

The European Physical Society

Luc Bergé EPS President

Societ

The European Physical Society

Headquarters in Mulhouse, France

Office in Brussels, Belgium



42 Member Societies

3500 individual members

Representing more than 130,000 European Physicists

40 Associated Members research infrastructures, universities, companies

hysical

Facilitating physics research

11 scientific divisions

7 Interdisciplinary thematic groups

Conferences, grants

Scientific journals

EPL, EPJ

Prizes and Awards

& addressing societal challenges

Forum Physics and Society

Physics Education

Equal Opportunities

European Integration

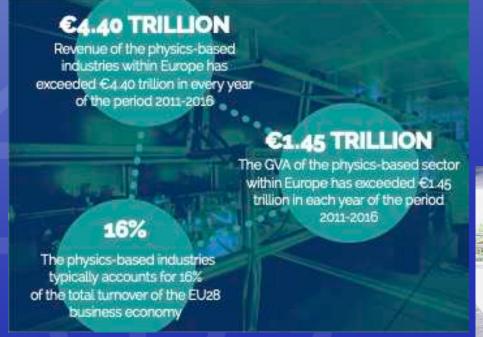
EPS Historic Sites

Physics for Development

The Importance of Physics to the Economies of Europe

Young Minds: 92 sections in 37 countries

ean Physical







ciet)

EPS 2021 – 2023: New challenges

1/ Develop our cooperation with the industrial sector and technical universities EPN

[EPS EDITORIAL]

Welcome to our new Associate Members!

2/ Set up the EPS Forumwith our Member Societies+ Divisions & Groups



3/ Enhance physics for development and cooperation with Eastern/Central countries in Europe

2/ The EPS Forum 2022



The EPS Forum 2024

25-27 March 2024

FREIE UNIVERSITÄT BERLIN – Henry Ford Building





Historic Sites Programme

- Created in 2011
- To commemorate places "associated with an event, discovery, research or body of work, ... that made important contributions to physics."
- More than 130 application files
- Inaugurated > 70 in 22 countries
- Very successful

The EPS Historic Sites Award commemorates places in Europe important for the development and the history of physics.



Austria

- Institut f
 ür Radiumforschung Wien (2015)
- Atominstitut TU Wien (2019)

Belgium

- Hotel Metropole in Brussels (2015)
- Heilige-Geestcollege in Leuven (2019)
- Cyclotron UC Louvain (2021)

Bulgaria

Study of Georgi Nadjakov (2014)

Czech Republic

Ernst Mach House Prague (2016)

Denmark

- Niels Bohr Institute (2013)

France

- Institut Curie (2017)
- LAL-LURE accelerator complex (2013)
- Refuge des Cosmiques (2012)
- Ecole des Houches (2020)
- Ampère House, Poleymieux (2020)
- IES Cargèse (2022)
- ... IPN Orsay (2023)

Germany

- Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB) Berlin Institute (2013)
- Ludwig Maximilian Universität, Munich (2013)
- Former Institute of Physics, Würzburg (2017)
- Laboratories of Kirchhoff and Bunsen, Heidelberg (2018)
- Max Born's Institute for Theoretical Physics, Frankfurt (2019)
- Rogowski-Institut, Aachen (2019)
- City of Jena (2020)
- Magnus Haus, Berlin (2021)

Hungary

- The Fasor Lutheran Secondary School of Budapest (2015)
- The Institute for Nuclear Research, Hungarian Academy of Sciences (MTA-Atomki) (2013)
- Eötvös Loránd University in Budapest (2018)

Italy

- AdA Storage Ring (2013)
- Fermi fountain, Roma (2012)
- Hill of Arcetri, Florenza (2013)
- Villa Griffone, Bologna (2013)
- Mount Vesuvius Observatory (2015)
- Piersanti Mattarella, Tower of Thought, Erice (2016)
- Institute of Physics of Archifari Street, Palermo (2019)
- Accademia delle Scienze dell'Istituto di Bologna (2019)
- « Aldo Pontremoli » Physics Dept Milan University (2022)

Ireland

- Dublin Institute for Advanced Studies (2018)
- The great telescope in Birr Castle (2019)

Switzerland

- Les Bastions, Geneva (2017)
- CERN Synchrocyclotron (2014)
- Einstein House Bern (2015)
- IBM Research Rüschlikon (2017)
- Jungfraujoch Research Station (2019)
- Daniel Bernoulli's Physics Cabinet, Basel (2023)

United Kingdom

- Blackett Laboratory (2014)
- UK National Physical Laboratory (2014)
- HH Wills Physics Laboratory (2017)
- Harris Building, University of Dundee (2019)

United States of America (jointly with APS)

- The Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, NJ (2016)



7th EPS Historic Site in France



L'Institut de Physique Nucléaire d'Orsay