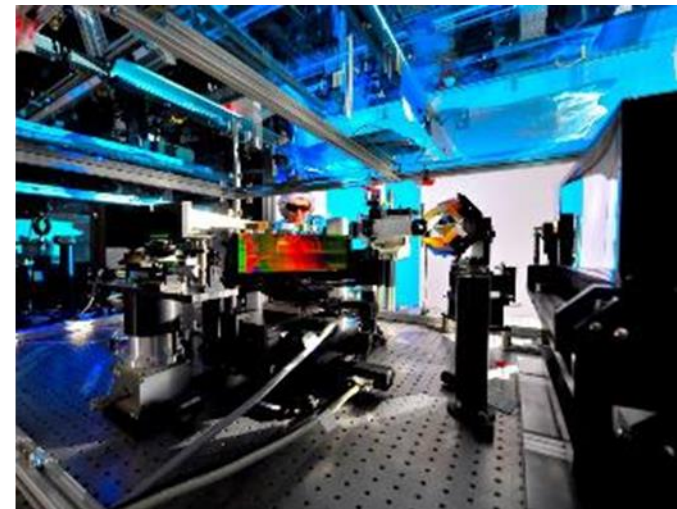


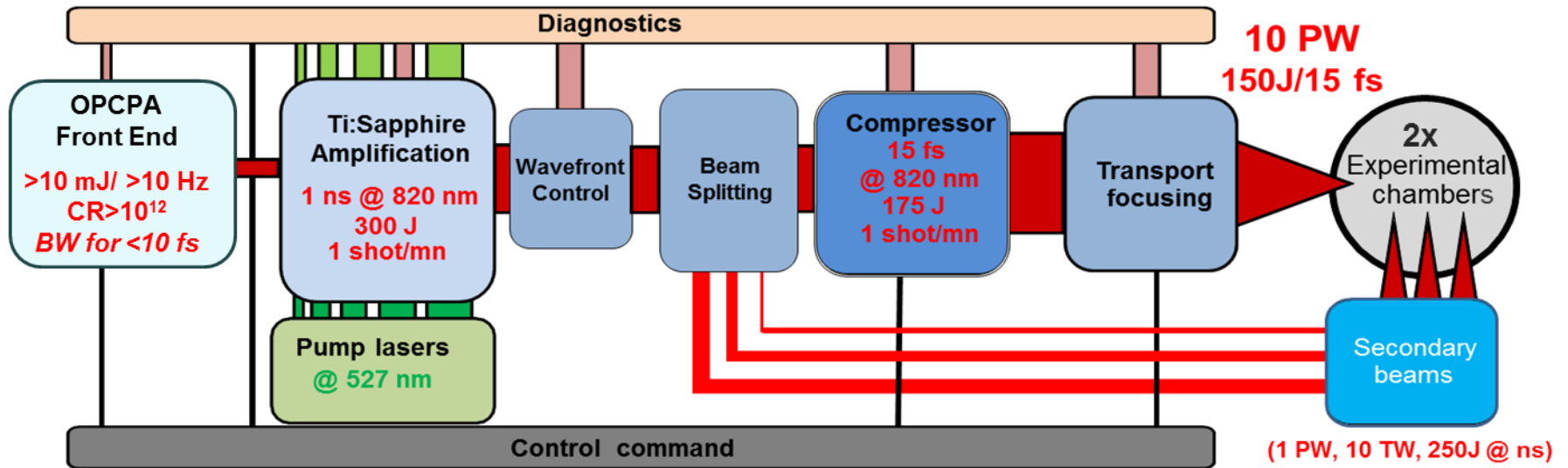
Installation laser Apollon : dernières améliorations et perspectives

D. N. Papadopoulos

Laboratoire pour l'Utilisation des Lasers Intenses, Ecole Polytechnique, Palaiseau, France



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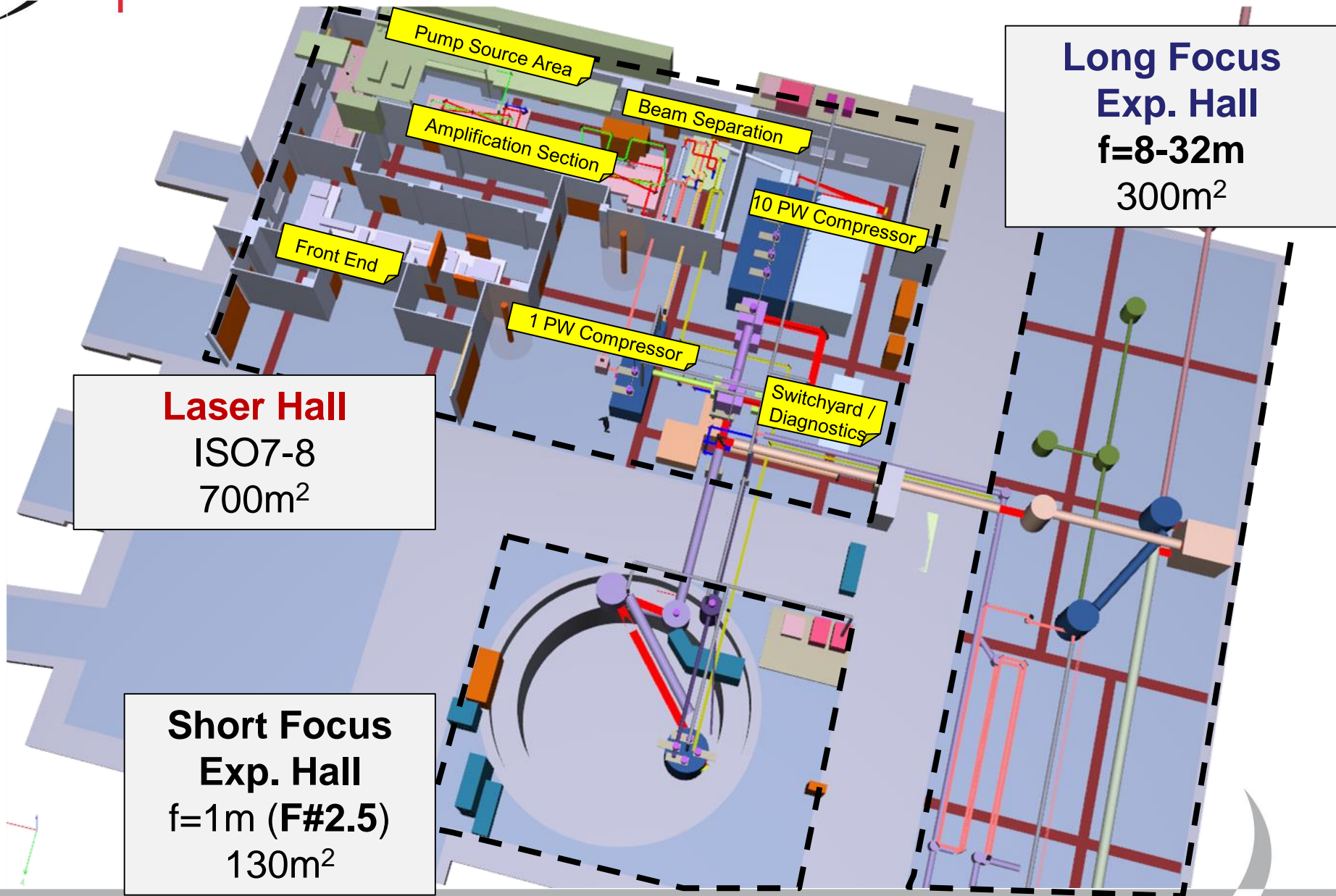


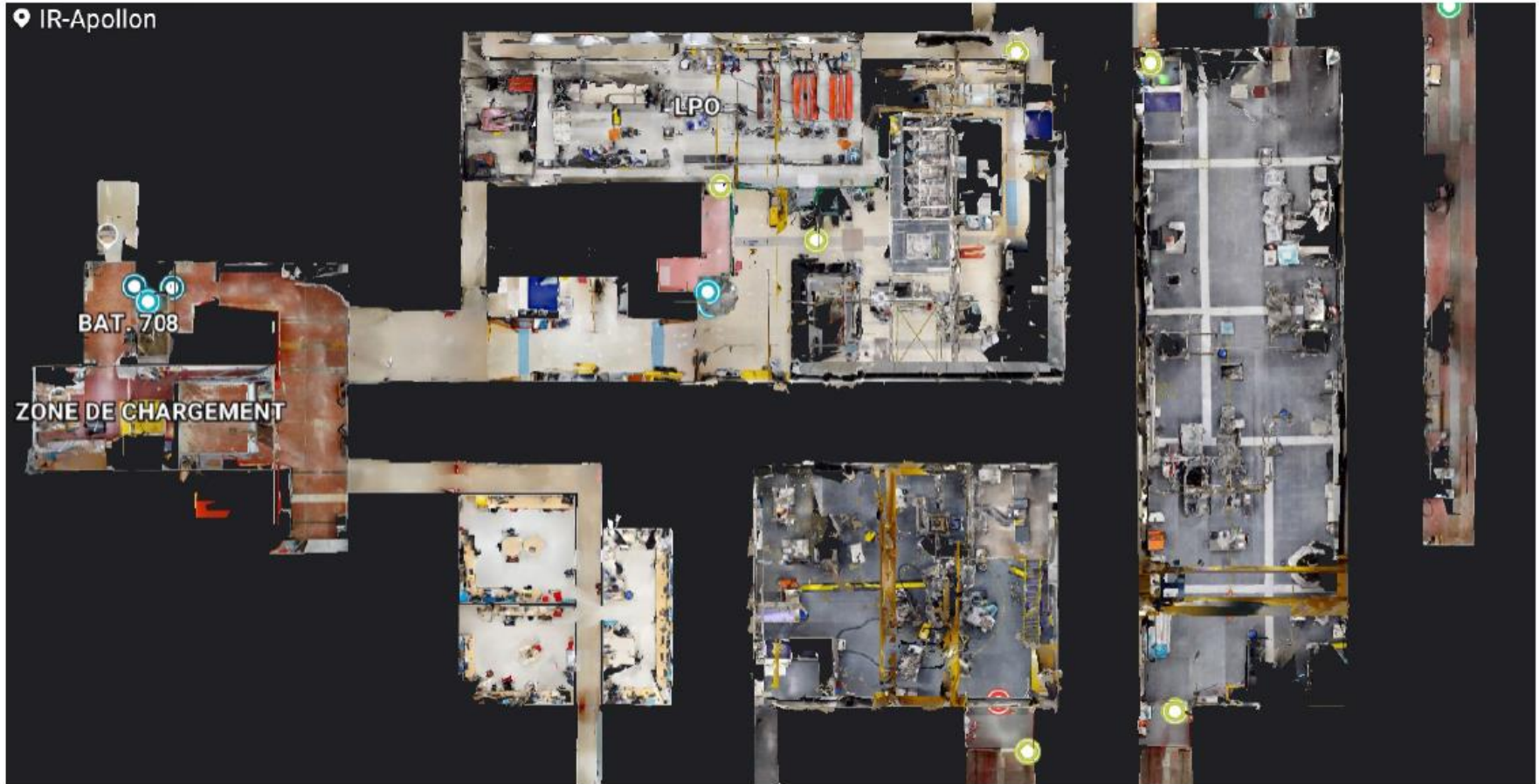
- **Extreme performances:**

➤ 10 PW - 150 J/15 fs / $I > 2 \cdot 10^{22}$ W/cm² / High contrast > 10¹² / 1 shot/min

- **Apollon key features:**

- **Hybrid architecture:** OPCA + Ti:Sa → Contrast + Bandwidth + Energy
- **Unique Materials:** Φ10-200mm Ti:Sa crystals, Meter size gratings, state-of-the-art optics
- **4 beam lines/2 experimental areas**





<https://my.matterport.com/show/?m=WzYCqomWH4o>

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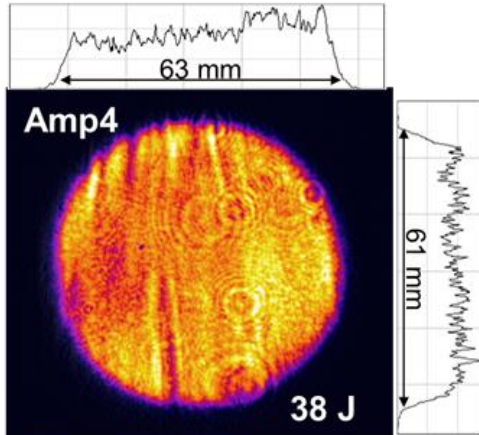
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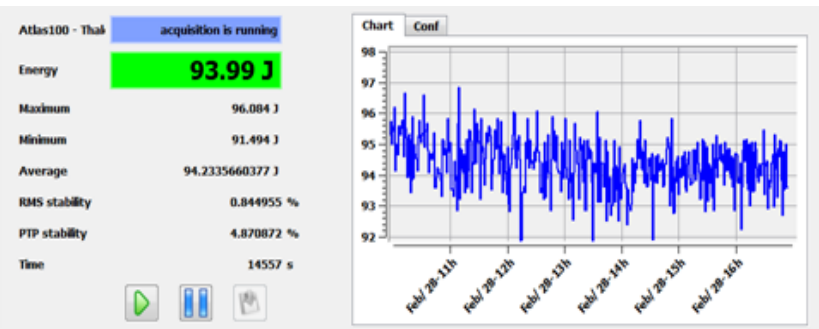
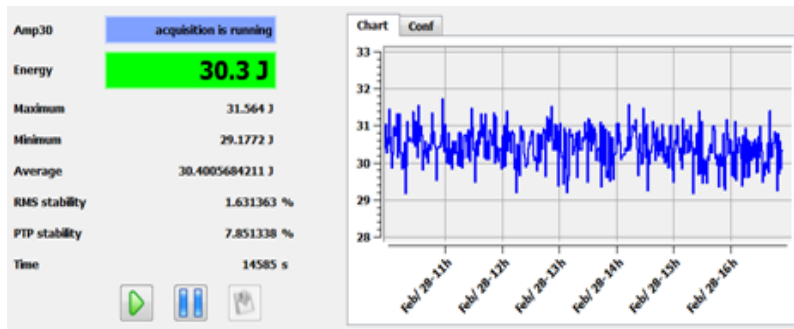
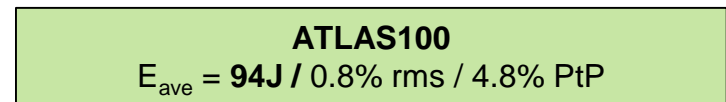
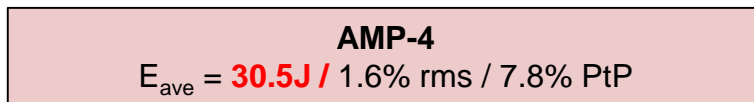


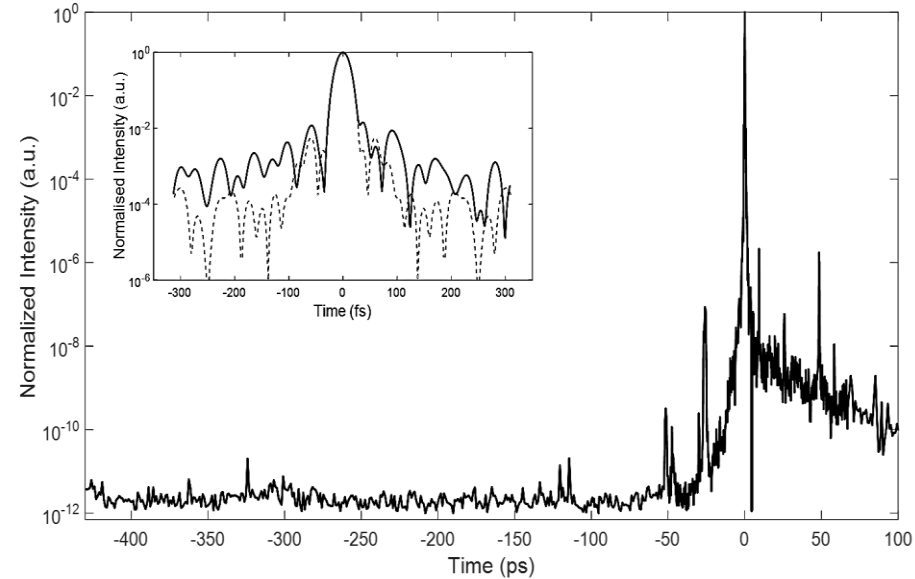
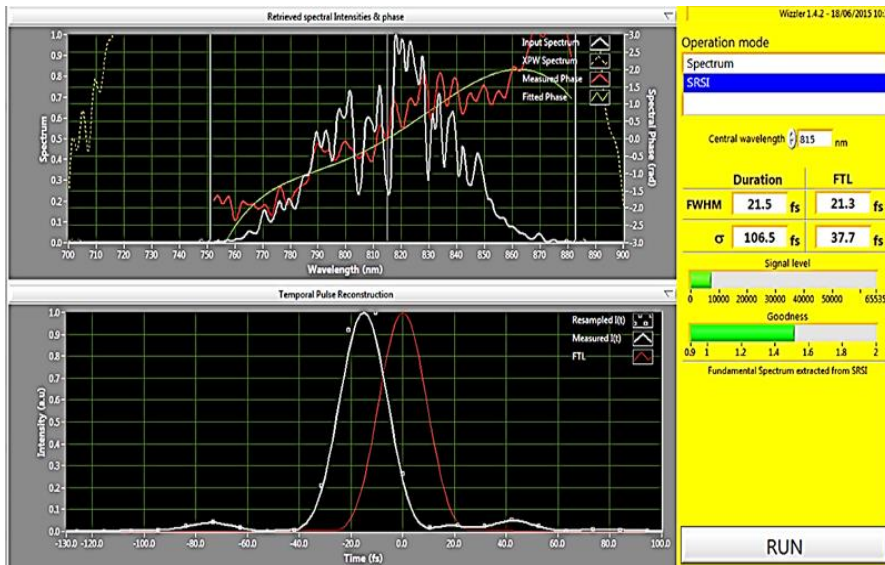
- 1st commissioning phase of Apollon with only 4/5 amplifiers



- **ATLAS100** Thales pump source: **100 J/min**
- Output energy: **>38 Joules** for **82 Joules** of pump on the Ti:Sa crystal ⇔ **~44%** efficiency
- Beam quality: **Uniform flat-top like beam**

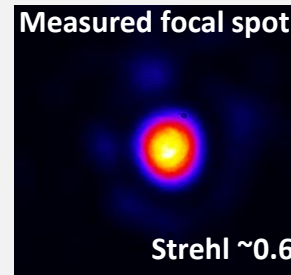
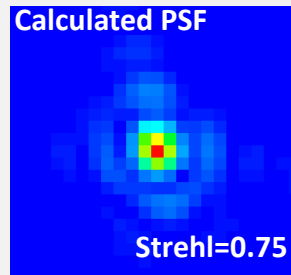
- Highly reliable operation:





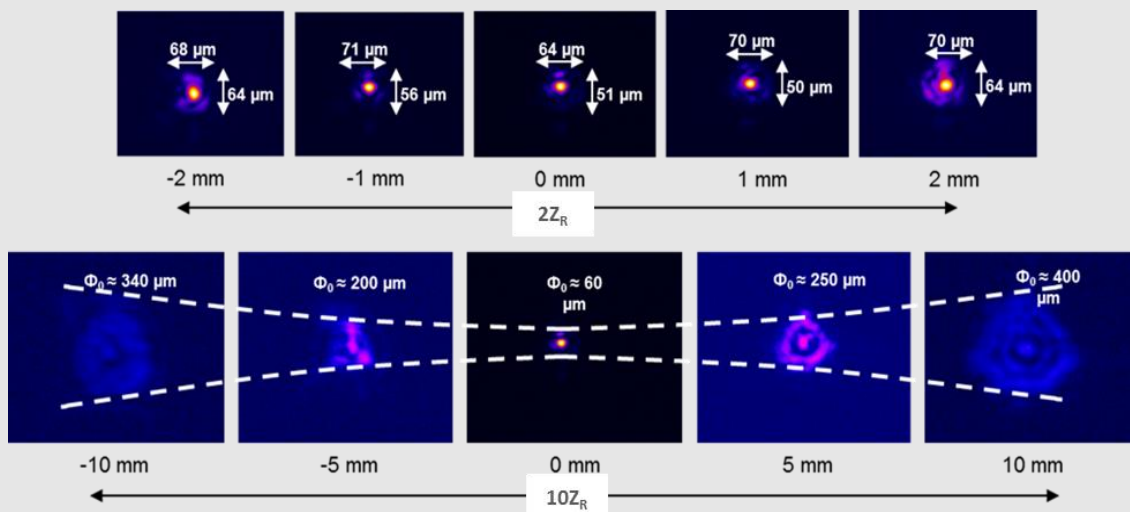
- ✓ Compression + Adaptive spectral phase optimization (b2-b4) → **21.5 fs / 21.3 fs FTL (2019)**
- ✓ Progressive loss of bandwidth in the Front end (aging on the oscillator) → **23-24 fs routinely (2023)**
- ✓ High Temporal contrast : **ASE 10^{-12}**, few prepulses **10^{-11} (>50 ps)**, **10^{-6} (<50 ps)**, fast rising edge (measured at 10 Hz after the 1st TiSa amplifier + Required characterization at 1 shot/minute)

➤ On target wavefront correction:

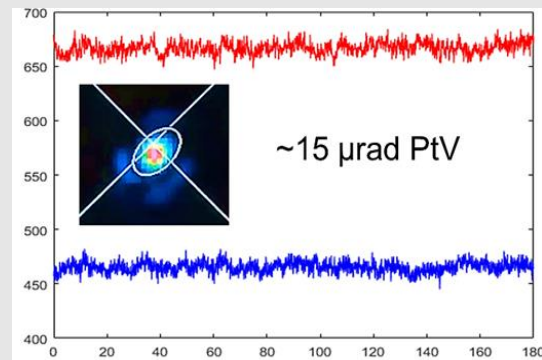


$\langle \lambda/8 \text{ rms residual error} / \text{Strehl} > 50\% \rightarrow I_{\text{max}} > 3 \cdot 10^{21} \text{ W/cm}^2$ (F#3, 15J, 25 fs) on the target

➤ Excellent beam caustic through focus

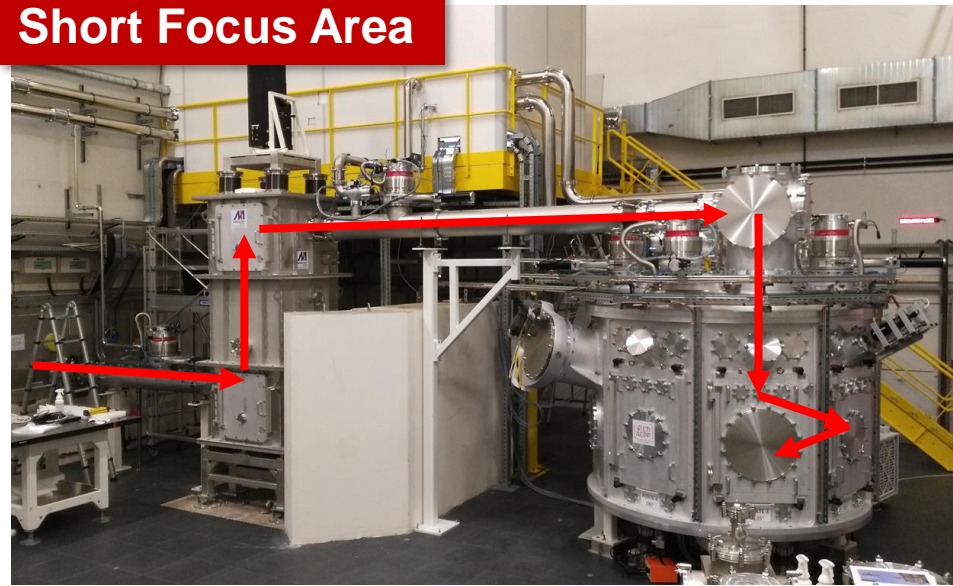


➤ Excellent pointing stability

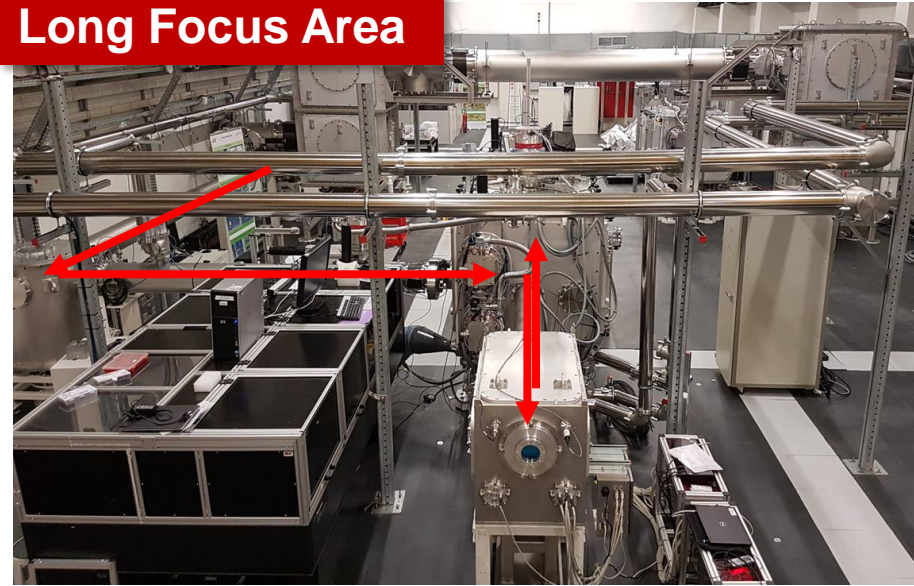


- $\pm 1/2$ focal spot fluctuations PtV
- Practically **no drift** (misalignment) over 3 hours

Short Focus Area

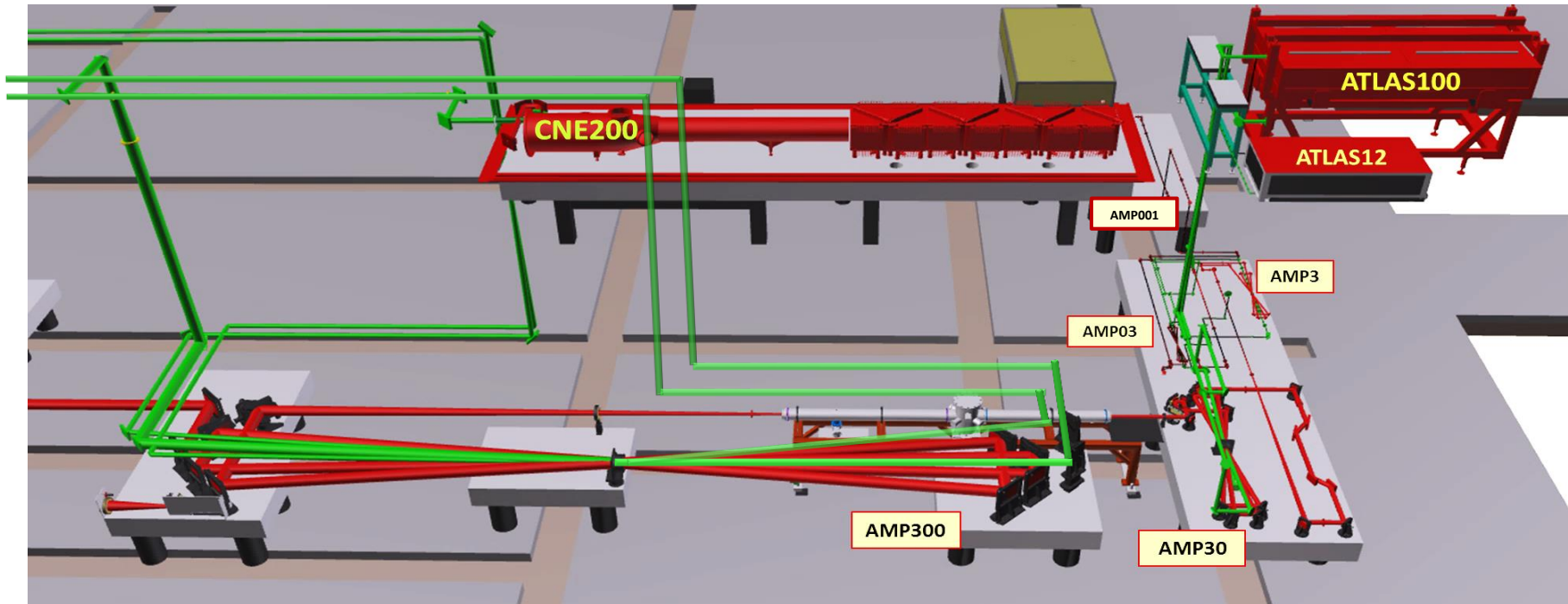


Long Focus Area



- ✓ **First commissioning experiments in both areas: Nov. 2020-July 2021**
- ✓ **Two external calls campaigns 2021-2023 (6+6 campaigns):**
 - Progressively more and more complex configurations / High satisfaction level from the users
 - High quality results: >2.5 GeV in LFA, GeV scale positrons, >25 MeV protons...
 - Many lessons learned / continuous improvement of performances and procedures

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5x “low-gain” / image-related multi-pass amplifiers: $\Phi 3\text{-}\Phi 140\text{ mm}$ => **0.01-300 Joules**

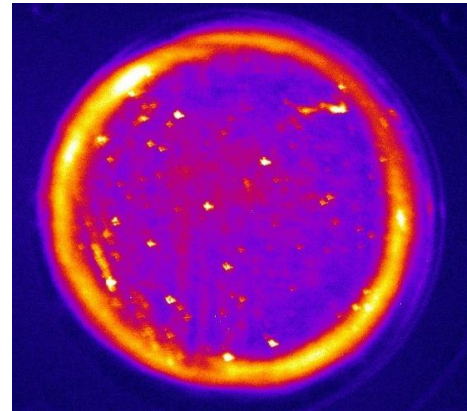
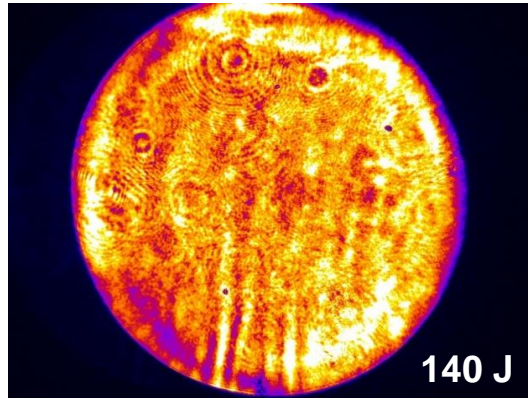
Last amplification stage: Challenging but very flexible design for **high gain & high energy** operation / Very long beam path + **7 pump beamlines** in a very specific **spatiotemporal multiplexing configuration**

Operation status:

✓ Currently fully operational: $E_{\text{pump}}=300\text{ J} \rightarrow E_{\text{max}}=140\text{ J} \rightarrow 3.7\text{ PW}$ (since 2023)

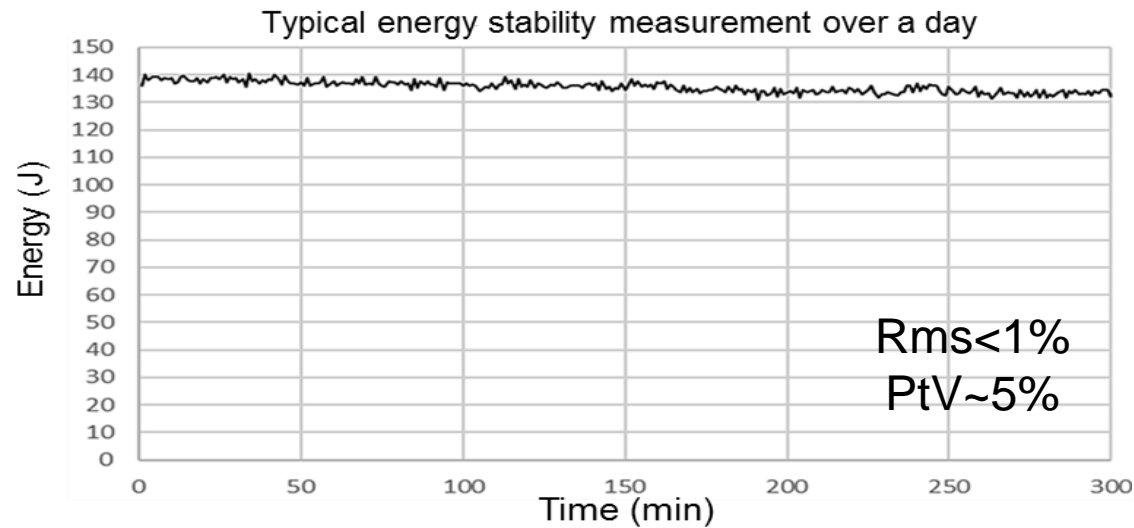
➤ 1st step of the Pump area upgrade: $E_{\text{pump}}=600\text{ J} \rightarrow E_{\text{max}}>250\text{ J} \rightarrow >7\text{ PW}$ (2024)

➤ Final amplifier operation

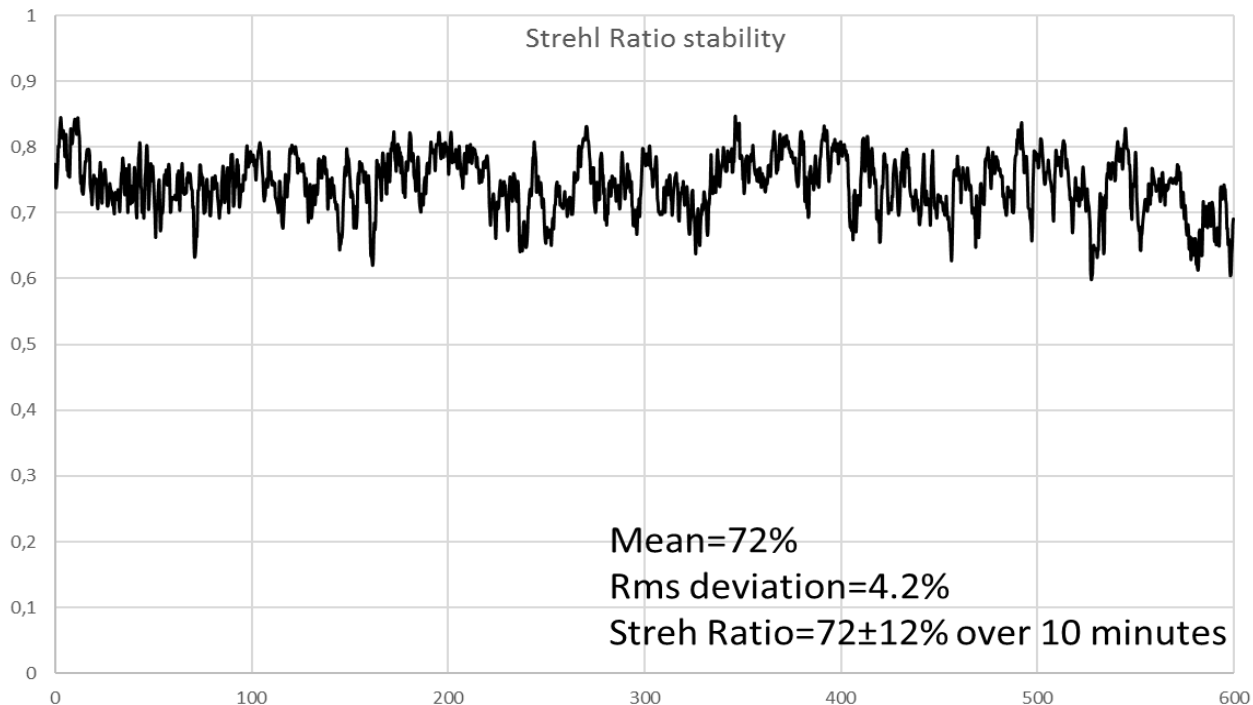


- $E_{out} = 140$ Joules ($E_{in} = 25$ Joules)
- $E_{pump} = 270$ Joules (6 beamlines)
- Energy Extraction efficiency = 43%

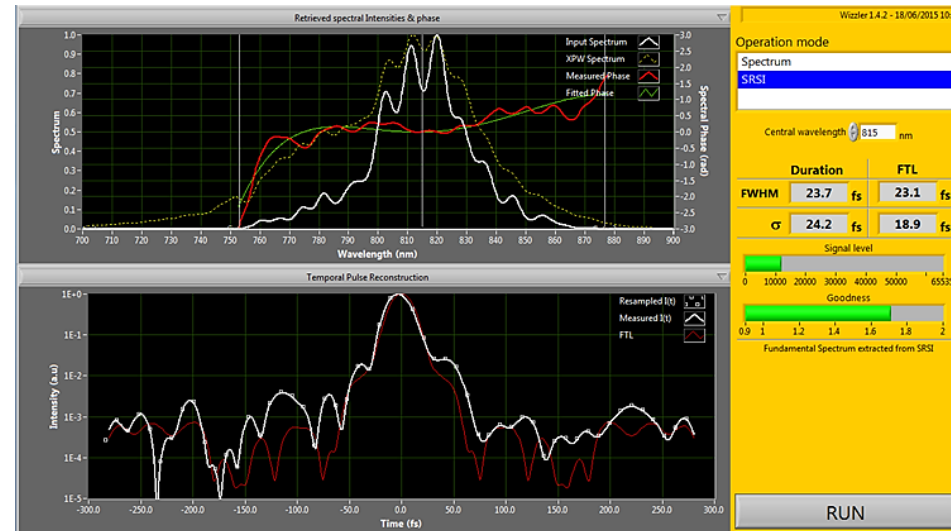
➤ Reliability tests: Over 1 week / 5 hours/day => 1500 shots



- The last amplifier adds about **50 m of free beam propagation**
- First tests with large volume global covering → **Strehl ratio $55 \pm 30\%$**
- Preliminary « Tight » covering closer to the beam → **Strehl ratio $\sim 70 \pm 10\%$** about a **3-fold improvement** but still not « satisfactory »
- Better (more hermetic) solid covering + Active wavefront stabilization (THRILL project)



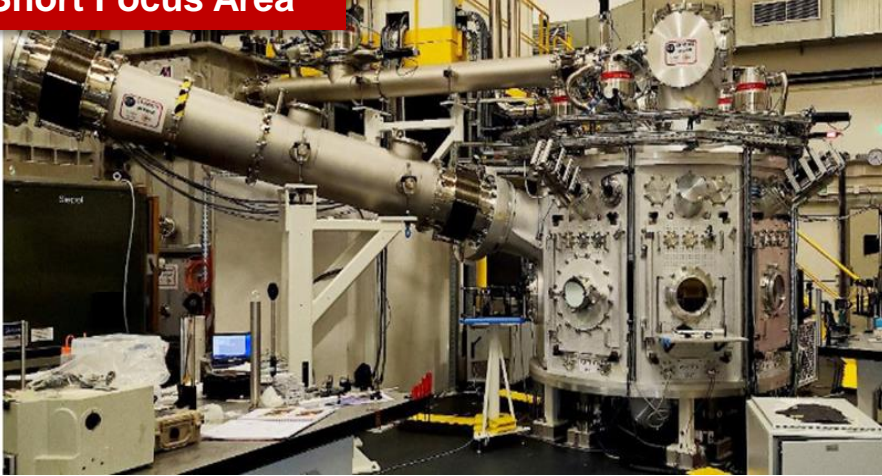
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- **10 PW compressor:** 4 gold gratings, **910 mm x 455 mm (LLNL)**, 1480 t/mm, **~70% efficiency**
- Full energy compression at **~24 fs (23.1 FTL)**
- **High contrast:** Estimated **ASE 10^{-12}**, prepulses **10^{-8}** (*work in progress for the complete characterization and further optimization... Summer 2024*)

➤ Experimental areas

Short Focus Area



Long Focus Area



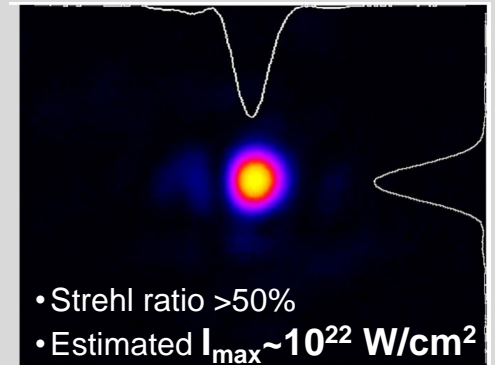
▪ Short focus area (SFA): F#2.5

- ✓ Minimal laser optimization and commissioning time... about 75 J in the chamber, 50% Strehl ratio... **STILL A LOT TO BE DONE!!!**
➔ **July-October 2024 detailed F1 laser commissioning in SFA**
- ✓ First commission campaigns at **~2 PW on the target** due to parabola protection losses (June 2023... see presentation of Weipeng YAO tomorrow)

▪ Long focus area (LFA): F up to 32 m

- Beam transport in construction... end of 2024

Typical multi-PW focal spot in SFA



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➤ **Increase of the pump energy:**

CNE upgrade (ongoing) → **300 Joules** Beginning 2024 → Total pump energy of **600 Joules** → Further increase to 650 J possible...

➤ **Commissioning of the Amp5 at full energy:**

Eout > 250 Joules (2024)

Peak power capacity:

7 PW (0.65%*250J/22fs) 2024

9 PW (0.65%*250J/**18fs**) 2025

10 PW (0.65%***280J/18fs**) ...2026

10 PW on the target... **280J/15 fs** ...*possible but requires several upgrade steps on the spectral management of the chain*

➤ **Upgrade of the Front End** (January 2024): Thales system/Apollon design → Stability+Performances+SAV

➤ **Experimental campaigns with F1 in LFA:**

Internal PI commissioning experiments up to 7 PW beginning 2025

1st external users call: May 2025 – May 2026

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Advancing Technology for High-Repetition Rate Intense Laser Laboratories

CONSORTIUM

The project consortium is composed of eight partners from four European countries:



- **Strong involvement (4 years) of LULI in 3-axes:**

- High energy coherent beam combination (nanosecond/KJ systems)
- Active stabilization of wavefront in UHI lasers (Apollon/LULI)
- Improvement of laser beam transport systems (Apollon/LULI)



CONSORTIUM

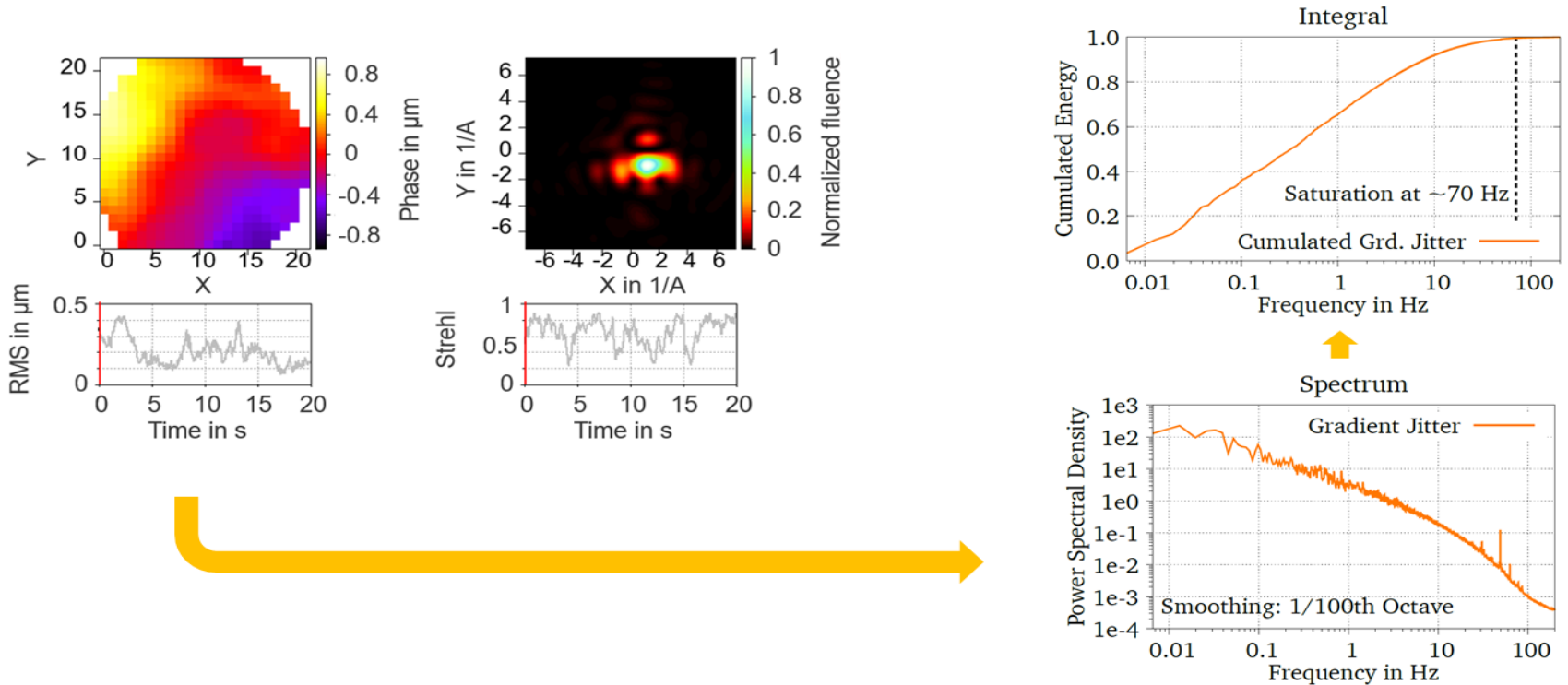
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- Measurements in the amplification area including the last amplifier (no cover)



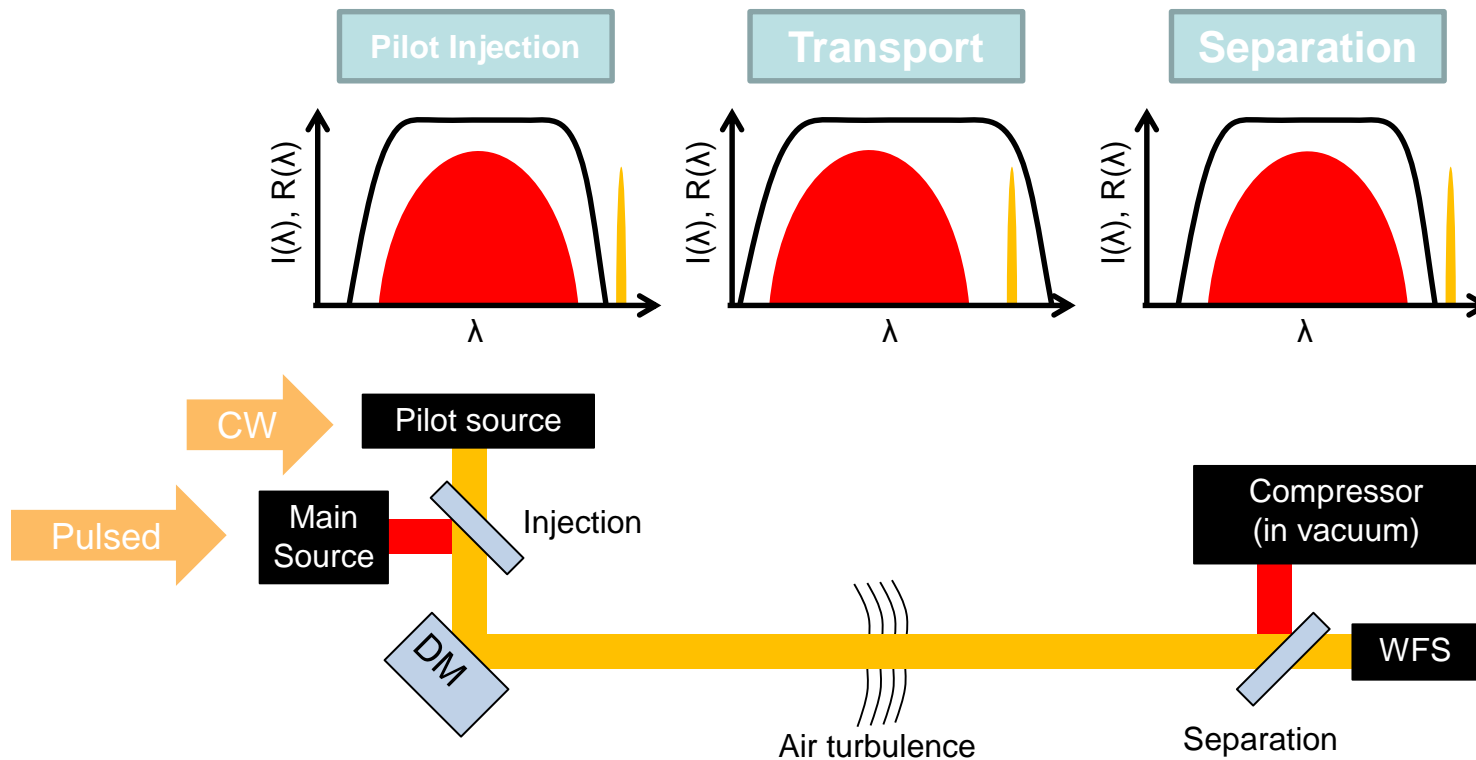
Characterization:

- Spatial saturation: 20 Eigenmodes / Temporal saturation: 70 Hz / 3σ amplitude: 3 μm Peak-to-Valley

Requirements for AO:

- Min. 50 actuators / Min. 1 kHz (15 steps / period) / Max. 2.4 ms latency [$1/(6*f)$]

- **The challenge:** compensate the air turbulence for the 1 shot/min beam at 1 kHz rate...
 - Use of a spectrally separated (905nm) CW « pilot » beam for the fast correction.



Wavefront Sensor



Camera from XIMEA:

- PCIe 3.0 x8 interface
- Shack-Hartmann Sensor with custom MLA
- **WF acquisition up to 7 kHz**

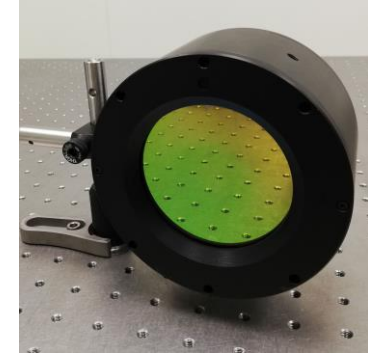
Controller



Real Time Computer (RTC):

- Consumer grade hardware
- OS: Ubuntu
- AO control based on open source framework „cacao“
- **GPU-based SHS evaluation in < 100 μ s**

Deformable Mirror



DM from Dynamic Optics:

- Bimorph Piezoelectric DM
- 55 mm active area
- 96 actuators
- **1 ms latency @ 1 kHz**

- Test bench experiments in the laser development hall of LULI **November-December 2023**
- Implementation in the Apollon system **February-March 2024**
- On shot stabilization in SFA/LFA ... **2024**

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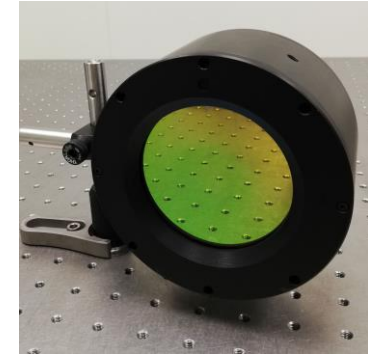
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Multispectral phase sensing for metrology and imaging

Consortium



F. Harms



Orsay

- Coordination projet
- Entreprise parmi les leaders en **analyse de front d'onde et optique adaptative**
- Grande expérience du domaine de la **microscopie** (fluo, OCT, endoscopie)



M. Guillon



Paris

- **Co-inventeur de la technologie**
- Expert en optique singulière, milieux diffusants, imagerie basée sur le speckle



D. Papadopoulos



Palaiseau

- **Co-inventeur de la technologie**
- Expert en **optique ultrabrève et lasers de puissance**
- Responsable partie laser - Apollon



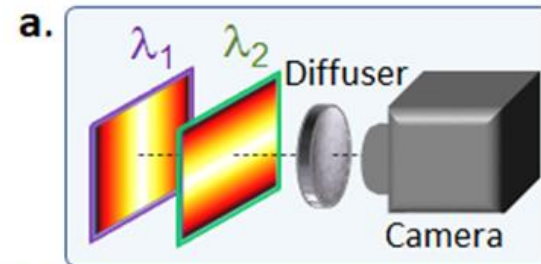
P. Berto



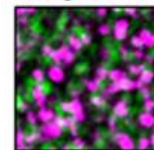
Paris

- **Co-inventeur de la technologie**
- Expert en microscopie holographique et en ingénierie du front d'onde

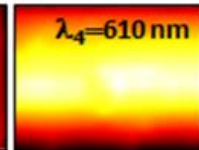
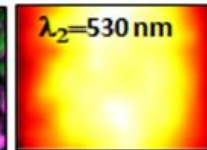
Développement d'une **nouvelle méthode d'analyse de front d'onde**, basée sur l'encodage de la phase par une figure de speckle, délivrant **une haute résolution spatiale, sensibilité, une capacité de mesure multiplexée en une seule acquisition**:



b. Speckle

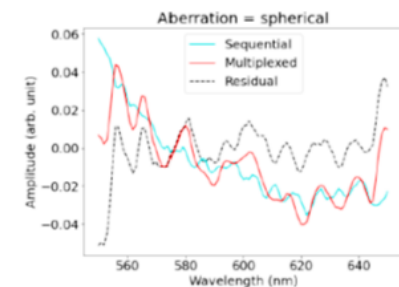
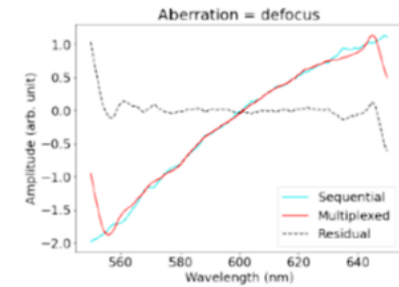
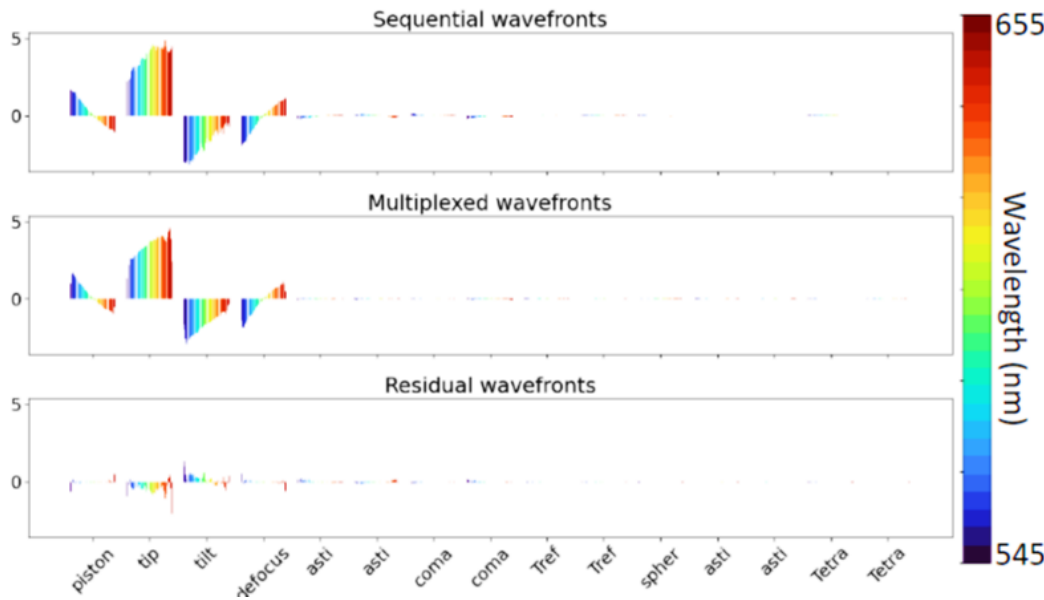
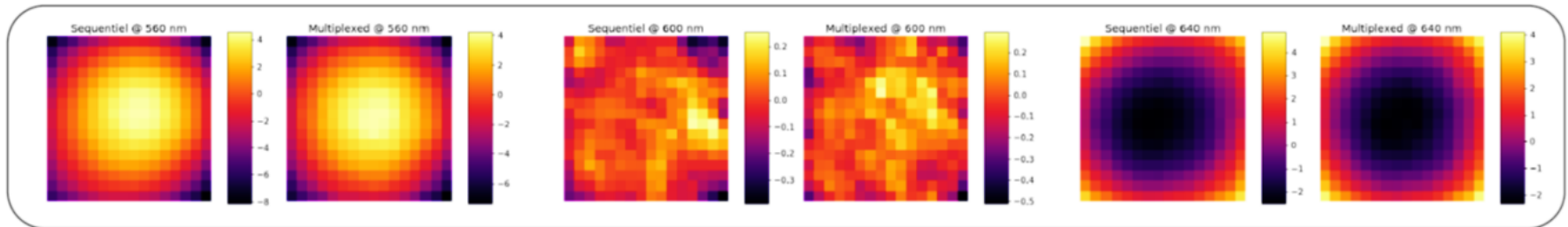


c. Phase



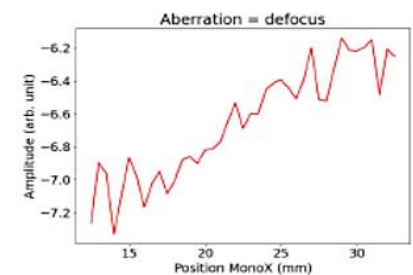
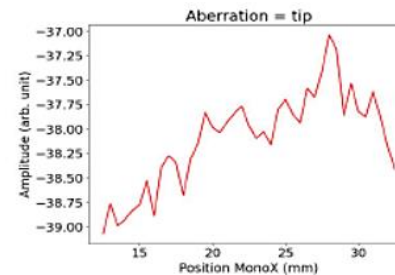
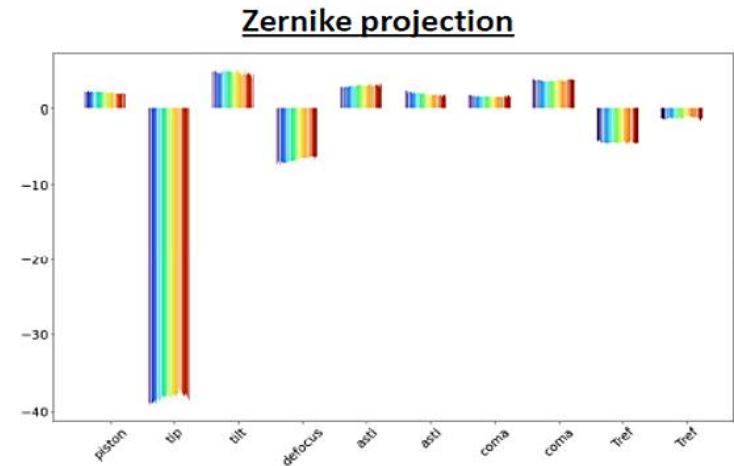
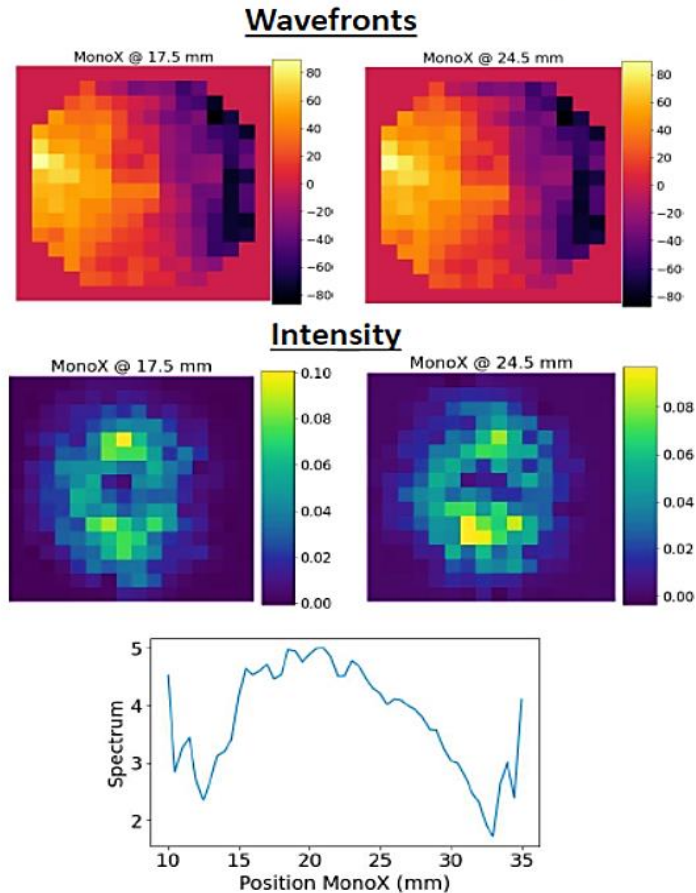
Afocal N-SF11 / $f = 50\text{mm}$ / beam diameter = 4.5mm

Reconstructed wavefronts (tip-tilt removed)



- Excellent spatial and spectral resolution to resolve defocus and spherical chromatique aberrations in a know optical system (*...in preparation for publication*)

Multispectral reconstruction : beam 10Hz



- Successful measurement of chromatic tilts and defocus... and higher terms (*to verify*)
- Further optimization of imaging and calibration → Increase of the spatial resolution
- Scheduled tests with the F1 beam line in SFA 2024

- ❑ The Apollon laser **joins the multi-PW-class** facilities
- ❑ Up to **75 Joules** in SFA at **24 fs**
- ❑ **1st experimental campaign** already successfully realized (2023)
- ❑ Final amplifier in preparation for up **250 Joules** (2024)

- **Multi-PW LFA commissioning (2025)**
- **Multi-PW external calls (2025)**



Laboratoire pour l'Utilisation des Lasers Intenses

Scientific opportunities with APOLLON facilities: from fundamental physics to societal applications

Save the date of the workshop : **November 29 and 30, 2023**

As the Apollon Research Infrastructure (RI*, <https://apollonlaserfacility.cnrs.fr>) is building up its capability as a multi petawatt, multibeam facility, it is time to reflect on the scientific challenges that the Apollon facility is best suited to tackle in the coming years (5-10 years). The community is invited to contribute to this process by participating to the workshop that will take place 29-30 November 2023 in Paris at Sorbonne University.

<https://luli.cnrs.fr/scientific-opportunities-with-apollon-facilities/>

<https://indico.mathrice.fr/event/428/>

Thank you



Avec le soutien de

