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## Kardar Parisi Zhang universal scaling in the coherent emission of polariton condensates

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The Kardar–Parisi–Zhang (KPZ) equation [1], originally derived to describe the kinetic roughening of growing interfaces is a stochastic non-linear differential equation that applies to a large class of non-equilibrium systems, ranging from the growth of nematic liquid crystal clusters, of bacterial colonies, or the propagation of a combustion front. Interestingly the spatial and temporal correlation functions of  $h(r,t)$  show universal scaling laws, with critical exponents that only depend on the dimensionality whatever the system.

Recently, it was discovered that the phase dynamics in the coherent emission of out of equilibrium condensates of light (named polariton condensates) also obeys the celebrated KPZ equation [2-4]. Interestingly, since the phase is a compact variable, periodically defined between 0 and  $2\pi$  the physics is enriched by the possible emergence of vortices. Actually even in 1D, where usually vortices are excluded, exotic spatio-temporal vortices have been predicted to play a role [5].

In the present talk, after a general introduction to the system, I will explain how we could generate extended 1D polariton condensates [6] and probe their first order coherence. We demonstrate that the decay of the first order coherence in space and time indeed presents universal scaling laws characteristic for the KPZ universality class in 1D [7]. The influence of vortices in these experiments will be discussed.

Our work highlight the profound difference between driven-dissipative out of equilibrium condensates and their equilibrium counterparts. We anticipate that this physics should also be relevant in extended vertical cavity lasers.

### References

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