Tracking in LHCb in high multiplicity events and LHCb Phase II

events and



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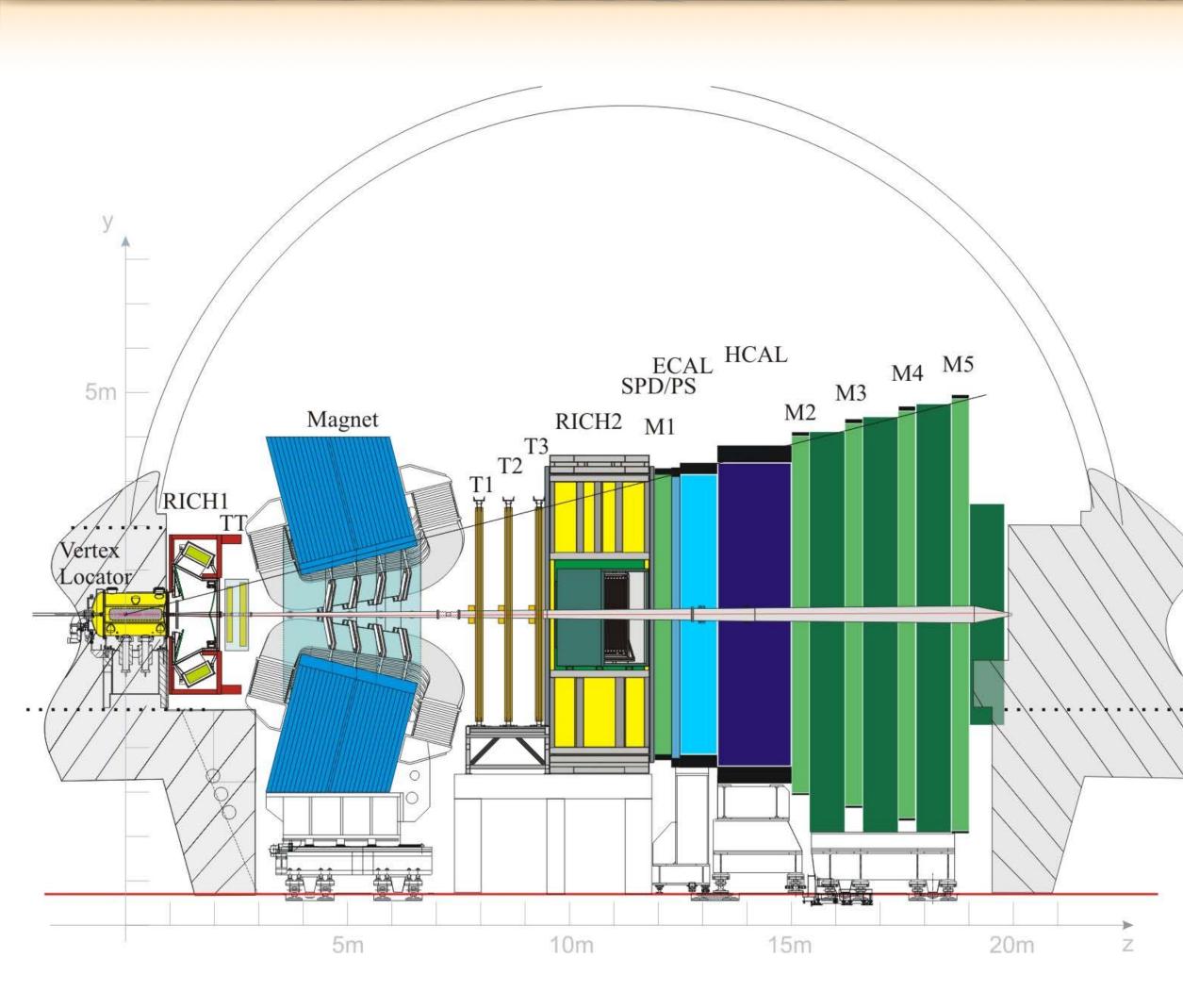
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LHCb so far



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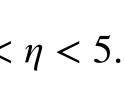
- Forward single arm spectrometer.
- Designed to study heavy flavour physics in *pp* collisions.
- Only LHC experiment fully instrumented in the region $2 < \eta < 5$.
- Some nice features:
 - ◆ Excellent vertex, IP and decay time resolution thanks to VELO. $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{IP}) \approx 20 \,\mu\text{m}.$
 - ◆ Very good momentum resolution.

 $\Rightarrow \delta p/p \approx 0.5 - 1.0\%$ for 0 GeV/c.

♦ Particle identification.

 $\Rightarrow \varepsilon_{K \to K} \approx 95 \% \text{ for } \varepsilon_{\pi \to K} \approx 5 \% \text{ up to } 100 \text{ GeV}/c. \\ \Rightarrow \varepsilon_{\mu \to \mu} \approx 97 \% \text{ for } \varepsilon_{\pi \to \mu} \approx 1 - 3 \%.$

LHCb can also operate in *p*-Pb, Pb-Pb collisions and fixed target thanks to the SMOG system.





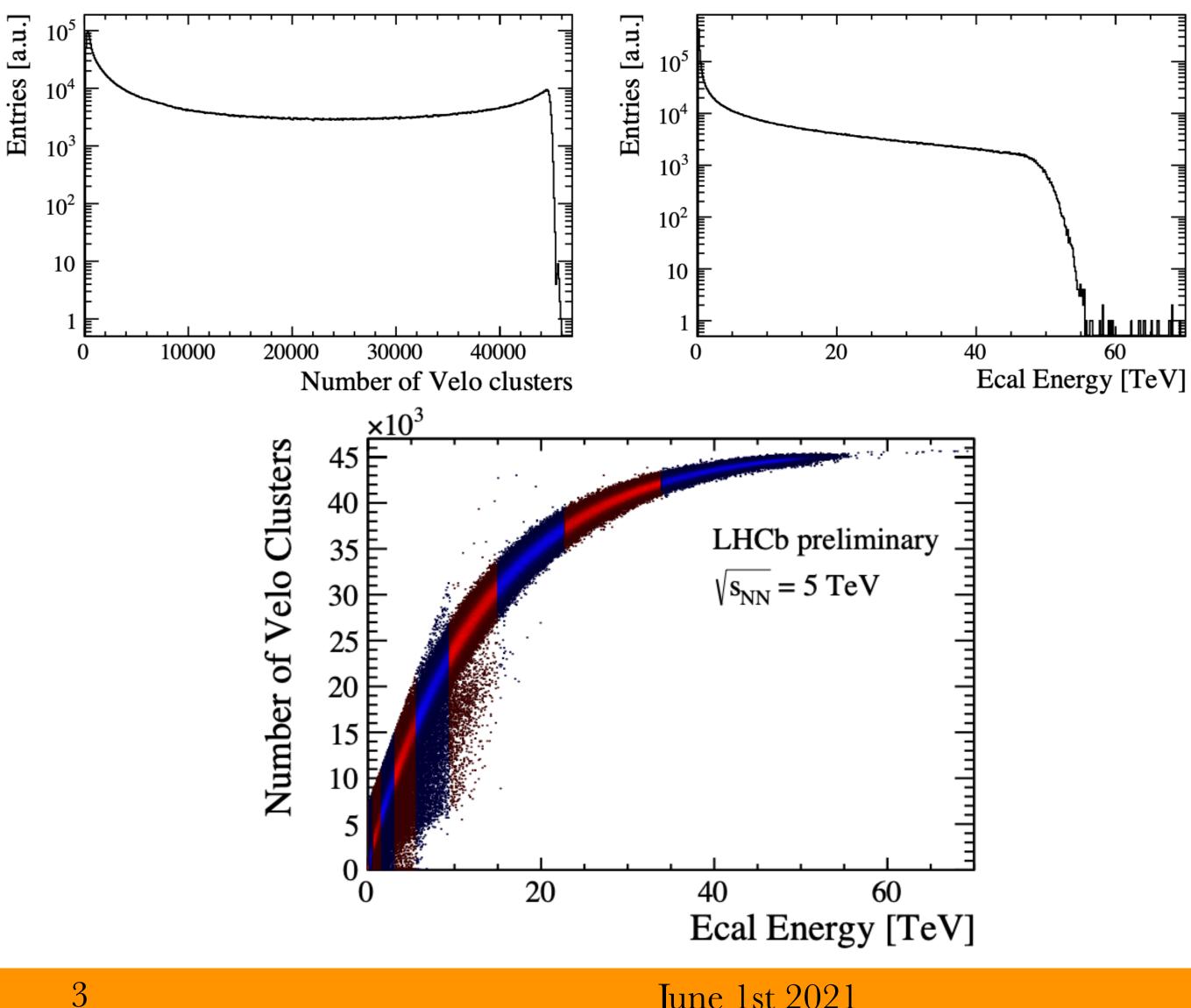


Tracking performance in PbPb

- The reach in centrality is limited by the tracking capabilities.
- This includes both hardware and software.
 - The VELO saturates in a high multiplicity environment.
 - This impacts the overall performance.
 - In the 10% most central collisions there are about 5000 charged particles within LHCb acceptance.
 - In the future the occupation will likely be similar and LHCb needs some adjustments to cope.

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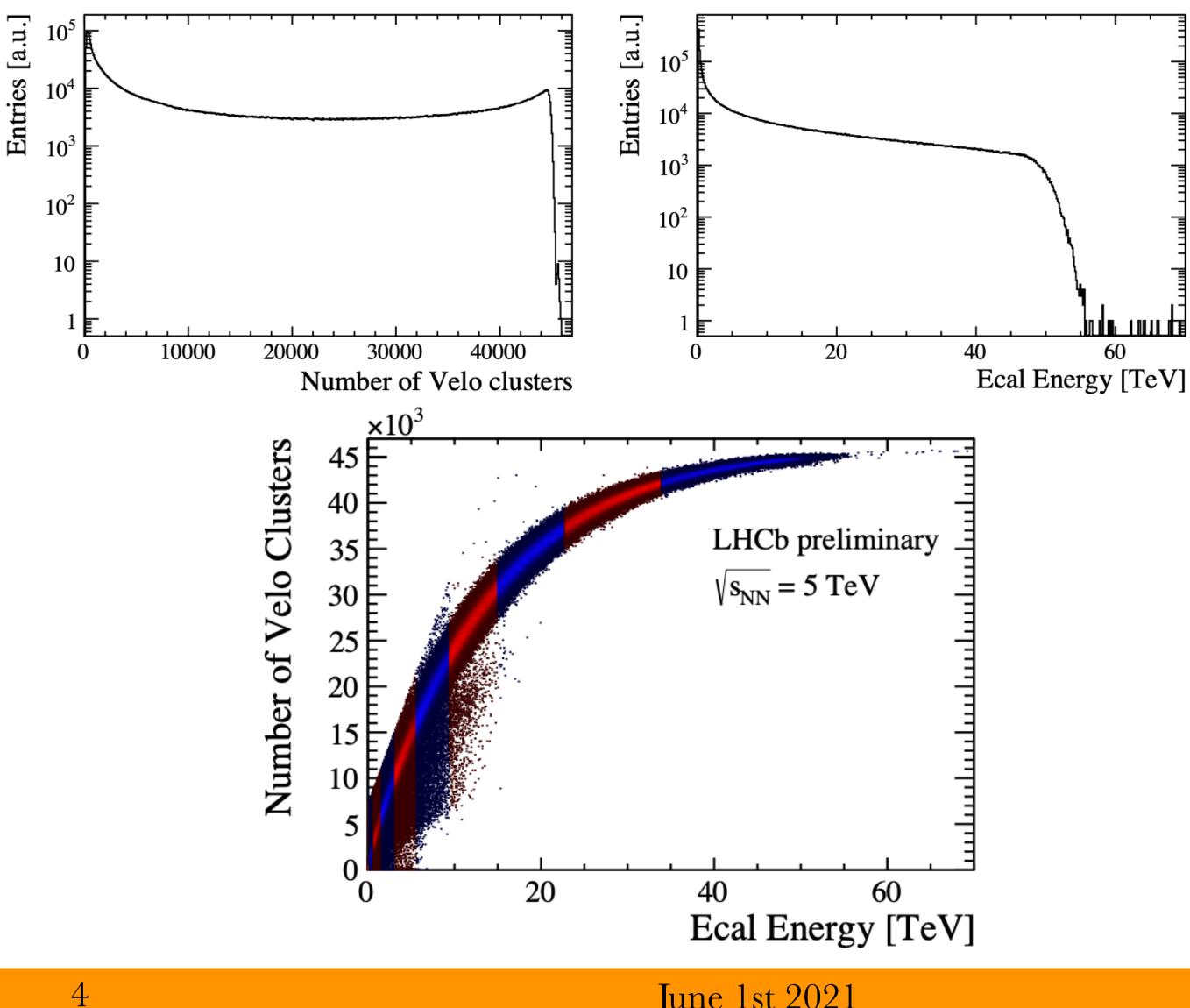


Tracking performance in PbPb

- On the software side:
 - Room for improvement in the track reconstruction algorithm.
 - The track reconstruction is affected much before the saturation regime.
 - This limited the analysis of PbPb to centralities of roughly 60%.

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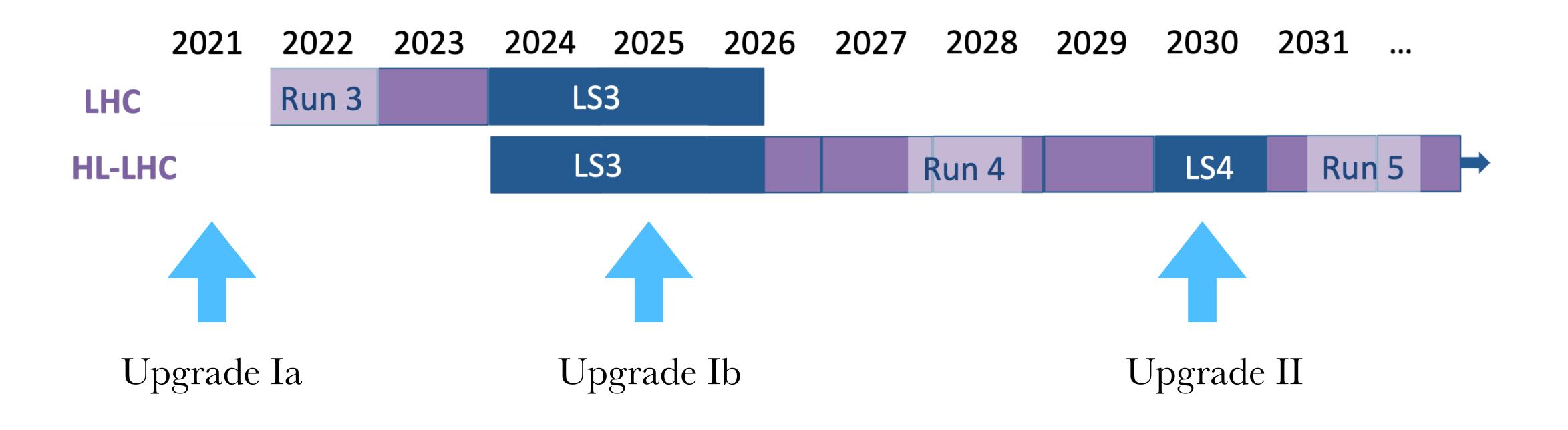




For the future



 $\bigstar How?$

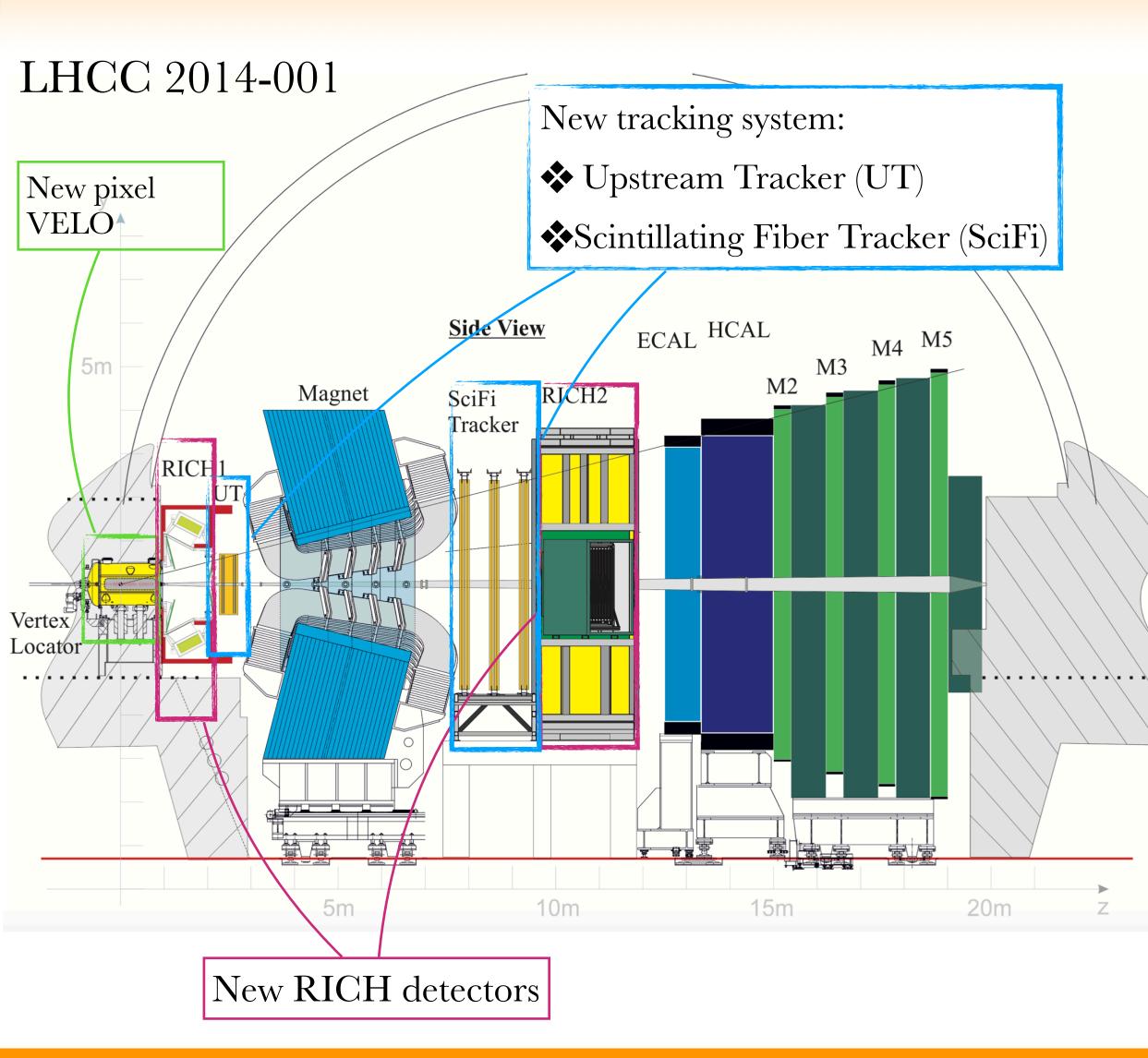


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The objective is to be able to push the centrality reach down to 0%.

For the future



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LHCb will undergo major changes in the following upgrades:

- Upgrade Ia (currently taking place).
- Upgrade Ib (LS3).
- Upgrade II (LS4).

Upgrades to cope with pp requirements for Run 3 and 4:

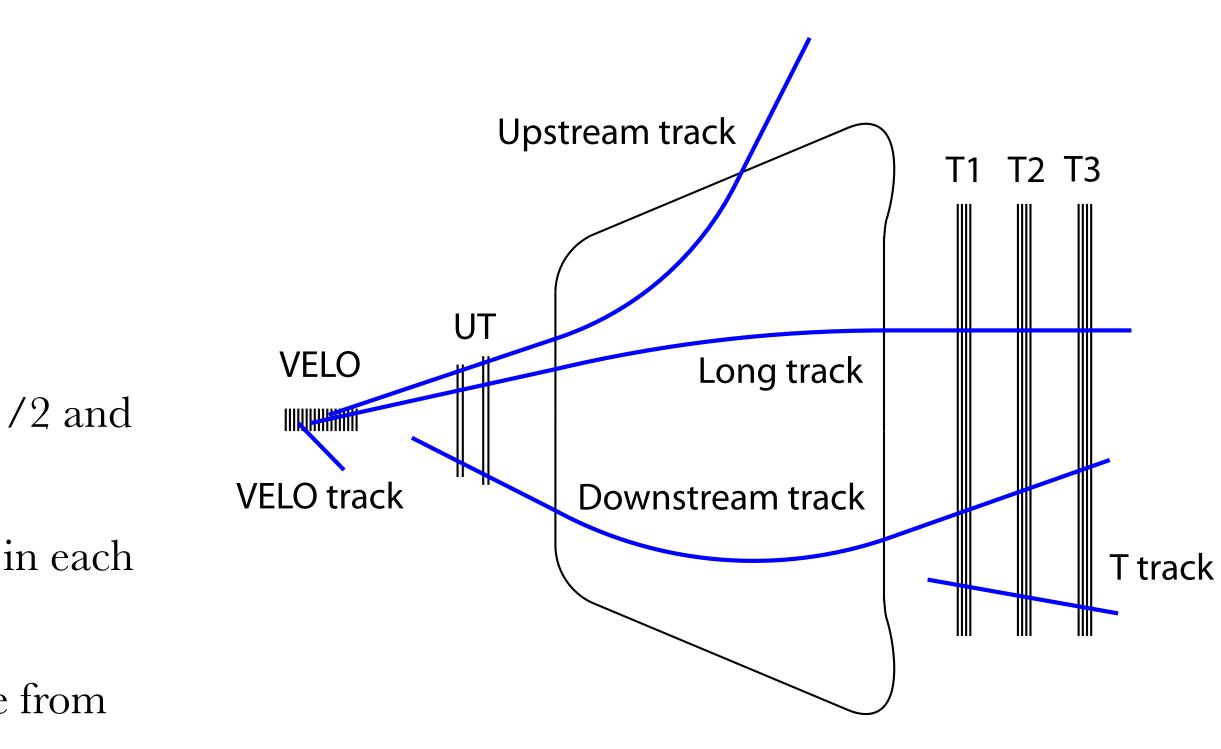
- Collision rate increased with the increased LHC luminosity.
- Pile-up increased ~ 5 (about 40 for Run 5).
- Full software trigger:
 - Remove the Level-0 triggers.
 - Detector to be read-out in real time.
- Replace entire tracking system.

LHCb in Run 3

- LHCb will have the SciFi and UT installed.
- The main track types of use:
 - VELO: at least 3 pixels sensors with at least 1 digit each.
 - Upstream track: VELO + at least 1 UT cluster in station 1/2 and at least 1 UT cluster in station 3/4.
 - Long track: VELO + at least 1 cluster and 1 stereo cluster in each station.
- A track is reconstructed if at least 70% of the hits used come from a MC generated particle.
- If no MC particle can be associated to a track \rightarrow Ghost track!

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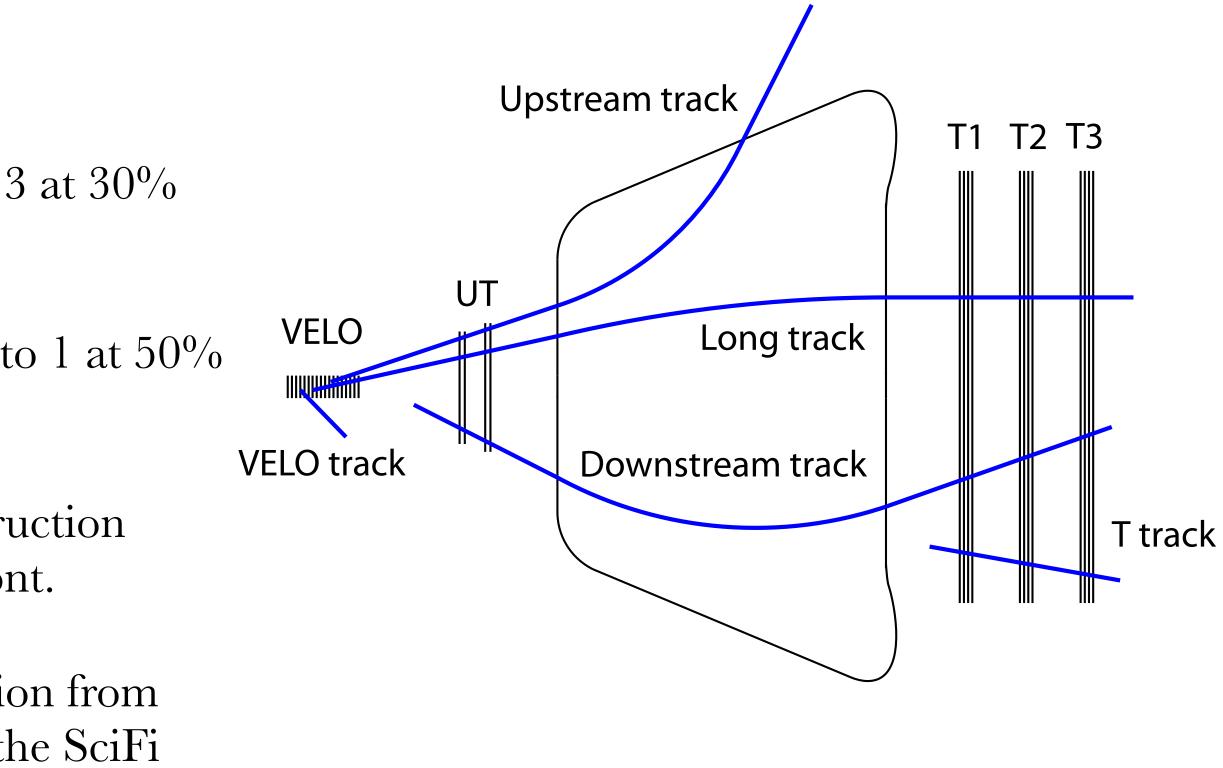
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LHCb in Run 3

- Simulations show that in high occupancy conditions:
 - The new VELO presents a low ghost track rate $\rightarrow \sim 0.3$ at 30% centrality.
 - The Long tracks (SciFi) shows a ghost track rate close to 1 at 50% centrality.
- There is possible improvement within the track reconstruction algorithm and there are big efforts being made on this front.
- A reduction in the Long track seed ghost rate (information from the VELO and UT) would also improve performance at the SciFi stage.

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LHCb in Run 3

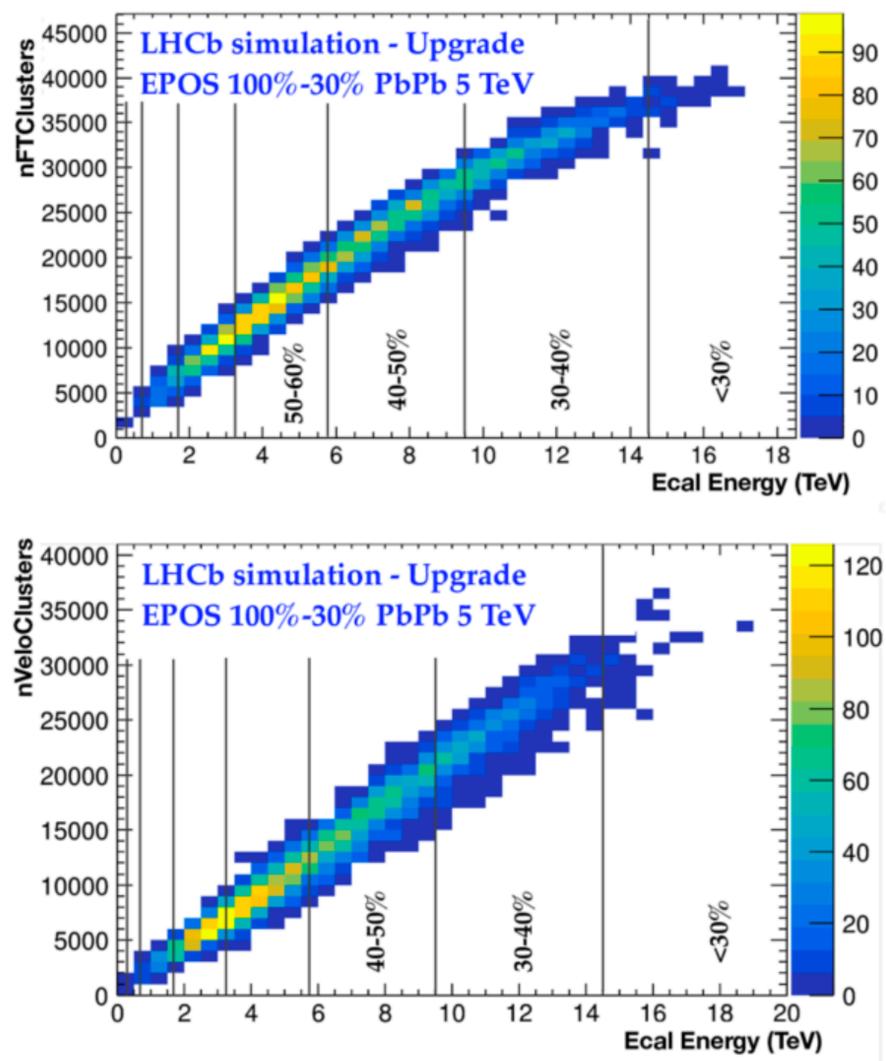
On the front of actual detector occupancy:

- The VELO does not saturate up to 30% centrality.
- The SciFi begins to saturate at around 30% centrality.
- This is already an improvement from the Run 2 scenario.
- At 30-40% centrality there are about ~1000 particles in the LHCb acceptance.

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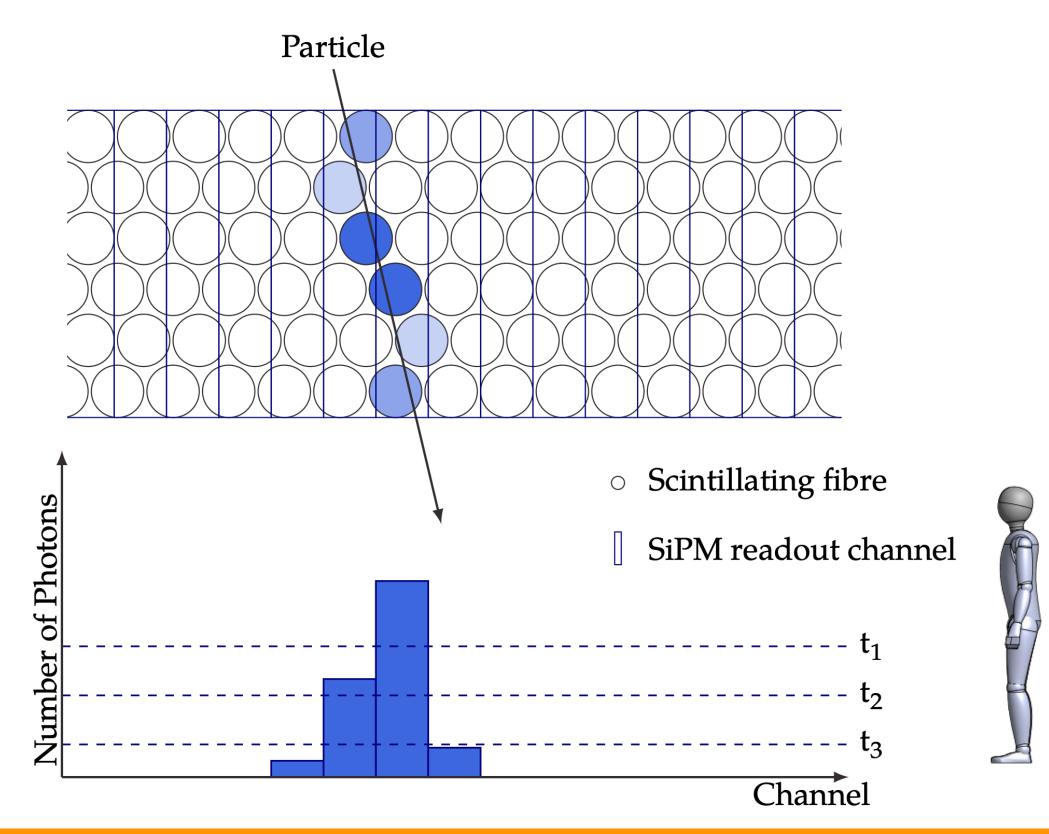
LHCB-FIGURE-2019-021



The SciFi

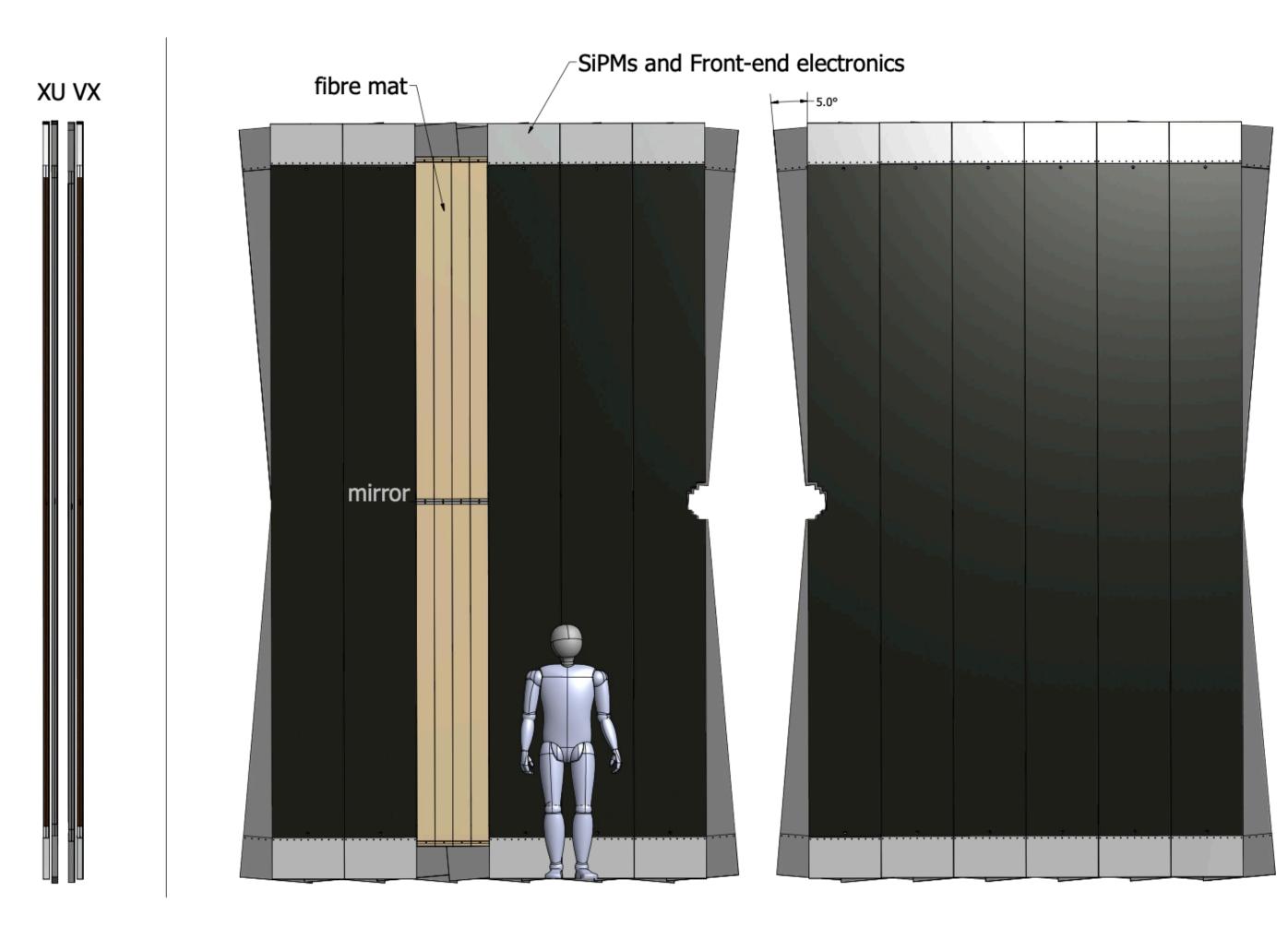
-10000 km of scintillating fibres arranged in 6 layers with silicon photo-multipliers (SiPM) readout.

- 3 stations.
- 4 detection layers per station.



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LHCb in Runs 3 and 4

SciFi upgrades in the future:

• Upgrade 1B: Inner Tracker (IT) + SciFi \rightarrow Push Pb-Pb to 10-20%.

DMAPs technology for silicon sensors.

Area per layer = 6 lots of 20x54 cm = 0.7 m2 (minus beam hole)

Total Area = 6 layers of $0.7 \text{ m}^2 = 3.9 \text{ m}^2$ (minus beam hole)

◆ Upgrade II: New MIGHTY silicon tracker covering larger area → Push Pb-Pb to 0%.

Rebuild of SciFi (SciFi + MT) + reuse IT.

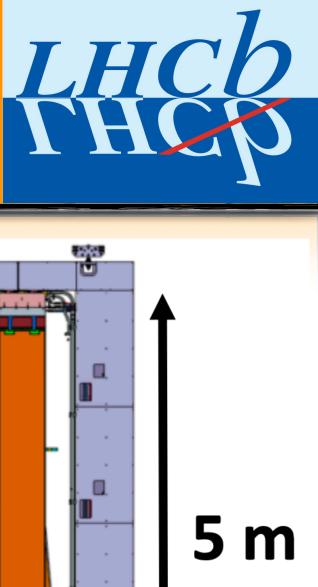
Area per layer = 28 lots of 20x54 cm = 3.0 m2 (minus beam hole)

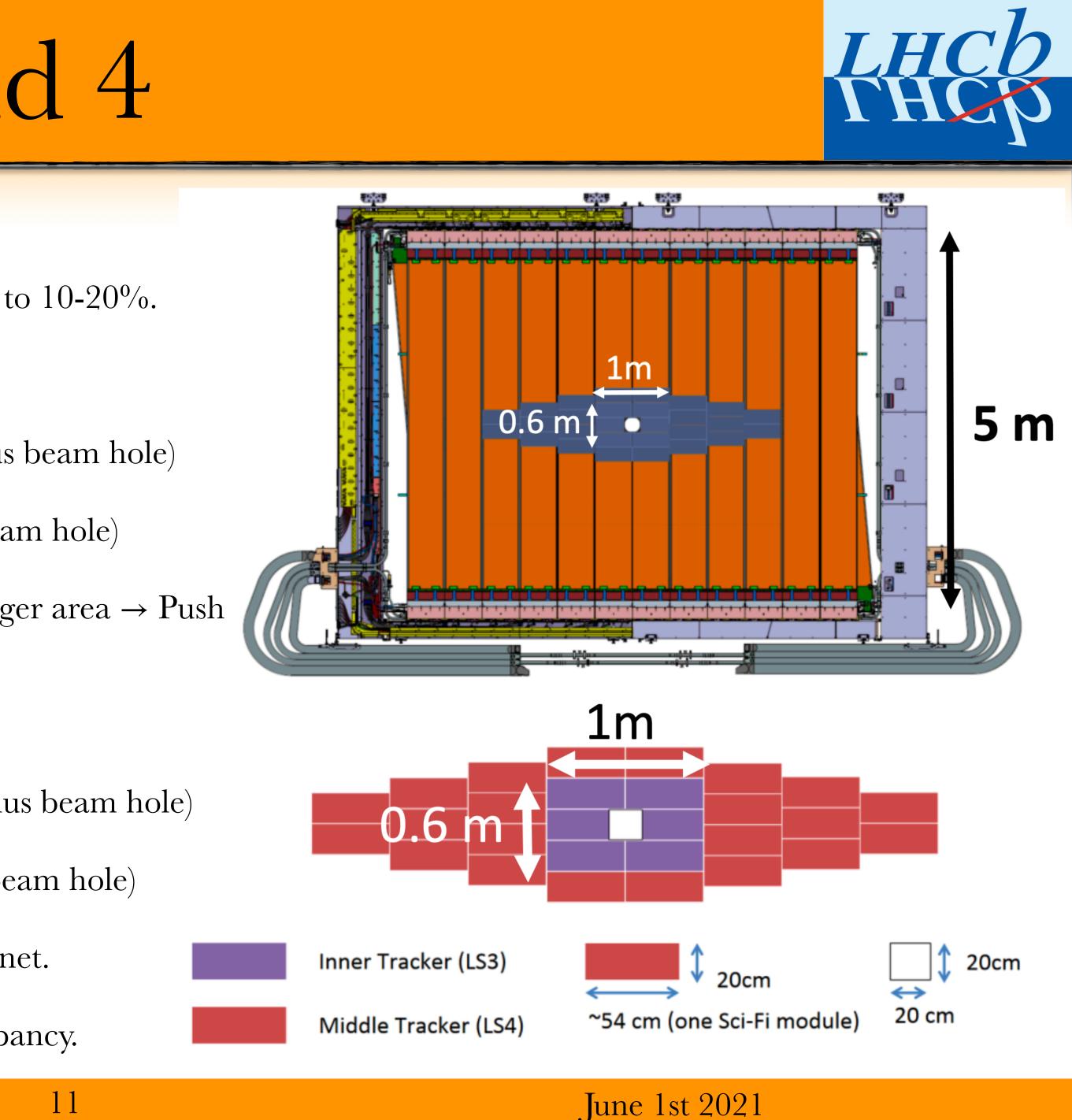
Total Area = 6 layers of $3.0 \text{ m}^2 = 18.1 \text{ m}^2$ (minus beam hole)

These changes will improve the track resolution after the magnet.

IT (U1b) and IT+MT (U2) will greatly reduce the SciFi occupancy.

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LHCb in Runs 3 and 4

What occupancies are we talking about?

• According to ALICE measurements (Phys. Lett. B 772 (2017)) in the centrality interval 5-0% the particle density grows by a factor 3.5 when compared to the 40-30%.

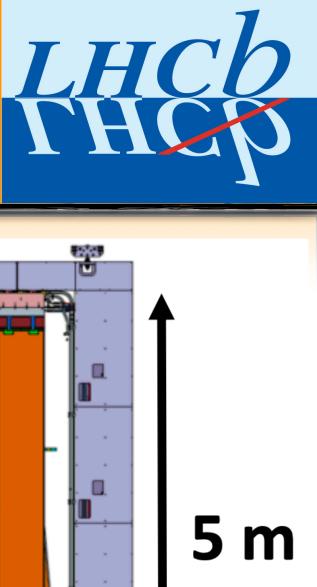
centrality	
percentile	$2 < \eta < 4.5$
0%-5%	$4074 (\times 3.5)$
5%- $10%$	$3366 (\times 2.9)$
10%- $20%$	$2548 (\times 2.2)$
20%- $30%$	$1736 (\times 1.5)$
30%- $40%$	1150

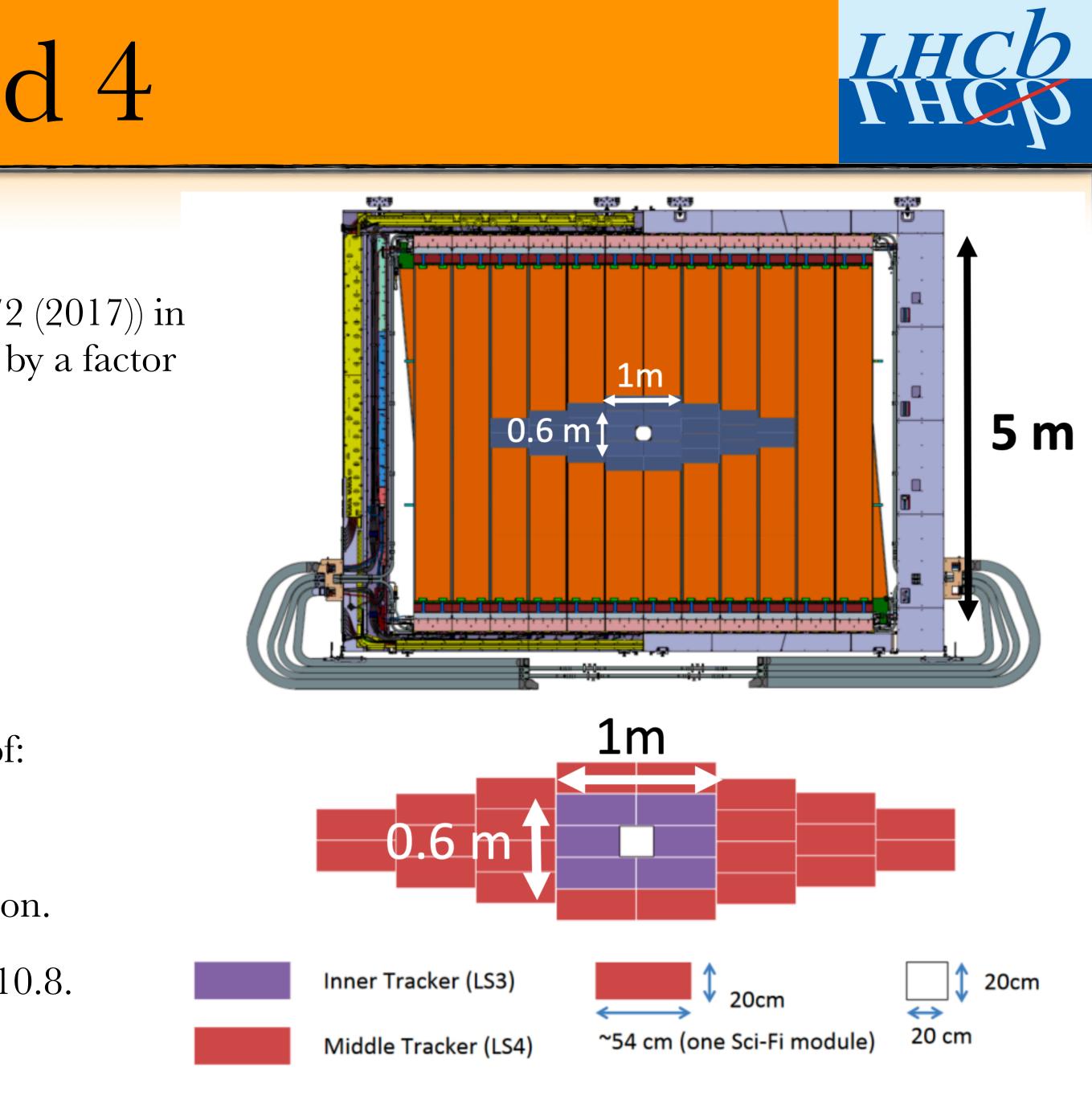
• According to some preliminary studies the addition of:

•IT would reduce the occupancy by a factor 2.3.

- Already allow to use the 10-20% centrality region.
- •IT+MT would reduce the occupancy by a factor 10.8.
 - Give access to 0% centrality region.

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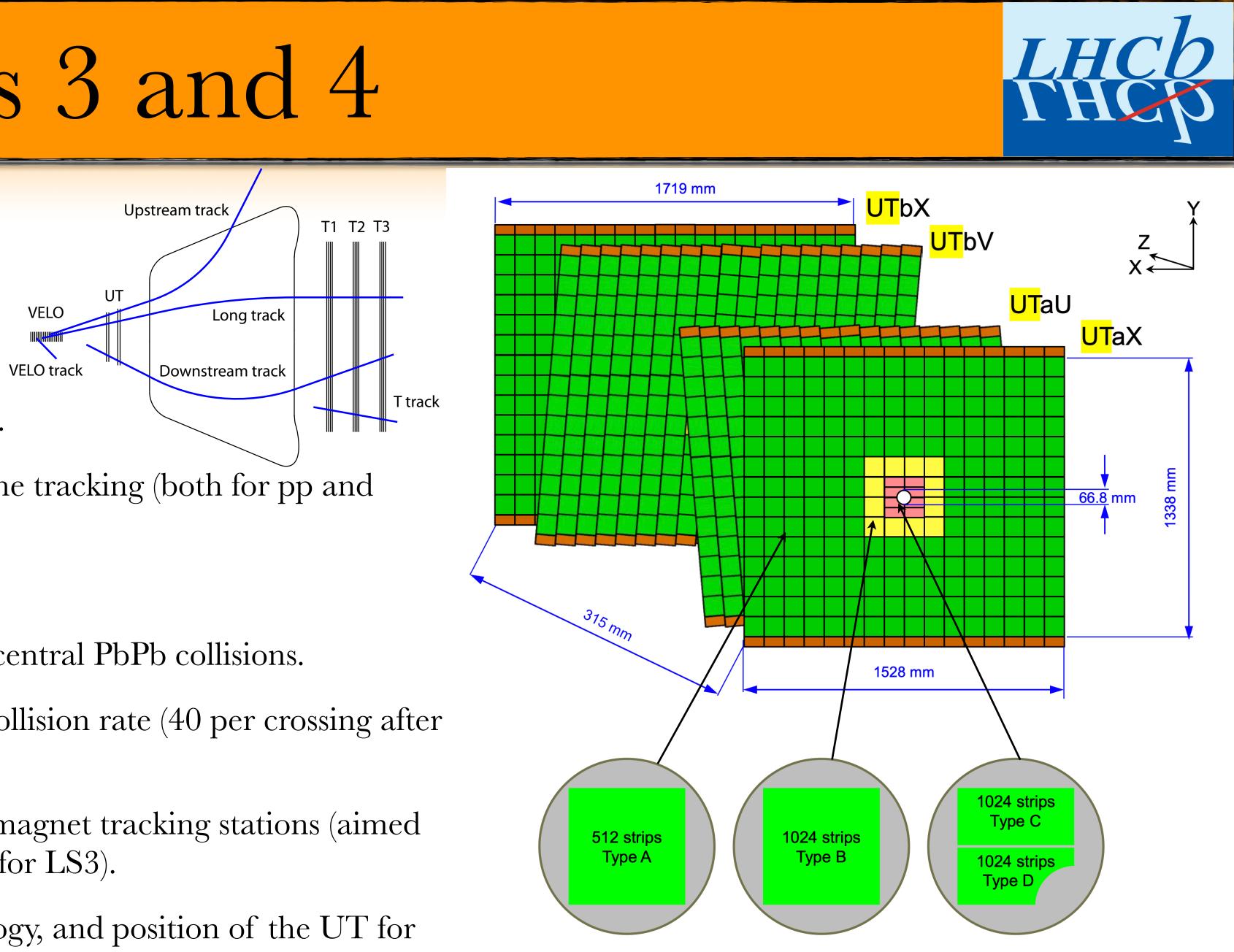


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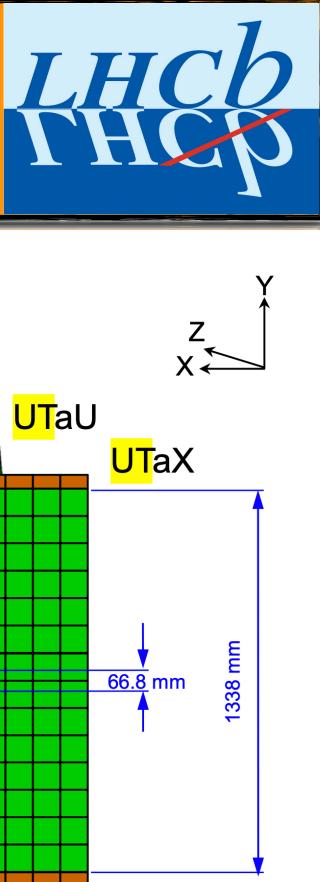
LHCb in Runs 3 and 4

- Silicon micro-strip detector.
 - 968 silicon sensors.
 - 4 layers upstream of magnet.



- UT upgrade is necessary for Upgrade II.
 - Will provide opportunities to improve the tracking (both for pp and PbPb)
 - Improve VeloUT track finding.
 - Reduce ghost rate for LongTracks in central PbPb collisions.
 - It would cope with the increased pp collision rate (40 per crossing after upgrade II).
 - It could complement some proposed magnet tracking stations (aimed at low momentum particles, proposed for LS3).
 - Studies ongoing for the design, technology, and position of the UT for the upgrade.

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Conclusions

centrality reach.

- Expecting great performances in pPb and in fixed-target.
- PbPb physics accessible up to 30% centrality in Run 3 and 20-10% in Run 4.

In Run 5 expected full centrality coverage:

- MIGHTY tracker solves occupancy problem.
- UT upgrade would solve upstream occupancy, ghost rate in Long Tracks and cope with the data rate (40 pp collisions per bunch crossing).
- Studies still ongoing.



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Heavy-ion physics in Run 3-4: QGP studies accessible in LHCb with increasing

- Thank you for your attention!

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Back up

Magnet tracking station

Proposal for tracking station inside the magnet.

- •Increase coverage of upstream tracks.
- Physics motivations : access to converted photons.
- Technology:
 - •Triangular Extruded Scintillating Bars.
 - •SiPM readouts.
 - •Ongoing R&D in LANL.

Proposing the installation of a small prototype inside the magnet during LS3.

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