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Measurement of the $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,p)^{35}\text{S}$ cross section in the energy range 0.5 – 5 MeV

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Molten salt reactors (MSR) is a GEN-IV technologies using fuel in the form of very hot fluoride or chloride salt. There are many benefits associated to this technology, but a major drawback is the fuel sensitivity to neutron transmutation. In the case of molten chloride reactors, chlorine is the carrier salt with the fuels being, for example, $\text{UCl}_3\text{-NaCl}$ or $\text{PuCl}_3\text{-NaCl}$. In these cases, neutron sensitivity is linked to the $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,p)$ and $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,\alpha)$ reactions. The other naturally occurring isotope of chlorine, ^{37}Cl , contributes negligibly to the problem having a higher reaction threshold.

Sensitivity studies have shown that in case of fast reactors, the uncertainty of the $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,p)^{35}\text{S}$ reaction cross section contributes very significantly to criticality calculations. For this reason, a new measurement of the cross section is currently included in the NEA high priority request list. Accuracy of near 2% in the $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,p)$ cross section is required to achieve the desired neutron multiplication factor k_{eff} uncertainty of 300 pcm. An uncertainty of 5-8% is however requested as a minimal requirement.

A collaboration between the University of Granada, the University of Manchester and NPL is carrying out the $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,p)^{35}\text{S}$ and $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,\alpha)^{32}\text{P}$ cross section measurements at the NPL neutron monoenergetic facility. The measurement is conducted by activation, with ^{35}S and ^{32}P that will be detected by liquid scintillation counting. The neutron energies planned for the measurement are 0.565, 1.2, 2.5, 4, and 5 MeV, which will be generated using $^7\text{Li}(p,n)$, $^3\text{H}(p,n)$, and $^2\text{H}(d,n)$ reactions.

This contribution will present the experimental setup and the preliminary result of the irradiation.

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