

arXiv:2205.13567

to appear in **SCIENCE**

Theory

S. Greschner, MF, T. Giamarchi PRL (2019)

MF, C.-E. Bardyn, S. Greschner, T. Giamarchi PRL (2019)

Observation of the Universal Hall Response of Strongly Interacting Fermions

EXPERIMENTAL TEAM

Daniele Tusi

Lorenzo Franchi

Jacopo Parravicini

Leonardo Fallani



Jacopo Catani

Giacomo Cappellini

Lorenzo Livi

Tianwei Zhou



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
FIRENZE

THEORY



Charles-
Edouard
Bardyn



UNIVERSITÉ
DE GENÈVE



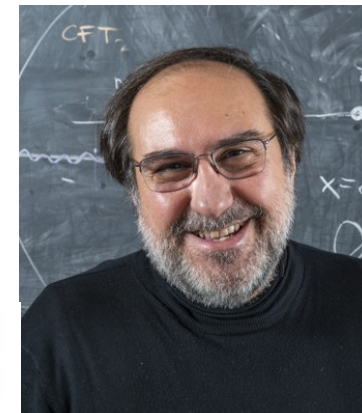
Cécile
Repellin



Sebastian
Greschner



UNIVERSITÉ
DE GENÈVE



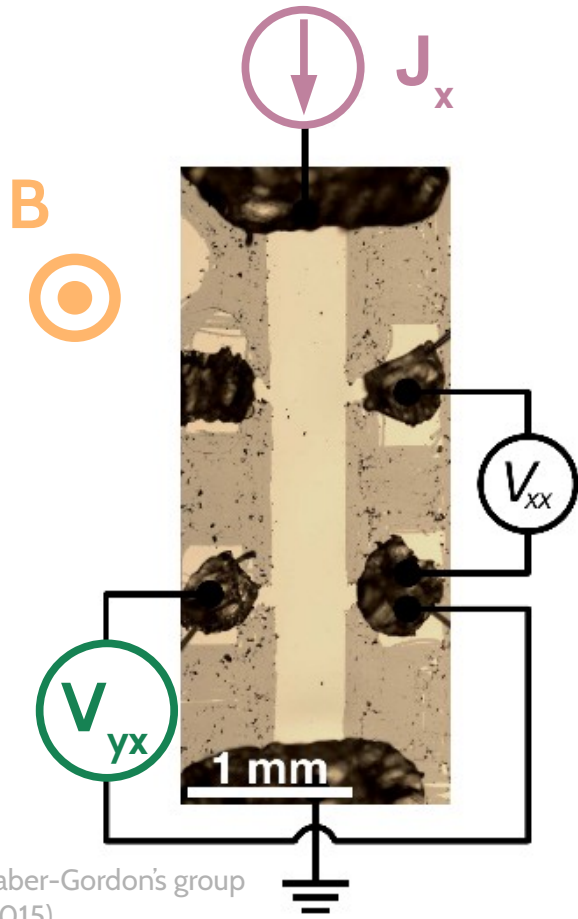
Thierry
Giamarchi



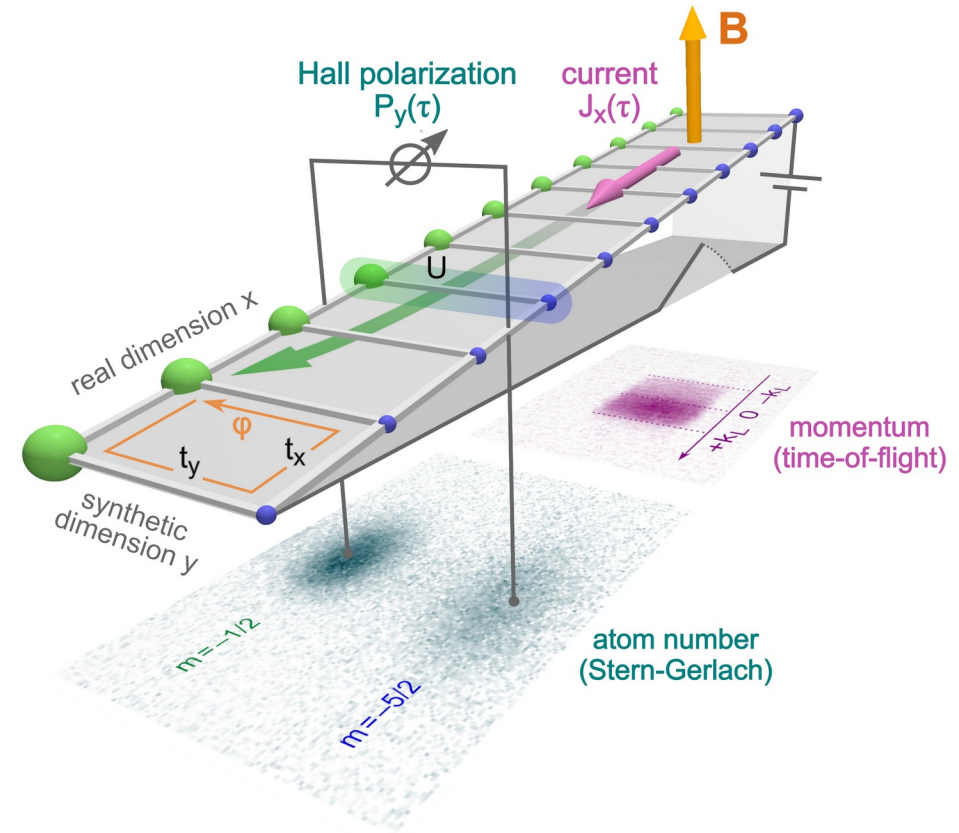
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DE GENÈVE

Quantum simulation of a Hall experiment

SOLID STATE



Goldhaber-Gordon's group
PRL (2015)



ULTRACOLD ATOMS

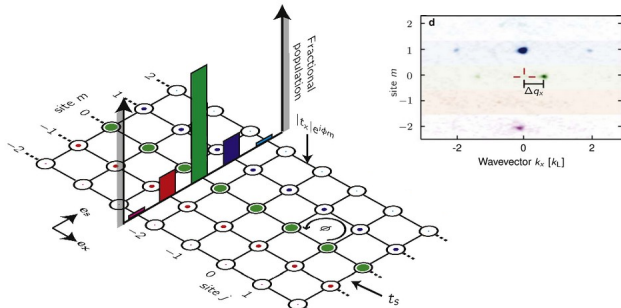
First observation of universal many-body effects

Quantum simulation with ultracold atoms

Bosons
weakly interacting

Imaging topology of Hofstadter ribbons

Dina Genkina¹, Lauren M Aycock¹, Hsin-I Lu^{1,2}, Mingwu Lu¹, Alina M Pineiro¹ and I B Spielman¹

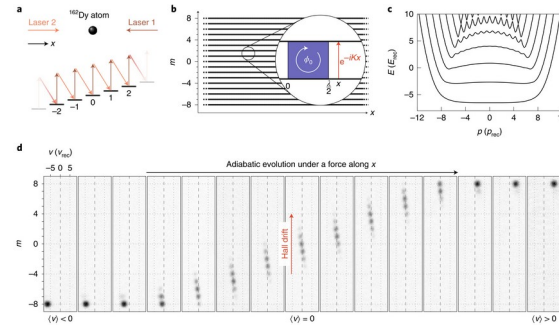


(2019)



Probing chiral edge dynamics and bulk topology of a synthetic Hall system

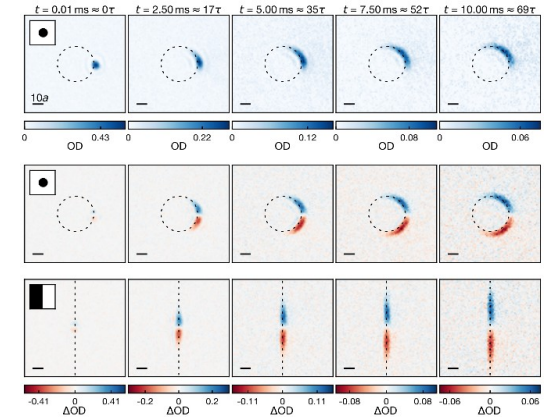
Thomas Chalopin^{1,3}, Tanish Satoor^{1,3}, Alexandre Evrard¹, Vasily Makhlov^{1,2}, Jean Dalibard¹, Raphael Lopes¹ and Sylvain Nascimbene^{1,3}



(2020)

Real-space detection and manipulation of topological edge modes with ultracold atoms

Christoph Braun^{1,2,3}, Raphaël Saint-Jalm^{1,2,3}, Alexander Hesse^{1,2,3}, Johannes Arceri^{1,2,3}, Immanuel Bloch^{1,2,3}, Monika Aidelsburger^{1,2,3}



(2023)

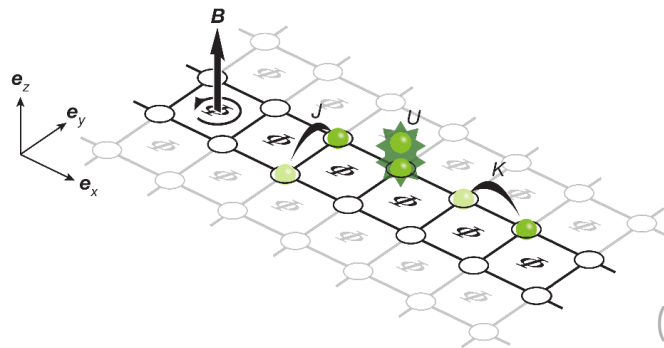
Bosons (again)
few-body correlations

LETTER

doi:10.1038/nature22811

Microscopy of the interacting Harper–Hofstadter model in the two-body limit

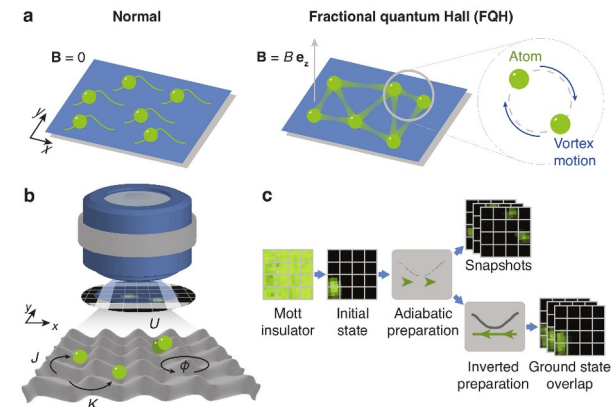
M. Eric Tai¹, Alexander Lukin¹, Matthew Rispoli¹, Robert Schittko¹, Tim Menke¹, Dan Borgnia¹, Philipp M. Preiss¹, Fabian Grusdt¹, Adam M. Kaufman¹ & Markus Greiner¹



(2017)

Realization of a fractional quantum Hall state with ultracold atoms

Julian Léonard^{1,*}, Sooshin Kim¹, Joyce Kwan¹, Perrin Segura¹, Fabian Grusdt^{2,3}, Cécile Repellin⁴, Nathan Goldman⁵ and Markus Greiner¹

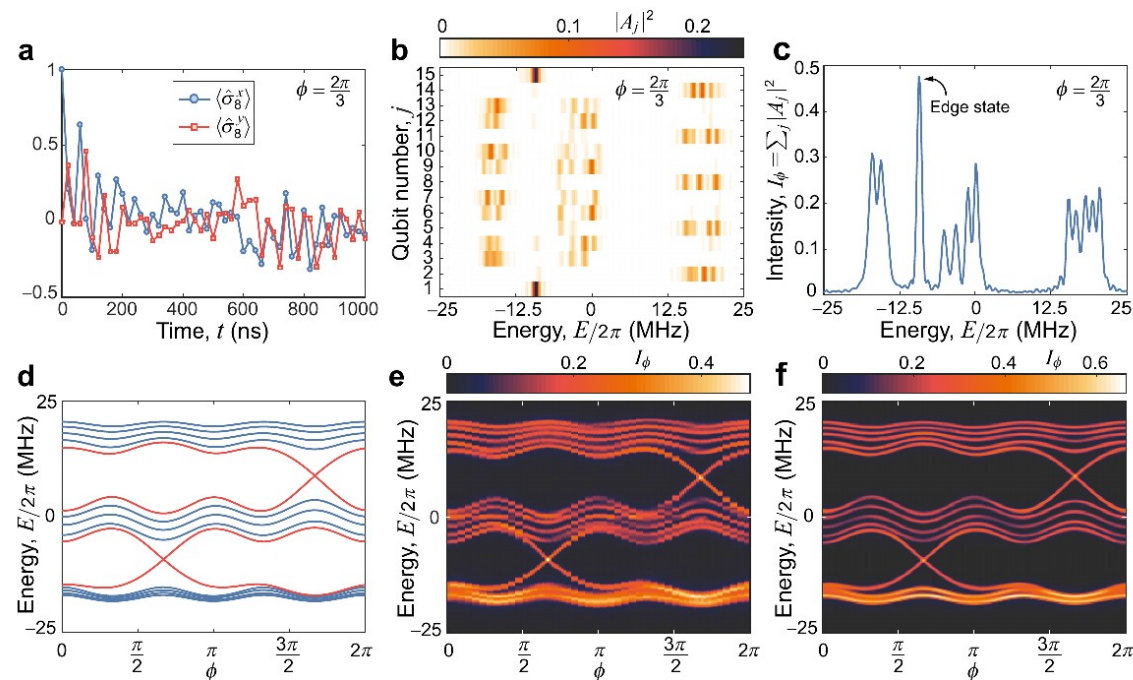
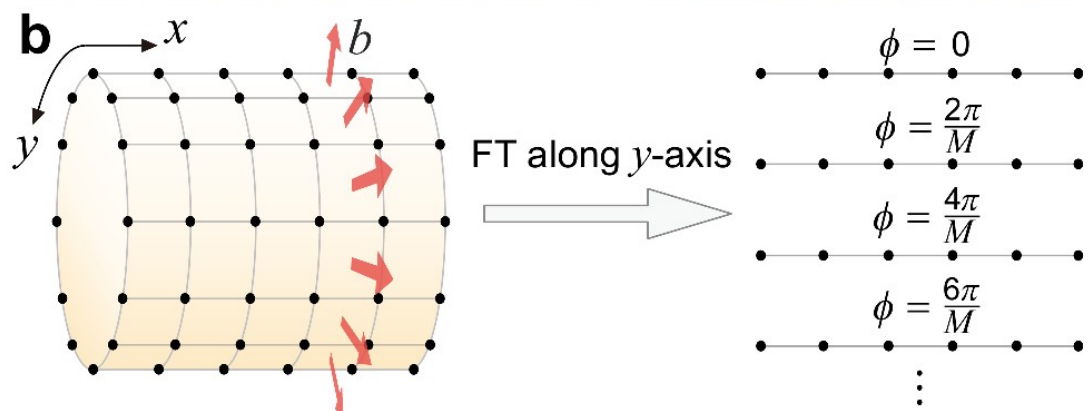
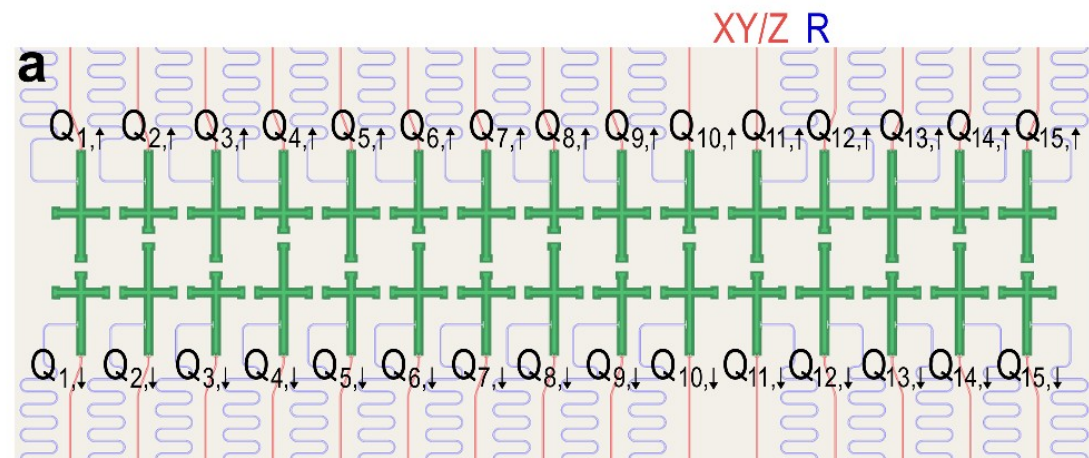



(2022)

Simulating quantum Hall effects on a superconducting quantum processor

Zhong-Cheng Xiang,^{1,*} Kaixuan Huang,^{1,6,5,*} Yu-Ran Zhang,^{2,3,*} Tao Liu,⁴ Yun-Hao Shi,¹ Cheng-Lin Deng,¹ Tong Liu,¹ Hao Li,¹ Gui-Han Liang,¹ Zheng-Yang Mei,¹ Haifeng Yu,⁵ Guangming Xue,⁵ Ye Tian,¹ Xiaohui Song,¹ Zhi-Bo Liu,⁶ Kai Xu,^{1,5,7,8,†} Dongning Zheng,^{1,7,8} Franco Nori,^{2,3,9,‡} and Heng Fan^{1,5,7,8,§}

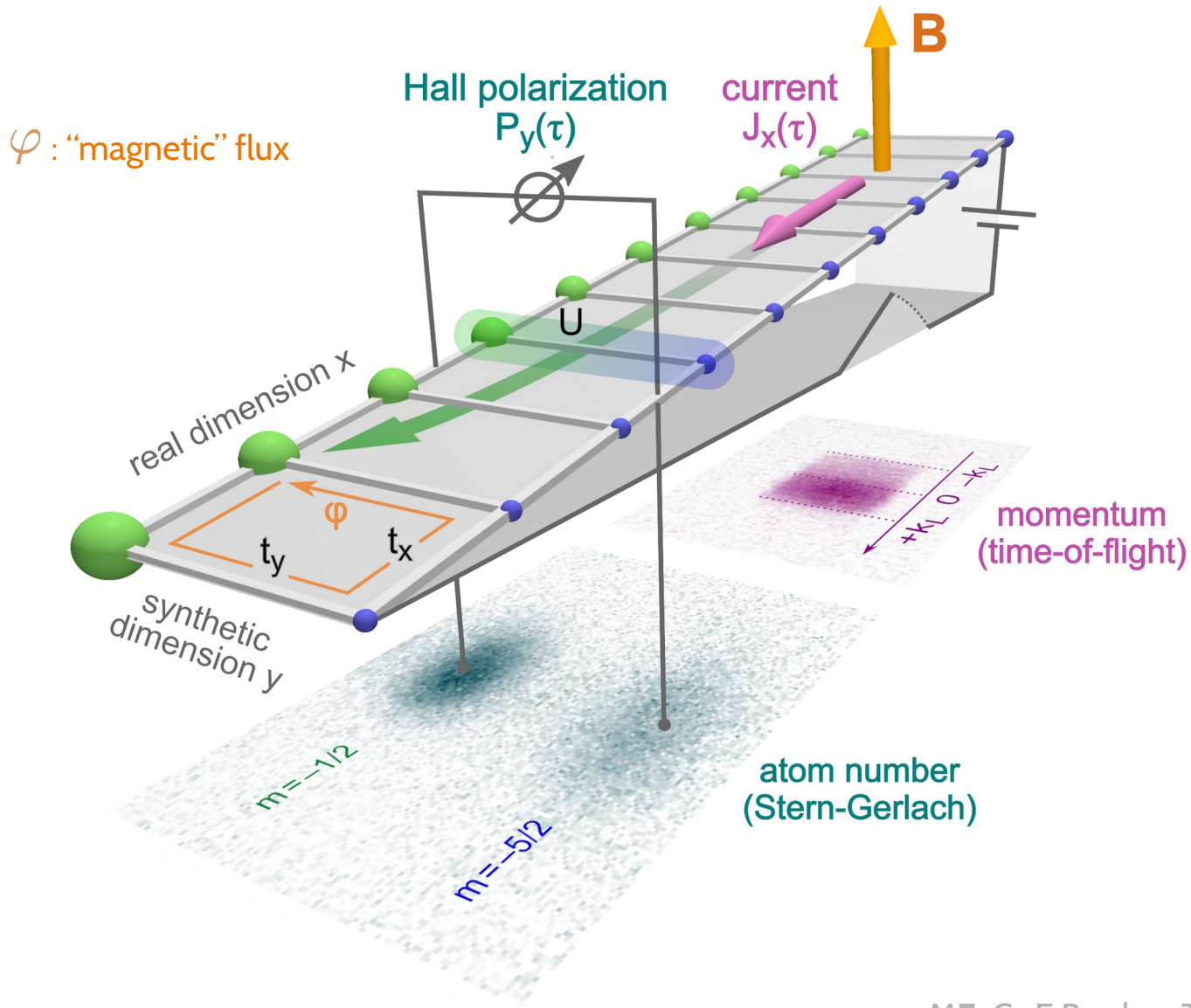
arXiv:2207.11797v1





Quantum simulation
of many-body effects
with fermions

Probing the Hall response of a 2-leg fermion ladder



Simulation of Harper-Hofstadter model

$$H = -t_x \sum_{j,m} [a_{j,m}^\dagger a_{j+1,m} + \text{h.c.}] \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{longitudinal} \\ \text{hopping} \end{array} \right.$$

$$- \underbrace{t_y \sum_j [e^{i\varphi j} a_{j,1}^\dagger a_{j,2} + \text{h.c.}]}_{\text{transverse hopping}} + \underbrace{U \sum_j n_{j,1} n_{j,2}}_{\text{interactions}}$$

"Hall Imbalance" a proxy of the Hall resistance

$$\Delta_H = \frac{P_y}{J_x}$$

Synthesizing artificial gauge fields with ^{173}Yb (fermions)

LETTERS

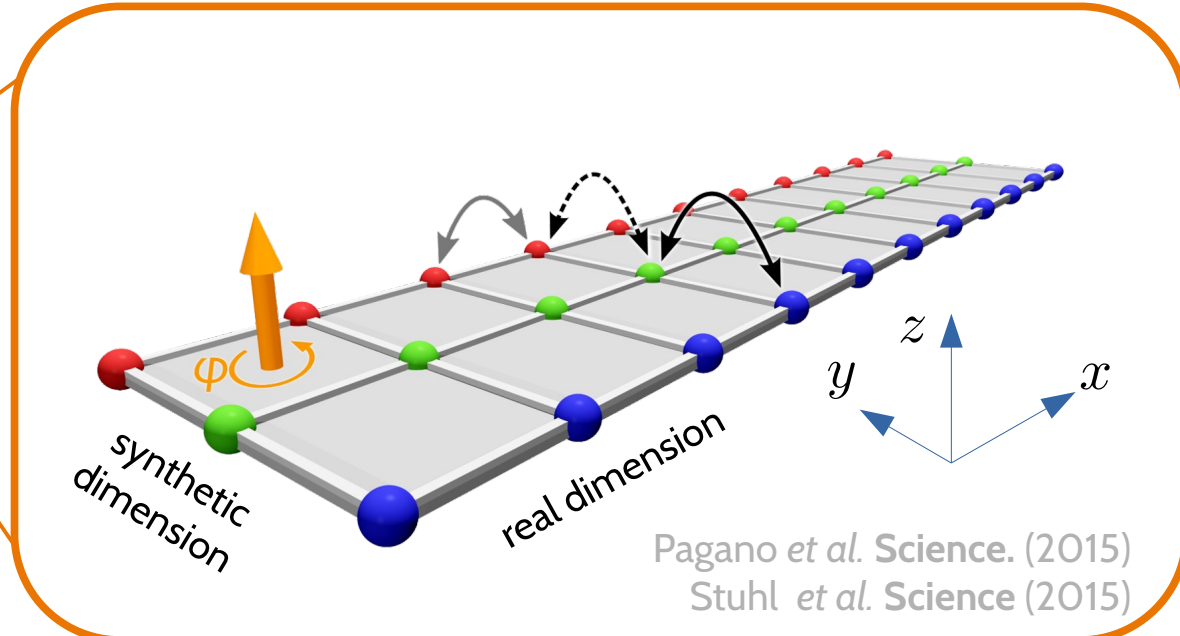
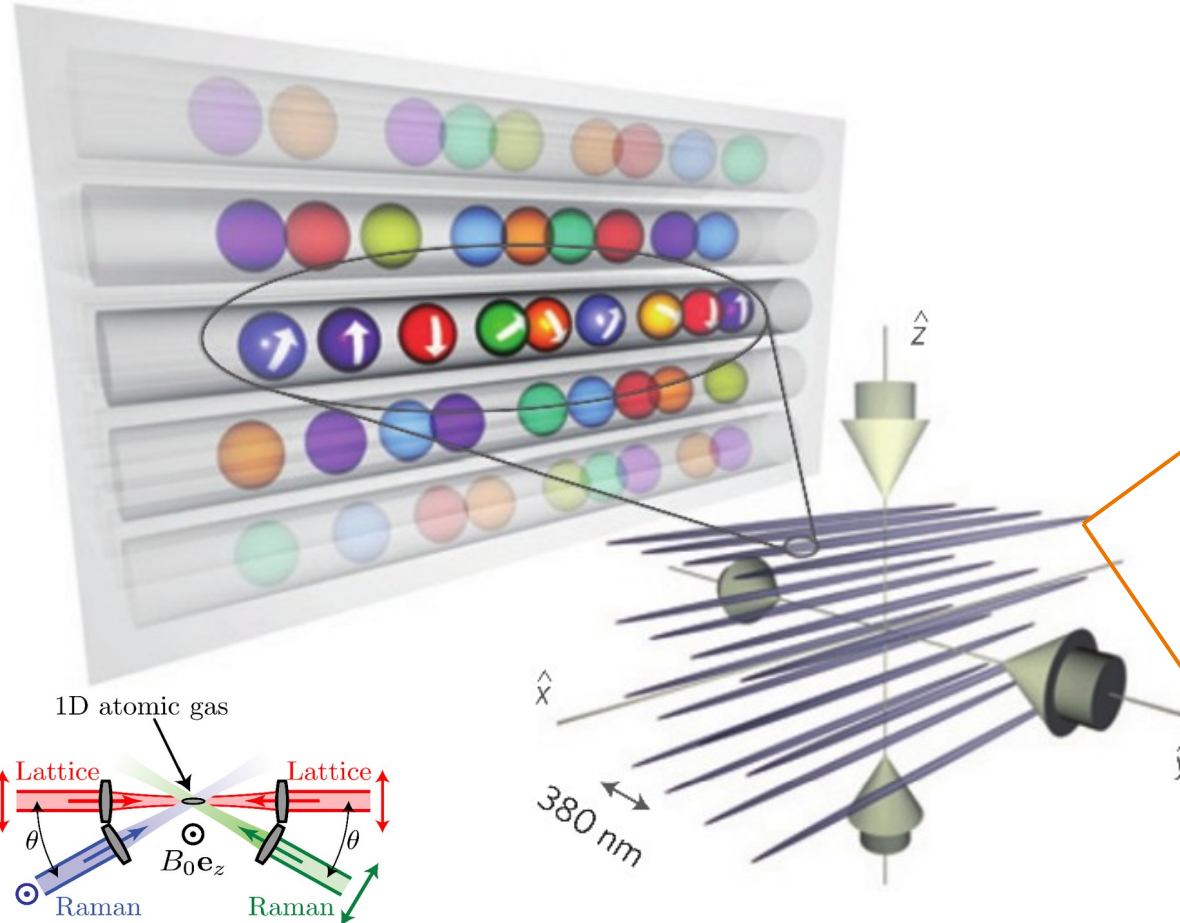
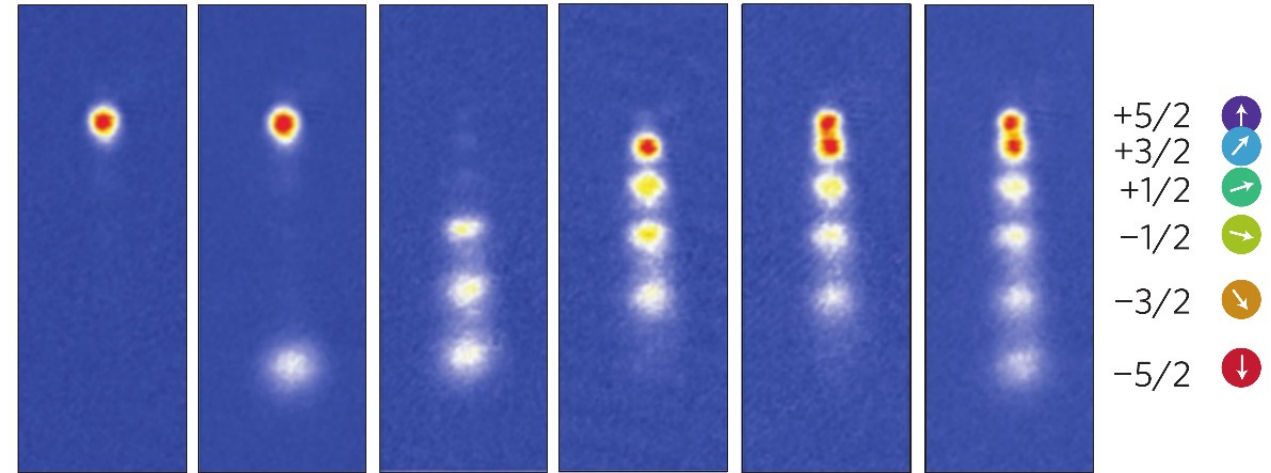
PUBLISHED ONLINE: 2 FEBRUARY 2014 | DOI: 10.1038/NPHYS2878

nature
physics

A one-dimensional liquid of fermions with tunable spin (2014)

Guido Pagano^{1,2}, Marco Mancini^{1,3}, Giacomo Cappellini¹, Pietro Lombardi^{1,3}, Florian Schäfer¹, Hui Hu⁴, Xia-Ji Liu⁴, Jacopo Catani^{1,5}, Carlo Sias^{1,5}, Massimo Inguscio^{1,3,5} and Leonardo Fallani^{1,3,5*}

Stern-Gerlach measurement of the spin



Pagano *et al.* *Science*. (2015)
Stuhl *et al.* *Science* (2015)

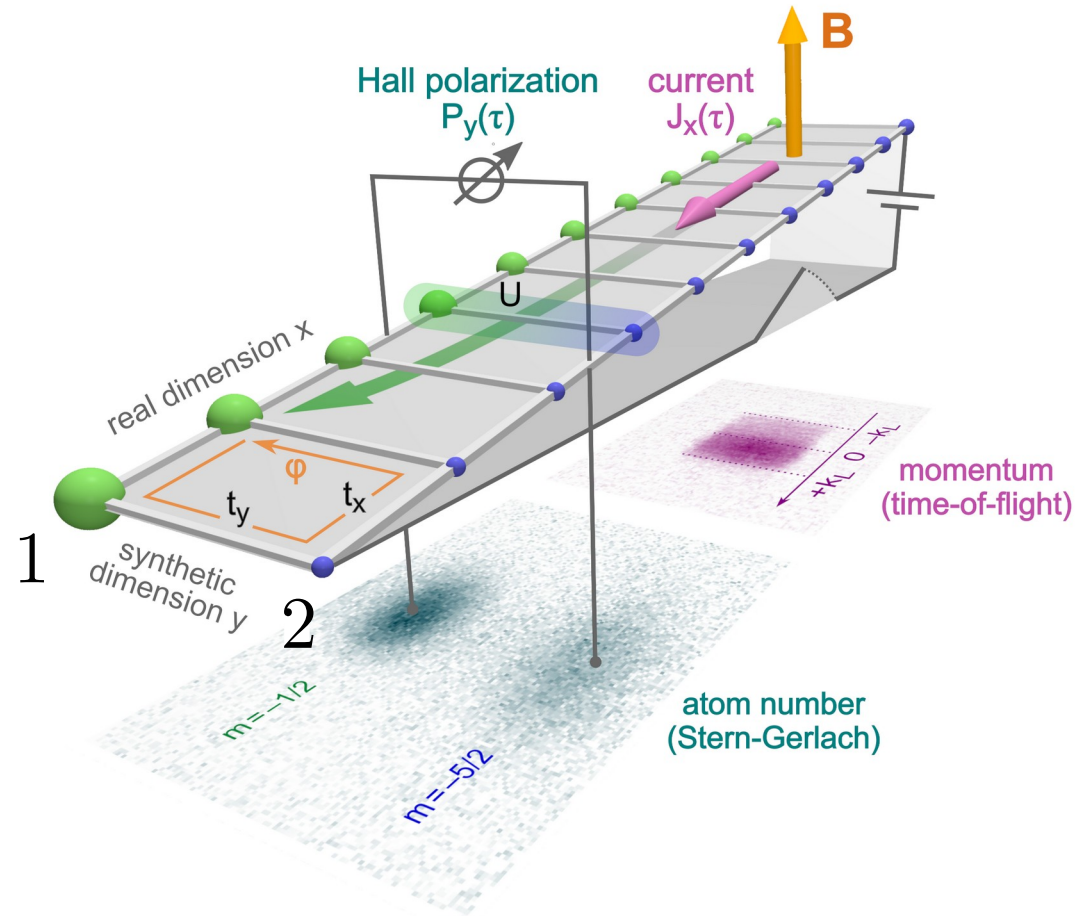
how it looks like



gas is here

Measuring the Hall response

After-quench real time evolution

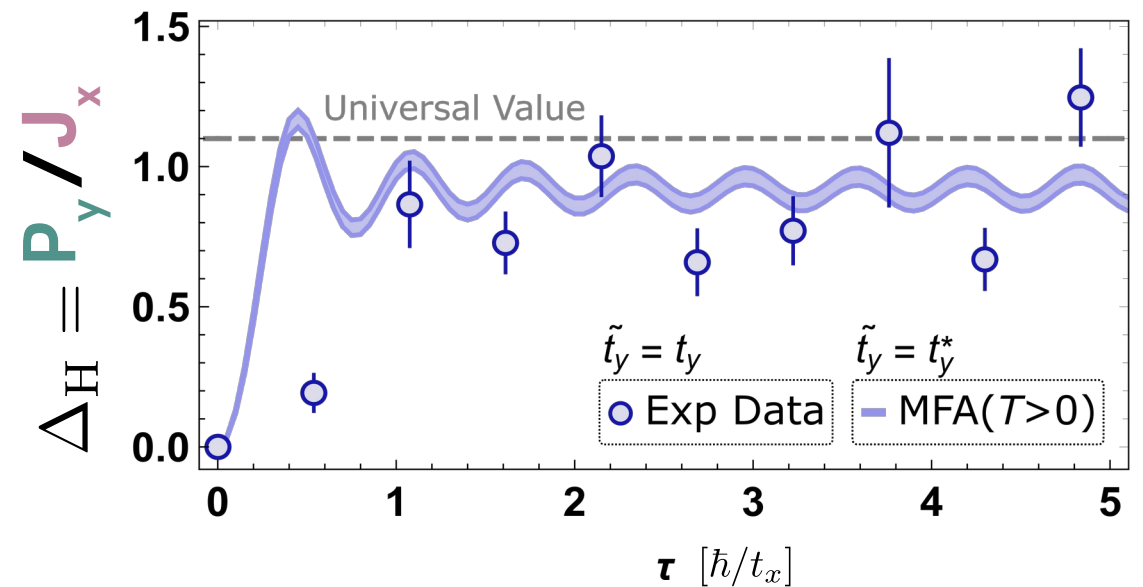
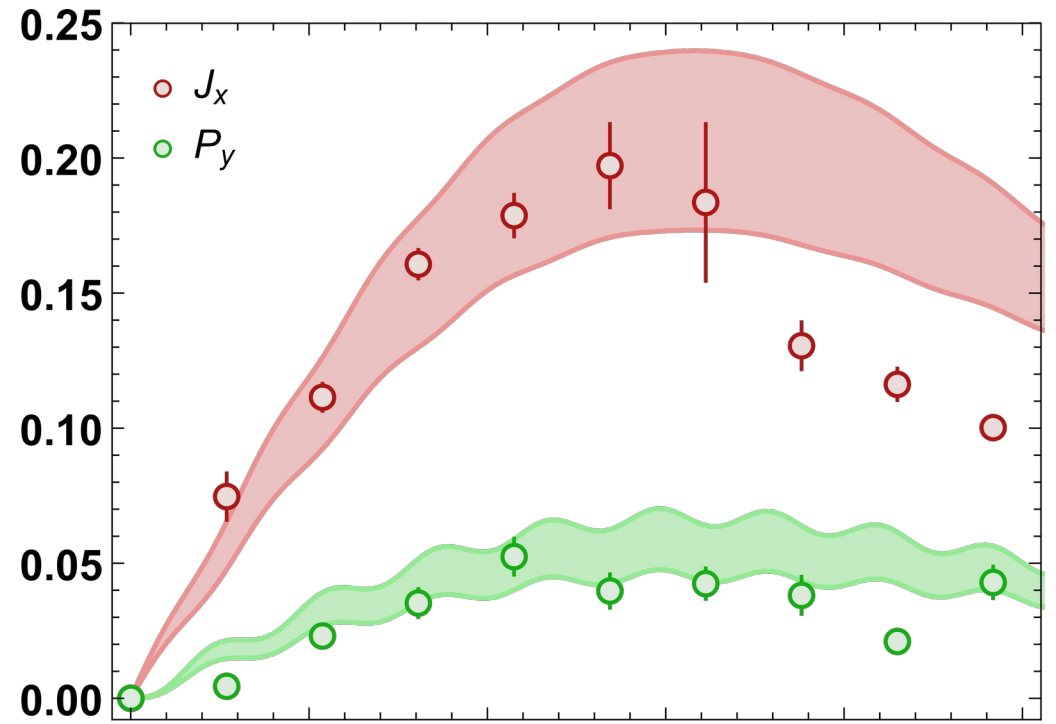


Polarization

$$P_y = \frac{N_{-1/2}(\tau) - N_{-5/2}(\tau)}{N_{-1/2}(\tau) + N_{-5/2}(\tau)}$$

Current

$$J_x(\tau) = \int_{-1}^1 \sin(\pi k) n(k, \tau) dk$$



Measuring the Hall response

After-quench real time evolution

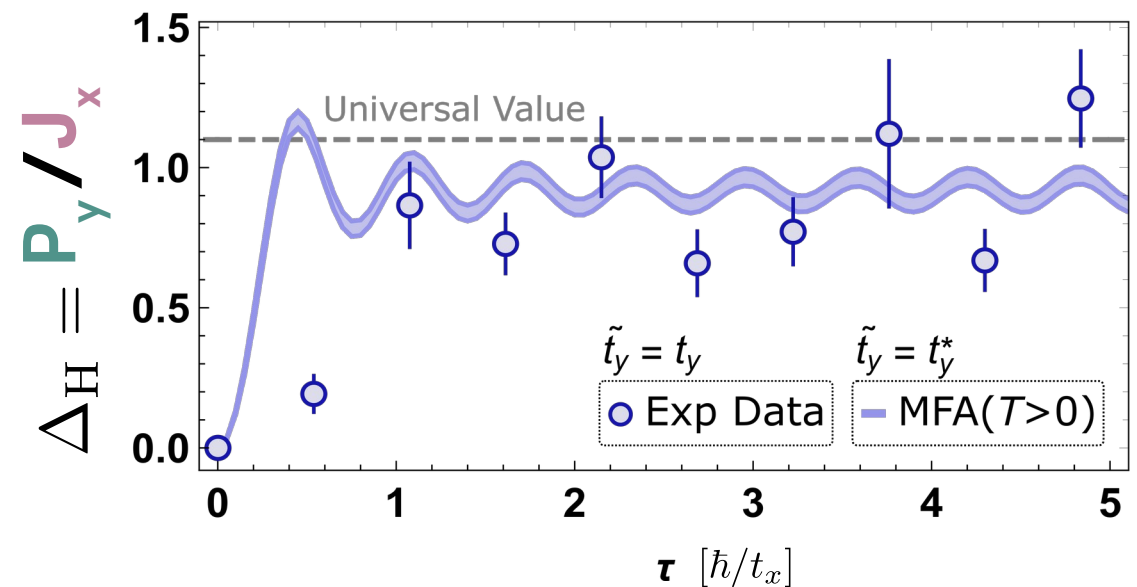
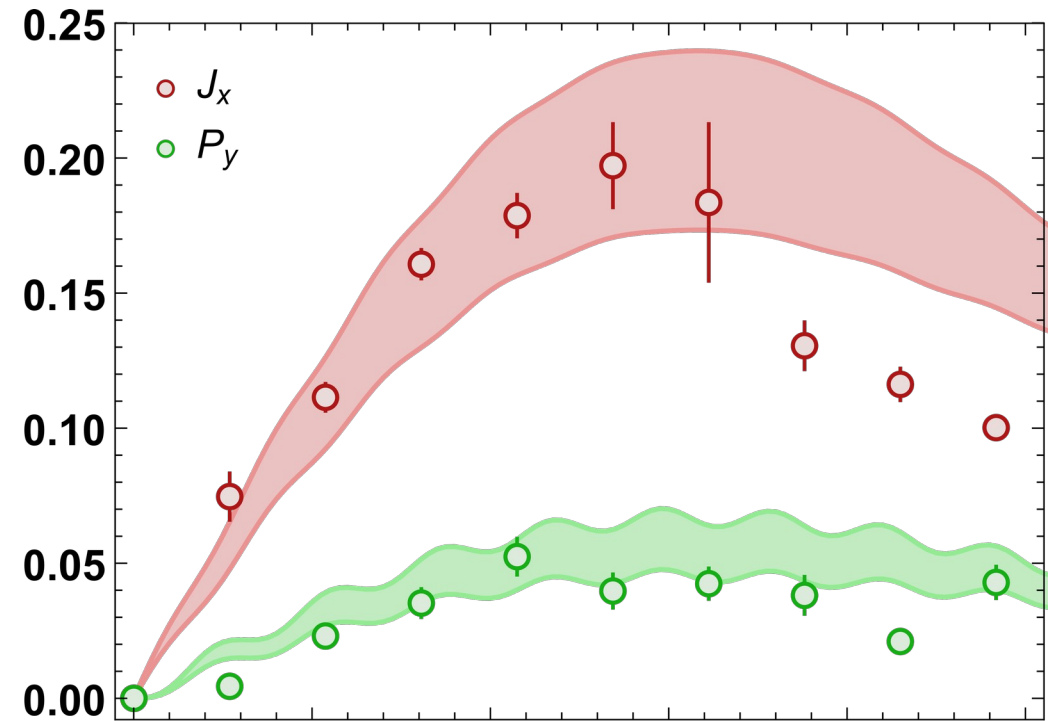
Hall imbalance

$$\Delta_H = \frac{P_y}{J_x}$$

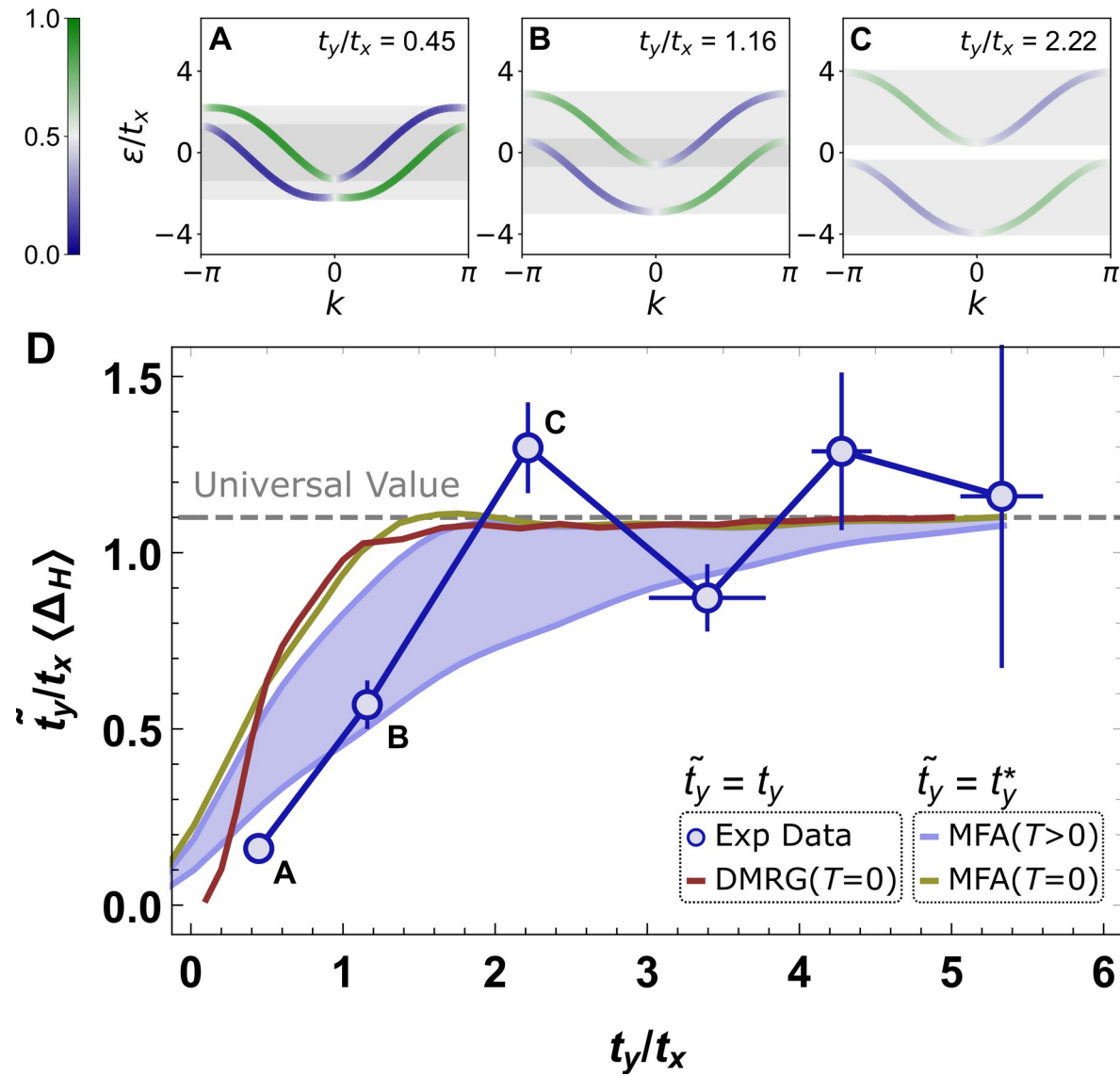
Time-averaged Hall imbalance

$$\langle \Delta_H \rangle = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T d\tau \Delta_H(\tau)$$

Averaging time $T = 5\hbar/t_x$



Transverse tunneling - t_y - dependence



Non-interacting
2-band spectrum

“Universal” Hall imbalance

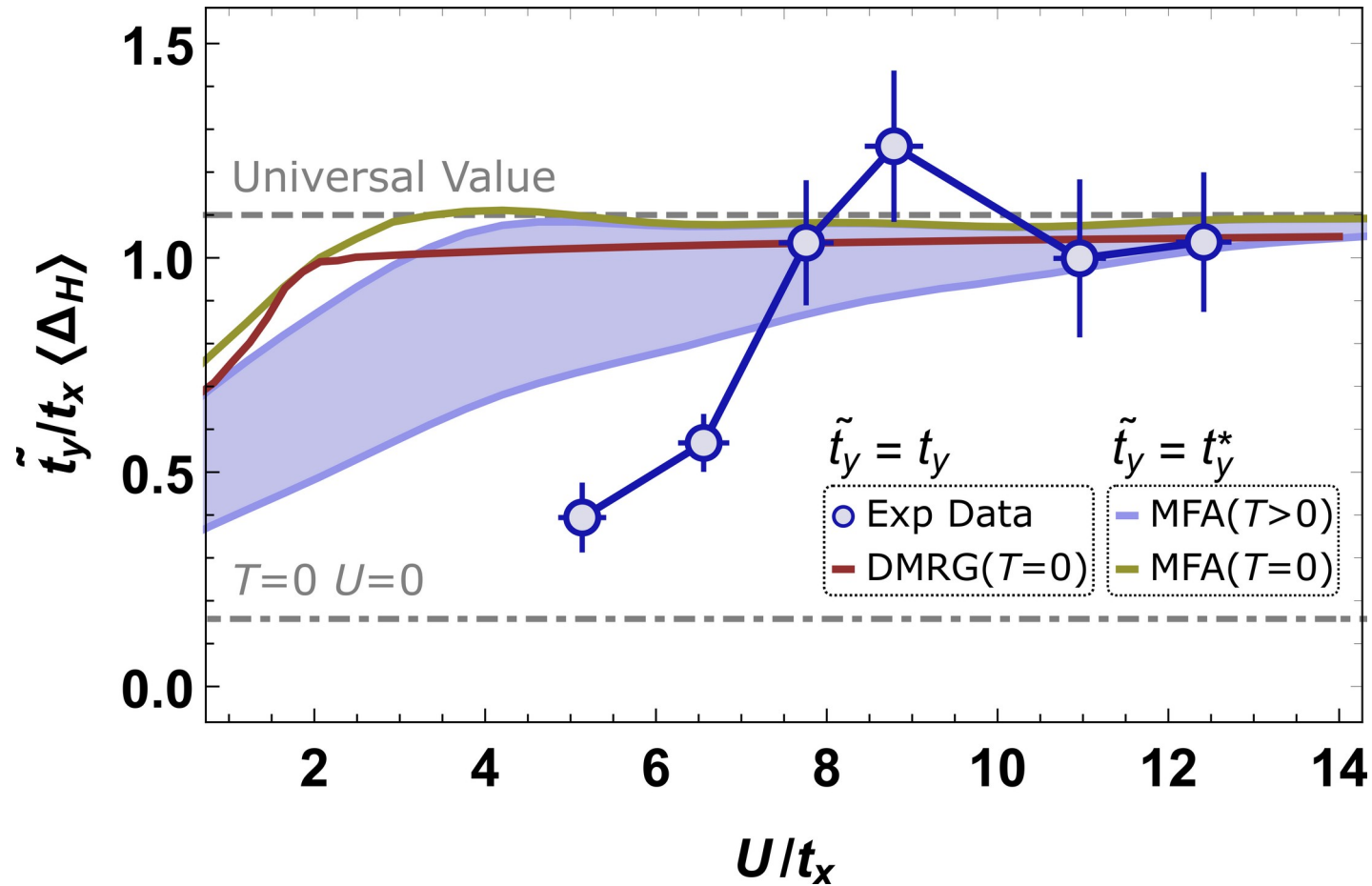
← For $t_y \gg t_x$

$$\Delta_H = 2 \frac{t_x}{t_y} \left| \tan \left(\frac{\varphi}{2} \right) \right|$$

**SIGNATURE OF A
SINGLE-BAND METAL**

$$U = 6.56t_x$$

Universality driven by interactions



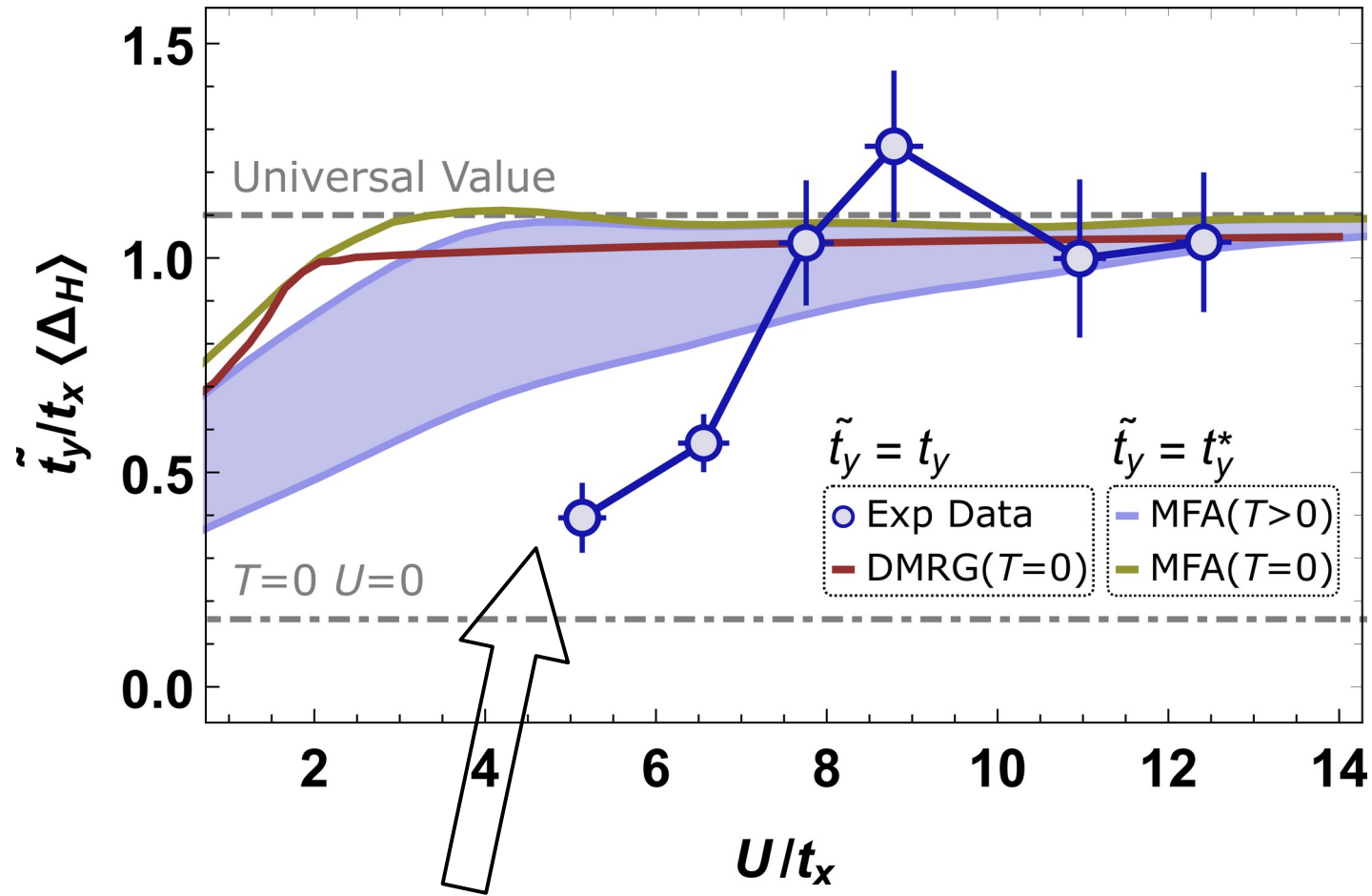
← For $U \gg t_x$

The same value is reached by cranking up the interaction strength U

$$\Delta_H = 2 \frac{t_x}{t_y} \left| \tan \left(\frac{\varphi}{2} \right) \right|$$

$$t_y = 1.15t_x$$

Universality driven by interactions



← For $U \gg t_x$

The same value is reached by cranking up the interaction strength U

$$\Delta_H = 2 \frac{t_x}{t_y} \left| \tan \left(\frac{\varphi}{2} \right) \right|$$

Hard-to-compute regime where U, T and t_y are all of the same order

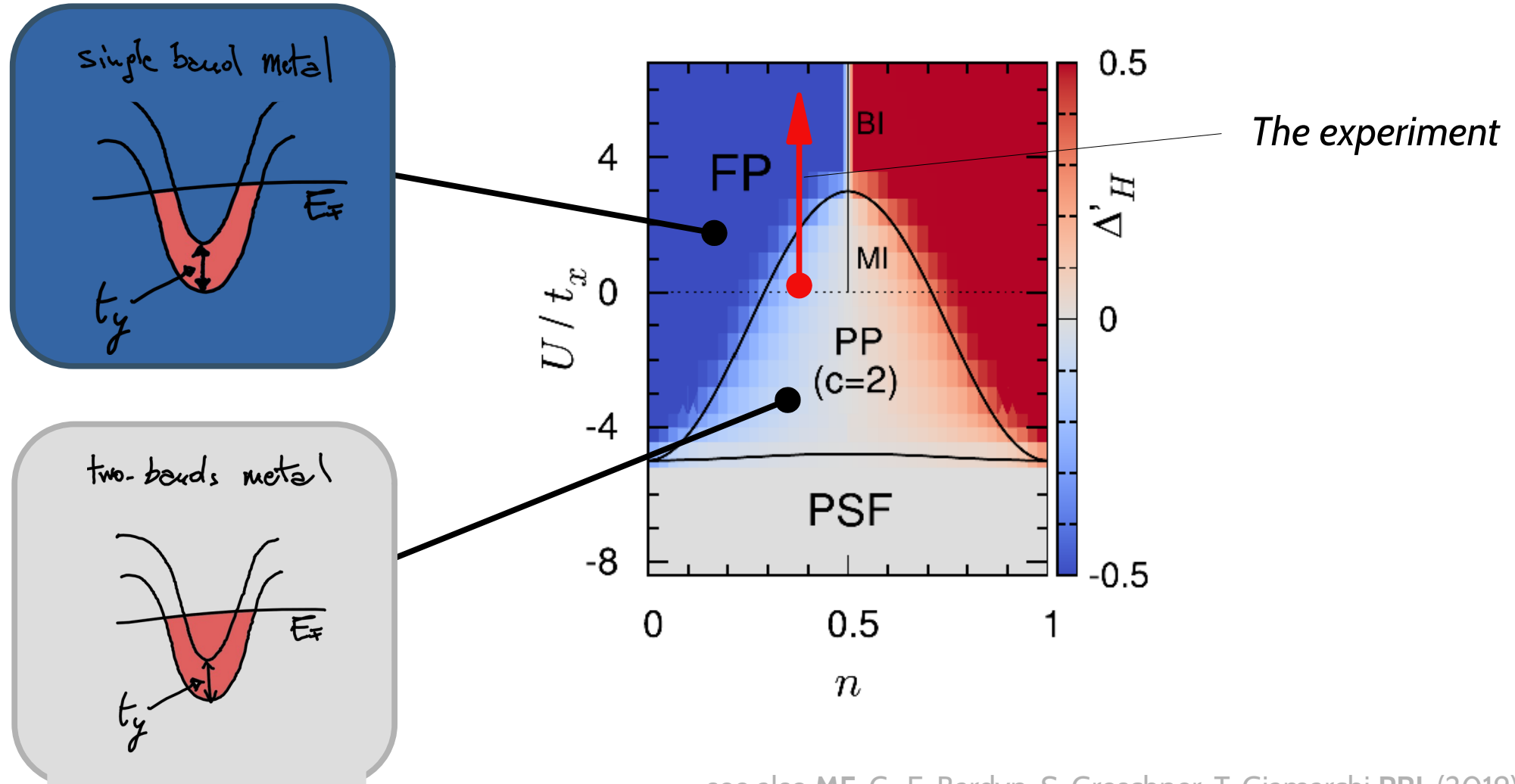
$$t_y = 1.15t_x$$

Editors' Suggestion

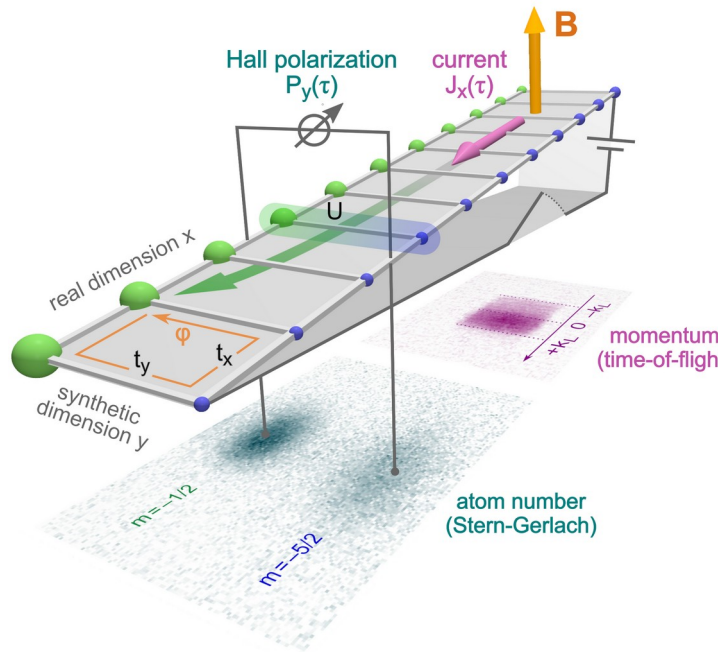
Universal Hall Response in Interacting Quantum Systems

Sebastian Greschner, Michele Filippone, and Thierry Giamarchi

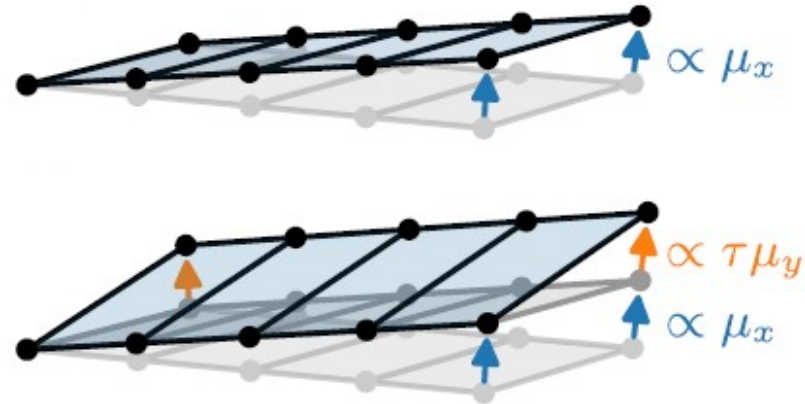
Department of Quantum Matter Physics, University of Geneva, 1211 Geneva, Switzerland



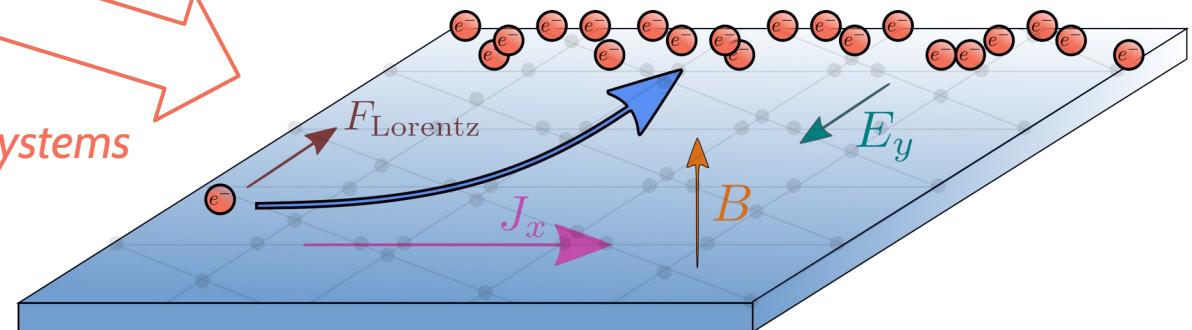
Perspective : voltage measurements



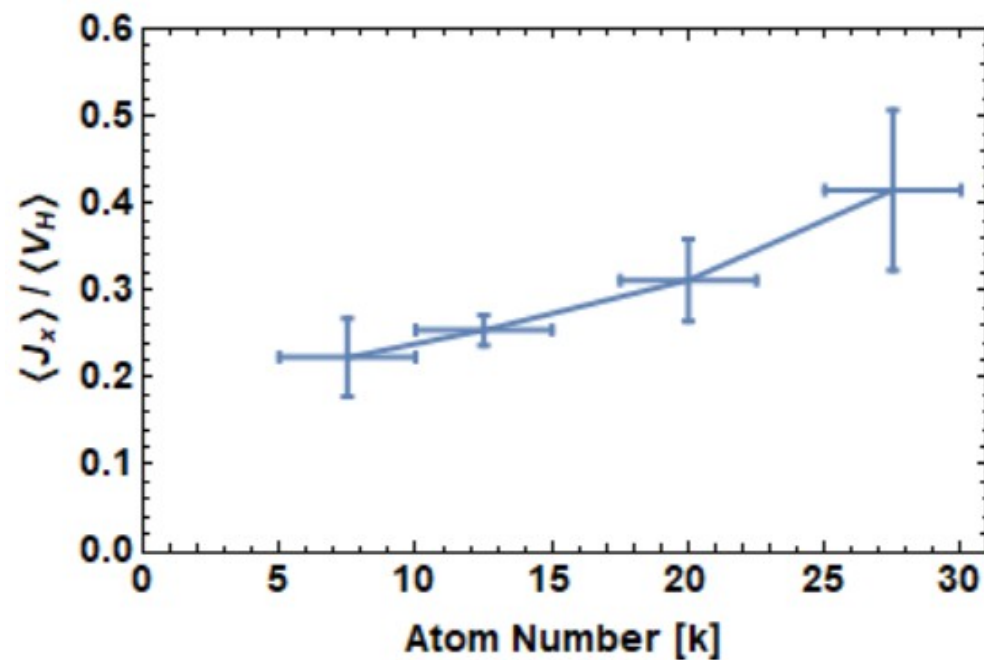
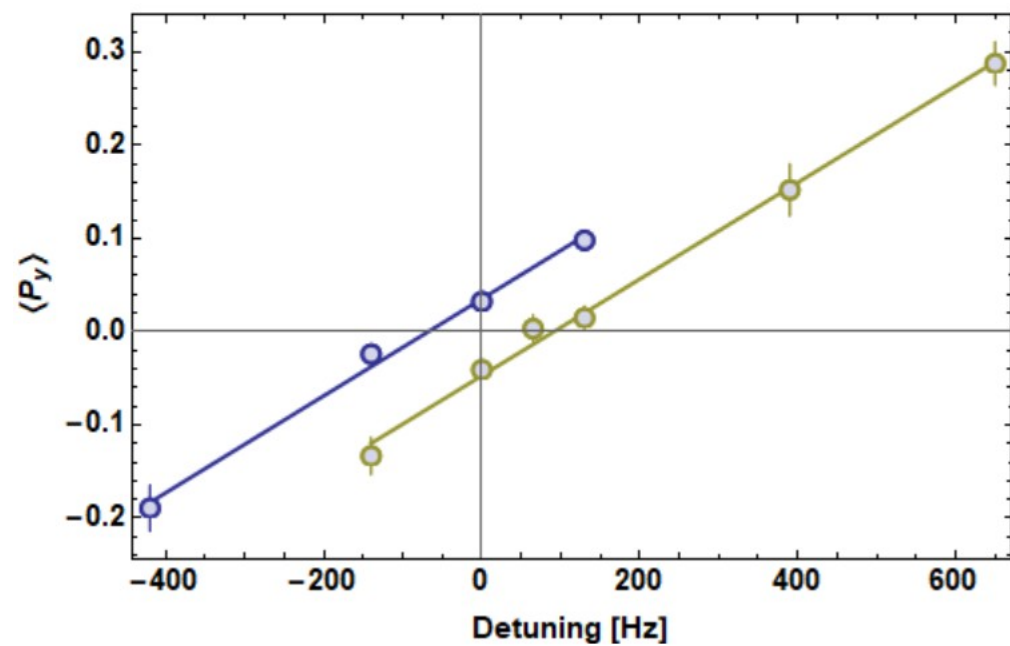
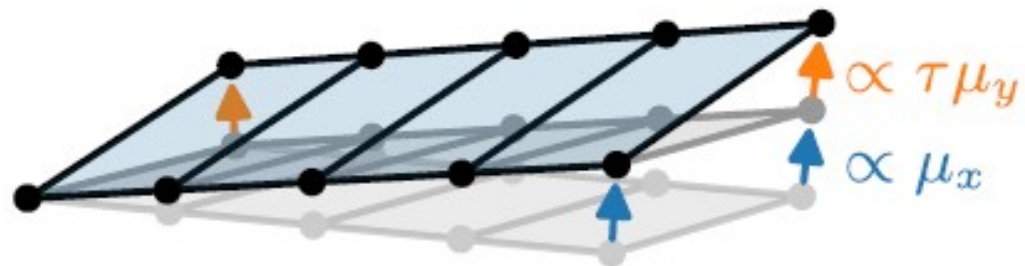
Our experiment



Solid state systems

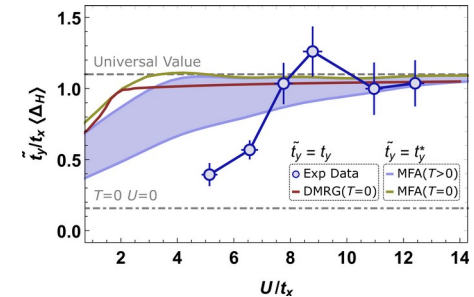
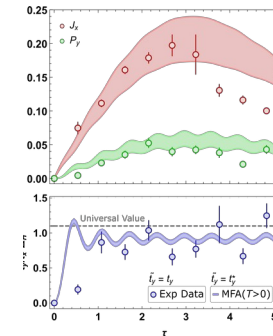


Preliminary : voltage measurements



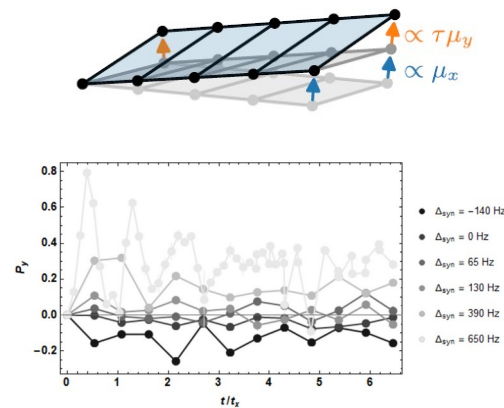
Conclusions

First observation of universal many-body effects on the Hall response of a controlled quantum simulator

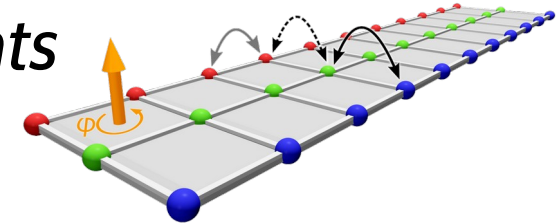


Perspectives

Measuring Hall voltages



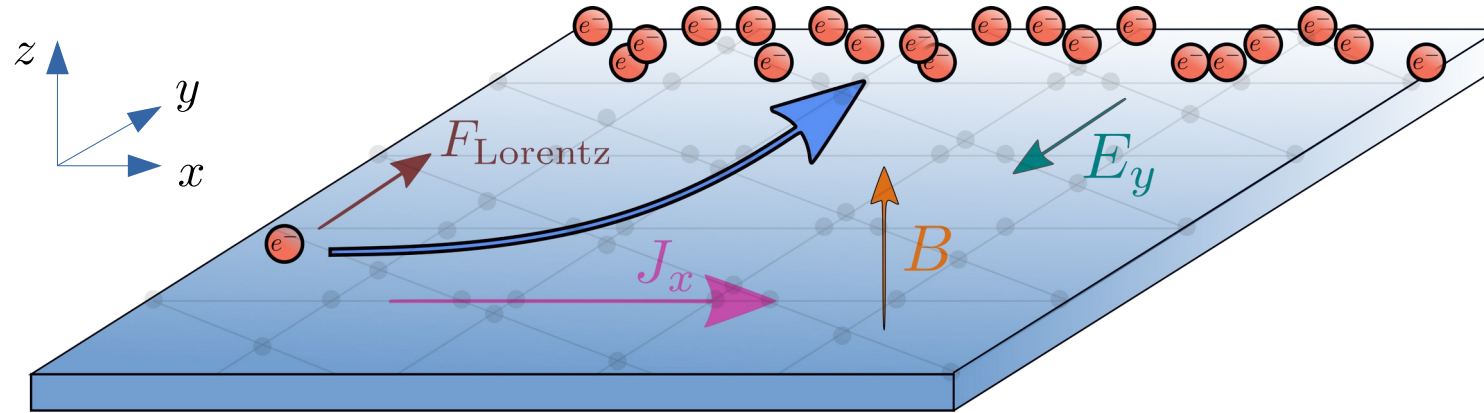
Addressing correlated topological phases in multi-leg experiments





Thanks !

The Hall effect : classics



From measuring the carrier density in metals...

Forces at work

$$F_{\text{Lorentz}} = J_x B$$
$$F_{\text{Electric}} = nq E_y$$

stationary condition

$$F_{\text{Electric}} + F_{\text{Lorentz}} = 0$$

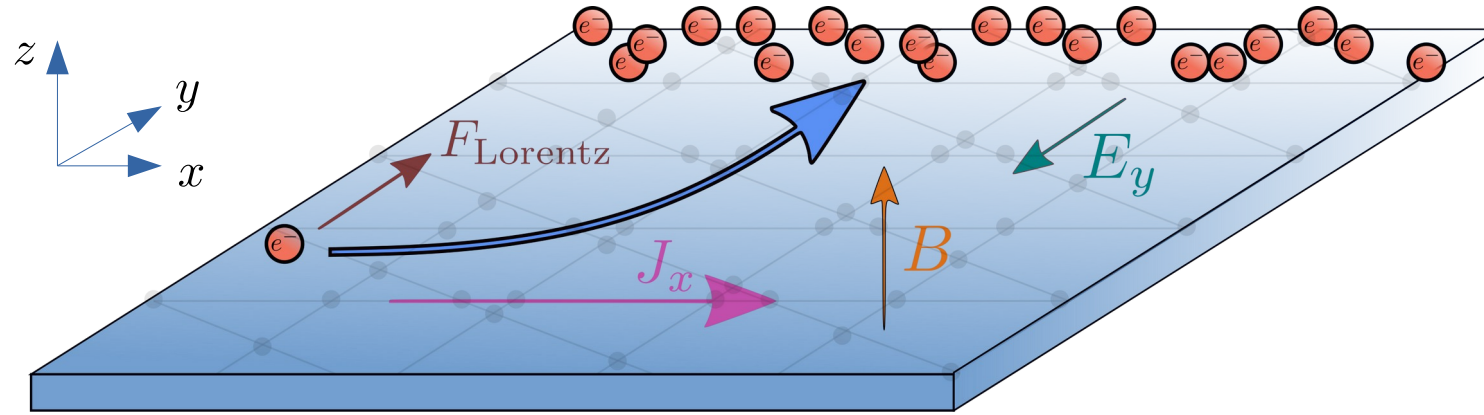
Hall resistance

$$\rho_{\text{H}} = \rho_{xy} = \frac{E_y}{J_x} = -\frac{B}{nq}$$

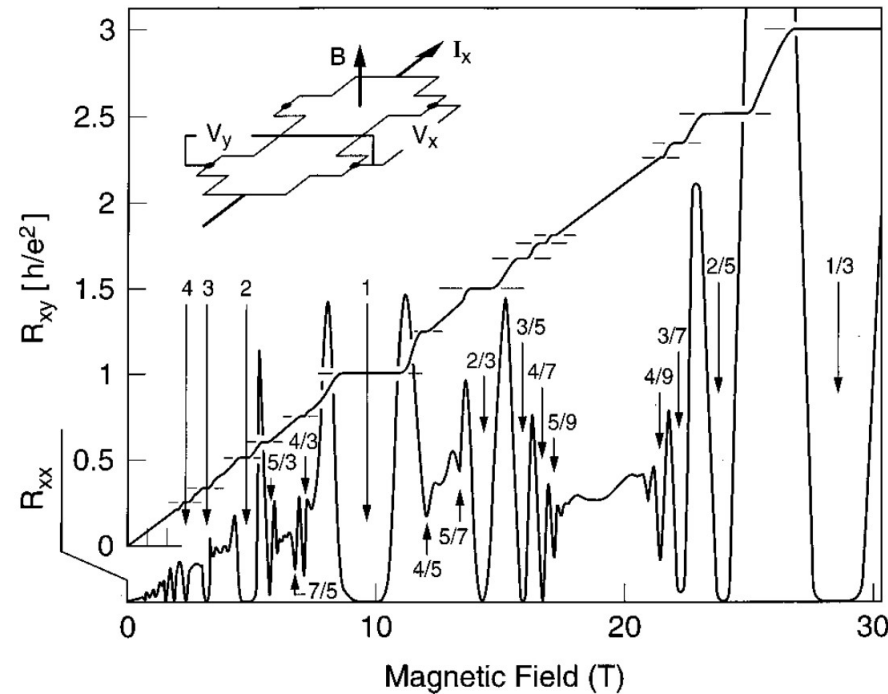
Hall constant

$$R_{\text{H}} = \frac{\rho_{\text{H}}}{B} = -\frac{1}{nq}$$

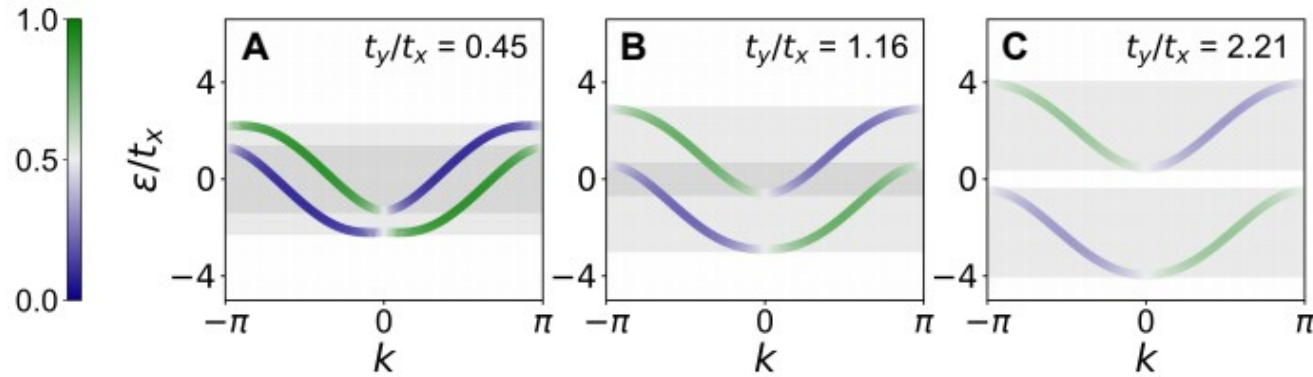
The Hall effect : classics



... to strongly correlated topological effects

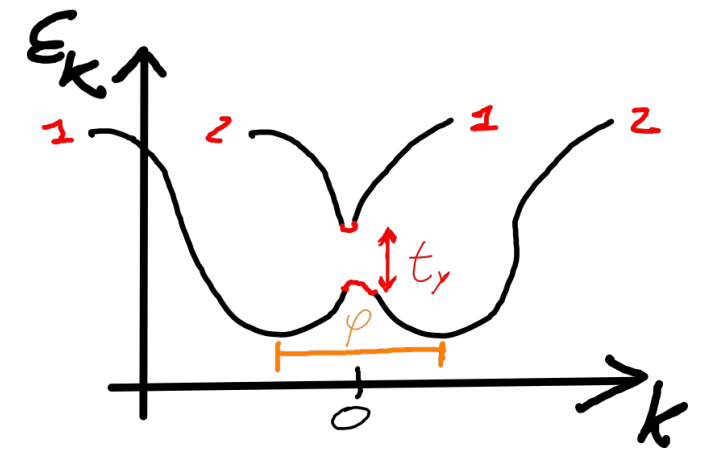
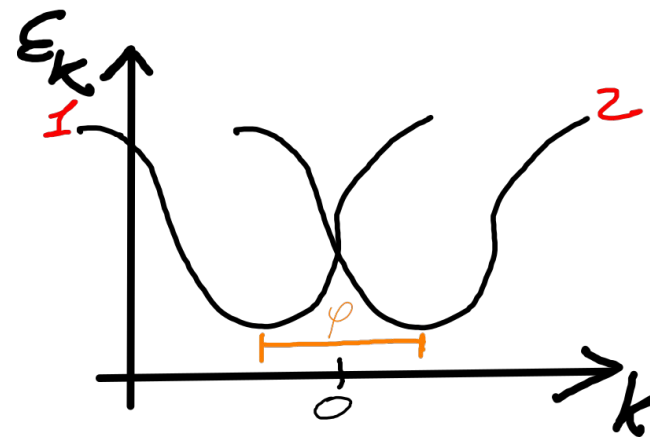
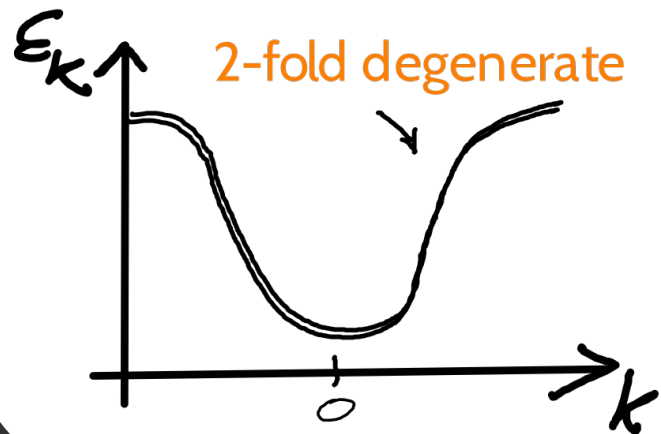
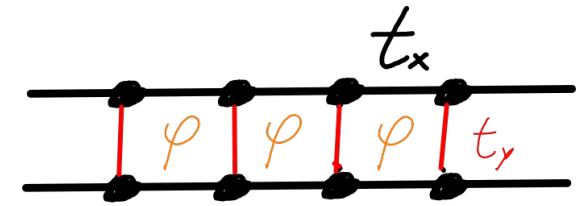
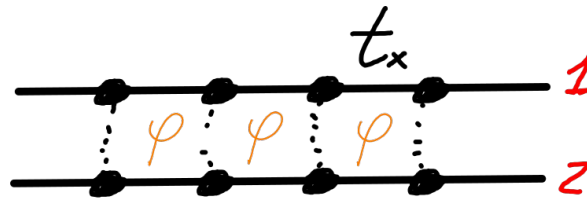
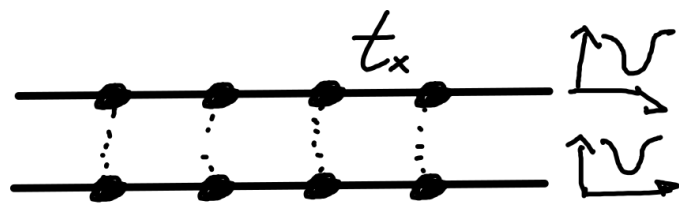


Transverse tunneling - t_y - dependence



Non-interacting 2-band spectrum

how to understand it



$$U = 5.28t_x$$

$$t_y/t_x$$

A strongly correlated stabilization of a single-band metal

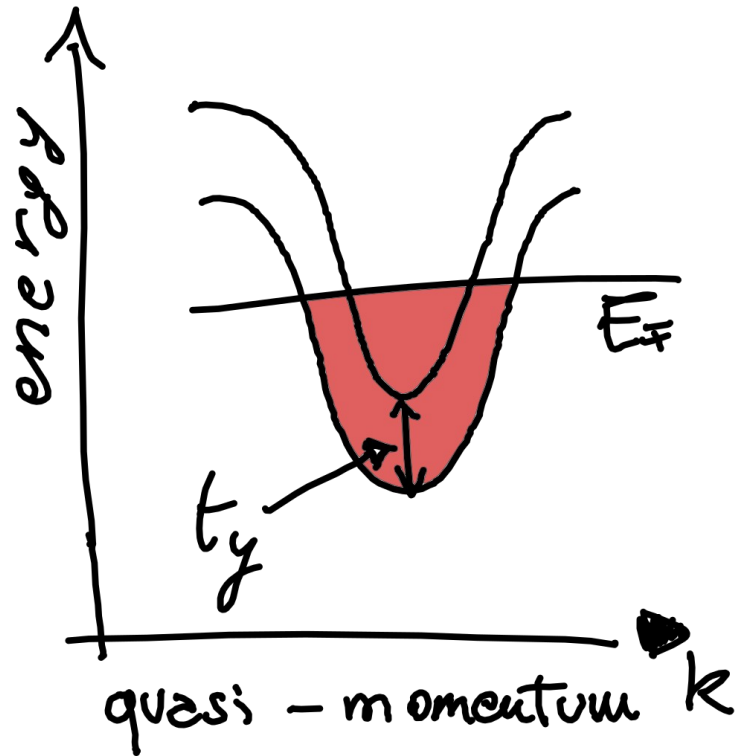
and the limits of a mean-field analysis

S. Greschner, MF, T. Giamarchi PRL (2019)

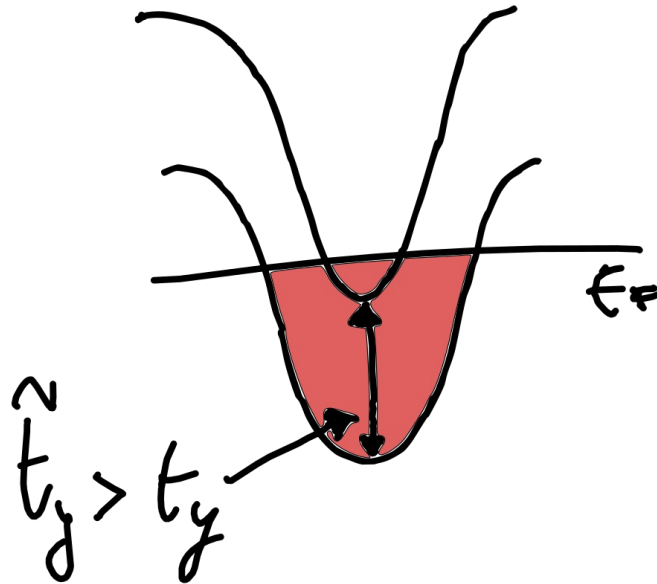
MF, C.-E. Bardyn, S. Greschner, T. Giamarchi PRL (2019)

$$U = 0$$

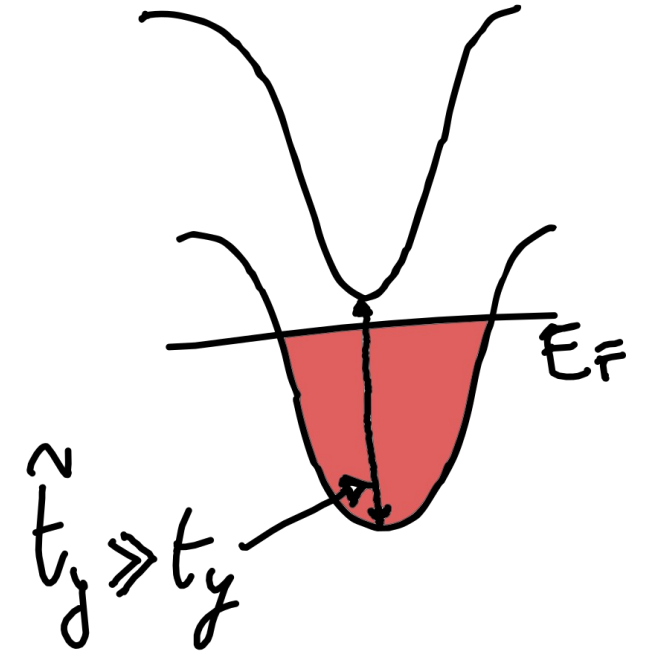
two-bands metal



$$U > 0$$



single band metal



PROBLEM : The mean-field analysis predicts the unobserved suppression of $\Delta_H \propto \frac{1}{\tilde{t}_y}$

A strongly correlated stabilization of a single-band metal

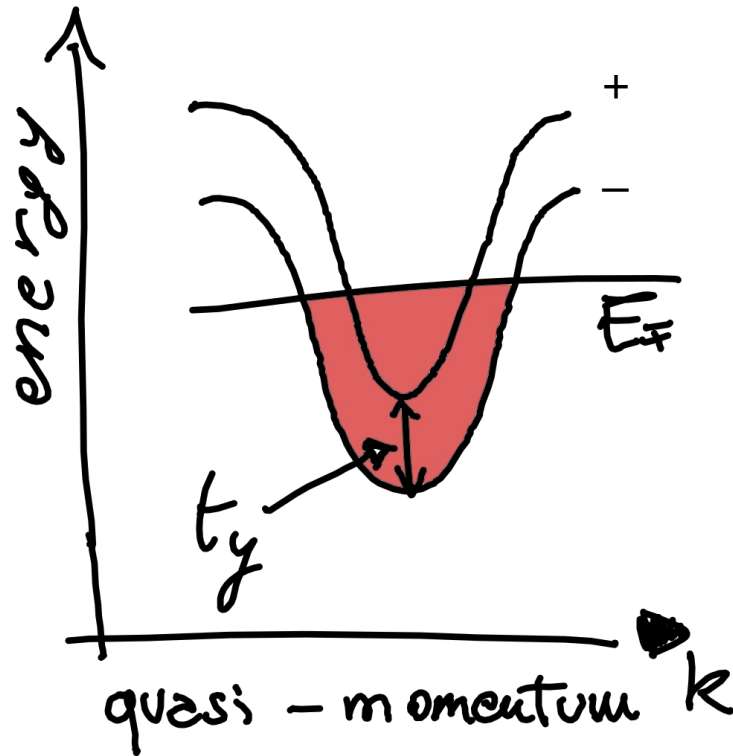
and the limits of a mean-field analysis

S. Greschner, MF, T. Giamarchi PRL (2019)

MF, C.-E. Bardyn, S. Greschner, T. Giamarchi PRL (2019)

$$U = 0$$

two-band metal

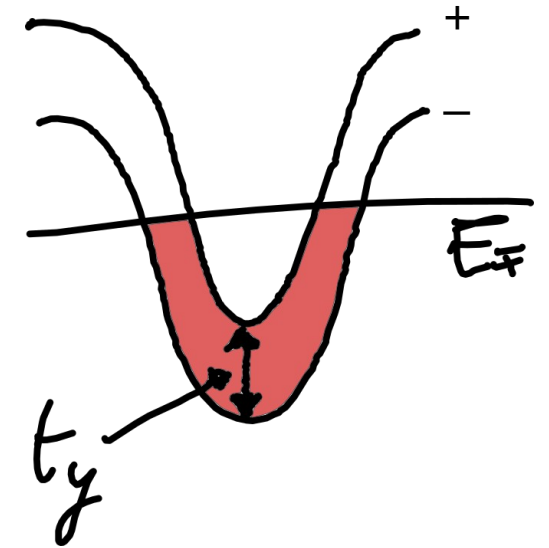


$$U > 0$$

single band metal

SU(2) symmetry of interactions

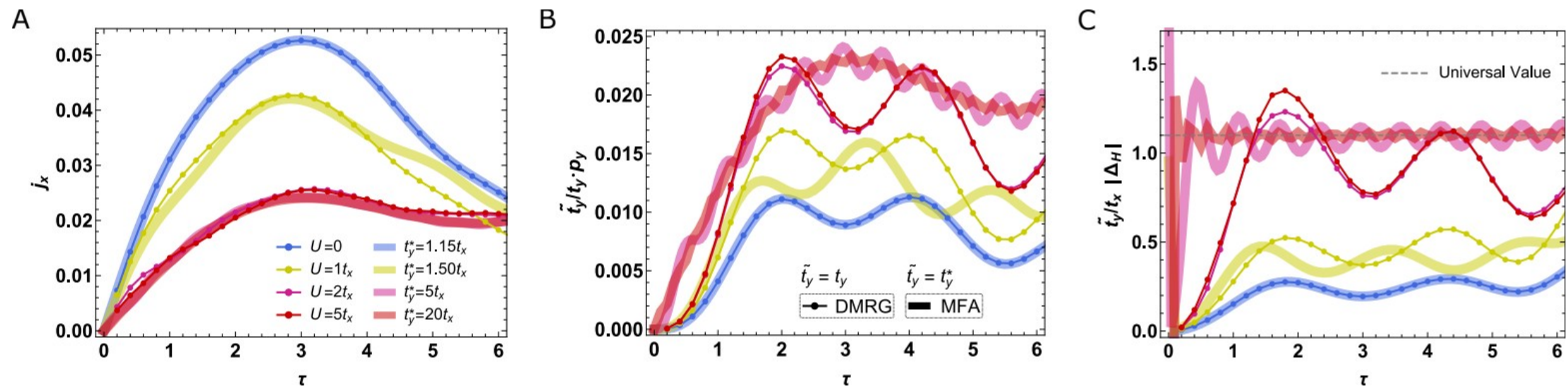
$$U \sum_j n_{j,0} n_{j,1} = U \sum_j n_{j,+} n_{j,-}$$



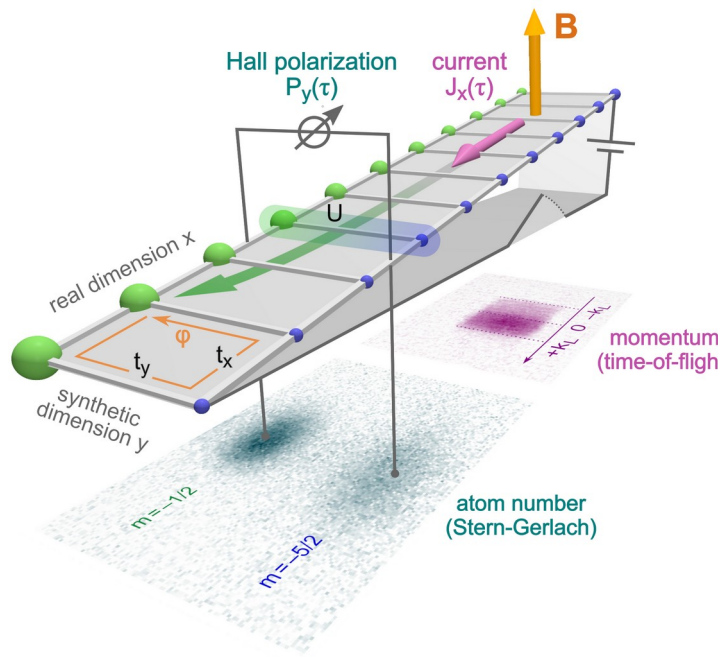
UNIVERSALITY WITH RESPECT TO INTERACTIONS

$$\Delta_H = 2 \frac{t_x}{t_y} \left| \tan \left(\frac{\varphi}{2} \right) \right|$$

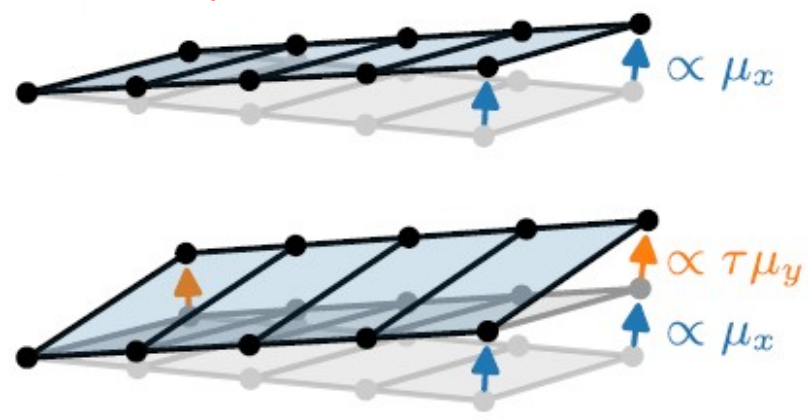
Dynamical difference between DMRG and Mean-Field



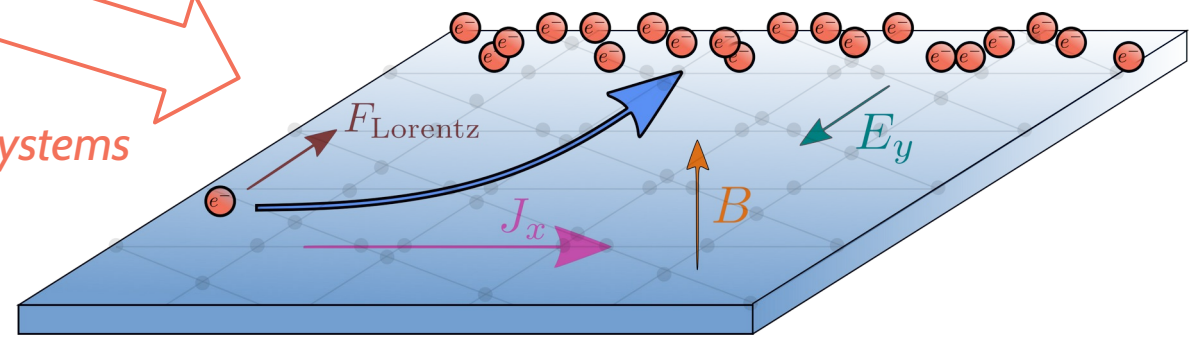
Perspective : voltage measurements



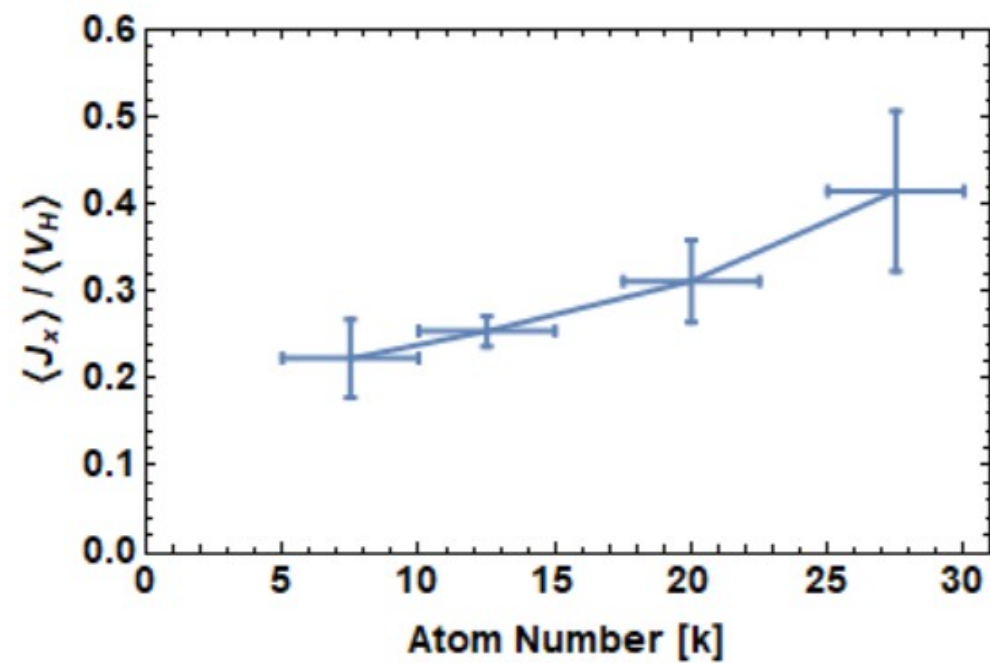
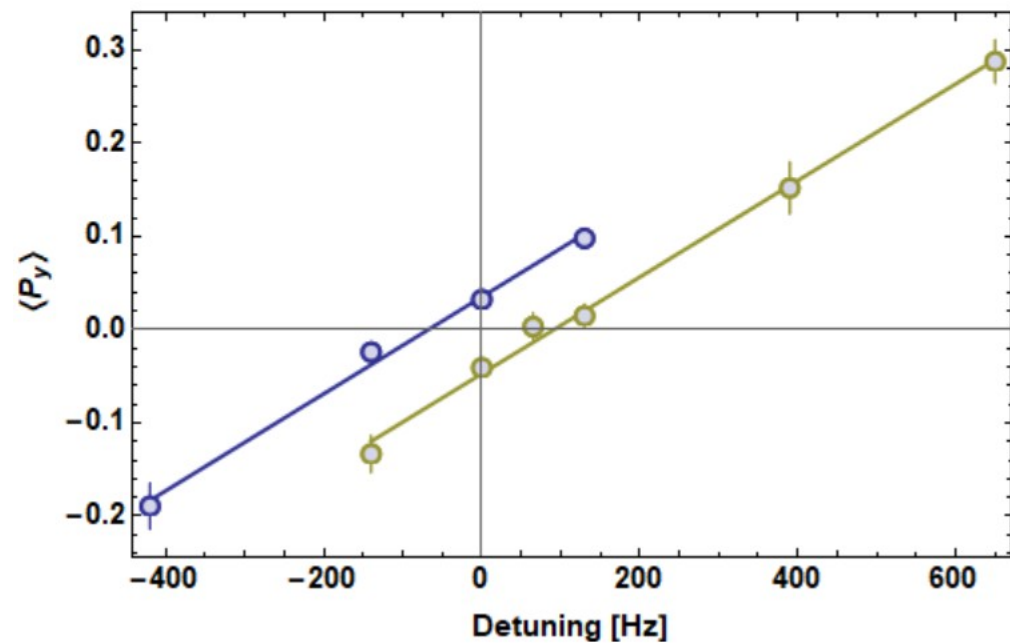
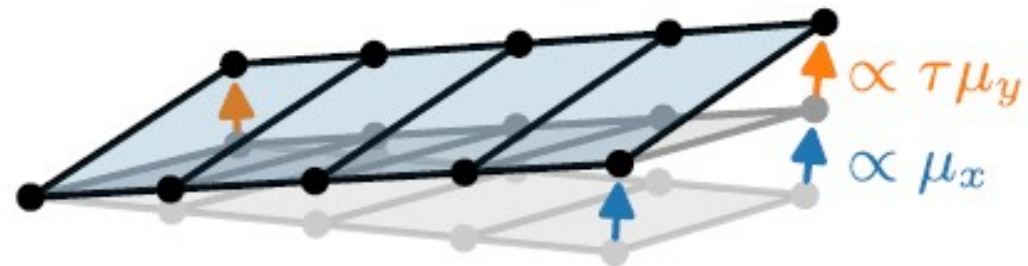
Our experiment



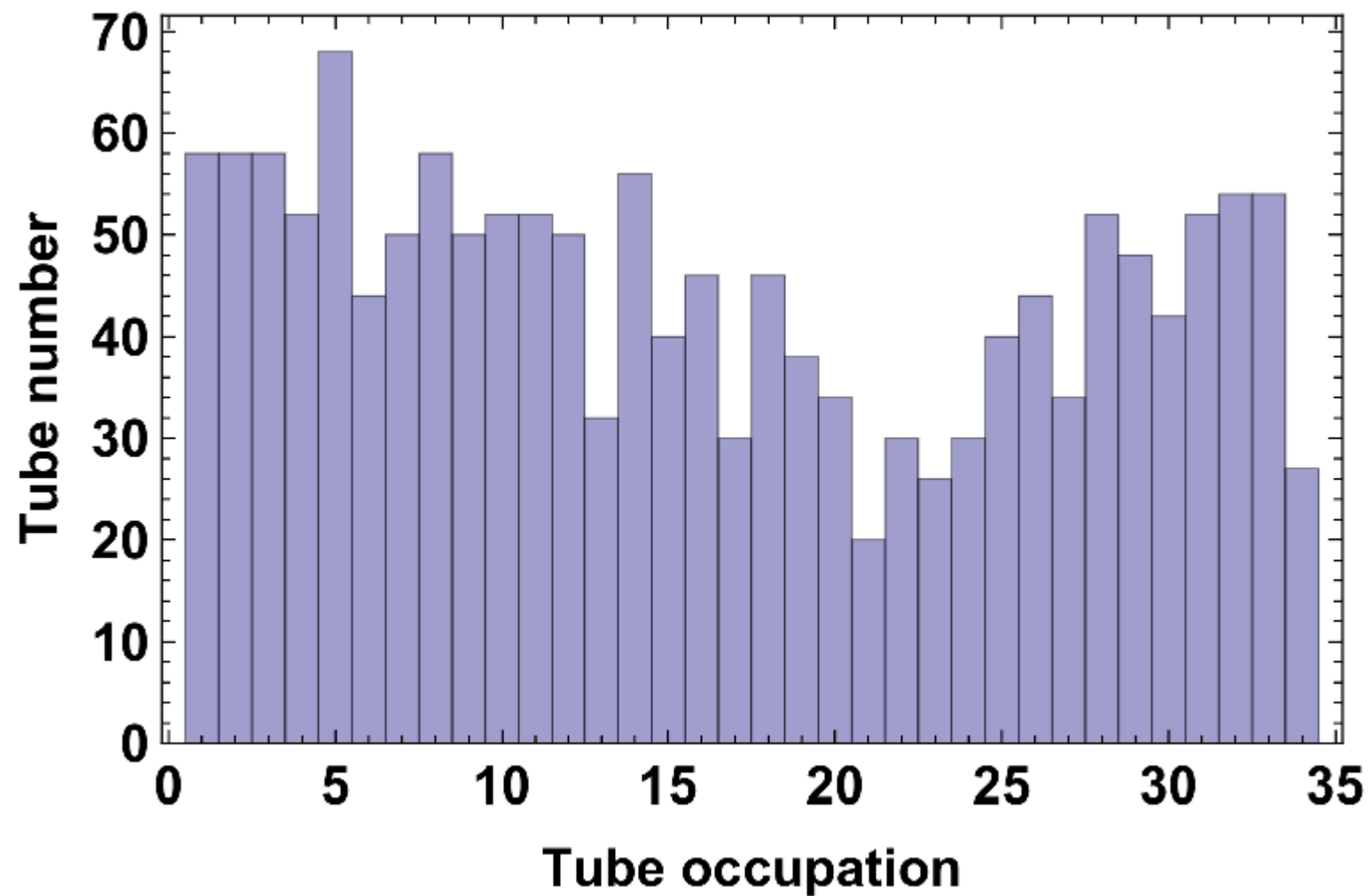
Solid state systems



Preliminary : voltage measurements



Tube occupation distribution



Total ~ 25k atoms

Transition for different densities at T=0

