
- Hardware activities?
- Software activities
- Error control/recovery
- Overall strategy

# Why Petaflops? (in general)

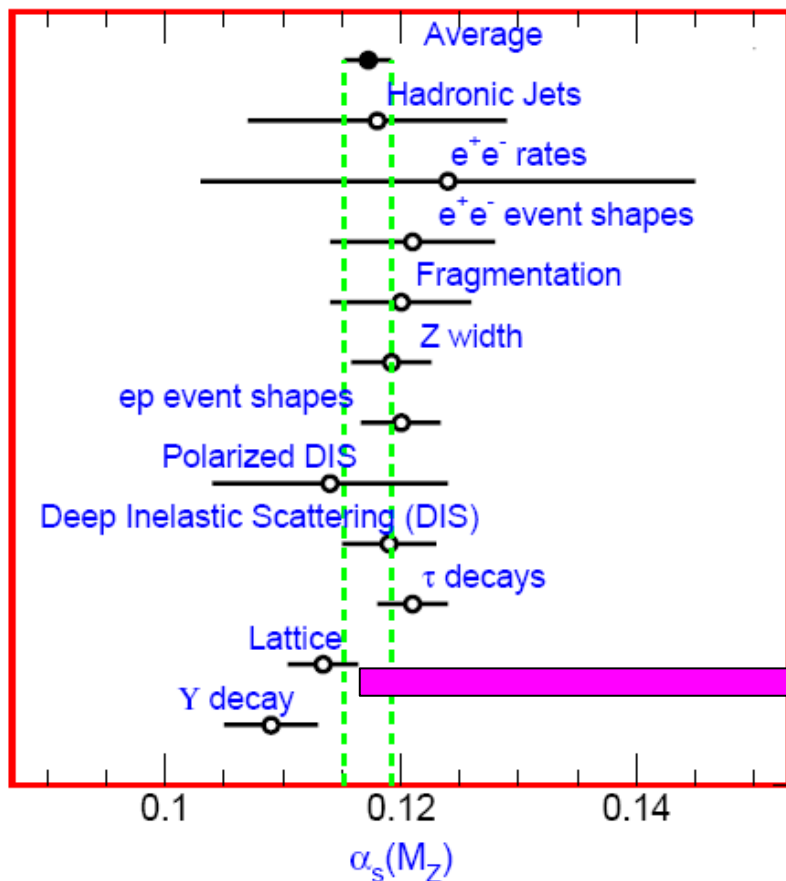
<http://theory.fnal.gov/theorybreakout2007/>

- Fundamental param. ( $m_q, \alpha_s, V_{ckm}$ )
  - $\alpha_s, V_{ckm}$  already few % with 50 Tflops
  - K-K, B-B oscill. 100-500 Tflops (physical quarks)
  - $K \rightarrow \pi\pi$  : 500 Tflops
- QCD thermodynamics: 100 Tflops
  - determine EoS
  - interpret experiments
- Hadronic physics
  - $m_\pi \sim 180$  MeV,  $a \sim 0.1F \rightarrow 5\%$  errors: 100 Tflops
  - quarks with phys. masses: 300 Tflops
  - $\pi\pi, K\pi$  scatt. Length: 100 Tflops
  - deuteron binding and other properties: 1 Pflops
- New Physics
- Numerical experiments

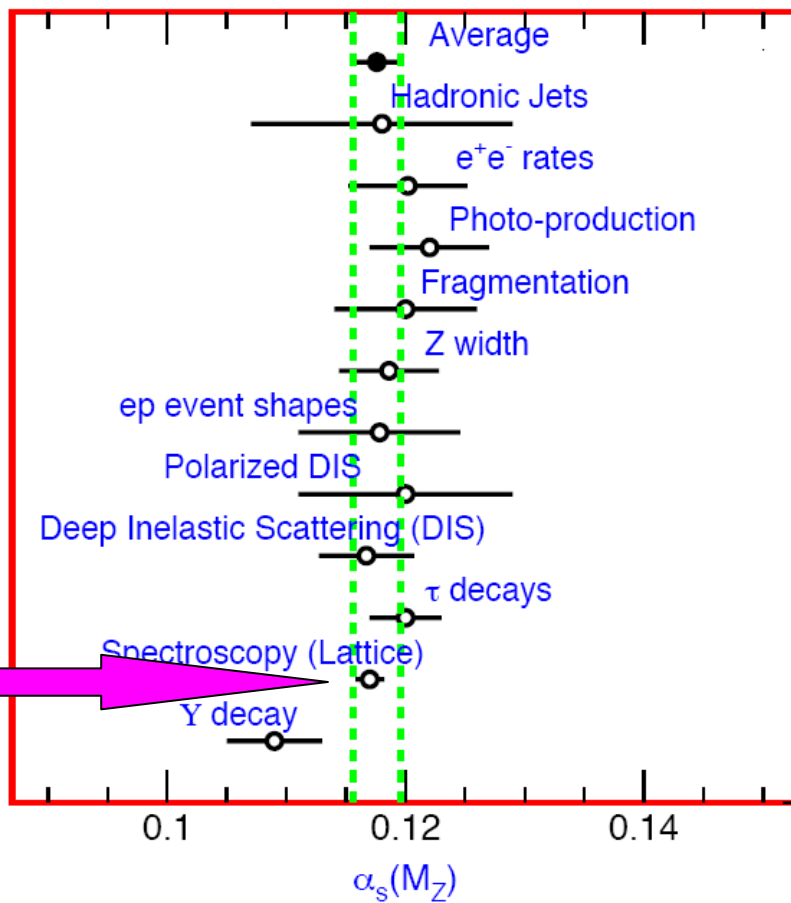
Sum > 1 Pflops  
Several physics subjects  
Define priorities



# The strong coupling constant

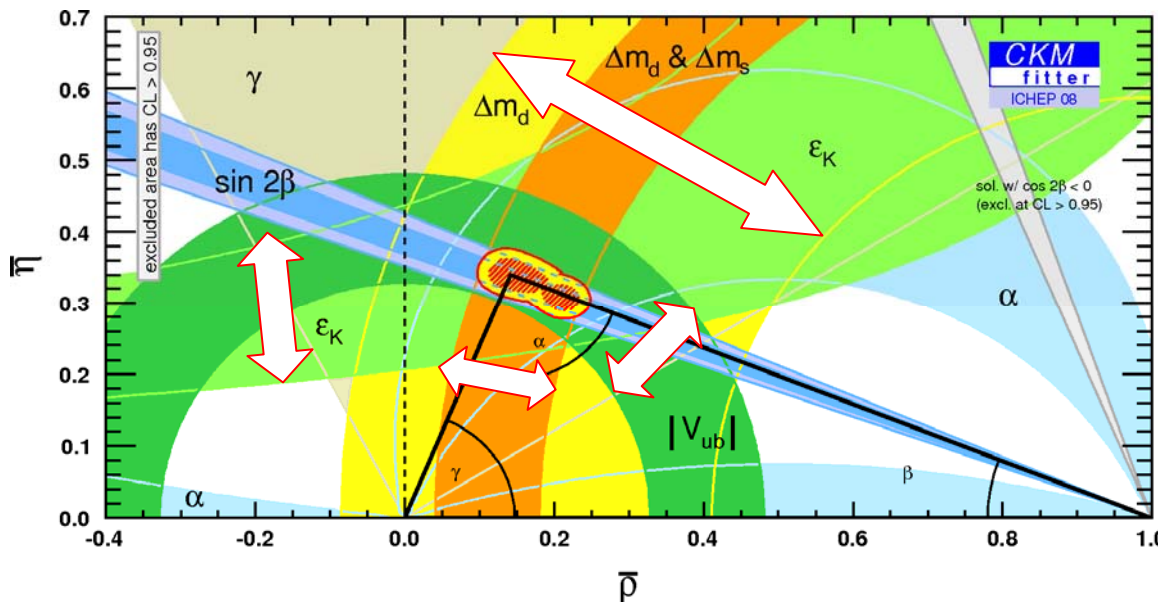


PDG 2001



PDG 2005

# Why Petaflops? (flavour physics)



Is there evidence for non-standard CP violation?

Increasing importance of LQCD

**USQCD 2007**

	Quenched Estimate in 2000	Lattice Result Current	UTA Result Current	Lattice Errors 10. TF-Yr	Lattice Errors 50. TF-Yr
$\widehat{B}_K$	$0.87 \pm 0.15$	$0.77 \pm 0.08$	$0.75 \pm 0.09$	$\pm 0.05$	$\pm 0.03$
$f_{B_s} \sqrt{\widehat{B}_{B_s}}$	$262 \pm 40$ MeV	$282 \pm 21$ MeV	$261 \pm 6$ MeV	$\pm 16$ MeV	$\pm 9$ MeV
$\xi$	$1.14 \pm 0.07$	$1.23 \pm 0.06$	$1.24 \pm 0.08$	$\pm 0.04$	$\pm 0.02$
			<b><math>1.27 \pm 0.05</math></b>		

**<6MeV (2.5%)**

# Why Petaflops? (specific example)

$$\Delta m_s = \frac{G_F^2}{6\pi^2} \eta_B m_{B_s} f_{B_s}^2 B_{B_s} m_W^2 S\left(\frac{m_t^2}{m_W^2}\right) |V_{ts} V_{tb}^*|^2$$

0.7%  
Exp.

2%  
?

26%

2.5%

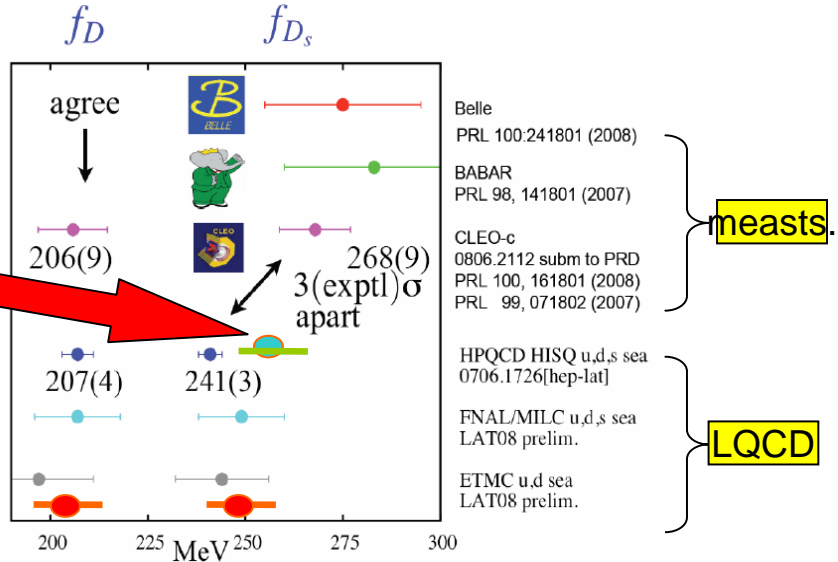
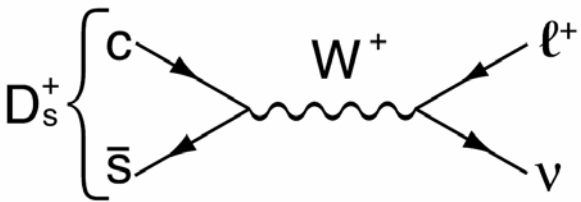
3.6%

Non-lattice errors < 5%

$V_{cb} = (41.49 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.58) 10^{-3}$

$m(\text{top}) = (170.9 \pm 1.8) \text{ GeV}$

New Cleo-c result  
 $f_{D_s} = 259.5 \pm 7.3 \text{ MeV}$



To be confident that 2 results agree or differ requires effects > 3 sigma ... at least

$f_D = 205 \pm 7 \pm 7 \text{ MeV}$   
 $f_{D_s} = 248 \pm 3 \pm 8 \text{ MeV}$

arXiv:0810.3145  
ETMC coll.

# LQCD in other countries

Country	Sustained Teraflop/s
Germany	10–15
Italy	5
Japan	14–18
United Kingdom	4–5
Unites States	
LQCD Project	9
National Centers	2
US Total	11

Feb. 2007

France ~0.6 (apeNEXT)  
+BlueGene/P (2008): 3 (x2)  
+CCIN2P3 (0.1)+CEA(0.02)

- Lattice founding organized and allocated on a national basis
- Available lattice computing will continue to expand in 2010 and beyond

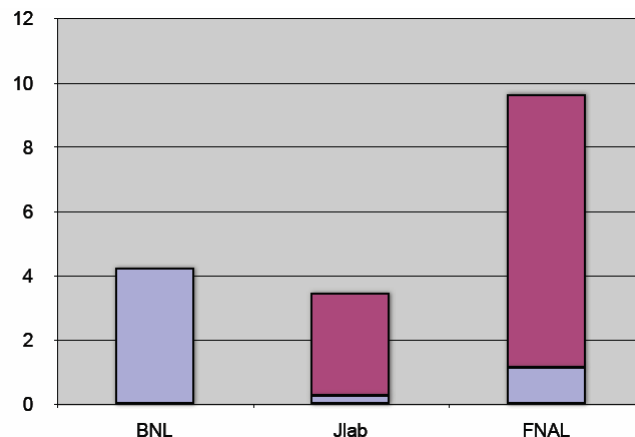
Not exact QCD yet

# USQCD plans

For illustration: LQCD DoE project (2004 → 2009)

+ supercomputers

	Delivered teraflops for lattice QCD	
	Oak Ridge XT4	Argonne Blue Gene/P
2007	1.8	1.7
2008	3.75	3.75-7.5
2009	15	3.75-7.5



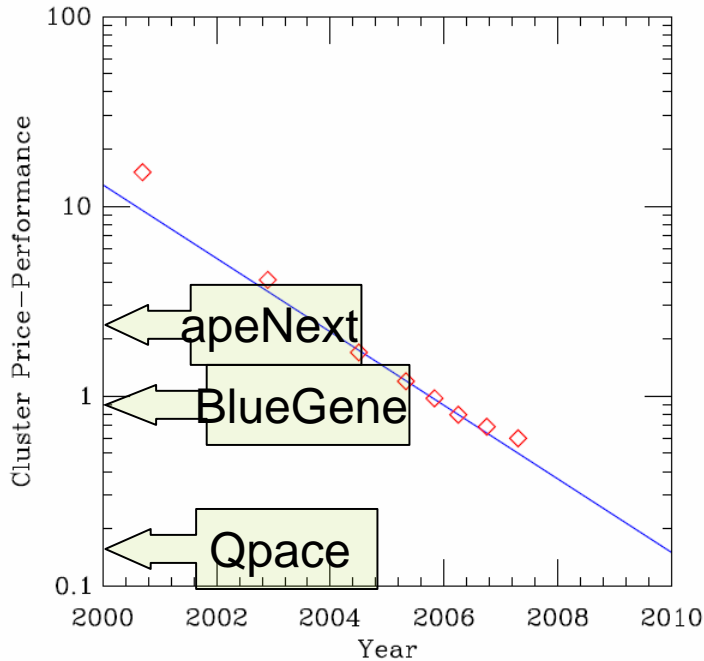
17.5 Tflps sustained  
In 2009

Fiscal Year	Dedicated Hardware (Teraflop/s)	Leadership Class Machines (Teraflop/s)
2010	34	33
2011	61	52
2012	100	82
2013	161	131
2014	256	208

Plans

HEP +NP investment:  
3.0 M\$/year

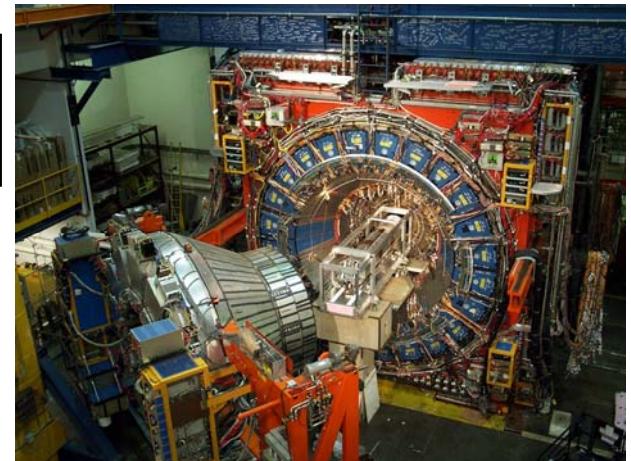
# Price?



- Some prices:
  - apeNEXT: 0.75 MEuros/Tflop(peak)
  - BlueGene (CNRS): 0.12
  - « QPACE »: 0.02 ?
  - Can expect 1Pflops for ~10MEuros (2012) + operation

**1 BaBar publication  
~1M\$**

Price in M\$/Tflop (sustained)  
(clusters) 1Euro = 1.56\$



**CDF+D0 RunII  
upgrade~30M\$**



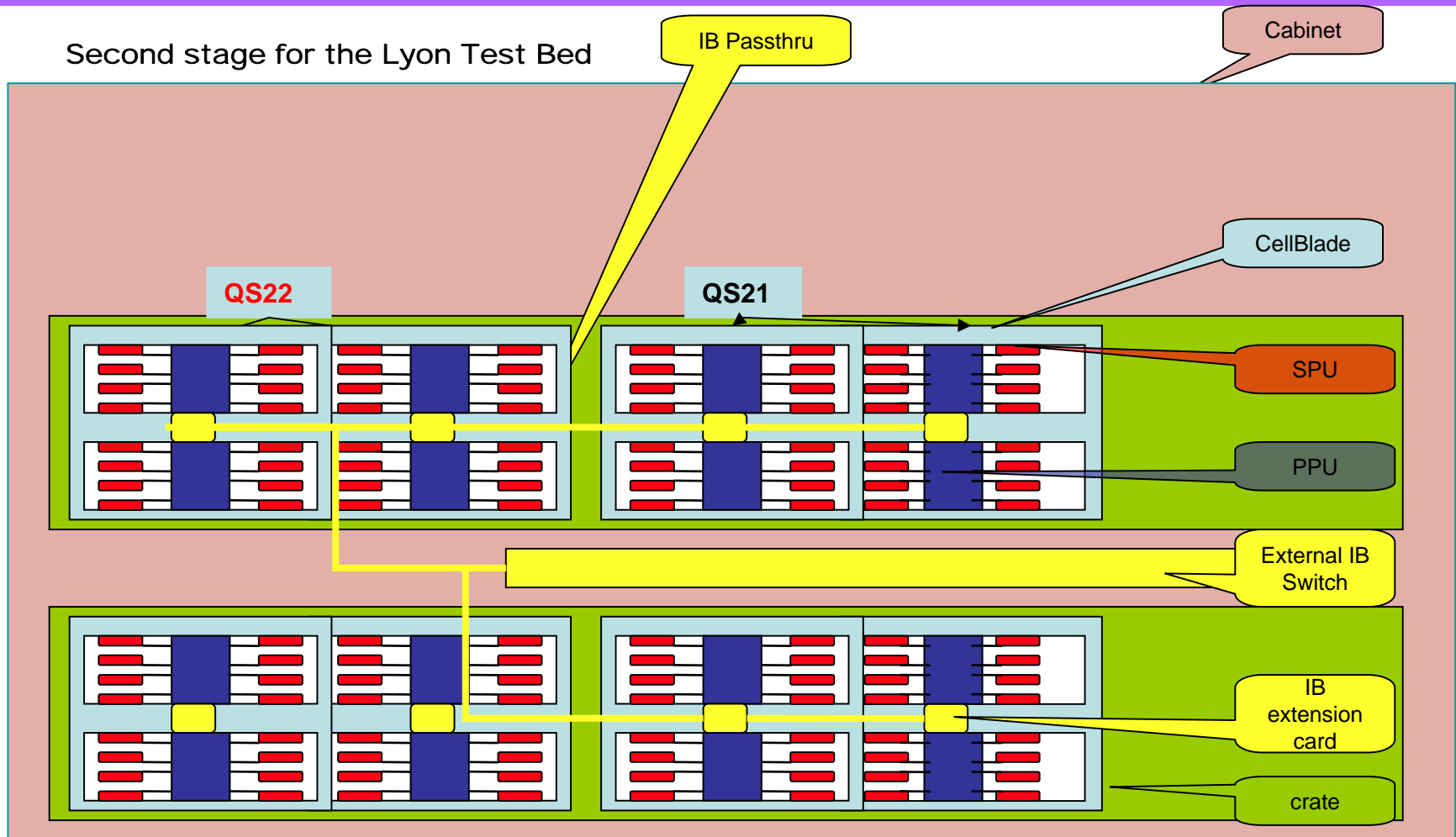
# Close to real QCD

- Large lattice size (5F), small spacing ( $a \sim 0.04F$ )  
consider:  $128^3 \times 256$   
Produce  $\sim 5000$  trajectories / parameters  
setting/month
- This implies 1 Petaflops sustained
- $\sim$ few thousands computing units: 1 Tflop peak/unit

# Hardware activities

- Ongoing: Coyote testbed at CCIN2P3  
GPU in Saclay and Rennes
- Possibility: benefit from LAL electronics department expertise

# Coyote testbed for IBM Cell



# The general architectural Scheme

- What should be kept from present QCD machines, including BlueGene, QPACE: A toric network of compute-nodes (not more than a few thousands)
- The nodes will have several computing units. It could be heterogeneous (CPU+GPU's, IBM-CELL like), or homogeneous multicore (INTEL/Larrabee ?)
- The network should be « APE-like », but including technological progress (need of a technological watch).

# Software activities

*Some ideas we have in mind (see talks by Christine Eisebnbeis  
Denis Barthou, )*

- An abstract language (example Fortress) to represent the main algorithms we use. This allows simpler and architecture independent manipulations.
- Automatic code generation tools, combining the abstract algorithm description and the basic architecture description;
- A « parameter space » of the possible codes in which we choose automatically and manually the « best » for a given architecture (compile time improvement)
- Use of standard or handmade profiling tools.
- Watch for better adapted algorithms, think about algorithmic improvements.

# Error control / checkpointing

Larger systems have larger failure probabilities. This asks for a more systematic and automatic system of alert and of new start. At present our checkpointing is simple minded: saving the gauge configuration and the random numbers periodically and then and start from the last one in case of failure. One could think of some « daemons » launching automatically an alert for some symptoms. Find out the best periodicity of checkpoints. Is it possible to consider local restart (replacing on flight a node) ?

See the presentation by Pascal Gallard and/or Mathieu Ferré

# Overall consistency of the project

**Is this project well equilibrated ? What is missing ?**

- **One obvious point has not been treated: hardware work on the network. Presumably impossible without a european collaboration.**
- **What is to be expected from the next steps of QPACE ?**
- **What are our italians colleagues projects ?**
- **What about the relationship with TOTAL, with IBM, ?**

# BACKUP