





# Inclusive quarkonium production in ultra-peripheral collisions

Kate Lynch

Jean-Philippe Lansberg (IJCLab) Charlotte Van Hulse (EHU) Ronan McNulty (UCD)

Heavy Flavours from small to large systems



This project is supported by the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under Grant agreement no. 824093

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Inclusive UPC

October 21, 2022 1 / 29

• Bound states of heavy quarks  $c\bar{c}$  or  $b\bar{b}$ 



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- Factorisation between short and long distance physics
- Production mechanism remains an open question!

#### Quarkonium Production

#### Colour Singlet Model

- $Q \bar{Q}$  pair produced with the same quantum numbers as  ${\cal Q}$
- NO gluon emissions during hadronisation
- $d\sigma(Q+X) = d\sigma(Q\bar{Q}+X)\langle \mathcal{O}^{Q}\rangle$

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- INRQCD and Colour Octet Mechanism
  - Higher Fock states with different quantum numbers contribute
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- Colour Evaporation Model
  - Quantum numbers of QQ decorrelated from Q
  - Semi-soft gluon emissions during hadronisation
  - $d\sigma(Q+X) \propto \int_{2m_Q}^{2m_H} \frac{d\sigma(Q\bar{Q}+X)}{dm_Q\bar{Q}} dm_Q\bar{Q}$

#### Status today ...?

#### Colour Singlet Model

- problems in  $p_T$  spectrum at large  $p_T$
- improved by NLO corrections
- describes  $\eta_c$  data @ NLO

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#### Colour Evaporation Model

- tends to overshoot the data at large  $p_T$
- fails for  $J/\psi J/\psi$  data



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  - Pbp/pPb @  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=$  8.16 TeV  $ightarrow W_{\gamma N}^{max} pprox$  1.4 TeV



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- Photon emitter can remain intact  $(E_{\gamma}^{\max} \approx \frac{\hbar c}{b_{min}})$ 
  - ▶ Pbp/pPb @  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 8.16 \text{ TeV} \rightarrow W_{\gamma N}^{max} \approx 1.4 \text{ TeV}$ ▶ HERA  $W_{\gamma N}^{max} \approx 0.2 \text{ TeV}$

## Inclusive vs. exclusive photoproduction

Exclusive production

#### Inclusive production



- only  $J/\psi$  decay products
- Colourless exchange
- Extract gluon GPDs

- Hard final state gluon
- Resolved vs. direct contribution
- Test production mechanism
- Probe gluon PDF



• Exclusive production in pp, pp, PbPb, dAu, ep

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- Exclusive production in pp, pp, PbPb, dAu, ep
- Inclusive hadroproduction in PbPb, pPb, pp, pp, dAu, AuAu...



- Exclusive production in pp, pp, PbPb, dAu, ep
- Inclusive hadroproduction in PbPb, pPb, pp, dAu, AuAu...
- Inclusive photoproduction in ep



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- Inclusive hadroproduction in PbPb, pPb, pp, dAu, AuAu...
- Inclusive photoproduction in ep
- $\rightarrow\,$  Study in any system with a charged particle

#### What has been measured...at HERA



• Exclusive & inclusive production @ HERA  $\sqrt{s} = 320$  GeV

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separated using experimental cuts on ...

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$$p_T > 1 \text{ GeV}$$
  
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\* z is reconstructed experimentally

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- \* z is reconstructed experimentally
- Examine Pbp/pPb collisions

#### Feasibility: Detector Acceptance

LHCb	CMS typical	<b>CMS</b> low $p_T$
$2 < y^{\psi} < 4.5$	$ y^{\psi}  < 2.1$	$1.2 >  y^\psi $ , $p_T^\psi > 6.5$
$p_T^\mu > 0.4$	$p_T^\psi > 6.5$	$1.2 <  y^\psi  < 1.6, \; p_T^\psi > 2$
		$1.6 <  y^\psi  < 2.4, \; p_T^\psi > 0$

$$\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline \textbf{ALICE} & e^-e^+ & \textbf{ALICE} & \mu^-\mu^+ & \textbf{ATLAS} \\ \hline & |y^\psi| < 0.9 & 2.5 < y^\psi < 4 & |y^\psi| < 2.1 \\ & & p_T^\psi > 8.5 \end{tabular}$$

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#### Detectors @ LHC









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# Detector acceptance: $\gamma g ightarrow J/\psi({}^3S^1_1)g$



Detector	acceptance:				
LHCb	CMS typical	<b>CMS</b> low $p_T$	ATLAS	ALICE $e^-e^+$	ALICE $\mu^-\mu^+$
<i>Pbp</i> : 0.02	0.0004	0.07	0.00007	0.2	<i>Pbp</i> : 0.01
<i>pPb</i> : 0.1					

October 21, 2022 11 / 29

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Feasibility... can we distinguish it from backgrounds?

Can we distinguish these in practice ?



hadroproduction vs. photoproduction signal...

•  $\gamma$  emitter remains intact

#### Signal vs. Background



Back-of-the-envelope calculation gives ...

$$R_{\text{sigback}} = rac{\sigma_{sig}}{\sigma_{back}} pprox 1/50$$

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#### Signal vs. Background



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 $\rightarrow$  Need to use detectors to reduce background contribution (*Pb* breakup)

## Detector acceptance: $gg ightarrow J/\psi({}^3S^1_1)g$



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## Background/Signal ratio ...

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Background} \ (gg \rightarrow J/\psi({}^3S^1_1)g): \ 19600 \ \texttt{nb} \\ \textbf{Signal}(\gamma g \rightarrow J/\psi({}^3S^1_1)g): \ 390 \ \texttt{nb} \end{array}$ 

background/signal	50
LHCb Pbp	170
LHCb pPb	40
CMS typical	110
CMS low p <sub>T</sub>	50
ALICE $\mu^+\mu^-$	190
ALICE e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup>	40

 $\rightarrow$  need to remove experimental background

## Cutting background: zero degree calorimeter

CMS 10.1088/1748-0221/16/05/P05008



Can remove  $\sim$  99.9 % of hadronic events !

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## Cutting background: no ZDC ? HeRSCheL @ LHCb





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#### Cuts from forward activity

background/signal	50
LHCb Pbp	166
HeRSCheL	8.3
LHCb pPb	40
HeRSCheL	2
CMS typical	107
ZDC	0.32
<b>CMS</b> low $p_T$	48
ZDC	0.14
ALICE $\mu^+\mu^-$	189
ZDC	7.6
ALICE $e^+e^-$	41
ZDC	1.6

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## Rapidity gaps: CMS





October 21, 2022 19 / 29

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#### Cuts from forward activity and gaps

background/signal	50
LHCb Pbp	166
$HeRSCheL + \sum \Delta \eta < 2$	0.94
LHCb pPb	40
$HeRSCheL + \sum \Delta \eta < 1.5$	0.54
CMS typical	107
$ZDC + \Delta \eta_\gamma < 1$	0.04
$ZDC + \sum \Delta \eta_\gamma < 4$	0.16
<b>CMS</b> low $p_T$	48
$ZDC + \Delta \eta_\gamma < 1$	0.02
$ZDC + \sum \Delta \eta_{\gamma} < 4$	0.07

Can suppress background using cuts !!

1.2



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- photon PDF not well known



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- UPC @ LHC  $\sqrt{s_{\gamma p}} pprox$  1 TeV vs. HERA  $\sqrt{s_{\gamma p}} pprox$  200 GeV



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- UPC @ LHC  $\sqrt{s_{\gamma p}} \approx 1$  TeV vs. HERA  $\sqrt{s_{\gamma p}} \approx 200$  GeV
- In *ep* collisions cut z > 0.3

Small fraction of photon momentum in hard collision



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- Recent inclusive UPC dijet analysis by ATLAS **do not cut** resolved photon contribution from analysis... ATLAS-CONF-2022-021



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- Recent inclusive UPC dijet analysis by ATLAS **do not cut** resolved photon contribution from analysis... ATLAS-CONF-2022-021
- Can we kinematically isolate regions where the resolved photon contribution is minimal?

## z and $W_{\gamma p}$ ...



$$z = \frac{P_{p} \cdot P_{\psi}}{P_{p} \cdot P_{\gamma}} \qquad \qquad W_{\gamma p} = \sqrt{(P_{\gamma} + P_{p})^{2}}$$
$$z = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{P_{\chi}^{+}}{P_{\psi}^{+}}} \qquad \qquad W_{\gamma p} = \sqrt{(P_{p}^{-}P_{\psi}^{+})\frac{2}{z}}$$

October 21, 2022 22 / 29

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Direct and Resolved Photon Contributions with cuts on  $W_{\gamma p}$ .

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Direct and Resolved Photon Contributions with various cuts on  $W_{\gamma p}$ .

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## Reconstructing z @ LHCb Pbp...



LHCb Pbp 3.5<y<4.0



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-October 21, 2022 25 / 29

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## Reconstructing $W_{\gamma p}$ @ LHCb *Pbp*...



LHCb Pbp 3.5<y<4.0



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#### Reconstructing z @ LHCb pPb...



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#### Reconstructing $W_{\gamma p}$ @ LHCb pPb...









October 21, 2022 28 / 29

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## Summary

- Study of inclusive quarkonium production allows us to discriminate production mechanisms
- It is feasible to study at the inclusive photoprodution at the LHC by making use of detector based cuts
- z and  $W_{\gamma p}$  reconstruction seems possible in some kinematical regions which will allow control of the resolved contribution
- Future study @ EIC has the advantage of reduced resolved contributions

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-0.20 -

200 400 600 800 1000

W<sub>27</sub>

Inclusive UPC

-0.20

200 400 600 800 1000

 $W_{rr}$ 

October 21, 2022 29 / 29

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Figure: 8.16 TeV photoproduction in Pbp

October 21, 2022 29 / 29



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#### Quarkonium Production @ EIC

#### (Quasi)on-shell or off-shell photon...

- **Photoproduction** quasi-real photon  $Q^2 << m_{1/4b}^2$ 
  - Bulk of the cross-section
  - easy to compute (hard scale)
  - resolved component!
- **Leptoproduction** virtual photon  $\gamma^*$   $Q^2 > m_{1/2}^2$ 
  - Smaller cross-section
  - difficult to compute (introduce new scale)
  - NO resolved component



direct and resolved photons

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## Exclusive $J/\psi$ production

Colourless exchanges via  $\mathbb{P}, \mathbb{O}$  or  $\gamma$  emission.



- only colour singlet contributions
- Clean signal
  - only quarkonia and its decay products are produced.
  - both colliding particles stay intact



ALICE candidate signal for exclusive  $J/\psi$  production via UPC

Inclusive UP

#### Photoproduction cross section



• Cross-section steeply falling in  $p_T$ 

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#### Photoproduction cross section: resolved vs. direct



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#### Simulating events

Comput.Phys.Commun. 184 (2013) 2562-2570

• HELAC-Onia to generate the partonic event  $[\gamma + g \rightarrow J/\psi + g]$ 



Automated perturbative calculation with NLOAccess

#### **HELAC-Onia Web**

HELAC-Onia ia an automatic matrix element generator for the calculation of the heavy quarkonium helicity amplitudes in the framework of NRQCD factorization.

The program is able to calculate helicity amplitudes of multi P-wave quarkonium states production at hadron colliders and electron-position colliders by including new P-wave off-shell currents. Besides the high efficiencies in computation of multi-leg processes within the Standard Model, HELAC-Onia is also sufficiently numerical stable in dealing with P-wave quarkonia and P-wave color-octer intermediate states.

- Pass Les Houches event file through PYTHIA
- Place detector cuts

## Rapidity gaps: LHCb



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29 / 29

#### Cutting background: zero degree calorimeter

ATLAS CERN-EP-2022-086

